Comprehensive School Improvement Plan (CSIP)

Rationale

School improvement efforts are a collaborative process involving multiple stakeholders. Through the improvement planning process, leaders focus on priority needs, funding, and closing achievement gaps among identified subgroups of students. When implemented with fidelity, the Comprehensive School Improvement Plan (CSIP) cultivates an environment that promotes student growth and achievement.

While the focus of continuous improvement is student performance, the work must be guided by the aspects of teaching and learning that affect performance. An effective improvement process should address the contributing factors creating the learning environment (inputs) and the performance data (outcomes). Through the Needs Assessment for Schools, priorities were identified and processes, practices, and/or conditions were chosen for focus. This goal building template will assist your improvement team to address those priorities and outline your targets and the activities intended to produce the desired changes. Progress monitoring details will ensure that your plan is being reviewed regularly to determine the success of each strategy.

Please note that the objectives (short-term targets) set by your school under the Achievement Gap section of this planning template will be used by the district's superintendent to determine whether or not your school met its targets to reduce the gap in student achievement for any student group for two consecutive years as required by KRS 158.649. Likewise, operational definitions for each required planning component can be found on page 2 of the planning template.

For those schools operating a Title I Schoolwide Program, this plan meets the requirements of Section 1114 of the Every Student Succeeds Act as well as state requirements under 703 KAR 5:225. No separate Schoolwide Program Plan is required.

Requirements for Building an Improvement Plan

- The required school goals include the following:
 - o For elementary/middle school, these include proficiency, separate academic indicator, achievement gap, and, growth.
 - o For high school, these include proficiency, separate academic indicator, achievement gap, graduation rate, and transition readiness.

Explanations/Directions

Goal: Schools should determine long-term goals that are three to five year targets for each required school level indicator. Elementary/middle schools must address proficiency, separate academic indicator, achievement gap, and growth. High schools must address proficiency, separate academic indicator, achievement gap, graduation rate, and transition readiness. Long-term targets should be informed by The Needs Assessment for Schools.

Objective	Strategy	Activities	Measure of Success	Progress Monitoring	Funding
Schools should determine short-term objectives to be attained by the end of the current academic year. There can be multiple objectives for each goal.	Describe your approach to systematically address a process, practice, or condition that was identified as a priority during the Needs Assessment for Schools. There can be multiple strategies for each objective. The strategy can be based upon Kentucky's six (6) Key Core Work Processes or another established improvement approach (i.e. Six Sigma, Shipley, Baldridge, etc.).	Describe the actionable steps that will occur to deploy the chosen strategy. There can be multiple activities for each strategy.	List the criteria that will gauge the impact of your work. The measures may be quantitative or qualitative but are observable in some way. Consider measures of input as well as outcomes for both staff and students.	Describe the process used to assess the implementation of the plan, the rate of improvement, and the effectiveness of the plan. Your description should include the artifacts to be reviewed, specific timelines, and responsible individuals.	List the funding source(s) used to support (or needed to support) the improvement initiative. If your school is a recipient of Title I, Part A funds, your CSIP serves as your annual plan and should indicate how Title I funds are utilized to carry out the planned activities.

1: Proficiency

Goal 1 (State your proficiency goal.): CCMS will increase the overall reading proficiency score from 40% to 52% and the overall math proficiency score from 20.5% to 26.5% on the KSA assessment by May 2025.

Objective	Strategy	Activities	Measure of Success	Progress Monitoring	Funding
Objective 1:	KCWP 4 Review, Analyze, and	Intentional Data Tracking and Progress Monitoring	Data analysis of unit common	Every 6 weeks	District; Title 1
Increase the number of seventh	Apply Data	Common Assessment each unit in data	assessments, MAP, KSA	through unit	
and eighth grade students		tracking document		assessments, MAP	
scoring proficient or		Monitoring growth through MAP in fall,		fall, winter & spring,	
distinguished on the Reading		winter, and spring		MTSS bi-weekly	
KSA assessment from 40% to		MTSS for academic support			
44% by May 2022.		Create intentional opportunities for students to	Lesson plans,	Occurs in classrooms	Title 1
		receive intentional, effective feedback during	observations	through each unit	
	KCIA/D C Falablishing Language	learning.	Challes I access the control	AAAD Celle Celes	T'11. 1
	KCWP 6 Establishing Learning Culture and Environment	Classroom libraries for leveled independent reading	Student progress through	MAP-fall, winter,	Title I
	Culture and Environment		independent reading levels, MAP growth, KSA	spring	
		Leveled school reading library for small guided reading	Student progress through	MAP-fall, winter,	Title I
		groups	independent reading levels,	spring	Title
		groups	MAP growth, KSA	Spring	
			in a grower, nort		
		School-wide literacy and writing plan across all	Data analysis of unit common	Ongoing; Writing plan	NA
		content areas	assessments, MAP, KSA	reviewed each nine	
				weeks	
		Intentional focus on questioning and student	Lesson planning, PLC work,	Embedded in PLC unit	NA
		engagement	MAP growth	work every 6 weeks	
		Utilize strategies learned in KLIP and LDC trainings	Lesson planning, MAP	Embedded in PLC unit	District
			growth, PLC work	work every 6 weeks	
	KCWP 2: Design and Deliver	Professional Learning Communities PLC is	PLC work / documentation,	Weekly	District; Title I & II
	Instruction	implemented school wide and follows the Plan Do	unit common assessments	,	·
		Study Act protocol.	every 5 weeks, MAP growth		
			three times a year, KSA		

		CCMS has implemented Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) to minimize the impact of negative behaviors impacting instructional time.	Behavior data	Weekly with rewards mid-nine weeks and end of nine weeks	General Fund
Objective 2: Increase the number of seventh and eighth grade students scoring proficient or	KCWP 2: Design and Deliver Instruction	Implement Illustrative Math program for middle school	Data analysis through PLC, MAP, KSA	Trainings began in summer 2021 and continue each nine weeks	District Funding, Title 1
distinguished on the Math KSA assessment from 20.5% to		Plan strategically in the selection of high yield instructional strategy usage within lessons.	Lesson Plans, PLC Documentation	Embedded in PLC unit work every 6 weeks	NA
22.5% by May 2022.		Utilize knowledge of best practice/high yield instructional strategies to aid in intervention	Data Analysis Document & Lesson Plans	Embedded in PLC unit work every 6 weeks	NA
	KCWP 6Establishing Learning Culture & Environment	All math teachers will receive professional development during the summer and many growth days.	Data analysis through PLC, MAP, KSA	At least 4 times per year	District General Fund District Title II
		Improved Tier 1 instruction within the classroom by utilizing classified staff and adding small group instruction in the co-teaching classrooms.	Data analysis through PLC, MAP, KSA	Ongoing	Title 1
		Professional Learning Communities PLC is implemented school wide and follows the Plan Do Study Act protocol.	PLC work / documentation, unit common assessments every 5 weeks, MAP growth three times a year, KSA	Weekly	District; Title 1 & II

2: Separate Academic Indicator

Goal 2 (State your separate academic indicator goal.): CCMS will increase the overall science proficiency score from 18% to 23.5% and the overall writing proficiency score from 52% to 67% on the KSA assessment by May 2025.

Objective	Strategy	Activities	Measure of Success	Progress Monitoring	Funding
Objective 1:	KCWP 2: Design and Deliver	Complete Through Course Task to measure the	Unit common assessment	Once a semester	NA
Increase the number of seventh	Instruction	student progression of the Cross Cutting Concepts and	data, KSA		
grade students scoring		Science and Engineering Practices.			
proficient or distinguished on		Model and independent student practice using claims,	Formative assessment data,	once per nine weeks	NA
the Science KSA assessment		evidence, and reasoning (CRE)	unit common assessment data		
from 18% to 20% by May 2022.		Development and use of aligned Classroom	Formative assessment, unit	once a semester	NA
		Embedded Assessments (formative) to assesses	common assessment data		
		students progression through the Science Disciplinary			
		Core Ideas			
		Teachers create lessons and activities that reflect	Lesson plans, formative	6 unit planning	District Title Funds
		district pacing and STEMscopes	assessment data, unit	through weekly PLC	General Fund
			common assessment data		
	KCWP 6: Establishing Learning	Ensure that student conferencing occurs on a regular	Observations	once a semester	NA
	Culture and Environment	basis and such discussions support a culture for			
		learning.			
Objective 2:	KCWP 4: Review, Analyze, and	Assessment/Analysis of writing using new KY scoring	Unit common assessments,	three times a year	Title 1
Increase the number of eighth	apply data	rubric	KSA		
grade students scoring		Effective Feedback:	Observations, unit common	at least three times a	Title 1
proficient or distinguished on		Teachers will provide relevant and timely feedback on	assessments, KSA	year	
the Writing KSA assessment		writing pieces using the new KY scoring rubric and on-			
from 52% to 57% by May 2022.		demand rubric			
		ConferencingStudents have one-on-one conference	Observations, unit common	at least two times a	Title 1
		for feedback on their writing pieces, at least two times	assessments, KSA	year	
		a year			
		Formative Assessment-Students are formatively	Unit common assessment	ongoing	NA
		assessed daily on their use of grammar, punctuation,	data		
		& writing rules through bellringers, exit slips & in class			
		writing assignments.			

KCWP 6: Establishing Learning	Self ReflectionAt least once, students will complete a	Unit common assessment	Once with	NA
Culture and Environment	reflection sheet to identify areas in which they felt	data	informative and once	
	confident and areas that still need growth on their on-		with argumentative	
	demand writing. The student will bring the reflection		writing	
	sheet with them to conference with their teacher to			
	see if their ideas match with what the teacher			
	assesses if they met their goal			

3: Achievement Gap

KRS 158.649 requires the school-based decision making (SBDM) council, or the principal if no council exists, to set the school's yearly targets for eliminating any achievement gap. The targets should be established with input from parents, faculty, and staff and submitted to the superintendent for consideration and the local board of education for adoption. In addition to being a statutory requirement, intentionally focusing on the achievement gaps that exist among a school's underserved student populations is also a vital component of the continuous improvement process. Schools should use a variety of measures and analysis when conducting its review of its achievement gaps, including a review of the school's climate and culture. Schools are not required to establish long term achievement gap goals; however, schools must establish yearly targets (objectives).

Objective	Strategy	Activities	Measure of Success	Progress Monitoring	Funding
Objective 1: Increase the number of African-American students scoring	KCWP 6: Establishing Learning Culture and Environment	Leadership team mentoring and monitoring data of approximately 90 African-American students	Data analysis of unit common assessments, MAP, KSA	monthly	NA
proficient or distinguished on the Reading KSA assessment from 26% to 27% by May 2022.		Parents of African-American students contacted to invite students to after school tutoring as needed	Data analysis of unit common assessments, MAP, KSA	ongoing as needed	ESS Title 1
Objective 2: Increase the number of African-American students scoring proficient or distinguished on	KCWP 4: Review, Analyze, and apply data	MTSS for Reading, Math, and behavior data monitored by interventionist	Data analysis of unit common assessments, MAP, KSA, behavior data bi weekly	unit assessment every 6 weeks, MAP 3 times a year, behavior data twice a month	ESS Title I
the Math KSA assessment from 10% to 11% by May 2022.		Teachers monitor formative and summative assessments for understanding and/or mastery and MAP testing for growth	Data analysis of unit common assessments, MAP	formative each unit, unit assessment every 6 weeks, Map 3 times a year	NA

KCWP 2: Design and Deliver	Reading teachers selected diverse class novels and	Data analysis of unit common	semester novel reads	Title 1
Instruction	lessons to connect and engage African-American	assessments, MAP, KSA		
	students			

4: Growth

Goal 4 (State your growth goal.): 100% of CCMS students will achieve at least one year of academic growth as measured by the MAP assessment.

Objective	Strategy	Activities	Measure of Success	Progress Monitoring	Funding
Objective 1: 100% of students will achieve their growth goal in Reading as	KCWP 2: Design and Deliver Instruction	Ensure that curricular delivery and assessment measures provide for all pertinent information needs for students.	MAP growth	ongoing	NA
measured by the MAP assessment.		Progress monitoring of SPED students is collected to drive instruction and meet gaps	MAP growth	bi-monthly	NA
		Through PLC, teachers share strategies to improve questioning opportunities and/or engagement	MAP growth	PLC work on 6 week cycle	NA
		School-wide literacy and writing plan actively in place	MAP growth	ongoing but monitored every nine weeks	NA
Objective 2:	KCWP 3: Design and Deliver Assessment Literacy	Create formative and summative assessments that are rigorous and aligned to the standards	MAP growth	ongoing through the PLC process	NA
100% of students will achieve their growth goal in Math as measured by the MAP	KCWP 4: Review, Analyze, and Apply Data Results	MTSS for Reading, Math, and behavior data monitored by interventionist	МАР	bi-weekly	ESS Title I
assessment.		Teachers monitor formative and summative assessments for understanding	Unit common assessment	ongoing through the PLC process	NA
		Analyze Reading and Math MAP data for growth from fall to winter, winter to spring, and fall to spring.	MAP growth	fall, winter, spring analysis using NWEA reports	NA
		Analyze Reading and Math MAP data and use Learning Continuum to identify needed skills for class grouping and intervention	MAP growth	each nine weeks	NA

Special Considerations for Targeted Support and Improvement (TSI) including Additional Targeted Support and Improvement (ATSI) Schools

TSI schools (including ATSI schools) must embed their subgroup(s) plan for improvement within their CSIPs. TSI stakeholders, including the principal and other school leaders, teachers, and parents, should carefully consider what must be done to ensure the subgroup(s) perform(s) at high levels in the state accountability system. In addition to identifying strategies and activities within the CSIP that address the specific needs of underperforming groups, provide narrative information regarding the additional requirements for TSI schools in the following chart:

Components of Turnaround Leadership Development and Support:
Consider: How will you ensure that school leadership has or develops the skills and disposition to achieve accelerated, meaningful, and sustainable increases in student achievement for underperforming
subgroups?
Response:
Identification of Critical Resources Inequities:
Consider: Describe the process used to review the allocation and use of resources (people, time, and money), any resource inequities that were identified that may contribute to underperformance, and how
identified resource inequities will be addressed.
Response:

Targeted Subgroups and Evidence-Based Interven	ntions:	
Consider: Identify the areas of need revealed by t will the school incorporate that specifically targets	he analysis of academic and non-academic data that will be addressed through CSIP activities for your targeted subgroup(s). What evider is the subgroup(s) achievement that contributed to the TSI identification? How will we monitor the evidence-based practice to ensure it is the evidence that supports the Activities outlined in this plan. Additional rows may be added to accommodate additional pieces of eviden	s implemented with
Response:		
Evidence-based Activity	Evidence Citation	Uploaded in eProve
Train staff to implement inductive teaching strategies.	Hattie, J. (2009). Visible Learning: a synthesis of over 800 meta-analyses relating to achievement. Routledge: New York, NY.	
	onsistently Underperforming Subgroups Of Students	
Consider: Describe the process used to review the Response:	e learning culture related to your targeted subgroup(s) and any additional actions that were determined to address the causes of underposition of the causes of underposition of the causes of the causes of underposition of the causes of the causes of underposition of the causes of the causes of the causes of underposition of the causes of the causes of underposition of the causes of the causes of underposition of the causes of the ca	erformance.

Schools identified for Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI) must complete the CSIP process and meet all applicable deadlines while identified for Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI). Following the completion of the school audit, CSI schools must revise their CSIP to account for the improvement priorities identified by the audit team. The newly revised CSIP, referred to as a Turnaround Plan, must include the following items: (1) evidence-based interventions to be utilized to increase student performance and address the critical needs identified in the school audit, (2) a comprehensive list of persons and entities involved in the turnaround efforts and the specific roles each shall play in the school's turnaround process, and (3) a review of resource inequities, which shall include an analysis of school level budgeting to ensure resources are adequately channeled towards school improvement (703 KAR 5:280). Each of the three aforementioned requirements must be embedded throughout the CSIP document. Once the CSIP has been revised, the turnaround plan must be submitted to the LEA for approval before it is submitted to the Commissioner of Education for final approval.

Evidence-based Practices

The Every Student Succeeds Act (2015) created new expectations for evidence-based decision making at school and district levels. More specific information regarding evidence-based practices and requirements can be found on the Kentucky Department of Education's Evidence-based Practices website. While evidence documentation in the CSIP is only required for schools identified for Targeted Support and Improvement (TSI) and Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI), KDE encourages all school leaders to review evidence related to new programs, practices, or interventions being implemented in the school. In addition to documenting the evidence below, TSI and CSI schools are expected to upload a description of their evidence review process, the findings of their evidence review, and a discussion of the local implications into eProve. Specific directions regarding the documentation requirements can be found in the "Documenting Evidence under ESSA" resource available on KDE's Evidence-based Practices website.

Complete the table below to document the evidence that supports the Activities outlined in this plan. Additional rows may be added to accommodate additional pieces of evidence.

Evidence-based Activity	Evidence Citation	Uploaded in eProve
Train staff to implement inductive teaching strategies.	Hattie, J. (2009). Visible Learning: a synthesis of over 800 meta-analyses relating to achievement. Routledge: New York, NY.	\boxtimes