

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS THEREON

JUNE 30, 2024

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANAYSIS

This section of the annual financial report of Edward W. Bok Academy South (the "School"), previously known as Edward W. Bok Academy, presents management's discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which follow this section.

Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. (the "Company") operates a system of seven public charter schools in the Lake Wales, Florida area, and the School is a part of that system. In addition, a central administrative office provides certain management, administrative, food and transportation services to the School.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School's net position decreased compared to the prior fiscal year.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the School's expenses exceeded revenues by \$385,188. This represents a decrease from the prior year when revenues exceeded expenses by \$291,373.
- Overall, revenues increased by approximately \$499,000, which represents a 9% increase from the prior year.
- Overall, expenses increased by approximately \$1,176,000, which represents a 24% increase from the prior year.
- Total assets and deferred outflows were \$6,602,293 and liabilities and deferred inflows were \$5,363,663, resulting in net position of \$1,238,630 as of June 30, 2024.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the School, reporting the School's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The *governmental funds* financial statements tell how general school services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
 - The *fiduciary fund* financial statements provide information about the financial activities in which the School serves only as the custodian for assets that belong to others, such as student activities funds.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

This document also includes the independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as the management letter required by the Rules of the Auditor General, Chapter 10.850.

The following table summarizes the major features of the School's financial statements, including the portion of the School they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

		Fund Statements				
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Fund			
Scope	Entire School (except the fiduciary fund)	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the School administers resources on behalf of someone else			
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet – governmental funds Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – governmental funds	Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets/deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, but excludes fiduciary funds. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the School's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the School's financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in the School's net position are an indicator of whether its financial condition is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the School, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the School's student base, the quality of the education provided and the safety of the School.

The government-wide financial statements of the School are generally divided into three categories:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Most of the School's basic services are included here, such as instruction and school administration. Funds received through the Florida Education Finance Program ("FEFP") and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

<u>Business-type Activities</u> – In certain instances, the School may charge fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The School currently has no business-type activities.

<u>Component Units</u> – There currently are no component units included within the reporting entity of the School.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds, not the School as a whole. A fund is a self-balancing set of accounts which the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by state law, and the School may establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as for federal grants.

The School currently has two types of funds:

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Most of the School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the differences between them.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – The School is the custodian, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as student activities funds. The School is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the School cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The School's combined net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is summarized as follows – see table below.

	Government	Increase	
	2024	2023	(Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 1,592,025	\$ 1,331,464	20%
Capital assets, net	3,964,065	4,218,844	-6%
Deferred outflows of resources	1,046,203	908,916	15%
Total assets and deferred outflows	6,602,293	6,459,224	2%
Long-term liabilities	5,180,364	4,610,089	12%
Deferred inflows of resources	183,299	225,317	-19%
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	5,363,663	4,835,406	11%
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	1,944,863	2,028,554	-4%
Unrestricted	(706,233)	(404,736)	-74%
Total net position	\$ 1,238,630	\$ 1,623,818	-24%

The School ended its fiscal year with a net position of \$1,238,630, with \$1,944,863 as the net investment in capital assets and (\$706,233) in unrestricted funds representing the accumulated results of prior years' operations. The unrestricted net position represents the amount of discretionary resources that can be used to fund the School's general operations, which includes pension balances under GASB 68. The Company has the resources available to meet all current obligations.

Current and other assets totaled \$1,592,025, most of which represents amounts due from the central administrative office. Since the Company maintains cash deposits on a pooled basis for all of its charter schools, the amount due from the central administrative office represents amounts advanced by the School to the Company for operating costs and represents the

School's share of the pooled cash balance. Additional amounts were advanced during fiscal period 2023-24 as a result of the current year operating surplus at the fund level.

Capital assets, net decreased due to depreciation expense exceeding capital asset additions. The changes in deferred outflows of resources, long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are primarily related to the remeasurement of the net pension liability. See Note 6 for additional pension plan information.

Change in Net Position

The School's total revenues increased by 9% to \$5,754,964, and the total cost of all programs and services increased by 24% to \$6,140,152 – see table below.

	Governme	Increase	
	2024	2023	(Decrease)
Revenues:			
Federal sources	\$ 218,542	\$ 191,262	14%
State and local sources	5,488,339	4,909,461	12%
Contributions and other revenue	48,083	155,085	-69%
Total revenues	5,754,964	5,255,808	9%
Expenses:			
Instruction	3,686,638	2,996,116	23%
Student support services	65,197	30,995	110%
Instruction and curriculum development	163,259	150,987	8%
Instruction-related technology	4,675	7,020	-33%
Board	12,500	6,750	85%
General administration	25,534	24,123	6%
School administration	969,693	707,177	37%
Facilities acquisition and construction	25,880	88,079	-71%
Pupil transportation	600,276	532,754	13%
Operation of plant	470,556	296,551	59%
Community services	5,032	2,429	107%
Interest	110,912	121,454	-9%
Total expenses	6,140,152	4,964,435	24%
Change in net position	\$ (385,188)	\$ 291,373	-232%

The School operates primarily on the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding, state categorical educational funding, and local property taxes (95% of the School's total revenues) to fund governmental activities. The increase in FEFP funding is due to an increase in enrollment and in the base student allocation. The School received approximately 4% of its total revenues from federal sources, including Title I and IDEA entitlement revenue to supplement the School's 2023-24 operations. An increase in the Title I allocation accounts for the majority of the increase in revenues from federal sources. The remaining portion of the School's revenue (1%) is the result of contributions and other revenue, which decreased primarily due to a decrease in support from the Lake Wales Charter Schools Foundation.

Instruction and instruction-related activities represent 64% of the School's expenses, which increased 23% during fiscal year 2023-24. This increase was primarily the result of increases in salaries and related expenses, as well as increases in pension expense. The increase in school administration expenses is the result of increases in salaries and related expenses, pension expense and the administrative fee paid to the Company. Facilities acquisition and construction decreased due to a decrease in depreciation expense allocated to this function. Pupil transportation increases in insurance premiums and repair costs, as well as an increase in depreciation expense allocated to this function.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

As the School completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,543,411, which is an increase from the prior year. Revenues and expenditures changed overall for the same reasons described above.

General and Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the fiscal year, the School amended its budget to address changes in revenues and expenditures. The general fund budget amendments were performed primarily to reflect revised student enrollment and to adjust planned expenditures based on actual resource needs. The special revenue fund budget amendments were performed to adjust the budget allocations to reflect the final approved federal awards from the state.

For 2024, actual general fund revenues were approximately \$181,000 above the final budget, which represents a 4% budget variance. Actual general fund expenditures were approximately \$133,000 below the final budget, which represents a 3% budget variance.

For 2024, actual special revenue fund revenues and expenditures were approximately \$34,000 below the final budget, which represents a 13% budget variance. This is primarily due to less Title I grant funds received than budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2024, the School had invested \$3,964,065 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, consisting primarily of buildings, improvements, computers and other electronic equipment and motor vehicles.

This year's major capital asset additions included the following:

- Shed and outdoor improvements \$55,089
- Computer equipment \$49,770

This year's major capital asset disposals included the following:

• Software - \$68,789

The School's fiscal year 2025 capital budget does not include significant spending related to capital projects. More detailed information about the School's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2024, the School had \$2,019,202 in long-term debt outstanding, which decreased from the prior year due to scheduled payments on the lease liability. More detailed information about the School's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The following economic indicators were considered when adopting the general fund budget for fiscal year 2025:

- Student membership and FEFP funding per pupil
- Cost of goods and services
- Competitive employee compensation

Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund are \$5,358,734, an approximate 4% increase from the final 2024 amount of \$5,164,375. Budgeted general fund expenditures are expected to increase to \$5,358,734, or 10%, from the final 2024 amount of \$4,850,049. The School is allocating resources to enhance academic achievement at all student-learning levels and for anticipated student membership.

If these estimates are realized, the School's general fund balance is expected to remain the same by the close of 2025.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. Should additional information be required, please contact the School's administrative offices at 130 East Central Avenue, Lake Wales, Florida 33853.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

To the Board of Trustees of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South, a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South (the "School"), a charter school and component unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

To the Board of Trustees of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South, a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida Page 2

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

To the Board of Trustees of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South, a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida Page 3

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 - 7, the budgetary comparison information on pages 36 - 37 and the pension information on pages 38 - 39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2025 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BKHM, P.A.

Orlando, Florida January 16, 2025

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

	 Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Accounts receivable	\$ 149,830		
Due from central administrative office	1,430,881		
Other current assets	11,314		
Capital assets, net	 3,964,065		
Total assets	5,556,090		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	1,046,203		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 6,602,293		
LIABILITIES			
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	\$ 266,257		
Due in more than one year	4,914,107		
Total liabilities	 5,180,364		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferred inflows of resources	 183,299		
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,944,863		
Unrestricted	(706,233)		
Total net position	1,238,630		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 6,602,293		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				Prog	am Revenu	es		Net (Expense) Changes in l	
	Expenses		ges for ∵vices	Gr	perating ants and tributions	Gran	apital nts and ibutions	Governmental Activities	Total
Governmental activities:									
Instruction	\$ 3,686,638	\$	-	\$	131,216	\$	-	\$ (3,555,422)	\$ (3,555,422)
Student support services	65,197		-		2,880		-	(62,317)	(62,317)
Instruction and curriculum development	163,259		-		84,446		-	(78,813)	(78,813)
Instruction-related technology	4,675		-		-		-	(4,675)	(4,675)
Board	12,500		-		-		-	(12,500)	(12,500)
General administration	25,534		-		-		-	(25,534)	(25,534)
School administration	969,693		-		-		-	(969,693)	(969,693)
Facilities acquisition and construction	25,880		-		-		-	(25,880)	(25,880)
Pupil transportation	600,276		-		-		-	(600,276)	(600,276)
Operation of plant	470,556		-		-		-	(470,556)	(470,556)
Community services	5,032		-		-		-	(5,032)	(5,032)
Interest	110,912		-		-		-	(110,912)	(110,912)
Total primary government	\$ 6,140,152	\$	-	\$	218,542	\$	-	\$ (5,921,610)	\$ (5,921,610)
Gene	al revenues:								
S	tate and local so	urces						5,488,339	5,488,339
C	ontributions and	other re	evenue					48,083	48,083
	Total general re	evenue	S					5,536,422	5,536,422
	Change in r	iet posit	tion					(385,188)	(385,188)
Net po	osition at beginnir	ng of ye	ar					1,623,818	1,623,818
Net po	osition at end of y	ear						\$ 1,238,630	\$ 1,238,630

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2024

	General Fund			Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Accounts receivable Due from central administrative office Other current assets	\$	\$ 32,087 - -	\$ 80,111 3,480 -	\$ 149,830 1,462,968 11,314
Total assets	\$ 1,508,434	\$ 32,087	\$ 83,591	\$ 1,624,112
LIABILITIES Due to central administrative office	\$	\$ 32,087	\$ -	\$ 32,087
Total liabilities		32,087		32,087
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU Unavailable revenue on long-term receivables	RCES		48,614	48,614
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Other current assets Unassigned	11,314 1,497,120	-	34,977	11,314 1,532,097
Total fund balances	1,508,434		34,977	1,543,411
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 1,508,434	\$ 32,087	\$ 83,591	\$ 1,624,112

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

Total fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,543,411
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Receivables not expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year end are not considered "available" revenue in the governmental funds and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows. In the statement of net position, which is presented on the accrual basis, no deferral is reported since the revenue has already been fully recognized in the statement of activities.	48,614
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$6,370,699 and the accumulated depreciation is \$2,406,634.	3,964,065
Amounts accrued for compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	(85,968)
The following pension related balances do not use current resources or are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Pension related deferred outflows of resources Net pension liability Pension related deferred inflows of resources	1,046,203 (3,075,194) (183,299)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governement funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end include:	
Lease liability	 (2,019,202)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 1,238,630

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	<u>ሱ</u>	Ф 040 Г 40	¢	ф 040 с 40
Federal sources State and local sources	\$- 5,116,292	\$ 218,542	\$- 372,047	\$ 218,542 5,488,339
Contributions and other revenue	48,083	-	45,000	93,083
Total revenues	5,164,375	218,542	417,047	5,799,964
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	2,888,530	131,216	-	3,019,746
Student support services	62,317	2,880	-	65,197
Instruction and curriculum development	74,050	84,446	-	158,496
Instruction-related technology	2,595	-	-	2,595
Board	12,500	-	-	12,500
General administration	25,534	-	-	25,534
School administration	812,370	-	-	812,370
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	64,239	64,239
Pupil transportation	600,276	-	-	600,276
Operation of plant	351,274	-	37,792	389,066
Community services	5,032	-	-	5,032
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	171,088	171,088
Interest	-	-	110,912	110,912
Capital outlay	15,571		41,781	57,352
Total expenditures	4,850,049	218,542	425,812	5,494,403
Net changes in fund balances	314,326	-	(8,765)	305,561
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,194,108		43,742	1,237,850
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,508,434	\$-	\$ 34,977	\$ 1,543,411

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 305,561
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Receivables not expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year end are not considered "available" revenue in the governmental funds and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows. In the statement of net position, which is presented on the accrual basis, no deferral is reported since the revenue has already been fully recognized in the statement of activities. This amount represents current year collections on the receivable balance.	(45,000)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$388,550) exceeds capital outlays (\$133,771) in the current period.	(254,779)
Compensated absences included in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(658)
Pension income or expense resulting from GASB 68 included in the statement of activities does not provide or require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as a net change in fund balances in the governmental funds.	(561,400)
Principal payments on the lease liability are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	 171,088
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (385,188)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

	Custodial Fund	
ASSETS		
Due from central administrative office	\$	7,151
Total assets	\$	7,151
NET POSITION Restricted for: Student activities Total net position	\$ \$	7,151 7,151

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Custodial Fund	
ADDITIONS Collections for student activities	¢ 470 470	
	\$	176,473
Total additions		176,473
DEDUCTIONS Payments for student activities		197,308
Total deductions		197,308
Change in net position		(20,835)
Net position at beginning of year		27,986
Net position at end of year	\$	7,151

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. (the "Company") is a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. Edward W. Bok Academy South (the "School"), previously known as Edward W. Bok Academy, operates as part of the Company with six other charter schools in the Lake Wales, Florida area. The governing body of the School is the not-for-profit corporation Board of Trustees, which is composed of no less than three and no more than nine members. The School commenced formal operations on July 1, 2008. Effective July 1, 2011, the Company became its own local educational agency ("LEA").

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter of the sponsoring school district, the District School Board of Polk County, Florida (the "School Board"). The current charter is effective until June 30, 2027 and may be renewed by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter. In this case, the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. In the event of termination of the charter, any property purchased by the School with public funds and any unencumbered public funds, except capital outlay funds, revert back to the School Board. Any unencumbered capital outlay funds revert back to the Florida Department of Education to be redistributed among eligible charter schools. The School is considered a component unit of the School Board and meets the definition of a governmental entity under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") accounting guidance; therefore, for financial reporting purposes, the School is required to follow generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governmental units.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units of the School which should be reported with the School's basic financial statements are identified and described in the GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the School is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the School's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the reporting entity of the School.

Basis of Presentation

The School's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the GASB. Accordingly, both government-wide and fund financial statements are presented.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The government-wide financial statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, but excludes fiduciary funds. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Program revenues consist of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Charges for services refer to amounts received from those who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function. Grants and contributions consist of revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues not classified as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements of the School are generally divided into three categories:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Most of the School's basic services are included here, such as instruction and school administration. Funds received through the Florida Education Finance Program ("FEFP") and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

<u>Business-type Activities</u> – In certain instances, the School may charge fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The School currently has no business-type activities.

<u>Component Units</u> – There currently are no component units included within the reporting entity of the School.

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds, not the School as a whole. A fund is an accounting entity having a self-balancing set of accounts for recording assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources and uses. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds in the financial statements of this report are as follows:

Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – To account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and grants that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditure for specific purposes and to provide a single source of accountability for all funds received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – To account for all resources for the acquisition of capital items by the School purchased with capital outlay funds and local capital improvement funds and private foundation funds for building construction.

For purposes of these statements, the general, special revenue and capital projects funds are considered major funds. There are no other governmental funds.

Fiduciary Fund:

<u>Custodial Fund</u> – The School is the custodian, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as student activities funds. The School is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the School cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses/expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and an economic resources focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and expenses are recognized when they occur.

The modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources focus is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. The principal exceptions to this general rule are: (1) interest on general long-term debt is recognized when due and (2) expenditures related to liabilities reported as general long-term debt are recognized when due.

Budgetary Basis Accounting

Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the fund level.

Deposits and Investments

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company maintained cash deposits on a pooled basis for all of its charter schools. Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

All deposits held by qualified public depositories are insured by federal depository insurance and collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The Company's cash consists primarily of demand deposits with financial institutions.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of amounts due from governmental agencies for various programs and from a private foundation. Allowances are reported when management estimates that accounts may be uncollectible.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Expenditures for capital assets acquired for general School purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition. Purchased capital assets are reported at cost, net of accumulated depreciation, in the government-wide financial statements. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Improvements other than buildings	5 - 10
Buildings and fixed equipment	7 - 30
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 5
Motor vehicles	3 - 7
Computer software	3

Information relative to changes in capital assets is described in Note 3.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences (i.e. paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when leave is used or when accrued as payable to employees entitled to cash payment in lieu of taking leave. In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences are recorded as expenses when earned by the employees. The liability for compensated absences is classified as a long-term liability that is due within one year in the government-wide financial statements because the amount of vacation and sick time to be used after the following year cannot be reasonably estimated. Information relative to changes in long-term liabilities is described in Note 5.

Long-term Liabilities

Long-term obligations that will be financed by resources to be received in the future by the governmental funds are reported in the government-wide financial statements, not in the governmental funds. Information relative to changes in long-term liabilities is described in Note 5.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's adopted spending policy is to spend from restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned, then the unassigned fund balance. The Board of Trustees reviews the amounts in the fund balances in conjunction with the annual budget approval and makes adjustments as necessary to meet expected cash flow needs. Most funds were designated for one purpose at the time of their creation. Therefore, expenditures made out of the fund will be allocated to the applicable fund balance classifications in the order of the aforementioned spending policy. If expenditures are incurred that meet the purpose of more than one fund, they will be allocated to restricted fund balance first and then follow the order above. Funds can only be committed by formal action of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees has delegated authority to assign funds to the Superintendent and Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

The School is required by the School Board to maintain an unassigned general fund balance equal to at least 3% of general fund revenues. The Company has an internal fund balance policy to maintain an unassigned general fund balance equal to not less than 10% of budgeted general fund revenues as of June 30th of each year for the Lake Wales Charter Schools system as a whole. In addition, the Company's internal fund balance equal to a minimum of 5% of budgeted general fund revenues - 3% to meet the School Board's requirement and 2% to provide for sufficient cash flow for fiscal stability. There are no minimum fund balance requirements for any of the School's other funds.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the School Board pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. As such, the School's revenue stream is largely dependent upon the general state of the economy and the amounts allotted to the Florida Department of Education ("FDOE") by the state legislature. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33(18), Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent students and related data to the School Board.

Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the School Board reports the number of full-time equivalent students and related data to the FDOE for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. The School Board receives a 5% administrative fee from the Lake Wales Charter Schools system, which is reflected as a general administration expense/expenditure in the accompanying financial statements. This administrative fee is calculated on the FEFP revenue up to 500 students within the system.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The School receives federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. This assistance is generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

The School is also eligible for charter school capital outlay funding. The amounts received under this program are based on the School's actual and projected student enrollment during the fiscal year. Funds received under this program may only be used for lawful capital outlay expenditures and, as such, any expended amounts are reflected as restricted net position and restricted fund balance in the accompanying financial statements.

Income Taxes

The Company is an organization exempt from income taxation under Section 501(a) as an entity described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes is included in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of the date of the statement of net position and the balance sheet – governmental funds and affect revenues and expenses/expenditures for the period presented. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

The School has evaluated subsequent events through January 16, 2025, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

2 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable included in the accompanying financial statements include \$149,830 in funds receivable from the Lake Wales Charter Schools Foundation and from federal and state agencies under various grants, which are detailed as follows:

Lake Wales Charter Schools Foundation	\$ 86,246
Charter School Capital Outlay	31,497
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	20,256
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	 11,831
Total	\$ 149,830

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Based on collectibility of funds from these sources, the School believes that an allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary.

3 CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity during 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 119,949	\$ 76,419	\$-	\$ 196,368
Buildings and fixed equipment	5,176,588	-	-	5,176,588
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	691,005	57,352	-	748,357
Motor vehicles	249,386	-	-	249,386
Computer software	68,789		(68,789)	
Total capital assets	6,305,717	133,771	(68,789)	6,370,699
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements other than buildings	(48,153)	(19,370)	-	(67,523)
Buildings and fixed equipment	(1,063,113)	(336,461)	-	(1,399,574)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(657,432)	(32,719)	-	(690,151)
Motor vehicles	(249,386)	-	-	(249,386)
Computer software	(68,789)		68,789	
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,086,873)	(388,550)	68,789	(2,406,634)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,218,844	\$ (254,779)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,964,065

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 220,496
Instruction and curriculum development	4,665
Instruction-related technology	2,080
School administration	41,759
Facilities acquisition and construction	38,060
Operation of plant	 81,490
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 388,550

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

4 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grants

The School participates in state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable as of June 30, 2024 may be impaired.

In the opinion of the School, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Legal Matters

In the normal course of conducting its operations, the School occasionally becomes party to various legal actions and proceedings. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of such legal matters will not have a significant adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

Risk Management Program

Workers' compensation coverage, general liability, professional liability and property coverages are being provided through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not historically exceeded commercial coverage. Health and hospitalization coverage is self-insured as a group through the Company.

Contingency

The Company obtained a loan from a financial institution in order to purchase property for the School location. In addition to a mortgage on the property acquired, the furniture, fixtures and equipment of the School also serve as collateral for the loan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

5 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities activity during 2024 was as follows:

	E	Beginning Balance) Increases Decreases		Ending Decreases Balance		Due Within One Year			
Governmental activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	85,310	\$	658	\$	-	\$	85,968	\$	85,968
Lease liability		2,190,290		-		(171,088)		2,019,202		180,289
Net pension liability		2,334,489		740,705		-		3,075,194		-
Governmental activities,										
long-term liabilities	\$	4,610,089	\$	741,363	\$	(171,088)	\$	5,180,364	\$	266,257

Compensated absences and pension liability are presented net. Lease liability is typically liquidated first with capital project fund resources, when available, and then with general fund resources.

Lease Liability

Title to the original school building and facilities remains with the Company. The School has entered into an agreement with the Company for use of the school building and facilities. The payments due under the agreement are approximately equal to the debt service payments due on the mortgage, which is the obligation of the Company. The agreement will terminate on June 30, 2033, unless the Company fully satisfies the outstanding mortgage on the premises before the termination date. The lease requires monthly payments of \$23,500 through June 2033. The discount rate used for this lease is 5.25%.

Leased assets as of June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

	Governmental	
	Activities	
Buildings	\$ 2,517,683	
Less accumulated depreciation	(686,641)	_
	\$ 1,831,042	_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Future debt service requirements related to the lease are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 180,289	\$ 101,711	\$ 282,000
2026	189,985	92,015	282,000
2027	200,203	81,797	282,000
2028	210,970	71,030	282,000
2029	222,317	59,683	282,000
2030 - 2033	1,015,438	112,562	1,128,000
	\$ 2,019,202	\$ 518,798	\$ 2,538,000

6 PENSION PLANS

Pension Plan Descriptions

The Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement ("Division"), is part of the primary government of the State of Florida and is responsible for administering the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems ("System"). The School participates in two defined benefit plans administered by the Division. The Division issued a publicly-available, audited annual comprehensive financial report ("ACFR") on behalf of the System that includes financial statements, notes and required supplementary information for each of the pension plans. Detailed information about the plans is provided in the ACFR, which is available online or by contacting the Division.

The Florida Retirement System ("FRS") Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the FRS Pension Plan. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state community college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under sections 121.053 and 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a non-integrated defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS") Program is a non-qualified, cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS Program. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist eligible retirees and surviving beneficiaries of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. Per Chapter 2023-193, Laws of Florida, the level of monthly benefits increased from \$5 times years of service to \$7.50, with an increased minimum of \$45 and maximum of \$225. This change applies to all years of service for both members currently in pay and members not yet in pay. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Employee contributions required pursuant to section 121.71(3), Florida Statutes, are accounted for by the FRS as employer-paid employee contributions and are treated as employer contributions under 26 U.S.C. s. 414(h)(2) allowing these contributions to be deducted on a pre-tax basis. Pension expense reported by the School is reduced by these amounts.

Total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Employer contributions reflected in the financial statements represent contributions specific to each defined benefit plan and do not equal total blended contributions remitted by the employer.

Contribution rates were as follows:

	Percent of Gross Salary		
Class or Plan	Employee	Employer (A)	
Florida Retirement System, Regular	3%	13.57%	
Florida Retirement System, Reemployed Retiree	(B)	(B)	

(A) Employer rates include 2% for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy and 0.06% for administration of the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan and provision of educational tools for both plans, and any applicable unfunded actuarial liability rates.

(B) Contribution rates are dependent upon the retirement class in which reemployed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Information About the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability

Assumptions and Other Inputs

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of the defined benefit pension plan pursuant to section 216.136(10), Florida Statutes. The Division determines the assumptions in the valuations for GASB 67 reporting purposes. The FRS Pension Plan's GASB 67 valuation is performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

The total pension liability for each cost-sharing defined benefit plan was determined using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 6.70%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.65% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program (Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index). Mortality assumptions for both the FRS Pension Plan and the HIS Program were based on the PUB-2010 base table.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2023:

- HIS: The discount rate was modified to reflect the change in the value of the municipal bond index between GASB measurement dates.
- HIS: Chapter 2023-193, Laws of Florida (Senate Bill 7024), increased the level of monthly benefits from \$5 times years of service to \$7.50, with an increased minimum of \$45 and maximum of \$225. This change applies to all years of service for both members currently receiving benefits and members not yet receiving benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the collective net pension liability if the discount rate was 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate as of June 30, 2023:

School's Proportionate Share of FRS Net Pension Liability			FRS Net School's Proportionate Share of HI Pension Liability		
1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase	Current 1% Discount Decrease Rate 1		1% Increase
5.70%	6.70%	7.70%	2.65%	3.65%	4.65%
\$ 3,411,260	\$ 1,996,987	\$ 813,778	\$ 1,230,066	\$ 1,078,207	\$ 952,326

The Pension Plans' Fiduciary Net Positions

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net positions is available in the System's separately issued ACFR. The components of the collective net pension liability of the participating employers for each defined benefit plan for the measurement date of June 30, 2023, are shown below (in thousands):

	FRS	HIS
Total pension liability	\$ 226,204,201	\$ 16,563,149
Plan fiduciary net position	(186,357,366)	 (681,815)
Net pension liability	\$ 39,846,835	\$ 15,881,334
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.38%	4.12%

The total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was determined by the plan's actuary and reported in the plan's GASB 67 valuation as of June 30, 2023. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability (as shown above) was determined on the same basis used by the plan. Update procedures were not used.

The total pension liability for the HIS was determined by the plan's actuary and reported in the plan's GASB 67 valuation as of June 30, 2023. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability (as shown above) was determined on the same basis used by the plan. Update procedures were not used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the School reported a liability of \$3,075,194 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities. The School's proportionate share was calculated using accrued retirement contributions related to the reporting periods included in the System's current and several prior measurement dates. Prior measurement dates align with the oldest deferred (inflow)/outflow base through June 30, 2023, for employers that were members of the FRS and HIS during those fiscal years. The proportion calculated based on contributions for each of the fiscal years was applied to the net pension liability and other pension amounts applicable to that fiscal year to determine the School's proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and associated pension expense.

The School's proportions are as follows:

	FRS	HIS
June 30, 2023	0.0050%	0.0068%
June 30, 2022	0.0045%	0.0063%
Change	0.0005%	0.0005%

In accordance with GASB 68, paragraphs 54 and 71, changes in the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability are recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current reporting period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).
- Changes of assumptions or other inputs are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).
- Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).
- Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over five years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Employer contributions to the pension plans from the School are not included in collective pension expense; however, employee contributions are used to reduce pension expense. The average expected remaining service life of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans as of June 30, 2023, was 5.3 years for FRS and 6.3 years for HIS.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School recognized pension expense of \$914,134. As of June 30, 2024, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	203,284	\$	2,531
Changes of assumptions		158,526		93,430
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		83,957		-
Changes in proportion and differences between School contributions and proportionate share of contributions		286,460		87,338
School contributions subsequent to the measurement date		313,976		
Total	\$	1,046,203	\$	183,299

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to the School's contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the School's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense will be recognized as follows:

Reporting Period Ended					
June 30:	Amount				
2025	\$	73,649			
2026		(34,478)			
2027		468,309			
2028		34,535			
2029		7,342			
Thereafter		(429)			

7 SCHEDULE OF STATE AND LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES

The following is a schedule of state and local revenue sources and amounts:

District School Board of Polk County, Florida:	
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 3,219,200
Class size reduction	568,053
Capital outlay	372,047
Discretionary millage	246,416
Discretionary local effort	237,728
Transportation	211,363
Teacher salary increase allocation	180,298
ESE guaranteed allocation	175,745
Supplemental academic instruction	157,444
Safe schools	47,711
Mental health assistance allocation	34,224
Local capital improvement revenue	18,981
Teacher lead	9,600
Other state revenue	 9,529
Total	\$ 5,488,339

The administration fee paid to the School Board during 2024 totaled approximately \$26,000, which is reflected as a general administration expense/expenditure in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

8 **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

As previously noted, the Company maintained cash deposits on a pooled basis for all of its charter schools during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The amount due from the central administrative office in the accompanying financial statements represents the School's share of the pooled cash balance. The net balance of \$1,430,881 primarily includes amounts advanced by the School to the Company for operating costs. The balance is also net of payroll liabilities (taxes, insurance, retirement, etc.) to be paid by the Company on behalf of the School. Due to centralized cash management and the timing of the payroll accrual near year-end, the amount due from the central administrative office may represent a significant portion of total assets as of June 30, 2024.

In addition, the Company provides certain management and administrative services to the School. Expenses for these services are generally allocated to each charter school operated by the Company based on the relative number of students, but can be increased or decreased at the discretion of the Company. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School's share of these expenses totaled \$244,847, which is reflected as a school administration expense/expenditure in the accompanying financial statements.

The Company also provides transportation services for the School in exchange for the transportation revenue generated by the School based on its full-time equivalent student count. Amounts paid to the Company for transportation services during fiscal 2024 totaled \$587,968.

During fiscal 2024, the School received \$47,632 in donations from the Lake Wales Charter Schools Foundation to assist in the payment of various operating expenses. These amounts are included in contributions and other revenue in the accompanying financial statements. In addition, as of June 30, 2024, accounts receivable includes \$48,614 due from the Lake Wales Charter Schools Foundation related to the classroom building construction from prior years.

During fiscal 2024, the Company operated and managed all of its charter schools as one collective unit, although each charter school is considered a separate reporting entity. As one legal entity, the Company has the option to transfer funds between schools as it deems necessary. For the year ended June 30, 2024, no transfers between schools occurred.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget- Positive			
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)			
REVENUES							
State and local sources	\$ 4,921,953	\$ 4,905,579	\$ 5,116,292	\$ 210,713			
Contributions and other revenue	-	77,531	48,083	(29,448)			
Total revenues	4,921,953	4,983,110	5,164,375	181,265			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction	3,086,015	2,959,030	2,888,530	70,500			
Student support services	48,858	40,631	62,317	(21,686)			
Instruction and curriculum development	66,218	70,078	74,050	(3,972)			
Instruction-related technology	2,650	1,416	2,595	(1,179)			
Board	12,500	12,500	12,500	-			
General administration	24,417	24,431	25,534	(1,103)			
School administration	734,813	887,467	812,370	75,097			
Pupil transportation	653,565	613,914	600,276	13,638			
Operation of plant	263,019	321,630	351,274	(29,644)			
Maintenance of plant	-	42,000	-	42,000			
Community services	12,898	10,013	5,032	4,981			
Capital outlay	17,000		15,571	(15,571)			
Total expenditures	4,921,953	4,983,110	4,850,049	133,061			
Net changes in fund balance	-	-	314,326	314,326			
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,194,108	1,194,108	1,194,108	-			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,194,108	\$ 1,194,108	\$ 1,508,434	\$ 314,326			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts	Actual udgetary	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)			
	(Driginal		Final	 Basis)				
REVENUES									
Federal sources	\$	251,703	\$	252,539	\$ 218,542	\$	(33,997)		
Total revenues		251,703		252,539	 218,542		(33,997)		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction		251,703		252,539	131,216		121,323		
Student support services		-		-	2,880		(2,880)		
Instruction and curriculum development		-		-	 84,446		(84,446)		
Total expenditures		251,703		252,539	 218,542		33,997		
Net changes in fund balance		-		-	-		-		
Fund balance at beginning of year		-		-	 -		-		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan										
School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0050%	0.0045%	0.0047%	0.0040%	0.0043%	0.0039%	0.0040%	0.0040%	0.0041%	0.0037%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,996,987	\$ 1,665,673	\$ 351,387	\$ 1,752,714	\$ 1,480,534	\$ 1,179,379	\$ 1,173,197	\$ 1,014,141	\$ 532,846	\$ 223,890
School's covered-employee payroll School's proportionate snare of the net	\$ 2,719,454	\$ 2,307,110	\$ 2,348,336	\$ 2,304,078	\$ 2,282,334	\$ 2,114,822	\$ 2,086,456	\$ 2,027,309	\$ 1,947,059	\$ 1,739,259
pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	73%	72%	15%	76%	65%	56%	56%	50%	27%	13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	82%	83%	96%	79%	83%	84%	84%	85%	92%	96%
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program										
School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0068%	0.0063%	0.0066%	0.0066%	0.0068%	0.0065%	0.0065%	0.0066%	0.0062%	0.0058%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,078,207	\$ 668,816	\$ 813,669	\$ 810,561	\$ 763,576	\$ 685,415	\$ 699,270	\$ 766,466	\$ 632,669	\$ 546,740
School's covered-employee payroll School's proportionate share of the net	\$ 2,719,454	\$ 2,307,110	\$ 2,348,336	\$ 2,304,078	\$ 2,282,334	\$ 2,114,822	\$ 2,086,456	\$ 2,027,309	\$ 1,947,059	\$ 1,739,259
pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	40%	29%	35%	35%	33%	32%	34%	38%	32%	31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	4%	5%	4%	3%	3%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30

		2024	2023 2		2022		2021 2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015			
Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan																				
Contractually required contribution	\$	257,846	\$	241,093	\$	191,027	\$	177,212	\$	134,363	\$	133,302	\$	111,590	\$	103,252	\$	97,946	\$	100,579
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		257,846		241,093	l	191,027		177,212		134,363		133,302		111,590		103,252		97,946		100,579
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2	2,806,301	\$ 2	2,719,454	\$ 2	2,307,110	\$	2,348,336	\$ 2	2,304,078	\$ 2	2,282,334	\$ 2	2,114,822	\$ 2	2,086,456	\$ 2	2,027,309	\$	1,947,059
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		9%		9%		8%		8%		6%		6%		5%		5%		5%		5%
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program																				
Contractually required contribution	\$	56,130	\$	44,660	\$	38,209	\$	38,990	\$	38,255	\$	37,895	\$	35,119	\$	34,611	\$	33,709	\$	23,714
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		56,130		44,660		38,209		38,990		38,255		37,895		35,119		34,611		33,709		23,714
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2	2,806,301	\$ 2	2,719,454	\$ 2	2,307,110	\$	2,348,336	\$ 2	2,304,078	\$ 2	2,282,334	\$ 2	2,114,822	\$ 2	2,086,456	\$ 2	2,027,309	\$	1,947,059
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		2%		2%		2%		2%		2%		2%		2%		2%		2%		1%



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South, a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South (the "School"), a charter school and component unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2025.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



To the Board of Trustees of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South, a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida Page 2

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BKHM P.A.

Orlando, Florida January 16, 2025

1900 Summit Tower Blvd., Suite 170, Orlando, Florida 32810 | 407.998.9000 | Fax 407.998.9010

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL, CHAPTER 10.850



To the Board of Trustees of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South, a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South (the "School"), a charter school and component unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2025.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated January 16, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding annual financial audit report.

OFFICIAL TITLE

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title of the entity is Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South, and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education is 1601.

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND MANAGEMENT

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

To the Board of Trustees of Lake Wales Charter Schools, Inc. – Edward W. Bok Academy South, a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Polk County, Florida Page 2

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. The financial condition assessment was done as of the fiscal year-end.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

TRANSPARENCY

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

ADDITIONAL MATTERS

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

PURPOSE OF THIS LETTER

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Trustees, applicable management and the District School Board of Polk County, Florida and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BKHM P.A.

Orlando, Florida January 16, 2025