## VALLECITOS SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO FALLBROOK, CALIFORNIA

**AUDIT REPORT** 

**JUNE 30, 2018** 



## Vallecitos School District Audit Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

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P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA Mark Bomediano, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Vallecitos School District Fallbrook, California 92028

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vallecitos School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Vallecitos School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Vallecitos School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State's audit guide, 2017-18 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Welsupen Abolly King & CO. LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2018 on our consideration of Vallecitos School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Vallecitos School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

El Cajon, California December 4, 2018

June 30, 2018

As management of the Vallecitos School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 3, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which begin immediately following this analysis. This annual financial report consists of two main parts (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis, (2) Basic Financial Statements, followed by Required Supplementary Information.

These financial statements consist of a series of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. *Basic Financial Statements – Management Discussion and Analysis for the State and Local Governments*.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The change in net position for the year was an increase of \$527,312.
- The District had an excess of revenue over expenditures in the General Fund (before transfers) in the amount of \$69,572 in the current year compared \$189,886 in the previous year.
- This year the District had \$657,629 in additions to capital assets.
- The District's General Fund Budget for this year showed an excess of revenues over expenditures (before transfers) of \$144,636 compared to the actual amount of an excess of revenues over expenditures (before transfers) of \$69,572.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund statements. The two sets of statements are tied together by reconciliation showing why they differ.

The District as a whole is reported in the government-wide statements and uses accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector.

June 30, 2018

## **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (continued)

## **Basic Financial Statements** (continued)

More detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole, is provided in the fund financial statements. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

The *Statement of Net Position*, a government-wide statement, presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities*, a government-wide statement, presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The *Balance Sheet* for governmental funds presents financial information by fund types showing money left at year-end available for spending.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all governmental fund types focuses on how money flows into and out of the various funds.

The *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* are included to provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements.

The *Required Supplementary Information* provides a budgetary comparison of each major fund and the schedules relating to the net pension liabilities.

The Supplementary Information gives an overview of the operations of the District, governing body and budgetary comparisons of the non-major funds.

June 30, 2018

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

## **Statement of Net Position**

To begin our analysis, a summary of the District's Statement of Net Position is presented in Table 1 below for the current year and the prior year.

Net position may serve over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities exceeded assets by (\$152,471) as of June 30, 2018.

A large portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, and equipment.); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its constituents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

TABLE 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

**\$ Change** 

% Change

2017

ASSETS				
Current and other assets	2,198,134	1,385,610	812,524	58.6%
Capital assets, net of depreciation	846,246	226,360	619,886	273.8%
TOTAL ASSETS	3,044,380	1,611,970	1,432,410	88.9%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	882,761	335,192	547,569	163.4%

2018

June 30, 2018

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS** (continued)

Statement of Net Position (continued)

#### **Statement of Activities**

- The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, excluding inter-fund transfers, increased by \$312,512. This was due primarily to increased local services provided.
- The District's total expenses decreased by \$332,385.
- The District's net position was (\$152,471).

	TABLE 1						
	Condensed Statement of Net Position, Continued						
	2018	2017	<b>\$ Change</b>	% Change			
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities	1,154,532	406,231	748,301	184.2%			
General long-term debt	2,628,960	2,122,980	505,980	23.8%			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,783,492	2,529,211	1,254,281	49.6%			
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF</b>							
RESOURCES	296,120	97,735	198,385	203.0%			
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	846,246	198,463	647,783	326.4%			
Restricted	846,181	165,653	680,528	410.8%			
Unrestricted	(1,844,898)	(1,043,900)	(800,998)	76.7%			
TOTAL NET POSITION	(152,471)	(679,784)	527,313	-77.6%			

June 30, 2018

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS** (continued)

## **Statement of Activities** (continued)

The following table presents a summary of the Statement of Activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and June 30, 2017:

TABLE 2	
Condensed Statement of Activities	es

	Condensed Statement of Activities						
	2018	2017	<b>\$ Change</b>	% Change			
REVENUES							
Program revenues	952,457	741,989	210,468	28.4%			
General revenues	2,333,928	2,231,884	102,044	4.6%			
TOTAL REVENUES	3,286,385	2,973,873	312,512	32.9%			
FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES							
Instruction	1,889,827	2,189,451	(299,624)	-13.7%			
Instruction-related services	277,131	311,199	(34,068)	-10.9%			
Pupil services	29,948	26,278	3,670	14.0%			
Ancillary services	2,994	2,250	744	33.1%			
Community services							
General administration	364,269	272,811	91,458	33.5%			
Plan services	192,943	289,469	(96,526)	-33.3%			
Other outgo	1,961	-	1,961				
Depreciation (unallocated)	-	-	-				
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,759,073	3,091,458	(332,385)	-10.8%			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	527,312	(117,585)	644,897	-548.5%			
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	(679,783)	(562,199)	(117,584)	20.9%			
NET POSITION - ENDING	(152,471)	(679,784)	527,313	-77.6%			

June 30, 2018

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS** (continued)

## **Significant Changes in Individual Funds**

**TABLE 3** Individual Fund Balances

	2018	2017	\$ Change	% Change
General Fund	1,641,912	\$952,716	\$689,196	72.3%
Child Development Fund	7,460	3,929	3,531	89.9%
Capital Facilities Fund	12,704	22,733	(10,029)	-44.1%
Total Fund Balances	1,662,076	979,378	682,698	69.7%

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

	Budgeted	Actual	Variance
Certificated salaries	\$1,274,217	\$1,070,294	\$ 203,923
Classified salaries	324,926	353,795	(28,869)
Employee benefits	525,653	506,686	18,967
Services & other operating expenditures	551,945	449,093	102,852

The District's total budget for the General Fund Budget for this year showed an excess of revenues over expenditures (before transfers) of \$144,636 compared to the actual amount of \$69,572. The District's financial results were under the adopted budget by \$75,064.

June 30, 2018

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

Additions to capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2018 were to land improvements.

**TABLE 4** Changes in Capital Assets

	2018	2017	<b>\$</b> Change	% Change
Land	\$ 6,161	\$ 6,161	\$	0.0%
Buildings	902,422	902,422	-	0.0%
Land improvements	685,696	28,067	657,629	2343.1%
Equipment	253,951	253,951	-	0.0%
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,001,984)	(964,240)	(37,744)	3.9%
Total capital assets, net of				
depreciation	846,246	226,361	619,885	273.8%

## **Long-Term Liabilities**

**TABLE 5**Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	2018	2017	\$ Change	% Change
Net pension liability	\$2,628,960	\$2,122,980	\$505,980	23.8%
Total long-term debt	2,628,960	2,122,980	505,980	23.8%

## FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

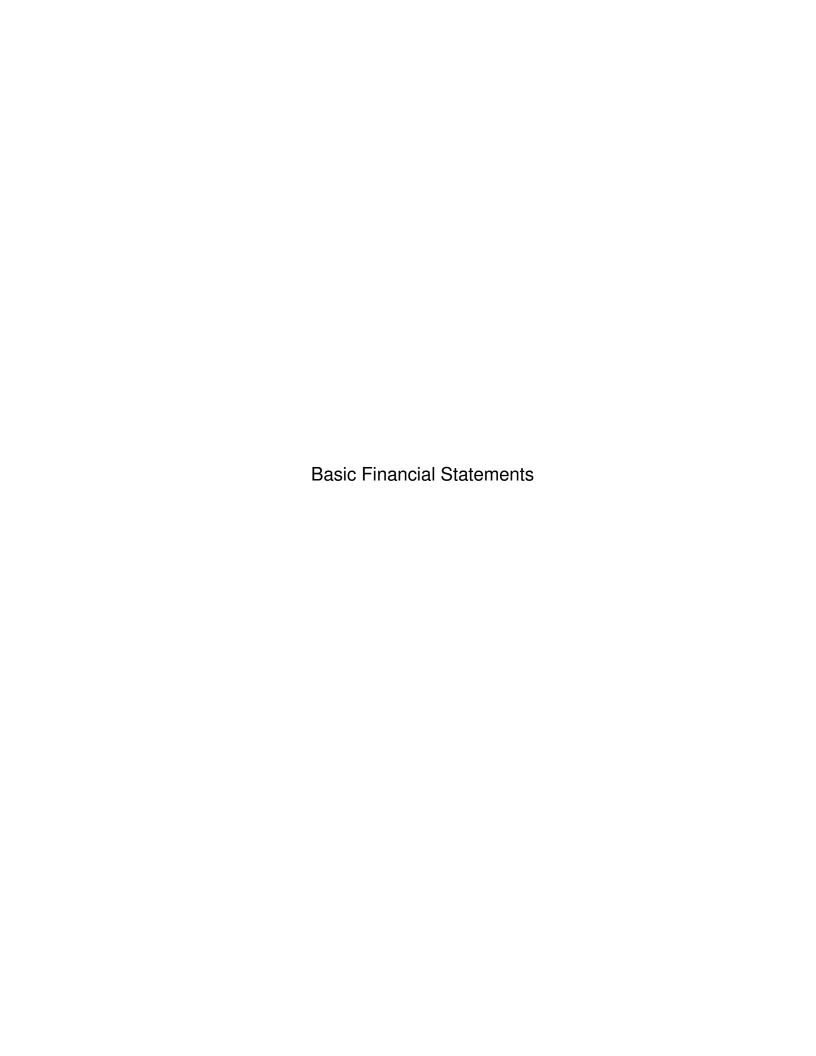
The District's outlook for future years is tied to growth and the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) allocation. As with many other Districts, the District is facing the challenge of covering step and column increases in employee salaries as well as increases in STRS and PERS contribution rates, along with other fixed costs.

June 30, 2018

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report, please direct them to Linda Miller, Business Manager at (760) 728-7092, or by mail at 5211 5<sup>TH</sup> Street, Fallbrook CA 92028.

Vallecitos School District



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	G	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	1,965,768	
Receivables		232,367	
Capital Assets:			
Land		6,161	
Improvements		646,539	
Buildings		902,421	
Equipment		253,951	
Work in progress		39,157	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(1,001,984)	
Total Assets		3,044,380	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		882,761	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities		536,060	
Current loan		618,472	
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year		-	
Due in More Than One Year		2,628,960	
Total Liabilities		3,783,492	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		296,120	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		846,246	
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects		564,654	
Educational Programs		281,527	
Unrestricted		(1,844,898)	
Total Net Position	\$	(152,471)	

VALLECITOS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Functions		Expenses	_	Program Revenues  Operating Capital  Charges for Grants and Grants and Services Contributions Contributions				Grants and	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position  Governmental Activities		
Governmental Activities: Instruction	\$	1,889,827	\$	176,953	\$	521,527	\$	_	\$	(1,191,347)	
Instruction-Related Services: Instructional Supervision	Ψ	1,000,027	Ψ	170,000	Ψ	021,027	Ψ		Ψ	(1,131,047)	
and Administration		6,584		-		6,584		-		-	
School Site Administration Pupil Services:		270,547		-		5,993		-		(264,554)	
Food Services		29,648		-		-		-		(29,648)	
Other Pupil Services General Administration: All Other General		300		-		-		-		(300)	
Administration		364,269		3,749		6,551		-		(353,969)	
Plant Services		192,943		14,101		212,122		-		33,280	
Ancillary Services		2,994		3,273		4		-		283	
Other Outgo		1,961		-		1,600		-		(361)	
Total Expenses	\$_	2,759,073	\$_	198,076	\$_	754,381	\$	-	\$_	(1,806,616)	
		eral Revenues axes and Sub Taxes Levie	vent	tions: General Purp	ose	s				873,411	
	F					to Specific Pro	oarar	ns		1,233,649	
				ment Earnings			- 3			25,884	
	M	liscellaneous		· ·						200,984	
		Total Gene and Trai			ecia	l and Extraord	inary	Items,	\$_	2,333,928	
		Cł	nang	e in Net Asset	S					527,312	
	Net F	Position Begin	ning	]						(679,783)	
	Net F	Position Endir	ng						\$_	(152,471)	

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		General Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	(	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury	\$	1,944,836	\$	19,932	\$	1,964,768
Cash in Revolving Fund		1,000		-		1,000
Accounts Receivable		219,084		13,283		232,367
Due from Other Funds		87,783		-	_	87,783
Total Assets	_	2,252,703		33,215	=	2,285,918
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	535,791	\$	268	\$	536,059
Due to Other Funds		75,000		12,783		87,783
Total Liabilities		610,791		13,051		623,842
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Fund Balances:						
Revolving Cash		1,000		-		1,000
Restricted Fund Balances		274,067		7,460		281,527
Assigned Fund Balances Unassigned:		551,950		12,704		564,654
Reserve for Economic Uncertainty		146,052		-		146,052
Other Unassigned		668,843		-		668,843
Total Fund Balance		1,641,912		20,164		1,662,076
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,252,703	\$	33,215	\$	2,285,918

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet

1,662,076

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.

Capital assets relating to governmental activities, at historical cost:

1,848,228

Accumulated depreciation

(1,001,984)

Net

846,244

Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consisted of:

Net Pension Liability

2,628,960

(2,628,960)

Current loan: In governmental funds, loans are recorded as other financing sources. In the statement of net position, current loans are reported as a current liability. Current loans relating to governmental activities consisted of:

(618,472)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related

882,761 (296,120)

(152,471)

Total net position-governmental activities

\_\_\_\_\_\_

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund			Other overnmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:			-		_		
LCFF Sources:							
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$	1,318,419	\$	-	\$	1,318,419	
Education Protection Account Funds		263,760		-		263,760	
Local Sources		454,767		-		454,767	
Federal Revenue		146,227		-		146,227	
Other State Revenue		402,394		96,501		498,895	
Other Local Revenue		581,400		22,919	_	604,319	
Total Revenues		3,166,967		119,420	_	3,286,387	
Expenditures: Current:							
Instruction		1,664,052		91,325		1,755,377	
Instruction - Related Services		258,643		- 31,023		258,643	
Pupil Services		27,598		_		27,598	
Ancillary Services		2,988		_		2,988	
General Administration		331,140		1,750		332,890	
Plant Services		183,188		1,887		185,075	
Other Outgo		1,961		- 1,007		1,961	
Capital Outlay		626,673		30,957		657,630	
Total Expenditures		3,096,243		125,919	_	3,222,162	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		70,724		(6,499)	_	64,225	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		75,000		-		75,000	
Transfers Out		(75,000)		-		(75,000)	
Other Sources		618,472		-		618,472	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		618,472		-	_	618,472	
Net Change in Fund Balance		689,196		(6,499)		682,697	
Fund Balance, July 1		952,716		26,663		979,379	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,641,912	\$	20,164	\$_	1,662,076	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

682,697

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital Outlay: In governmental funds, the cost of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay 657,629
Depreciation expense (37,744)
Net

619,885

Debt proceeds: In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt was:

(618,472)

Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

(156,798)

Change in net position of governmental activities - statement of activities

527,312

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Agency Fund
ACCETC.	_	Student Body Fund
ASSETS: Cash on Hand and in Banks Total Assets	\$	100,000
LIABILITIES: Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities	\$_ _	100,000
NET POSITION: Total Net Position	\$_	<u>-</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Vallecitos School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's "California School Accounting Manual". The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

#### 2. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no component units. Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by GASB Statement 14, 39 and 61.

#### 3. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds: These funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Capital Projects Funds: These funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

#### b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

#### 4. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

### 5. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and district superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Formal budgetary integration was used as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code.

#### 6. Revenues and Expenses

#### a. Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as to not distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, property tax revenue, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions are transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, including property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### b. <u>Expenses/Expenditures</u>

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 7. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

#### a. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized.

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the San Diego County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds, except for the Tax Override Funds, in which interest earned is credited to the general fund. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with average cost County Treasury was not available.

#### b. Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventories are valued at average cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure when incurred.

#### c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	25-50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-15
Office Equipment	5-15
Computer Equipment	5-15

#### d. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District. The current portion of the liabilities is recognized in the general fund at year end.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

## e. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### f. <u>Interfund Activity</u>

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

#### g. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 15 and March 15. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Diego bills and collects the taxes for the District.

#### h. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the board of directors or by an official or body to which the board of directors delegates the authority. The board of directors has delegated authority to the assistant superintendent of business services. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### 8. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

#### 9. GASB 54 Fund Presentation

Consistent with fund reporting requirements established by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund 17 (Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay) is merged with the General Fund for purposes of presentation in the audit report.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (CalPERS Plan) and CalSTRS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (CalSTRS Plan), and additions to/deductions from the CalPERS Plan and CalSTRS Plan's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and CalSTRS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair values.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined time frames. For this report, the following time frames are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2016

Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2017

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

#### 11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from tihose estimates.

#### 12. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy is detailed as follows:

Level 1 Inputs: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that

a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for

an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

For the current fiscal year the District did not have any recurring or nonrecurring fair value measurements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### 13. Change in Accounting Policies

The District has adopted accounting policies compliant with new pronouncements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Those newly implemented pronouncements are as follows:

#### GASB 75 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

The primary objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). This statement replaces the requirements of GASB 45 and GASB 57. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense. This statement also identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service for defined benefit OPEB.

The District provides a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust, but meets the criteria specified in GASB 75. As a result, the District has adjusted measurement of OPEB liability, OPEB expense, and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources in compliance with GASB 75. The change in accounting policies resulted in an adjustment to beginning net position in order to accurately reflect current period transactions. Additional note disclosures regarding OPEB liability, OPEB expense, and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are located in Note N. Additional note disclosures regarding the adjustment to beginning net position resulting from this change in accounting policy are located in Note S.

#### GASB 81 - Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements

The primary objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. This statement requires that a government receiving resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. This statement also requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. In addition, this statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period.

The District does not receive resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement, nor does the District have any beneficial interests in irrevocable split interest agreements as of June 30, 2018. The District has adopted the accounting policies in the event that the District obtains a beneficial interest in a future split-interest agreement. There have been no adjustments made to the financial statements or note disclosures as a result of adoption of the accounting policies pursuant to GASB 81.

#### GASB 85 - Omnibus 2017

The primary objective of this statement is to address practice issues that were identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB). The statement was issued as a clarifying measure to previously issued statements.

The implementation of this statement resulted in a change in how the District recognizes on-behalf payments for the special funding situation for CalSTRS pension. The results of implementing these accounting policies did not have a material effect on the financial statements and did not affect previous periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### GASB 86 - Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues

The primary objective of this statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources, other than proceeds of refunding debt, are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance.

The District does not have any in-substance defeasance of debt as of June 30, 2018. The District has adopted the accounting policies in the event that the District extinguishes debt through use of a legal extinguishment or through an in-substance defeasance in a future period. There have been no adjustments made to the financial statements or note disclosures as a result of adoption of the accounting policies pursuant to GASB 86.

#### B. Compliance and Accountability

#### 1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations.

<u>Violation</u>
None reported

Action Taken
Not applicable

#### 2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund Name Deficit

Fund Name Amount Remarks

None reported Not applicable Not applicable

#### C. Cash and Investments

#### 1. Cash in County Treasury:

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$1,964,768 as of June 30, 2018). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$1,964,768. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investments in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements as amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The San Diego County Treasury is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company; however, the County Treasury acts in accordance with investment policies monitored by a Treasury Oversight Committee consisting of members appointed by participants in the investment pool and up to five members of the public having expertise, or an academic background in, public finance. In addition, the County Treasury is audited annually by an independent auditor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### 2. Cash on Hand, in Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$10,340 as of June 30, 2018) and in the revolving fund (\$1,000) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institution is fully insured or collateralized.

#### 3. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 Years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 Days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20% of Base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 Years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

### 4. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end the District was not exposed to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

As of June 30, 2018, the District's bank balances (including revolving cash) of \$11,340 was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments are either an external investment pool and are therefore exempt. As such, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the county pool.

#### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

## 5. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported in conformity with GASB Statement No. 77 unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not

#### D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2018 consisted of:

	 General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Federal Government:				
Title I	\$ 37,101	\$ -	\$	37,101
Special education	44,335	-	·	44,335
Other federal programs	16,219	-		16,219
State Government:				
Lottery	8,773	-		8,773
Special education	5,357	-		5,357
ASES	22,587	-		22,587
Other state programs	17,833	-		17,833
Preschool	-	12,802		12,802
Local Sources:				
Interest	8,330	481		8,811
Other local sources	58,549	-		58,549
Totals	\$ 219,084	\$ 13,283	\$	232,367

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	6,161 \$	- \$	-	\$ 6,161
Work in progress	-	39,157	-	39,157
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,161	39,157	-	45,318
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	902,421	-	-	902,421
Improvements	28,067	618,472	-	646,539
Equipment	253,951	-	-	253,951
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,184,439	618,472	-	1,802,911
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(704,781)	(27,234)	-	(732,015)
Improvements	(28,067)	(6,872)	-	(34,939)
Equipment	(231,392)	(3,638)	-	(235,030)
Total accumulated depreciation	(964,240)	(37,744)	-	(1,001,984)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	220,199	580,728	-	800,927
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 226,360 \$	619,885 \$	-	\$ 846,245

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 19,627
General Administration	13,588
Plant Services	4,529
	\$ 37,744

#### F. Interfund Balances and Activities

#### 1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund		Amount	Purpose
General Fund Special Reserve Fund	Child Development Fund General Fund Total	\$ \$	12,783 75,000 87,783	Direct costs Special facilities project

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

#### 2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount	Reason		
General fund	Special Reserve Fund Total	\$_ \$	75,000 75,000	Special facilities project		

### G. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2018 consisted of:

	General Fund			Total Governmental Funds
Vendor payables	\$ 116,559	\$	268	\$ 116,827
Payroll and related benefits  Due to District charter	29,663 389,569		-	29,663 389,569
Totals	\$ 535,791	\$	268	\$ 536,059

#### H. Short-Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources.

		Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed		Ending Balance
Description	_	Dalarice	 133060	Tiedeemed		Dalarice
San Diego County Office						
of Education	\$_	-	\$ 618,472	\$	\$_	618,472

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### I. <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

A summary of the deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Description	Amortization Term		Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Current Year Amortization	Balance June 30, 2018
Pension related Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	Varies	\$_ \$	335,192 \$ 335,192 \$			

Future amortization of deferred outflows of resources is as follows:

Year Ending	Pension			
June 30,	Related			
2019	\$ 383,045			
2020	187,912			
2021	166,590			
2022	145,214			
Toital	\$ 882,761			

#### J. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

A summary of the deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Description	Amortization Term		Balance July 1, 2017		Additions	Current Year Amortization		Balance June 30, 2018
Pension related Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	Varies	\$_ \$	97,735 97,735	· —	297,198		- 1 -	296,120 296,120

Future amortization of deferred inflows of resources is as follows:

Year Ending	Pension			
June 30,	Related			
2019	\$ 98,813			
2020	73,428			
2021	64,440			
2022	59,439			
Toital	\$ 296,120			

#### K. Long-Term Obligations

#### 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Doginaing						Ending	Amounts Due Within
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		J	Due Within One Year
_		-		-				
\$	2,122,980	\$	937,913	\$	431,933	\$	2,628,960 \$	-
\$_	2,122,980	\$_	937,913	\$	431,933	\$	2,628,960 \$	-
	\$_ \$_ \$_	\$\$\$	0 0	Balance         Increases           \$ 2,122,980         \$ 937,913	Balance         Increases           \$ 2,122,980         \$ 937,913	Balance         Increases         Decreases           \$ 2,122,980         \$ 937,913         \$ 431,933	Balance         Increases         Decreases           \$2,122,980         \$937,913         \$431,933	Balance         Increases         Decreases         Balance           \$ 2,122,980         \$ 937,913         \$ 431,933         \$ 2,628,960         \$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### 2. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$2,122,980 and increased by \$505,980 during the year ended June 30, 2018. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2018 was \$2,628,960. See Note M for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

#### L. Joint Ventures (Joint Powers Agreements)

The District participates in two joint powers agreement's (JPA) entity, the San Diego County Schools Risk Management (SDCSRM) and the Fringe Benefit Consortium (FBC). The relationship between the District and the JPA's is such that the JPA's are not a component unit of the District.

The JPA's arranges for and provides for various types of insurances for its member districts as requested. The JPA's are governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA.

Financial information on the District's share of the SDCSRM JPA for the year ended June 30, 2018 was not available at the time this report was issued. The information can be obtained by contacting the JPA directly.

#### M. Pension Plans

#### 1. General Information About the Pension Plans

#### a. Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites.

#### b. Benefits Provided

CalSTRS and CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 62 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 60 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. All members are eligible for death benefits after one year of total service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS	
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	<u>Jan. 1, 2013</u>	Jan. 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62**
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement Age	50-62	55-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.1 - 2.4%	1.0 - 2.4%*
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2018)	10.250%	9.205%
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2018)	14.430%	14.430%
Required State Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2018)	8.167%	8.167%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The rate imposed on CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based on the normal cost of benefits.

	(	CalPERS
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly For Life
Retirement Age	50-62	52-67
Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1- 2.5%	1.1- 2.5%*
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2018)	7.000%	6.500%
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2018)	15.531%	15.531%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

#### c. Contributions

#### **CalSTRS**

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 (measurement date), Section 22950 of the California Education code requires members to contribute monthly to the system 9.205% (if hired prior to January 1, 2013) or 10.25% (if hired on or after January 1, 2013) of the creditable compensation upon which members contributions under this part are based. In addition the employer required rates established by the CalSTRS Board have been established at 12.58% of creditable compensation for the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 and 14.43% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Rates are defined in Section 22950.5 through measurement period ending June 30, 2021. Beginning in the fiscal year 2021-22 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specific to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **CalPERS**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 (measurement date), employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 paid in 7.00%, employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 paid 6.00%, and the employer contribution rate was 13.888% of annual payroll. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 contributed 7.00%, employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 contributed 6.50%, and the employer's contribution rate was 15.531%.

#### On Behalf Payments

Consistent with Section 22955.1 of the California Education Code, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 measurement date) the State contributed 8.832% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budgeted amounts reported in the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule. Contributions reported each fiscal year are based on the contribution rate multiplied by salaries creditable to CalSTRS from the fiscal year two periods prior to the measurement period.

On Behalf Payments reported by the District for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

Year Ended	Contribution	Contribution
June 30,	Rate	Amount
2016	4.390%	\$ 44,555
2017	5.330%	62,277
2018	8.832%	87,256

The State's pension expense associated with District employees for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

	On Behalf
Year Ended	Pension
June 30,	Expense
2016	\$ 84,783
2017	150,042
2018	53,023

#### d. Contributions Recognized

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 (fiscal year June 30, 2018), the contributions recognized for each plan were:

**CalPERS** 

43,788 \$

43,788 \$

Total

190,724 87,256

277,980

	CalSTRS
Contributions - Employer (Measurement Period)	\$ 146,936 \$
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments (Fiscal Year)	87,256
Total Contributions	\$ 234,192 \$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### 2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2018, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

	Proportionate
	Share of Net
	Pension Liability
CalSTRS	\$ 2,042,889
CalPERS	586,071
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,628,960

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018 were as follows:

		CalSTRS		
	District's	State's	Total For	
	Proportionate	Proportionate	District	
	Share	Share	Employees	CalPERS
Proportion June 30, 2017	0.0020%	0.0012%	0.0032%	0.0024%
Proportion June 30, 2018	0.0022%	0.0013%	0.0035%	0.0025%
Change in Proportion	0.0002%	0.0001%	0.0003%	0.0001%

#### a. Pension Expense

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 (fiscal year June 30, 2018), pension expense was recognized as follows:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Change in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 391,195 \$	114,785 \$	505,980
State On Behalf Pension Expense	53,023		53,023
Employer Contributions to Pension Expense	142,569	52,562	195,131
(Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Employer Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	(2,104)	(7,281)	(9,385)
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	(7,051)	(2,746)	(9,797)
Change in Assumptions	(353,228)	(91,312)	(444,540)
Change in Proportionate Shares	(107,579)	(10,862)	(118,441)
Net Difference Between Projected & Actual Earnings	133	34,461	34,594
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	(122)	-	(122)
Change in Assumptions	-	(6,225)	(6,225)
Change in Proportionate Shares	(1,774)	(5,928)	(7,702)
Net Difference Between Projected & Actual Earnings	193,350	19,084	212,434
Total Pension Expense	\$ 308,412 \$	96,538 \$	404,950

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

5		<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$_	142,569 \$	52,562 \$	195,131
Differences between actual and expected experience		7,051	27,755	34,806
Changes in assumptions		363,228	91,312	454,540
Change in employer's proportion share		109,173	10,862	120,035
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		332	87,917	88,249
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	622,353 \$	270,408 \$	892,761
		Deferred	Inflows of Resour	ces
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	(196) \$	- \$	(196)
Changes in assumptions		-	(12,450)	(12,450)
Change in employer's proportionate share		(3,548)	(16,843)	(20,391)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		(193,350)	(69,733)	(263,083)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces	\$_	(197,094)\$	(99,026)\$	(296,120)

Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a portion of pension expense in the year ended June 30, 2019. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as an increase or decrease to pension expense over a five year period. Pension expense resulting from deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as follows:

Year Ended		<b>Deferred Outflows</b>	of Resources		Deferred Inflows	of Resources	Net Effect
June 30,	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS \$	\$	CalSTRS	CalPERS	on Expenses
2019	\$	260,165 \$	122,880		(50,234) \$	(48,579) \$	284,232
2020		117,596	70,316		(50,174)	(23,254)	114,484
2021		117,530	49,060		(48,350)	(16,090)	102,150
2022		117,062	28,152		(48,336)	(11,103)	85,775
Total	\$	612,353 \$	270,408	\$_	(197,094)\$	(99,026)\$	586,641

#### **Actuarial Assumptions** c.

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.10%	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.50%	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	0.5%-6.4% (1)	3.10%-9.00% (1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.10% (2)	7.50% (2)
Mortality	0.073%-22.86% (3)	0.466%-32.536% (3)

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS/CalPERS specific experience

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### d. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.1000% for CalSTRS and 7.1500% for CalPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members, employers, and state contributing agencies will be made at statutory contribution rates. To determine whether the District bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalSTRS and CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current discount rates are adequate and the use of the District bond rate calculation is not necessary for either plan. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS and CalSTRS websites.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.50% to 7.65% at measurement date June 30, 2015 (Fiscal year June 30, 2016) to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expenses. Subsequently CalPERS discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% at measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from actuarially determined amounts.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The investment return assumption used in the accounting valuations is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalSTRS and CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalSTRS and CalPERS are scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of their regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalSTRS and CalPERS expect to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and GASB 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalSTRS and CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as they have changed their methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest quarter of one percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The tables below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

#### **CalSTRS**

	Assumed	Long Term
	Allocation	Expected
Asset Class	06/30/2017	Return*
Global Equity	47.00%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12.00%	0.30%
Real Estate	13.00%	5.20%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.30%
Absolute Return	9.00%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4.00%	3.80%
Cash/Liquidity	2.00%	-1.00%

<sup>\*20</sup> year geometric average used for long term expected real rate of return

#### CalPERS

	Assumed Allocation	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	06/30/2017	Years 1-10(1)	Years 11+(2)
Global Equity	47.00%	4.90%	5.38%
Global Debt Securities	19.00%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Assets	6.00%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.00%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure	3.00%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.40%	-0.90%

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

#### e. Sensitivity to Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_	CalSTRS	 CalPERS
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$	6.10% 2,999,609	\$ 6.15% 862,301
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$	7.10% 2,042,889	\$ 7.15% 586,073
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$	8.10% 1,266,445	\$ 8.15% 356,919

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

# f. Total Pension Liability, Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Net Pension Liability

## **CalSTRS**

			Incr	ease (Decrease)	)	
		Total	Plan	Net	State's Share	District's Share
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	of Net Pension	of Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Liability
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(c)	(a) - (b) - (c)
Balance at June 30, 2017						
(Previously Reported)	\$_	8,667,161 \$	60,707,754 \$	2,596,386_\$	944,692	1,651,694
Changes for the year:						
Change in Proportionate						
share		839,352	587,911	251,441	116,469	134,972
Service Cost		213,513	-	213,513	79,560	133,953
Interest		712,193	-	712,193	265,378	446,815
Differences between expected and actual						
experience		14,049	_	14,049	5,235	8,814
Change in assumptions		703,777	_	703,777	262,243	441,534
Contributions:		703,777	<del>-</del>	703,777	202,243	441,334
Employer		-	146,940	(146,940)	(54,753)	(92,187)
Employee		-	121,153	(121,153)	(45,144)	(76,009)
State On Behalf Payments		-	87,258	(87,258)	(32,514)	(54,744)
Net Investment Income		-	886,066	(886,066)	(330,167)	(555,899)
Other Income		-	2,536	(2,536)	(945)	(1,591)
Benefit Payments, including			_,-,	(=,==)	(5.12)	(1,001)
refunds of employee						
contributions		(489,509)	(489,509)	-	-	-
Administrative expenses		-	(6,421)	6,421	2,393	4,028
Borrowing Costs		-	(2,041)	(2,041)	760	(2,801)
Other Expenses	_		(361)	361	134	227
Net Changes		1,993,375	1,333,531	659,844	268,649	391,195
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	10,660,536 \$	7,404,306_\$_	3,256,230 \$	1,213,341	2,042,889

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **CalPERS**

		Inc	rease (Decrease)	
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2017 (Previously Reported)	\$_	1,805,513 \$	1,334,226 \$	471,287
Changes for the year:				
Adjustment for Change in Proportionate Share		52,014	38,437	13,577
Service Cost		49,883	-	49,883
Interest		140,422	-	140,422
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		13,057	-	13,057
Changes in Assumptions		114,140	-	114,140
Contributions - Employer		-	43,791	(43,791)
Contributions - Employee		-	22,032	(22,032)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-	(3)	3
Net Investment Income		-	152,499	(152,499)
Benefit Payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(91,447)	(91,447)	-
Administrative expenses	_	<del>-</del> -	(2,025)	2,025
Net Changes	_	278,069	163,284	114,785
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	2,083,582 \$	1,497,510 \$	586,072

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS and CalPERS financial reports.

# N. Components of Ending Fund Balance

As of June 30, 2018 ending fund balance consisted of the following:

		Nonmajor		Total
	General	Governmental		Governmental
	Fund	Funds		Funds
Nonspendable Fund Balances			_	
Revolving Cash	\$ 1,000 \$	-	\$	1,000
Restricted Fund Balances				
Child Development Program	-	7,460		7,460
California Clean Energy	249,029	-		249,029
Special Education	3,951	-		3,951
Other	21,087	-		21,087
Assigned Fund Balances				
Capital Projects	551,950	12,704		564,654
Unassigned Fund Balances				
For Economic Uncertainty	146,052	-		146,052
Unappropriated	668,843	-		668,843
Total Fund Balance	\$ 1,641,912	20,164	\$	1,662,076

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### O. Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Litigation**

The District is involved in various litigation. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

#### P. Risk Management

The District is exposed to risk of losses due to:

- Torts.
- b. Theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets,
- c. Business interruption,
- d. Errors or omissions.
- e. Job related illnesses or injuries to employees,
- f. Natural disasters.
- g. Other risks associated with public entity risk pools

Risk management is the process of managing the District's activities to minimize the adverse effects of these risks. The main element of risk management are risk control (to minimize the losses that strike an organization) and risk financing (to obtain finances to provide for or restore the economic damages of those losses). Risk financing techniques include risk retention (self-insurance), risk transfer to and from an insurer, and risk transfer to a noninsurer.

The District has implemented the risk financing technique of risk transfer to an insurer. The District has purchased property & liability insurance as well as workers compensation insurance to cover any loses resulting from the risks identified above.

The District purchases insurance through joint powers authorities. The District is not obligated to cover any losses beyond the premiums paid for the insurance costs. As a result there has not been a liability recorded for incurred but not reported claims.

#### Q. Subsequent Events

#### Implementation of New Accounting Guidance

The District has adopted accounting policies compliant with new pronouncements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Those newly implemented pronouncements are as follows:

#### GASB 83 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement.

The District does not currently have any AROs and does not expect that implementation of the pronouncement will have an impact on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### GASB 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements

The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

Required Supplementary Information includes financial information and discl		Governmental
Required supplementary information includes financial information and discl Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statem	osures required by the	Guvernmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Revenues:	_	Budgete Original	d Ar	mounts Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
LCFF Sources:								
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$	956,408	\$	918,577	\$	1,318,419	\$	399,842
Education Protection Account Funds		236,703		236,760		263,760		27,000
Local Sources		806,047		854,607		454,767		(399,840)
Federal Revenue		142,675		133,512		146,227		12,715
Other State Revenue		147,716		417,589		402,394		(15,195)
Other Local Revenue		424,390		497,899		580,248		82,349
Total Revenues		2,713,939	_	3,058,944		3,165,815	_	106,871
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Certificated Salaries		1,274,217		1,153,440		1,070,294		83,146
Classified Salaries		324,926		322,926		353,795		(30,869)
Employee Benefits		525,653		493,690		506,686		(12,996)
Books And Supplies		100,214		92,834		87,741		5,093
Services And Other Operating Expenditures		551,945		798,725		449,093		349,632
Other Outgo		-		52,693		1,961		50,732
Capital Outlay		-		- 1		626,673		(626,673)
Total Expenditures		2,776,955		2,914,308		3,096,243	_	(181,935)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(63,016)		144,636		69,572		(75,064)
Over (Onder) Experialities		(00,010)	_	144,000		03,372	_	(73,004)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers Out		-		-		(75,000)		(75,000)
Other Sources		-		-		618,472		618,472
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	_	-		543,472	_	543,472
Net Change in Fund Balance		(63,016)		144,636		613,044		468,408
Fund Balance, July 1		876,918		876,918		876,918		-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	813,902	\$_	1,021,554	\$_	1,489,962	\$_	468,408

CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS  $^{\star}$ VALLECITOS SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	2009	A/N	A/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/A	A/N
	2010	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/A	N/A	N/A	۷ کا
		_	_	2	_	2	_	_
	2011	N/A	Z/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/N	A/N
	2012	Z/Z	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ą Z	Υ Z
Fiscal Year	2013	A/N	N/A	A/A	N/A	N/A	A/N	A/N
Fisc	2014	Y/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	Z/A	Ą/Z	A/Z
	2015	0.0021%	1,200,491	730,951	1,931,442	(10,293)	131.88%	76.52%
	2016	0.0020%	1,372,844 \$	730,967	2,103,811 \$	942,235 \$	145.70%	74.02%
	2017	0.0020%	1,651,693 \$	944,850	2,596,543 \$	1,014,599 \$	162.79%	70.04%
	2018	0.0022%	2,042,889 \$	1,213,190	3,256,079 \$	1,168,013 \$	174.90%	69.46%
		District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the 2018	Total \$	District's covered-employee payroll \$	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

See Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

2009 N/A ۷ N A/A N/A N/A 2010 Z/A Ϋ́ Ϋ́ N/A Ϋ́ 2011 Ϋ́ Α× ٨ ĕ N Š 2012 Ϋ́ Ϋ́ Α× Ϋ́ Ϋ́ 2013 Ϋ́ N/A Z/A N A Ϋ́ Fiscal Year 2014 ΑX Ϋ́ Α× Ν Ϋ́ 83,679 (83,679)942,334 8.880% 2015 (108,866)10.730% 108,866 1,014,599 2016 (140,465)1,116,572 12.580% 140,465 2017 988,004 \$ S 142,569 (142,569)14.430% 2018 S S '↔ District's covered-employee payroll Contractually required contribution contractually required contribution Contributions as a percentage of Contribution deficiency (excess) Contributions in relation to the covered-employee payroll

See Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

VALLECITOS SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

					Fisca	Fiscal Year					
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010		2009
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0025%	0.0024%	0.0026%	0.0026%	X/X	N/A	N/A	N/A	Z/Z		A/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 586,073 \$	\$ 471,287 \$	376,674	294,806	Ą Ż	N/A	Y Z	N/A	Z Z	↔	A/A
District's covered-employee payroll \$	315,294 \$	\$ 288,968 \$	284,182	273,047	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	↔	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	185.88%	163.09%	132.55%	107.97%	A/A	A/N	Y/Z	N/A	Y Z		Ą/Z
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.87%	73.90%	79.43%	83.38%	<b>∀</b> Z	Ψ/Z	<b>∀</b> /Z	∀ Z	N/A		N/A

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

See Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information

VALLECITOS SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

	5009	A/A	A/A	N/A	Y/N	N/A
		Z	Z		2	Z
	2010	A/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	V/A	Y/Z
	2012	A/N	A/A	N/A	A/N	N/A
Fiscal Year	2013	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/N
Fisc	2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	Υ/Z	N/A
	2015	33,451	(33,451)		284,182	11.771%
	2016	34,234	(34,234)		288,968	11.847%
	2017	43,788 \$	(43,788)	₩      -	315,294 \$	13.888%
	2018	52,562 \$	(52,562)		338,433 \$	15.531%
		↔		<del>6</del>	↔	
		Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	District's covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

See Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

As described in Note A to these financial statements, for purposes of reporting in conformity with GASB Statement No.54, the District's Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay (Fund 17) was included with the General Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule included in the Required Supplementary Information is based on the legally adopted budget for the General Fund only.

General Fund - Fund Financial Statements Ending Fund Balance  Less Fund 17 Fund Balance  Congress Fund Budgeton: Comparison Schodule Ending Fund Balance	\$ 	1,641,912 151,950
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule Ending Fund Balance	Φ	1,489,962
General Fund - Fund Financial Statements Net Change in Fund Balance Change in Fund Balance attributed to Fund 17	\$	689,196 (76,152)
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule Change in Fund Balance	\$	613,044

#### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

As of June 30, 2018, expenditures exceeded appropriations in individual budgeted funds as follows:

Appropriations Category	 Excess Expenditures	Reason for Excess Expenditures
General Fund: Classified salaries	\$ 30,869	Unexpected increase in salaries
Employee benefits	12,996	Unexpected increase in benefits
Capital outlay	626,673	Expenses for the septic project

Amounts in excess of appropriations were not considered a violation of any laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements and did not have a direct or material effect on the financial statements.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share - California State Teachers' Retirement System

- 1) Benefit Changes: In 2015, 2016, 2017 & 2018 there were no changes to benefits.
- 2) Changes in Assumptions: In 2015, 2016 & 2017 there were no changes in assumptions. In 2018 there was a change in discount rate from 7.60% to 7.10%.

The total pension liability for California State Teachers Retirement System was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015 & 2016 and rolling forward the total pension liabilities to the June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016 & 2017 (measurement dates). In determining the total pension liability, the financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Reporting Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15
Experience Study	07/01/06 - 06/30/10	07/01/06 - 06/30/10	07/01/06 - 06/30/10
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.60%	7.60%	7.60%
Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple

Reporting Period	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	06/30/17
Valuation Date	06/30/16
Experience Study	07/01/10 - 06/30/15
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.50%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple

CalSTRS changed the mortality assumptions based on the July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015 experience study adopted by the CalSTRS board in February 2017. CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among CalSTRS members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries. Additional information can be obtained by reviewing the CalSTRS Actuarial Experience Study on CalSTRS website.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share - California Public Employees' Retirement System

- 1) Benefit Changes: In 2015, 2016, 2017 & 2018 there were no changes to benefits
- 2) Changes in Assumptions: In 2015 and 2017 there were no changes in assumptions. In 2016 the discount rate was changed from 7.5% to 7.65%. In 2018 the discount rate was changed from 7.65% to 7.15%.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share - California Public Employees' Retirement System

- 1) Benefit Changes: In 2015, 2016, 2017 & 2018 there were no changes to benefits
- 2) Changes in Assumptions: In 2015 and 2017 there were no changes in assumptions. In 2016 the discount rate was changed from 7.5% to 7.65%. In 2018 the discount rate was changed from 7.65% to 7.15%.

## Schedule of District's Contributions - California Public Employees' Retirement System

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, & 2016 and rolling forward the total pension liabilities to June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016 & 2017 (measurement dates). The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, June 30, 2015, June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017 used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Reporting Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15
Experience Study	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/11
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.65%	7.65%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple

Reporting Period	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	06/30/17
Valuation Date	06/30/16
Experience Study	07/01/97 - 06/30/11
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the April 2014 experience study report (based on demographic data from 1997 to 2011) available on CalPERS website.

Combining Statements as Supplementary Information
This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Special Revenue Fund Child	_	Capital Projects Fund Capital		Total Nonmajor overnmental
	De	velopment		Facilities		unds (See
		Fund		Fund		Exhibit A-3)
ASSETS:						
Cash in County Treasury	\$	7,321	\$	12,611	\$	19,932
Accounts Receivable		13,152		131		13,283
Total Assets		20,473	_	12,742	_	33,215
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	230	\$	38	\$	268
Due to Other Funds		12,783				12,783
Total Liabilities		13,013		38		13,051
Fund Balance:						
Restricted Fund Balances		7,460		-		7,460
Assigned Fund Balances		-		12,704		12,704
Total Fund Balance		7,460		12,704		20,164
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	20,473	\$	12,742	\$	33,215

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED. II IN 20, 2019

NONWAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS						
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018		Special		Capital		
	Revenue			Projects		Total
		Fund		Fund		Nonmajor
		Child		Capital	Go	overnmental
	De	velopment		Facilities	F	unds (See
		Fund		Fund		Exhibit A-5)
Revenues:	-		_			
Other State Revenue	\$	96,501	\$	-	\$	96,501
Other Local Revenue	•	241	·	22,678	·	22,919
Total Revenues		96,742	_	22,678		119,420
						,
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		91,325		-		91,325
General Administration		-		1,750		1,750
Plant Services		1,887		-		1,887
Capital Outlay		-		30,957		30,957
Total Expenditures		93,212	_	32,707		125,919
•			_			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		3,530		(10,029)		(6,499)
- ( )			_	( - , 7		(-,,
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,530		(10,029)		(6,499)
•		,		( , ,		( , ,
Fund Balance, July 1		3,930		22,733		26,663
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	7,460	\$_	12,704	\$	20,164
,		,		_,, , ,	*==	2,101

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.



LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2018

The Vallecitos School District was established in 1921 and is comprised of approximatley 618.6 square miles, located in San Diego County. There were no changes to the boundaries of the District during the fiscal year. The District currently operates one elementary school (K-8) and is the chartering agency for one K-12 charter school, the Taylion San Diego Academy (#1559).

Governing Board						
Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration				
Michael Darnley	President	Four Year Term Expiring December 2018				
Martin Kurland	Vice President	Two Year Term Expiring December 2018				
Rae Lynn Heilbronn	Clerk	Four Year Term Expiring December 2020				
Sally Forester	Trustee	Provisional Appointment Expiring December 2018				
Paul Georgantas	Trustee	Two Year Term Expiring December 2018				
	Administration					
	Dr. Maritza Koeppen Superintendent/Principal					
	Linda Miller Business Manager					

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Second Peri	Second Period Report		Report	
	Original	Revised	Original	Revised	
TK/K-3:					
Regular ADA	91.05	N/A	92.08	N/A	
TK/K-3 Totals	91.05	N/A	92.08	N/A	
Grades 4-6:					
Regular ADA	61.01	N/A	61.39	N/A	
Grades 4-6 Totals	61.01	N/A	61.39	N/A	
Grades 7 and 8:					
Regular ADA	50.10	N/A	51.16	N/A	
Grades 7 and 8 Totals	50.10	N/A	51.16	N/A	
ADA Totals	202.16	N/A	204.63	N/A	

N/A - There were no audit findings which resulted in necessary revisions to attendance.

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the district or charter school. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts and charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Crada Laval	Ed. Code 46207 Minutes	2017-18 Actual	Number of Days Traditional	Number of Days Multitrack	Status
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Transitional Kindergarten	36,000	46,146	180	-	Complied
Kindergarten	36,000	46,146	180	-	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	57,031	180	-	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	57,031	180	-	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	57,031	180	-	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	57,031	180	-	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	57,031	180	-	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	57,031	180	-	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	57,031	180	-	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	57,031	180	-	Complied

School districts and charter schools must maintain their instructional minutes as defined in Education Code Section 46207. This schedule is required of all districts, including basic aid districts.

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206. The District met or exceeded its target funding.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budget 2019		2018		2017		
General Fund	_	(see note 1)	_	(see note 4)	_	(see note 4)	_	2017
Revenues and other financial sources	\$	2,810,926	\$_	3,165,815	\$_	2,871,937	\$_	2,747,646
Expenditures		2,720,169		2,477,772		2,682,822		2,528,094
Other uses and transfers out		75,000	_	75,000	_		_	75,000
Total outgo		2,795,169	_	2,552,772	_	2,682,822	_	2,603,094
Change in fund balance (deficit)		15,757	_	613,043	_	189,115	_	144,552
Ending fund balance	\$	1,505,718	\$_	1,489,961	\$_	876,918	\$_	762,831
Available reserves (see note 2)	\$	1,231,652	\$_	1,214,895	\$_	812,725	\$_	461,239
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo (see note 3)	_	44.1%	=	47.6%	=	30.3%	=	17.7%
Total long-term debt	\$	2,122,980	\$_	2,122,980	\$	2,122,980	\$	2,618,160
Average daily attendance at P-2	_	199	_	199	_	199	_	189

This schedule discloses the district's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the district's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The fund balance of the general fund has increased by \$189,115 during the 2016-17 fiscal year. The fiscal year 2017-18 budget projects an increase of \$3,744. For a district of this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 5% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out and other uses (total outgo),

Long-term debt has decreased by \$127,232 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 12 over the past two years.

#### NOTES:

- 1 Budget 2019 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- 2 Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances and all funds reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.
- 3 On behalf payments of \$87.256 and \$80,803 have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal yea ending June 30, 2018 and 2017.
- 4 Due to a change in the presentation of the Financial Trends as a result of implementating GASB 54 the 2018 and 2017 amounts shown are not comparable to 2016 due to the amounts previously shown by the previous auditors had not reflected the affect of GASB54.

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

have 00, 0040, except fine a risk and backet	_	General Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay
June 30, 2018, annual financial and budget report fund balances	\$	1,489,961	\$	75,798
Adjustments and reclassifications:				
Increasing (decreasing) the fund balance:				
GASB 54 presentation		75,798	_	(75,798)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		75,798	_	(75,798)
JUne 30, 2018, audited financial statement fund balances	\$	1,565,759	\$	-

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds and the total liabilities balance of the general long-term debt account group as reported on the SACS report to the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

**TABLE D-5** 

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The following charter schools are chartered by	Vallecitos School District:
--	-----------------------------

Charter Schools Included In Audit?

Taylion San Diego Academy (#1559)

No





P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA Mark Bomediano, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Vallecitos School District Fallbrook, California 92028

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Vallecitos School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Vallecitos School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2018.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Vallecitos School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Vallecitos School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Vallecitos School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Vallecitos School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-001.

#### **Vallecitos School District's Response to Findings**

Welsupan Andly King & CO. LLP

Vallecitos School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Vallecitos School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California December 4, 2018



P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA Mark Bomediano, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

#### **Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance**

Board of Trustees Vallecitos School District Fallbrook, California 92028

Members of the Board of Trustees:

#### **Report on State Compliance**

We have audited the District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2017-18 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Management's Responsibility for State Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each applicable program as identified in the State's audit guide, 2017-18 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State's audit guide, 2017-18 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Those standards and audit guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Compliance Requirements	Procedures in Audit Guide Performed?
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES	
OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Attendance Accounting:	
Attendance Reporting	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	N/A
Continuation Education	N/A
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
GANN Limit Calculation	
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF	
EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	
After School Education and Safety Program:	163
After School	Yes
Before School	
General Requirements	
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	
Local Control and Accountability Plan	
Independent Study-Course Based	
CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Attendance	N/A
Mode of Instruction	N/A
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	
Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A

The term "N/A" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

## **Opinion on State Compliance**

In our opinion, Vallecitos School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the statutory requirements listed in the schedule above for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with the statutory requirements for programs noted above, which are required to be reported in accordance with the State's audit guide, 2017-18 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2018-001.

#### **Vallecitos School District's Response to Findings**

Welsupan Apply King & CO. LLP

Vallecitos School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Vallecitos School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance outside of the items tested as noted above. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with the 2017-18 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 in considering the entity's compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California December 4, 2018



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

# A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	Financial Statements					
	Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unm</u>	<u>odified</u>		
	Internal control over financial reporting:					
	One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	_X_	No
	One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material v			Yes	_X_	None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	_X_	No
2.	Federal Awards					
	Internal control over major programs:					
	One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	_X_	Not Applicable
	One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material v			Yes	_X_	Not Applicable
	Type of auditor's report issued on comp for major programs:	liance	Not A	applicable		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are recreported in accordance with Title 2 U.S Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?			Yes	_X_	Not Applicable
	Identification of major programs:					
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Pro	ogram	or Cluster		
	Not Applicable	Not Applicable				
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	ween	<u>\$750</u>	,000		
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes	_X_	Not Applicable
3.	State Awards					
	Any audit findings disclosed that are recaccordance with the state's Guide for Al Local Education Agencies and State Co	nnual Audits of K-12	n X	Yes		No
	Type of auditor's report issued on comp for state programs:	liance	<u>Unm</u>	<u>odified</u>		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

**B. Financial Statement Findings** 

None

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Not Applicable

D. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Management's Explanation
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	If Not Implemented

There were no findings reported in the June 30, 2017 audit report.