SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2020



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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Santa Maria Joint Union High School District Santa Maria. California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Santa Maria Joint Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of investment returns for OPEB, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2021 on our consideration of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

histy White, Inc.

San Diego, California January 15, 2021

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

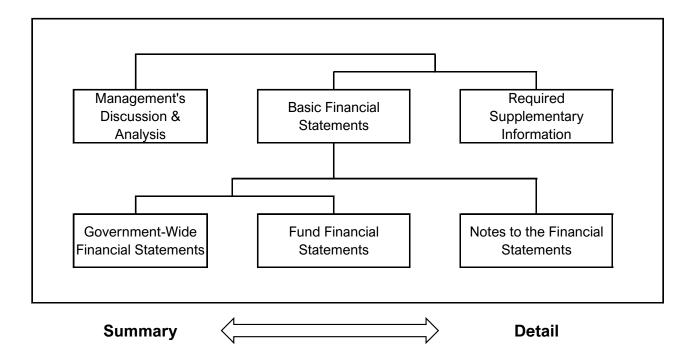
This discussion and analysis of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$56,037,240 at June 30, 2020. This was an increase of \$15,899,310 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$138,039,033 which exceeded expenses of \$122,139,723.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - ▶ **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$56,037,240 at June 30, 2020, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(81,388,069) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities							
		2020		2019	Ν	let Change		
ASSETS								
Current and other assets	\$	104,106,071	\$	101,025,700	\$	3,080,371		
Capital assets		188,838,925		174,917,221		13,921,704		
Total Assets		292,944,996		275,942,921		17,002,075		
		22 004 070		24 450 007		(4 500 040)		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		32,881,079		34,450,997		(1,569,918)		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities		19,788,319		18,143,841		1,644,478		
Long-term liabilities		236,233,124		241,009,066		(4,775,942)		
Total Liabilities		256,021,443		259,152,907		(3,131,464)		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		13,767,392		11,103,081		2,664,311		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		97,693,273		88,978,518		8,714,755		
Restricted		39,732,036		36,615,274		3,116,762		
Unrestricted		(81,388,069)		(85,455,862)		4,067,793		
Total Net Position	\$	56,037,240	\$	40,137,930	\$	15,899,310		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see the District's total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities							
		2020		2019	Net Change			
REVENUES								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	3,874,382	\$	2,266,957	\$	1,607,425		
Operating grants and contributions		13,827,902		15,545,327		(1,717,425)		
Capital grants and contributions		3,056,987		10,387,663		(7,330,676)		
General revenues								
Property taxes		50,536,468		47,989,035		2,547,433		
Unrestricted federal and state aid		63,211,634		59,006,412		4,205,222		
Other		3,531,660		5,333,892		(1,802,232)		
Total Revenues		138,039,033		140,529,286		(2,490,253)		
EXPENSES								
Instruction		58,222,432		56,366,915		1,855,517		
Instruction-related services		13,948,512		13,895,267		53,245		
Pupil services		15,474,763		15,242,910		231,853		
General administration		6,000,342		5,904,414		95,928		
Plant services		13,134,480		12,940,037		194,443		
Ancillary and community services		2,736,914		2,769,084		(32,170)		
Debt service		4,880,371		5,062,076		(181,705)		
Other outgo		2,142,285		3,696,061		(1,553,776)		
Depreciation		5,599,624		5,058,319		541,305		
Total Expenses		122,139,723		120,935,083		1,204,640		
Change in net position		15,899,310		19,594,203		(3,694,893)		
Net Position - Beginning		40,137,930		20,543,727		19,594,203		
Net Position - Ending	\$	56,037,240	\$	40,137,930	\$	15,899,310		

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$122,139,723 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$50,536,468 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services							
		2020		2019				
Instruction	\$	48,121,278	\$	38,339,439				
Instruction-related services		12,178,786		11,874,950				
Pupil services		10,845,736		10,354,102				
General administration		5,368,480		5,202,534				
Plant services		11,564,222		12,615,249				
Ancillary and community services		2,684,201		2,699,259				
Debt service		4,880,371		5,062,076				
Transfers to other agencies		137,754		1,529,208				
Depreciation		5,599,624		5,058,319				
Total Expenses	\$	101,380,452	\$	92,735,136				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$92,951,369 which is slightly less than last year's ending fund balance of \$92,963,686. The District's General Fund had \$12,498,490 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's Building Fund had \$14,744,287 less in operating revenues than expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2020 due to continued construction of the new Agricultural and Career Technical Education Center and Santa Maria High School. The District's County School Facilities Fund had \$3,386,284 more in operating revenues than expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2020 primarily due to the receipt of State School Facilities funding. In addition, the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$1,308,682 less in operating revenues than expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2020.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2019-2020

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a periodic basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2019-2020 the District had invested \$188,838,925 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities							
	2020 2019			Net Change				
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Land	\$	12,293,183	\$	12,293,183	\$	-		
Construction in progress		30,243,308		15,515,368		14,727,940		
Land improvements		23,482,880		21,715,850		1,767,030		
Buildings & improvements		166,103,329		164,248,023		1,855,306		
Furniture & equipment		24,512,855		23,361,127		1,151,728		
Accumulated depreciation		(67,796,630)		(62,216,330)		(5,580,300)		
Total Capital Assets	\$	188,838,925	\$	174,917,221	\$	13,921,704		

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$236,233,124 in long-term liabilities, a decrease of 1.98% from last year. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities							
		2020		2019	Ν	et Change		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES								
Total general obligation bonds	\$	123,345,221	\$	131,557,717	\$	(8,212,496)		
Total certificates of participation		1,889,084		2,302,685		(413,601)		
Compensated absences		750,211		558,863		191,348		
Net OPEB liability		16,709,350		18,484,807		(1,775,457)		
Net pension liability		101,950,090		97,800,137		4,149,953		
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(8,410,832)		(9,695,143)		1,284,311		
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	236,233,124	\$	241,009,066	\$	(4,775,942)		

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

According to the UCLA Anderson Forecast, the U.S. economy is in a "depression-like crisis" and it will take at least three years before its GDP and unemployment rate return to the levels it saw before COVID-19 pandemic struck. Between February 2020 and April 2020, California lost 2.56 million nonfarm payroll jobs, a 15% drop that is nearly double the job loss during the Great Recession in 2008 and 2009.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. Governor Gavin Newsom and the State Legislature provided resources and support beyond the Proposition 98 requirement in 2020–21, giving one-time federal resources and pension rate relief and promising more than the minimum guarantee in 2021–22.

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per-pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low-income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. In response to the ongoing pandemic, the 2020-21 State Budget reduced employer contribution rates in 2020–21 and 2021–22. This will reduce the CalSTRS employer rate from 18.4% to approximately 16.15% in 2020–21 and from 18.2% to 16.0% in 2021–22. The CalPERS employer contribution rate will be reduced from CalPERS recently set rate for 2020–21 of 22.68% to 20.7% and CalPERS 2021–22 estimated rate of 24.6% to 23.0%. Despite this reduction in the planned rate increases, the projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was signed into law. The CARES Act provides California K-12 education with \$1.65 billion in Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds, \$355 million in Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Funds, and \$4.4 billion in Coronavirus Relief Funds (CRF). Collectively, GEER Funds, CRF, and \$540 million in state General Fund (GF) contributions are known as Learning Loss Mitigation Funding (LLMF). CARES Act funds will be apportioned in 2020-21, however, ESSER and GEER are to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2022, GF is to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, and CRF is to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 1, 2020. On December 27, 2020, the President signed the Consolidated Appropriations Act which extended the CRF spending deadline to December 30, 2021.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office at (805) 922-4573.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 87,961,706
Accounts receivable	15,928,094
Inventory	210,768
Prepaid expenses	5,503
Capital assets, not depreciated	42,536,491
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	146,302,434
Total Assets	292,944,996
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	30,886,355
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,008,445
Deferred amount on refunding	986,279
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	32,881,079
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	10,973,447
Unearned revenue	404,040
Long-term liabilities, current portion	8,410,832
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	236,233,124
Total Liabilities	256,021,443
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	8,542,699
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	5,224,693
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,767,392
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	97,693,273
Restricted:	22 694 605
Capital projects	23,684,695
Debt service	12,045,918
Educational programs	1,625,418
Food service Unrestricted	2,376,005
Total Net Position	<u>(81,388,069)</u> \$ 56,037,240
Total Net Position	\$ 56,037,240

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					Progr	am Revenues	5		Re (t (Expenses) evenues and Changes in let Position
					Ċ	perating		Capital		
			Cl	narges for	G	rants and	G	rants and	Go	overnmental
Function/Programs		Expenses	5	Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	58,222,432	\$	650,423	\$	6,393,744	\$	3,056,987	\$	(48,121,278)
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration		4,487,827		68,524		1,264,515		-		(3,154,788)
Instructional library, media, and technology		3,567,574		-		260,477		-		(3,307,097)
School site administration		5,893,111		1,324		174,886		-		(5,716,901)
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation		2,088,991		-		26,260		-		(2,062,731)
Food services		4,159,435		696,178		3,233,257		-		(230,000)
All other pupil services		9,226,337		50,717		622,615		-		(8,553,005)
General administration										
Centralized data processing		269,967		-		-		-		(269,967)
All other general administration		5,730,375		76,591		555,271		-		(5,098,513)
Plant services		13,134,480		1,202,576		367,682		-		(11,564,222)
Ancillary services		2,736,914		270		52,443		-		(2,684,201)
Interest on long-term debt		4,880,371		-		-		-		(4,880,371)
Other outgo		2,142,285		1,127,779		876,752		-		(137,754)
Depreciation (unallocated)		5,599,624		-		-		-		(5,599,624)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	122,139,723	\$	3,874,382	\$	13,827,902	\$	3,056,987		(101,380,452)
	Ger	neral revenues								
	Ta	ixes and subvent	ions							
	F	Property taxes, le	vied fo	r general purp	oses					38,999,573
	F	Property taxes, le	vied fo	r debt service						11,441,869
	F	Property taxes, le	vied fo	r other specifi	c purp	oses				95,026
	F	ederal and state	aid no	t restricted for	r speci	fic purposes				63,211,634
	Int	erest and investr	nent ea	irnings						1,002,798
	Int	eragency revenu	ies							38,641
	Mi	scellaneous								2,490,221
	Sub	total, General R	levenu	e						117,279,762
	CH/	ANGE IN NET PO	SITION	N						15,899,310
	Net	Position - Begin	nning							40,137,930
	Net	Position - Endir	ıg						\$	56,037,240

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

	Ge	eneral Fund	Вι	uilding Fund	ounty School cilities Fund	 ond Interest & demption Fund	G	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	22,404,107	\$	25,510,292	\$ 17,702,024	\$ 13,043,219	\$	8,494,039	\$	87,153,681
Accounts receivable		14,782,127		79,333	53,921	36,078		974,066		15,925,525
Due from other funds		196,990		-	-	-		1,624		198,614
Stores inventory		181,738		-	-	-		29,030		210,768
Prepaid expenditures		5,503		-	-	-		-		5,503
Total Assets	\$	37,570,465	\$	25,589,625	\$ 17,755,945	\$ 13,079,297	\$	9,498,759	\$	103,494,091
LIABILITIES										
Accrued liabilities	\$	7,654,053	\$	1,318,031	\$ -	\$ -	\$	967,984	\$	9,940,068
Due to other funds		1,624		-	-	-		196,990		198,614
Unearned revenue		404,040		-	-	-		-		404,040
Total Liabilities		8,059,717		1,318,031	-	-		1,164,974		10,542,722
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		202,241		-	-	-		29,030		231,271
Restricted		1,625,418		24,271,594	17,755,945	13,079,297		8,304,755		65,037,009
Assigned		11,411,303		-	-	-		-		11,411,303
Unassigned		16,271,786		-	-	-		-		16,271,786
Total Fund Balances		29,510,748		24,271,594	17,755,945	13,079,297		8,333,785		92,951,369
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	37,570,465	\$	25,589,625	\$ 17,755,945	\$ 13,079,297	\$	9,498,759	\$	103,494,091

Fotal Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	92,951,369
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets:		
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets \$256,635,555		
Accumulated depreciation (67,796,630)	-	188,838,925
Deferred amount on refunding:		
In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:		986,279
Jnmatured interest on long-term debt:		
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is		
recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:		(1,033,379
ong-term liabilities:		
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to		
governmental activities consist of: Total general obligation bonds \$ 123,345,221		
Total certificates of participation 1,889,084		
Compensated absences 750,211		
Net OPEB liability 16,709,350		
Net pension liability 101,950,090	-	(244,643,956
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:		
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are		
not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net		
position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 30,886,355		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (8,542,699)	_	22,343,656
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:		
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not		
reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position,		
deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 1,008,445		(4.040.0.)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (5,224,693)	-	(4,216,248
nternal service funds:		
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources,		
liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with		
governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service		910 50
funds is:		810,594

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		eneral Fund	Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$	100,445,229	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$	100,445,229
Federal sources		4,030,002	-	-	-	3,311,021		7,341,023
Other state sources		8,692,907	-	3,056,986	82,428	257,844		12,090,165
Other local sources		6,476,185	551,104	329,298	11,529,946	3,267,979		22,154,512
Total Revenues	_	119,644,323	551,104	3,386,284	11,612,374	6,836,844		142,030,929
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		59,408,668	-	-	-	-		59,408,668
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		4,537,361	-	-	-	-		4,537,361
Instructional library, media, and technology		3,295,789	-	-	-	-		3,295,789
School site administration		5,630,564	-	-	-	-		5,630,564
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		2,159,717	-	-	-	-		2,159,717
Food services		9,974	-	-	-	4,010,725		4,020,699
All other pupil services		8,812,439	-	-	-	-		8,812,439
General administration								
Centralized data processing		239,858	-	-	-	-		239,858
All other general administration		4,910,597	-	-	-	257,327		5,167,924
Plant services		12,016,013	46,382	-	-	375,464		12,437,859
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		745,372	15,249,009	-	-	1,937,316		17,931,697
Ancillary services		2,852,226	-	-	-	-		2,852,226
Transfers to other agencies		2,142,285	-	-	-	-		2,142,285
Debt service								
Principal		328,231	-	-	8,720,000	85,370		9,133,601
Interest and other		56,739	-	-	4,201,056	14,764		4,272,559
Total Expenditures		107,145,833	15,295,391	-	12,921,056	6,680,966		142,043,246
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		12,498,490	(14,744,287)	3,386,284	(1,308,682)	155,878		(12,317)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	916,187		916,187
Transfers out		(916,187)	-	-	-	-		(916,187)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(916,187)	-	-	-	916,187		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		11,582,303	(14,744,287)	3,386,284	(1,308,682)	1,072,065		(12,317)
Fund Balance - Beginning		17,928,445	39,015,881	14,369,661	14,387,979	7,261,720		92,963,686
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	29,510,748	\$ 24,271,594	\$ 17,755,945	\$ 13,079,297	\$ 8,333,785	\$	92,951,369

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (12,317)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:	
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is: Expenditures for capital outlay: Depreciation expense: \$ 19,521,328 (5,599,624)	13,921,704
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:	9,133,601
Deferred amounts on refunding: In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:	(157,805)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:	57,497
Accreted interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.	(1,069,046)
Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:	(191,348)

(continued on the following page)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(357, 985)

(6,092,935)

561,542

106,402

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 15,899,310

	Governmental Activities				
	Internal Service Fund Self-Insurance Fund				
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and investments	\$	808,025			
Accounts receivable		2,569			
Total current assets		810,594			
Total Assets		810,594			
NET POSITION					
Restricted		810,594			
Total Net Position	\$	810,594			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		ental Activities
	Self-In	surance Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	988,866
Other local revenues		35,240
Total operating revenues		1,024,106
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Professional services		928,578
Total operating expenses		928,578
Operating income		95,528
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income		10,874
Total non-operating revenues		10,874
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		106,402
Net Position - Beginning		704,192
Net Position - Ending	\$	810,594

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Governmental Activit			
	Intern	al Service Fund		
	Self-Insurance Fund			
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from user charges	\$	1,025,077		
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(928,578)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		96,499		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received		10,874		
Net cash provided by investing activities		10,874		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		107,373		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year		700,652		
End of year	\$	808,025		
Reconciliation of operating income to cash				
provided by operating activities				
Operating income	\$	95,528		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Decrease in accounts receivables		971		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	96,499		

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	 Trust Fund Retiree Benefit Fund			
ASSETS	 			
Cash and investments	\$ 3,137,055	\$	1,339,656	
Total Assets	 3,137,055	\$	1,339,656	
LIABILITIES				
Accrued liabilities	8,280	\$	-	
Due to student groups	-		1,339,656	
Total Liabilities	 8,280	\$	1,339,656	
NET POSITION				
Restricted	3,128,775			
Total Net Position	\$ 3,128,775			

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	T	Trust Fund			
	Ret	Retiree Benefit			
		Fund			
ADDITIONS					
Contributions	\$	1,086,372			
Investment earnings		245,496			
Total Additions		1,331,868			
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefit payments		545,096			
Adminstrative expenses		28,648			
Total Deductions		573,744			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		758,124			
Net Position - Beginning		2,370,651			
Net Position - Ending	\$	3,128,775			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Santa Maria Joint Union High School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual.* The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades 9-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be selfsupporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Retiree Benefit Fund: This fund exists to account separately for amounts held in trust from salary reduction agreements, other irrevocable contributions for employees' retirement benefit payments, or both.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

D. Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self-insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	20 - 50
Site Improvements	20
Equipment	5 - 15

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Period	July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

Gains and losses related to changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until a future period.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a future period.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints selfimposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 95 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This standard's primary objective is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The statement is effective immediately. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 95.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Go	Governmental Funds		Internal Service Funds		vernmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	
Investment in county treasury	\$	86,421,617	\$	637,460	\$	87,059,077	\$	-
Fair market value adjustment		617,038		4,551		621,589		-
Cash on hand and in banks		7,489		166,014		173,503		1,339,656
Cash with fiscal agent		92,537		-		92,537		-
Cash in revolving fund		15,000		-		15,000		-
Futuris trust		-		-		-		3,137,055
Total	\$	87,153,681	\$	808,025	\$	87,961,706	\$	4,476,711

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Santa Barbara County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Cash with Fiscal Agent – The District has deposited amounts with escrow agents for the purpose of making payments to service providers under authorized agreements in the General Fund and the Building Fund.

Futuris Trust – The District has established the Futuris Public Entity Investment Trust account under IRS Section 115. The amounts deposited in the trust are irrevocable and designated for the purpose of investment and disbursement of payments related to obligations to eligible employees under the District's OPEB plan.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$87,680,666 and an amortized book value of \$87,059,077. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 491 days. The District's investments in Futuris do not have an average weighted maturity.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2020, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated at least A.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2020, the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk amounting to \$1,117,933 because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency, but not in the name of the District.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Santa Barbara County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Qu	oted Prices		
		Total		
Investment in county treasury	\$	-	\$ 87,680,666	\$ 87,680,666
Futuris trust		3,137,055	 	 3,137,055
Total	\$	3,137,055	\$ 87,680,666	\$ 90,817,721

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund	Buil	lding Fund	County School acilities Fund	ond Interest & demption Fund	C	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Int	ternal Service Funds	G	iovernmental Activities
Federal Government												
Categorical aid	\$	2,197,359	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	871,194	\$	-	\$	3,068,553
State Government												
Apportionment		10,900,202		-	-	-		-		-		10,900,202
Categorical aid		630,306		-	-	-		74,736		-		705,042
Lottery		400,319		-	-	-		-		-		400,319
Local Government												
Other local sources		653,941		79,333	53,921	36,078		28,136		2,569		853,978
Total	\$	14,782,127	\$	79,333	\$ 53,921	\$ 36,078	\$	974,066	\$	2,569	\$	15,928,094

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance July 01, 2019			Additions	Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2020
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	12,293,183	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12,293,183
Construction in progress		15,515,368		14,727,940	-		30,243,308
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		27,808,551		14,727,940	-		42,536,491
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		21,715,850		1,767,030	-		23,482,880
Buildings & improvements		164,248,023		1,855,306	-		166,103,329
Furniture & equipment		23,361,127		1,171,052	19,324		24,512,855
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		209,325,000		4,793,388	19,324		214,099,064
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Land improvements		9,020,537		1,091,068	-		10,111,605
Buildings & improvements		36,794,925		3,329,459	-		40,124,384
Furniture & equipment		16,400,868		1,179,097	19,324		17,560,641
Total Accumulated Depreciation		62,216,330		5,599,624	19,324		67,796,630
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, net	\$	174,917,221	\$	13,921,704	\$ -	\$	188,838,925

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Due From Other Funds Non-Major Governmental											
Due To Other Funds	Ger	neral Fund	F	Funds	Total							
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,624	\$	1,624						
Non-Major Governmental Funds		196,990		-		196,990						
Total	\$	196,990	\$	1,624	\$	198,614						
Due from the Capital Facilities Fund to the General Fur	nd to move modula	r roofing proj	ect cost	ts.	\$	152,886						
Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for in	direct costs and C	PEB allocatio	ons.			44,104						
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for m	iscellaneous cost	transfers.				1,624						
Total					\$	198,614						

B. **Operating Transfers**

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the General Fund transferred \$916,187 to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to move the SIPE workers compensation balance.

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

					Non-Major				
					Governmental				
	Ge	neral Fund	В	uilding Fund	Funds	D	istrict-Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	244,320	\$	-	\$ 11,448	\$	-	\$	255,768
Construction		-		1,318,031	851,828		-		2,169,859
Vendors payable		3,372,727		-	104,708		-		3,477,435
Due to grantor government		4,037,006		-	-		-		4,037,006
Unmatured interest		-		-	-		1,033,379		1,033,379
Total	\$	7,654,053	\$	1,318,031	\$ 967,984	\$	1,033,379	\$	10,973,447

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue in the General Fund at June 30, 2020 amounted to \$404,040, which consists of \$52,196 in federal sources and \$351,844 in state sources.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Balance July 01, 2019			Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020	_	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities								
General obligation bonds	\$	110,739,253	\$	-	\$ 5,295,000	\$ 105,444,253	\$	4,835,000
Unamortized premium		7,061,730		-	561,542	6,500,188		561,542
Accreted interest		7,761,734		1,069,046	-	8,830,780		-
Subtotal general obligation bonds		125,562,717		1,069,046	5,856,542	120,775,221		5,396,542
Direct placement general								
obligation bonds		5,995,000		-	3,425,000	2,570,000		2,570,000
Subtotal direct placement general								
obligation bonds		5,995,000		-	3,425,000	2,570,000		2,570,000
Total general obligation bonds		131,557,717		1,069,046	9,281,542	123,345,221		7,966,542
Direct placement certificates								
of participation		2,302,685		-	413,601	1,889,084		444,290
Total certificates of participation		2,302,685		-	413,601	1,889,084		444,290
Compensated absences		558,863		191,348	-	750,211		-
Net OPEB liability		18,484,807		-	1,775,457	16,709,350		-
Net pension liability		97,800,137		4,149,953	-	101,950,090		-
Total	\$	250,704,209	\$	5,410,347	\$ 11,470,600	\$ 244,643,956	\$	8,410,832

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for certificates of participation are made in the General Fund and Capital Facilities Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of amounted to \$750,211. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

B. Certificates of Participation

The annual requirements to amortize the certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 444,290	\$ 57,814	\$ 502,104
2022	479,009	43,095	522,104
2023	509,825	27,279	537,104
2024	 455,960	11,144	467,104
Total	\$ 1,889,084	\$ 139,332	\$ 2,028,416

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

C. General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the District as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Series	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding uly 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Bonds utstanding ne 30, 2020
General obligation bonds:							
Election 2000, Series B	2025	2.00% - 4.38% \$	12,000,000	\$ 2,200,000	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 2,200,000
Election 2004, Series 2005	2031	2.00% - 5.01%	34,998,222	3,678,221	-	-	3,678,221
Election 2004, Series 2013	2038	2.00% - 5.35%	14,999,873	12,739,873	-	-	12,739,873
2013 Refunding	2027	4.00% - 5.00%	26,820,000	20,285,000	-	1,525,000	18,760,000
Election 2004, Series 2014	2038	3.00% - 5.00%	28,996,159	28,636,159	-	355,000	28,281,159
Election 2016, Series 2017	2043	2.00% - 5.00%	47,000,000	43,200,000	-	3,415,000	39,785,000
Subtotal general obligation bonds				110,739,253	-	5,295,000	105,444,253
Direct placement general obligation bonds:							
2015 Refunding	2021	1.46%	860,000	460,000	-	265,000	195,000
2016 Refunding	2021	1.79%	10,065,000	5,535,000	-	3,160,000	2,375,000
Subtotal direct placement general obligation bonds				5,995,000	-	3,425,000	2,570,000
Total				\$ 116,734,253	\$ -	\$ 8,720,000	\$ 108,014,253

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Ge	l obligation bo		Direct placement general obligation bonds								
Year Ended June 30,	ded June 30, Principal			Interest		Total	Principal			Interest		Total	
2021	\$	4,835,000	\$	3,918,481	\$	8,753,481	\$	2,570,000	\$	22,680	\$	2,592,680	
2022		2,395,000		3,757,156		6,152,156		-		-		-	
2023		3,335,000		3,671,481		7,006,481		-		-		-	
2024		3,710,000		3,524,131		7,234,131		-		-		-	
2025		4,145,000		3,334,194		7,479,194		-		-		-	
2026 - 2030		13,827,052		21,052,129		34,879,181		-		-		-	
2031 - 2035		33,289,512		19,136,396		52,425,908		-		-		-	
2036 - 2040		29,257,689		4,223,729		33,481,418		-		-		-	
2041 - 2043		10,650,000		659,201		11,309,201		-		-		-	
Total	\$	105,444,253	\$	63,276,898	\$	168,721,151	\$	2,570,000	\$	22,680	\$	2,592,680	

D. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning net OPEB liability was \$18,484,807 and decreased by \$1,775,457 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The ending net OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was \$16,709,350. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the net OPEB liability.

E. <u>Net Pension Liability</u>

_

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$97,800,137 and increased by \$4,149,953 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2020 was \$101,950,090. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2020:

	General Fund		Вι	uilding Fund	County School Facilities Fund			Bond Interest & Redemption Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Non-spendable				0				•				
Revolving cash	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,000
Stores inventory		181,738		-		-		-		29,030		210,768
Prepaid expenditures		5,503		-		-		-		-		5,503
Total non-spendable		202,241		-		-		-		29,030		231,271
Restricted												
Educational programs		1,625,418		-		-		-		-		1,625,418
Capital projects		-		24,271,594		17,755,945		-		5,928,750		47,956,289
Debt service		-		-		-		13,079,297		-		13,079,297
Food service		-		-		-		-		2,376,005		2,376,005
Total restricted		1,625,418		24,271,594		17,755,945		13,079,297		8,304,755		65,037,009
Assigned												
Career technical education		2,393,156		-		-		-		-		2,393,156
SIPE		1,298,154		-		-		-		-		1,298,154
Unexpended one-time funds		1,223,977		-		-		-		-		1,223,977
Certificated medical savings		712,058		-		-		-		-		712,058
Site/department carryovers		689,741		-		-		-		-		689,741
Maintenance and operations equipment		438,610		-		-		-		-		438,610
MAA carryover		281,239		-		-		-		-		281,239
AP test		168,774		-		-		-		-		168,774
Miscellaneous grants and donations		83,378		-		-		-		-		83,378
Transportation/vehicle shop reserve		75,512		-		-		-		-		75,512
PVHS food service		8,670		-		-		-		-		8,670
Special reserve		3,910,995		-		-		-		-		3,910,995
Deferred maintenance		127,039		-		-		-		-		127,039
Total assigned		11,411,303		-		-		-		-		11,411,303
Unassigned		16,271,786		-		-		-		-		16,271,786
Total Fund Balance	\$	29,510,748	\$	24,271,594	\$	17,755,945	\$	13,079,297	\$	8,333,785	\$	92,951,369

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

A. Plan Description

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment plan (OPEB) that provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees. The details of the plan are outlined below.

Three-tiered rates (Single, Two-Party, and Family) are used for all benefits. The rates for early retirees are the same as those for active employees under the Certificated plan, meaning that the early retirees are being subsidized by premiums charged to the District for its active employees. The SISC retiree-only rates are designed to be non-subsidized, but the spouse portion of the second-tier rate is 28% subsidized.

District-paid benefits include medical/prescription drug (offered as a package) for all eligible retirees, and dental and vision insurance for Certificated retirees. For groups other than Certificated, the District's contribution towards medical/Rx benefits is limited to the amount of the premium (by tier) for SISC base plan. The District caps for Certificated retirees also vary by tier based on the High Desert Trust rate structure and are applied before adding on dental and vision premiums for retirees and any covered dependents.

B. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued the Plan Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by contacting the District.

C. Benefits Provided

Upon attainment of a minimum age (55 for Certificated and Certificated Management, 50 for Classified, Classified Management, and Confidential) and completion of a minimum District service requirement (5 years for Management, 10 years for all other groups), an employee may retire and remain covered at the District's expense for a period depending on employment classification, and subject to making monthly retiree contributions.

District-paid coverage ends at age 65 for all eligible Certificated, Certificated Management, and Classified Management retirees. Classified and Confidential retirees' benefits continue until the earlier of 10 years of benefits or age 65. For Classified and Confidential employees hired prior to January 1, 2008, the 10-year benefit period is increased by one year for each year of active service in excess of 10 years, to a maximum of 15 years of benefits (or age 65, if earlier.) Board members do not earn retiree healthcare benefits by reason of their Board service but may retain rights to benefits earned while covered under one of the active employee classifications.

D. Contributions

The District has accumulated assets in the Futuris Public Entity Investment Trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. The District's contribution is currently based on a projected pay-as-you-go funding method, that is, benefits are payable when due. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District contributed \$1,078,091 to the trust. Of these contributions, \$536,816 were used for current year benefits payments.

E. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	58
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	776
Total number of participants**	834

*Information not provided **As of the June 30, 2020 valuation date

F. Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 19,838,125
Plan fiduciary net position	(3,128,775)
District's net OPEB liability	\$ 16,709,350
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	
total OPEB liability	15.77%

G. Investments

Investment Policy

The Retirement Board of Authority is responsible for the selection and ongoing evaluation of investments and/or investment managers and has delegated investment responsibilities to the Benefit Trust Company ("BTC"). The Retirement Board of Authority retains the responsibility to oversee the management of the Trust, including BTC's or any successor trustee's, requirement that investments and assets held within the trust continually adhere to the requirement of California Government Code.

G. Investments (continued)

Concentrations

The Plan held the following investments which represent 5 percent or more of the Plan's fiduciary net position:

			Percentage of fiduciary net
Investment	F	air Value	position
Mutual Fund - Fixed Income			
Prudential Funds Total Return Bond CL Q	\$	321,416	10.27%
Western Asset Core Plus Bond IS		321,184	10.27%
Blackrock Total Return - K		317,755	10.16%
Guggenheim Investments Investment Grade Bond Fund		317,381	10.14%
Mutual Fund - Domestic Equity			
Alger Funds Focus Equity Fund CL Y		216,498	6.92%
Oakmark Select Fund - Institutional		173,189	5.54%
Mutual Fund - Real Estate			
Cohen and Steers Real Estate Securities - Z		164,311	5.25%
All others		1,297,041	41.46%
Total fiduciary net position	\$	3,128,775	

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 9.88 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

H. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Economic assumptions:	
Salary increases	2.75%
Inflation rate	2.75%
Investment return/discount rate	5.85%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00%

H. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (continued)

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Certificated participant mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality tables while the mortality rates for classified participants were based on the CalPERS 2017 Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees tables.

Retirement Rates:

For certificated and certificated management participants, the 2020 CalSTRS retirement rate tables were used. For classified and classified management participants, the 2017 CalPERS retirement rate tables for schools employees were used.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed twenty-two years.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The calculated investment rate of return was set equal to the expected ten-year compound (geometric) real return plus inflation (rounded to the nearest 25 basis points, where appropriate). The table below provides the long-term expected real rates of return by asset class (based on published capital market assumptions).

Asset Class	Percentage of Portfolio	Assumed Gross Return
U.S. Fixed	50%	1.5%
Broad U.S. Equity	37%	4.4%
Global ex-U.S. Equity	8%	5.5%
Real Estate	5%	3.7%

I. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	1,087,699
Interest on total OPEB liability		982,066
Difference between expected and actual experience		(199,125)
Changes of assumptions		(2,351,157)
Benefits payments		(536,816)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,017,333)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		20,855,458
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	19,838,125
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	1,078,091
Net investment income		245,497
Benefit payments		(536,816)
Administrative expenses		(28,648)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		758,124
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,370,651
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,128,775
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	16,709,350
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		
total OPEB liability		15.77%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	56,408,838
	т	,,
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of		
covered-employee payroll		29.62%

J. <u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Santa Maria Joint Union High School District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

				Valuation		
	1% Decrease (4.85%)		Discount Rate (5.85%)		1% Increase (6.85%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	18,362,257	\$	16,709,350	\$	15,186,985

K. <u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate</u>

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Santa Maria Joint Union High School District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare Cost						
	1% Decrease			rend Rate	1% Increase		
		(3.00%)		(4.00%)		(5.00%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	14,475,474	\$	16,709,350	\$	19,352,370	

L. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized net OPEB expense of \$1,436,076. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	_	\$	98,434	
Differences between expected and	Ŷ		Ψ	00,101	
actual experience		-		1,543,674	
Changes in assumptions		1,008,445		3,582,585	
Total	\$	1,008,445	\$	5,224,693	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows Resources
2021	\$	170,923	\$ 688,777
2022		170,923	688,777
2023		170,923	686,258
2024		170,923	682,062
2025		170,923	661,860
Thereafter		153,830	 1,816,959
Total	\$	1,008,445	\$ 5,224,693

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	et pension liability	out	Deferred flows related o pensions	r	erred inflows related to pensions	Pension expense
STRS Pension	\$	65,254,013	\$	21,946,423	\$	7,705,492	\$ 9,158,192
PERS Pension		36,696,077		8,939,932		837,207	 7,676,821
Total	\$	101,950,090	\$	30,886,355	\$	8,542,699	\$ 16,835,013

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2020, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020 was 18.13% of annual payroll reduced to 17.10% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$7,127,959 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$4,965,913 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 65,254,013
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	 35,600,708
Total	\$ 100,854,721

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.072 percent, which was a 0.003 percent increase from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,158,192. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$974,017 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Differences between expected and	\$	-	\$	2,513,605
actual experience		164,732		1,838,783
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		8,253,206		-
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent		6,400,526		3,353,104
to the measurement date		7,127,959		
Total	\$	21,946,423	\$	7,705,492

The \$7,127,959 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
2021	\$	4,272,138	\$ 1,830,661
2022		4,272,139	3,575,733
2023		2,719,716	1,855,296
2024		2,721,880	50,275
2025		447,902	202,904
2026		384,689	190,623
Total	\$	14,818,464	\$ 7,705,492

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

* Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	4.80%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Real Estate	13%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	
*20-year geometric average		

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%
		Decrease (6.10%)	Di	scount Rate (7.10%)		Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	¢	97,168,626	\$	65,254,013	\$	38,790,720
the her pension hability	Ψ	37,100,020	Ψ	00,204,010	Ψ	30,130,120

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020 was 20.733% of annual payroll reduced to 19.721% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). Contributions to the plan from the District were \$3,614,119 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$36,696,077 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.126 percent, which was a decrease of 0.002 with its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued) For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$7,676,821. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Differences between expected and	\$ -	\$	340,363	
actual experience	2,665,608		-	
Changes in assumptions	1,746,847		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	913,358		496,844	
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date	 3,614,119		-	
Total	\$ 8,939,932	\$	837,207	

The \$3,614,119 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
of	Resources	of F	Resources
\$	3,279,479	\$	546,392
	1,573,803		(514,076)
	429,573		27,706
	42,958		777,185
\$	5,325,813	\$	837,207
	of	1,573,803 429,573 42,958	of Resources of I \$ 3,279,479 \$ 1,573,803 429,573 429,573 42,958

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate	7.15%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

*An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

**An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.15%)	Di	scount Rate (7.15%)	Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 52,894,982	\$	36,696,077	\$ 23,257,966

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$6,832,909.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement (JPA) with the Self Insurance Program for Employees (SIPE). SIPE was established to provide services necessary and appropriate for the development, operation and maintenance of a self-insurance system for workers' compensation claims against the public educational agencies who are members. The participants consist of the Santa Barbara County Office of Education and various school districts. Each participant may appoint one representative to the governing board. The governing board is responsible for establishing premium rates and making budget and operational decisions for SIPE independent of any influence by the District beyond their board member representation. Each participant shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in SIPE. In the event SIPE is terminated, the District would be liable for its proportionate share of all unpaid claims. The relationship between the District and SIPE is such that SIPE is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement (JPA) with the Self-Insured Schools of California Property and Liability Program (SISC II). The SISC II arranges for and provides property and liability insurance for its member school districts and other educational agencies. The District pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage required. The JPA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters. SISC II maintains its own accounting records and its budgets are not subject to any approval than that of the governing board. Member districts share surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the SISC II. The relationship between the District and SISC II is such that the SISC II is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The District participates in a joint venture under the joint powers agreement (JPA) with the Santa Barbara County Schools Financing Authority. The Authority's purpose is providing financing assistance for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities to its four members: The District, Goleta Union School District, Hope Elementary School District, Santa Barbara Unified School District. The Authority is governed by a board comprised of the chief business officer of each member. The relationship between the District and the Authority is such that the Authority is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 14 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2020, the deferred amount on refunding was \$986,279.

B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found in Note 11. At June 30, 2020, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$30,886,355 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$8,542,699.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found in Note 10. At June 30, 2020, total deferred outflows related to OPEB was \$1,008,445 and total deferred inflows related to OPEB was \$5,224,693.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual*		Variances -	
	 Original		Final	(Budgetary Basis)		Final to Actual	
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$ 98,475,067	\$	94,088,174	\$	100,445,229	\$	6,357,055
Federal sources	4,332,336		5,141,743		4,069,907		(1,071,836)
Other state sources	5,876,702		7,126,274		8,692,907		1,566,633
Other local sources	 3,603,610		5,228,824		6,375,167		1,146,343
Total Revenues	 112,287,715		111,585,015		119,583,210		7,998,195
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries	44,569,036		44,569,586		43,514,371		1,055,215
Classified salaries	17,556,793		18,387,550		17,505,334		882,216
Employee benefits	24,307,492		26,783,037		26,142,160		640,877
Books and supplies	6,729,353		11,514,240		6,142,442		5,371,798
Services and other operating expenditures	10,206,680		11,126,705		9,261,936		1,864,769
Capital outlay	2,208,998		4,813,462		1,792,377		3,021,085
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	2,614,974		2,662,971		2,527,255		135,716
Transfers of indirect costs	 (167,358)		(167,358)		(190,092)		22,734
Total Expenditures	 108,025,968		119,690,193		106,695,783		12,994,410
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	4,261,747		(8,105,178)		12,887,427		20,992,605
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	 (375,000)		(3,891,187)		(3,891,187)		-
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 (375,000)		(3,891,187)		(3,891,187)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	3,886,747		(11,996,365)		8,996,240		20,992,605
Fund Balance - Beginning	 16,476,474		16,476,474		16,476,474		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 20,363,221	\$	4,480,109	\$	25,472,714	\$	20,992,605

* The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reason:

- The amounts on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances include the financial activity of the Deferred Maintenance Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.
- In the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, revenues for the Medi-Cal Billing Option and Medi-Cal Administrative Activities programs have been reclassified from federal revenues to local revenues.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
Total OPEB Liability							
Service Cost	\$	1,087,699	\$	1,056,018	\$	1,078,418	
Interest on total OPEB liability		982,066		1,067,283		806,275	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(199,125)		(1,817,643)		-	
Changes of assumptions		(2,351,157)		1,350,292		(2,182,624)	
Benefits payments		(536,816)		(405,860)		(502,206)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,017,333)		1,250,090		(800,137)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		20,855,458		19,605,368		20,405,505	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	19,838,125	\$	20,855,458	\$	19,605,368	
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	1,078,091	\$	951,129	\$	1,028,751	
Net investment income		245,497		153,889		80,600	
Benefit payments		(536,816)		(405,860)		(502,206)	
Administrative expenses		(28,648)		(23,220)		(18,112)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		758,124		675,938		589,033	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,370,651		1,694,713		1,105,680	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,128,775	\$	2,370,651	\$	1,694,713	
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	16,709,350	\$	18,484,807	\$	17,910,655	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		15.77%		11.37%		8.64%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	56,408,838	\$	57,191,063	\$	54,629,260	
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		29.62%		32.32%		32.79%	

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR OPEB FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of	0.000/	7 770/	E E40/
investment expense	9.88%	7.77%	5.51%

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.072%		0.069%		0.069%		0.067%		0.078%		0.063%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	65,254,013	\$	63,548,595	\$	63,567,718	\$	54,378,051	\$	52,565,572	\$	36,716,060
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	35,600,708 100,854,721	\$	36,384,721 99,933,316	\$	37,606,431 101,174,149	\$	30,961,012 85,339,063	\$	27,801,318 80,366,890	\$	22,170,742 58,886,802
District's covered payroll	\$	39,691,894	\$	37,683,716	\$	36,539,110	\$	35,730,669	\$	33,410,822	\$	27,984,727
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		164.4%		168.6%		174.0%		152.2%		157.3%		131.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.126%		0.128%		0.128%		0.124%		0.122%		0.125%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	36,696,077	\$	34,251,542	\$	30,443,611	\$	24,564,894	\$	17,991,886	\$	14,228,748
District's covered payroll	\$	17,442,935	\$	16,945,544	\$	16,335,975	\$	14,903,270	\$	13,260,708	\$	13,157,210
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		210.4%		202.1%		186.4%		164.8%		135.7%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,127,959	\$	6,461,580	\$	5,418,828	\$	4,597,264	\$	3,779,720	\$	2,966,081
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(7,127,959)		(6,461,580)		(5,418,828)		(4,597,264)		(3,779,720)		(2,966,081)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	41,688,729	\$	39,691,894	\$	37,683,716	\$	36,539,110	\$	35,730,669	\$	33,410,822
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.10%		16.28%		14.38%		12.58%		10.58%		8.88%

*Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,614,119	\$	3,150,790	\$	2,632,366	\$	2,267,700	\$	1,766,873	\$	1,592,152
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(3,614,119)		(3,150,790)		(2,632,366)		(2,267,700)		(1,766,873)		(1,592,152)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	18,323,682	\$	17,442,935	\$	16,945,544	\$	16,335,975	\$	14,903,270	\$	13,260,708
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.72%		18.06%		15.53%		13.88%		11.86%		12.01%

*Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the net OPEB liability, and the components of the net OPEB liability and related ratios, including the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability, and the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Schedule of the District Contributions for OPEB

This 10-year schedule is not required to be presented as there was no actuarially determined contribution, nor any contribution requirement established by statute or contract.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for OPEB.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate used in the most recent valuation for OPEB was 5.85%, while the previous valuation used a discount rate of 4.65%. The healthcare cost trend rate changed from 6.00% in 2018 decreasing to 5.00% in 2021 and later years in the previous valuation to 4.00% in the most recent valuation. In addition, the rate for assumed salary increases decreased from 3.00% to 2.75% and the inflation rate decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%.

Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns

This schedule presents information on the annual money weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments. In future years, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of District Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred no excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		ederal Inditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:	Number			mantares
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$	1,567,362
Title I, Migrant Education	84.011	14838	Ψ	226.422
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341		309.447
Title III	01.001			000,111
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346		209.390
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146		2.040
Subtotal Title III	0.1000	10110		211,430
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396		76.543
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379		1,398,796
Vocational Programs: Voc & Appl Tech Secondary II C, Sec 131 (Carl Perkins Act)	84.048	14893		234,078
Immediate Aid to Restart School Operations	84.398	15389		5.429
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding:				-, -
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	10147		33,354
Total U. S. Department of Education				4,062,861
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster [1]				
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526		557,035
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391		1,537,086
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding - Unanticipated School Closures	10.555	*		995,448
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*		221,452
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster				3,311,021
Forest Reserve Funds	10.665	10044		495
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				3,311,516
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	7,374,377

[1] - Major Program

[2] - In-Kind Contribution

* - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Second Period Report Certificate No. C5ACA289	Annual Report Certificate No. D0B11C48
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	8,187.59	8,186.22
Extended Year Special Education	4.90	4.90
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.28	0.28
Total Ninth through Twelfth	8,192.77	8,191.40
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,192.77	8,191.40

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Grade Level	Minutes Requirement	2019-20 Planned Instructional Minutes	2019-20 Planned Number of Days	2019-20 Actual Instructional Minutes	2019-20 Actual Number of Days	Instructional Minutes Closed due to COVID-19	Number of Days Certified Closed due to COVID-19*	Status
Grade 9	64,800	68,540	180	49,880	128	18,660	52	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	68,540	180	49,880	128	18,660	52	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	68,540	180	49,880	128	18,660	52	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	68,540	180	49,880	128	18,660	52	Complied

*On August 14, 2020 the District certified that all schools were closed from March 16, 2020 to June 4, 2020 for a total of 52 instructional days due to COVID-19.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	20	021 (Budget)	2020	2019	2018
General Fund - Budgetary Basis** Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	110,561,227 \$ 111,907,720	\$ 119,583,210 110,586,970	\$ 115,205,999 108,858,726	\$ 98,692,422 98,781,071
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,346,493) \$	\$ 8,996,240	\$ 6,347,273	\$ (88,649)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	24,126,221 \$	\$ 25,472,714	\$ 16,476,474	\$ 10,129,201
Available Reserves* Available Reserves As A	\$	22,286,922 \$	\$ 16,271,786	\$ 8,881,818	\$ 5,040,542
Percentage Of Outgo		19.92%	14.71%	8.16%	5.10%
Long-term Liabilities Average Daily	\$	236,233,124 \$	\$ 244,643,956	\$ 250,704,209	\$ 255,163,424
Attendance At P-2		8,425	8,193	7,716	7,440

The General Fund balance has increased by \$15,343,513 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projects a decrease of \$1,346,493. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2020-21 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$10,519,468 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 753 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 232 ADA is anticipated during the 2020-21 fiscal year.

*Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances within the General Fund.

**The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Deferred Maintenance Fund and Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Μ	Deferred laintenance Fund	Fur Th	cial Reserve Id for Other Ian Capital Iay Projects
June 30, 2020, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$ 25,472,714	\$	127,039	\$	3,910,995
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)	 4,038,034		(127,039)		(3,910,995)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	 4,038,034		(127,039)		(3,910,995)
June 30, 2020, audited financial statement fund balance	\$ 29,510,748	\$	-	\$	-

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2020

The Santa Maria Joint Union High School District (the "District") is located in Santa Barbara County, California. The District was established in 1891. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District maintained three high schools and one continuation high school.

GOVERNING BOARD					
Member	Office	Term Expires			
Ms. Amy Lopez	President	December 2020			
Dr. Jack Garvin, Ed. D.	Clerk	December 2020			
Mr. Dominick Palera	Member	December 2022			
Ms. Carol Karamitsos	Member	December 2022			
Ms. Diana Perez	Member	December 2022			

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Mr. Antonio Garcia Superintendent

Mr. John Davis Assistant Superintendent Curriculum/Instruction

Mr. Kevin Platt Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources

Ms. Yolanda Ortiz Assistant Superintendent of Business

> Ms. Michelle Coffin Director of Fiscal Services

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2020 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2020.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 7,341,023
Elementary and Secondary School		
Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	 33,354
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 7,374,377

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Santa Maria Joint Union High School District Santa Maria, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

histy White, Inc.

San Diego, California January 15, 2021



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Santa Maria Joint Union High School District Santa Maria, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and guestioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Santa Maria Joint Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

histy White, Inc.

San Diego, California January 15, 2021



REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Santa Maria Joint Union High School District Santa Maria, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2019-2020 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2019-2020 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Santa Maria Joint Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2020.

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Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Santa Maria Joint Union High School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Not Applicable
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Not Applicable
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	Not Applicable
for charter schools Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	Not Applicable
-	Not Applicable
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for	Not Applicable
charter schools Charter School Facility Crant Brogram	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

histy White, Inc.

San Diego, California January 15, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:	Unmodified
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major programs:	No
CFDA Number(s)Name of Federal Program or Cluster10.553, 10.555Child Nutrition Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs:	N
Material weaknesses identified?	No None Departed
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported Unmodified
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Uninoumeu

FIVE DIGIT CODE

20000 30000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2020.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

SANTA MARIA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE AB 3627 FINDING TYPE 10000 Attendance 40000 State Compliance **Charter School Facilities Programs** 42000 43000 Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction Miscellaneous 60000 61000 **Classroom Teacher Salaries** 62000 Local Control Accountability Plan 70000 Instructional Materials 71000 **Teacher Misassignments** School Accountability Report Card 72000

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

FINDING #2019-001: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as free or reduced-price meal eligible (FRPM) and who are not directly certified on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. In addition, students classified as English learners (EL) must have supporting documentation to indicate that the student is appropriately classified as EL. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Condition: Four (4) out of 60 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as only FRPM and non-EL did not have appropriate supporting documentation on file to justify the FRPM designation. Auditors extrapolated the error rate across the respective population to determine a total adjustment of 28 unduplicated pupil counts.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with applicable State requirements.

Cause: CALPADS reporting was not revised subsequent to the completion of NSLP Income Verification for the 2018-19 school year and prior to the close of the Fall I Amendment Window.

Questioned Costs: \$15,796. Total CALPADS unduplicated pupil counts of 18,212 were adjusted by 28 for a revised adjusted count of 18,184. Total enrollment of 24,095 was not adjusted based on the results of audit procedures.

Repeat Finding: This is a repeat finding of Finding #2018-001.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District ensure that there are proper controls over FRPM and EL designations in the student information system in order to strengthen the accuracy of CALPADS reporting. This includes performing periodic reviews of system data for errors or irregularities.

Corrective Action Plan: This finding relates to the required sampling of applications for verification of National School Lunch Program (NSLP) free or reduced meals and English Language Acquisition Status (ELAS) due to be completed each year by November 15. The students were misclassified in the District's student information system ("AERIES") and subsequently misreported in California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS) at the Fall 1 amendment window. Moving forward, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services will direct related staff who work in the NSLP program to close the deadline for receipt of income verification to October 30. Moving the deadline prior to October 31 cut off for student FRPM eligibility will allow students to be properly identified for the unduplicated pupil count. In addition, the Multilingual & Migrant Program staff will ensure all students are accurately classified with appropriate English Language (EL) status based on the required testing scores before the annual Census Day (the first Wednesday of October) and students who meet eligibility for reclassification will have their designations updated in order to maintain accurate reporting.

Current Status: Implemented.