BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

### ALEXANDER CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION ALEXANDER CITY, ALABAMA

### YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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### ALEXANDER CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION ALEXANDER CITY, ALABAMA

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### POTTER, BRYANT, & MOORE, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Alexander City Board of Education Alexander City, Alabama

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alexander City Board of Education, Alexander City, Alabama, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Alexander City Board of Education as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Information, Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Board's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability, Schedule of Board's Contributions, and Notes to Required Supplementary Information on pages 50-63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Alexander City Board of Education's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Debt Service, Insurance Coverage, Fidelity Bonds and Analysis of Expenditures - General Fund and Special Revenue Fund, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial

Required Supplementary Information - (Continued)

statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedules of Debt Service, Insurance Coverage, Fidelity Bonds and Analysis of Expenditures - General Fund and Special Revenue Fund have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 18, 2022 on our consideration of the Alexander City Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Alexander City Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

POTTER, BRYANT, & MOORE, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

Potter, Bryant & Moore, P.C.

Birmingham, Alabama April 18, 2022



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021	Correction to 1
	Governmental
ASSETS	<u>Activities</u>
<u>11001110</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 65,551,434.82
Investments	66,104.08
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable	2,840,000.00
Receivables, Net	2,885,868.43
Inventories	64,979.68
Capital Assets:	- 1 1/0 0/
Non-depreciable	7,177,149.06
Depreciable, Net	16,660,897.82
Total Assets	95,246,433.89
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Employer Pension Contribution	2,100,027.99
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Outflows	2,100,027.99
Related to Net Pension Liability	4,238,000.00
Employer Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Contribution	418,151.00
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Outflows	410,131.00
Related to Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability	6,093,184.00
Related to Net other roscompleyment benefits (orab) Elability	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,849,362.99
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	379,005.27
Salaries and Benefits Payable	2,319,134.83
Accrued Interest Payable	460,220.18
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year	9,912,794.10
Portion Due or Payable After One Year	101,893,126.37
Total Liabilities	114,964,280.75
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
w 41.11 p p p p	0.040.000.00
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	2,840,000.00
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred	1 082 000 00
Inflows Related to Net Pension Liability Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Inflows	1,082,000.00
Related to Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability	11,276,343.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,198,343.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(44,200,581.59)
Restricted For:	
Debt Service	1,485,079.73
Capital Projects	55,545,321.96
Other Purposes	1,168,208.76
Unrestricted	(36,064,855.73)
Total Net Position	\$ <u>(22,066,826.87</u> )

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net (Expenses)

			Danaman Danaman		Revenues & Changes
			Program Revenues Operating	Capital	<u>in Net Position</u> Total
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>
Instructional Services	\$ 19,579,104.92	\$ 180,824.97	\$ 16,136,844.23	\$ 359,863.27	\$ (2,901,572.45)
Instructional Support Services	5,771,481.88	49,223.10	4,800,106.30	102,440.80	(819,711.68)
Operation & Maintenance Services	2,231,940.74	63,212.11	1,370,687.44	17,260.93	(780,780.26)
Student Transportation Services	1,449,604.94	23,347.20	1,071,749.02	185,733.00	(168,775.72)
Food Services	489,974.75	406,804.69	106,796.94	0.00	23,626.88
General Administrative Services	1,782,938.14	13,668.79	545,173.71	312,903.00	(911,192.64)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,397,102.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	(1,397,102.51)
Other Expenses	3,263,421.14	2,041,010.16	1,303,862.59	0.00	81,451.61
Totals	\$ <u>35,965,569.02</u>	\$ <u>2,778,091.02</u>	\$ <u>25,335,220.23</u>	\$ 978,201.00	(6,874,056.77)
	General Revenues				
	Taxes:				
	Property Taxes	for General Purposes	3		3,061,489.20
	Sales Tax				4,208,888.61
	Alcohol Beverage	Tax			146,421.26
	Other Taxes				2,181,153.05
	Grants and Contr	ibutions Not Restric	ted		
	For Specific Pr	ograms			520,822.00
	Investment Earni	ngs			75,964.09
	Miscellaneous				1,198,014.35
	Total General	Revenues			11,392,752.56
	Changes in Net P	osition			4,518,695.79
	Net Position - B	eginning of Year			(26,585,522.66)
	Net Position - E	nd of Year			\$ <u>(22,066,826.87</u> )

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds Inventories Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	\$ 7,134,964.54 0.00 2,840,000.00 595,335.93 1,760,895.22 0.00 \$ 12,331,195.69	\$ 1,465,806.24 66,104.08 0.00 2,210,794.85 0.00 64,979.68 \$ 3,807,684.85	\$ 55,465,584.31 0.00 0.00 79,737.65 0.00 0.00 \$ 55,545,321.96	\$ 1,485,079.73 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 \$ 1,485,079.73	\$ 65,551,434.82 66,104.08 2,840,000.00 2,885,868.43 1,760,895.22 64,979.68 \$ 73,169,282.23
Liabilities, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	SOURCES, AND FUND	<u>BALANCES</u>			
Accounts Payable	\$ 129,375.35	\$ 249,629.92	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 379,005.27
Due from Other Funds	0.00	1,760,895.22	0.00	0.00	1,760,895.22
Salaries and Benefits Payable	2,319,134.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,319,134.83
Total Liabilities	2,448,510.18	2,010,525.14	0.00	0.00	4,459,035.32
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	2,840,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,840,000.00
<u>Fund Balances</u>					
Non-spendable	0.00	64,979.68	0.00	0.00	64,979.68
Restricted	64,979.68	1,038,249.40	55,545,321.96	1,485,079.73	58,133,630.77
Committed	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Assigned	0.00	693,930.63	0.00	0.00	693,930.63
Unassigned	6,977,705.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,977,705.83
Total Fund Balances	7,042,685.51	1,797,159.71	55,545,321.96	1,485,079.73	65,870,246.91
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	3				
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ <u>12,331,195.69</u>	\$ <u>3,807,684.85</u>	\$ <u>55,545,321.96</u>	\$ <u>1,485,079.73</u>	\$ <u>73,169,282.23</u>

# ALEXANDER CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 65,870,246.91

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

Cost of Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets \$ 50,437,044.85 (26,598,997.97)

23,838,046.88

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

5,256,027.99

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB obligations are applicable to future periods, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(4,765,008.00)

Long-Term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds

Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Debt 9,912,794.10 101,893,126.37

(111,805,920.47)

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the funds but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Accrued Interest Payable

(460,220.18)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$<u>(22,066,826.87)</u>

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General	Special	Capital	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Descenses	Fund	Revenue Funds	<u>Projects Fund</u>	Funds	<u>Funds</u>
<u>Revenues</u> State Sources	\$ 19,741,753.86	\$ 0.00	\$ 515,887.37	\$ 460,196.63	\$ 20,717,837.86
Federal Sources	36,236.31	7,933,626.59	0.00	0.00	7,969,862.90
Local Sources	7,219,288.40	385,265.23	1,809,924.28	2,304,440.06	11,718,917.97
Other Sources	•	47,068.48			
	30,577.60		0.00	0.00	77,646.08
Total Revenues	27,027,856.17	8,365,960.30	2,325,811.65	2,764,636.69	40,484,264.81
Expenditures					
Instructional Services	15,572,499.38	3,981,555.31	0.00	0.00	19,554,054.69
Instructional Support Services	4,643,208.63	800,040.50	56,980.00	0.00	5,500,229.13
Operation and Maintenance Services	1,801,674.40	333,760.22	69,166.40	0.00	2,204,601.02
Student Transportation Services	1,193,514.31	6,833.41	0.00	0.00	1,200,347.72
Food Services	0.00	243,440.19	0.00	0.00	243,440.19
General Administrative Services	1,302,715.21	309,755.11	174,024.77	0.00	1,786,495.09
Other Expenditures	981,440.17	2,387,265.26	0.00	0.00	3,368,705.43
Capital Outlay	0.00	0.00	5,844,666.92	0.00	5,844,666.92
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	0.00	0.00	0.00	89,053.27	89,053.27
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,416,960.32	1,416,960.32
Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,000.00	5,000.00
Total Expenditures	25,495,052.10	8,062,650.00	6,144,838.09	1,511,013.59	41,213,553.78
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues over Expenditures	1,532,804.07	303,310.30	<u>(3,819,026.44</u> )	1,253,623.10	<u>(729,288.97</u> )

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - (CONTINUED)

		General Fund	<u>R</u>	Special evenue Funds		pital ects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Indirect Cost	\$	183,428.84	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	183,428.84
Transfers In		17,322.98		198,373.52	1,0	058,747.67		3,140.10		1,277,584.27
Transfers Out	_	(104,423.48)	_	(114,413.12)		0.00	(1	<u>,058,747.67</u> )		(1,277,584.27)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	96,328.34	_	83,960.40	1,0	)58 <b>,</b> 747 <b>.</b> 67	<u>(1</u>	<u>,055,607.57</u> )		183,428.84
Net Changes in Fund Balances		1,629,132.41		387,270.70	(2,7	760,278.77)		198,015.53		(545,860.13)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	5,413,553.10	_	1,409,889.01	<u>58,3</u>	305,600.73	_1	,287,064.20		66,416,107.04
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$_	7,042,685.51	\$_	1,797,159.71	\$ <u>55,5</u>	545 <b>,</b> 321 <b>.</b> 96	\$ <u>1</u> ,	,485,079.73	\$ <u>_</u> (	65,870,246.91

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

(545,860.13)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the period.

Capital Outlays
Depreciation Expense
Net Adjustment

4,579,860.06

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

89,053.27

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable, Current Year Increase/(Decrease)
Amortization of Bond Discounts/Premiums/Gain or Loss Refunding/
Issuance Costs (Prepaid Insurance)
Pension Expense, Current Year Increase/(Decrease)
OPEB Expense, Current Year Increase/(Decrease)

(1,644.71)

(23,213.10) 807,322.22 (1,178,107.00)

5,854,266.92

(1,274,406.86)

Total

395,642.59

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

4,518,695.79

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	A	gency Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	403,016.20
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Total Liabilities		0.00
Net Position	\$	403,016.20

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

.19
.19
.06
.60
•55
<u>. 49</u>
.70
•49
•71
.20

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the Alexander City Board of Education (the Board) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Board's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

Statement No. 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for agencies that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for a legally separate agency if its officials appoint a voting majority of that agency's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that agency or there is a potential for the agency to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. There are no component units that should be included as part of the financial reporting entity of the Board.

The Board is a legally separate agency of the State of Alabama. However, for financial reporting, the Board is considered a component unit of the City due to the following reasons:

- 1. The City appoints the five (5) members of the governing body of the Board.
- 2. The City issues bonds for the construction of facilities for the Board, and the City is obligated for the debt.
- 3. The City makes annual appropriations to the Board.
- 4. The City levied a  $\frac{1}{4}$  cent sales tax and  $7\frac{1}{2}$  mill district ad valorem tax specifically for the operations of the Board.

The financial statements of the Board include local school activity funds and other funds under the control of school principals.

### B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED):

### B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting - (Continued)

Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Although other governments may report both governmental activities and business-type activities, the Board has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Board does not allocate indirect expenses to the various functions. Program revenues include (a) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and (b) charges to recipients of goods or services offered by the programs. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all local taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental and fiduciary — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the Board's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Board's General Fund primarily received revenues from the Education Trust Fund (ETF), appropriated by the Alabama Legislature, and from local taxes. The State Department of Education allocated amounts appropriated from the ETF to the school board on a formula basis.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special revenue funds consist of the following: Federal Programs, Child Nutrition Funds, Local School Activity Funds, Community Education Funds, and Other State and Local Funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities the Board reports the following governmental fund types in the "Other Governmental Funds" column:

The Board reports the following governmental fund typed in the "Other Governmental Funds" column:

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED):

### B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting - (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, the Board's principal and interest payments on long-term debt.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Board's programs. The Board did not report any permanent funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the Board's programs. Fiduciary funds consist of local school club and activity funds.

### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues reported in the governmental funds (excluding state and federal reimbursements) to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty (60) days after year-end. Revenues from state and federal funds are considered available if transactions eligible for reimbursement have taken place. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED):

### B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting - (Continued)

### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting - (Continued)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

### C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net</u> Position/Fund Balances

### Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the Board. Investments are stated at fair value.

The State Attorney General has issued a legal opinion that boards of education may not put public funds at risk by investing in companies not insured by the federal government.

#### Receivables

Receivables are reported as Receivables and Due from other governments in the government-wide financial statements and as Receivables, Due from other funds, and Due from other governments in the fund financial statements. Receivables due from other governments include amounts due from grantors for grants issued for specific programs and local taxes. No allowances are made for uncollectible amounts because the amounts are considered immaterial.

### Property Tax Calendar

Tallapoosa Commission levies property taxes for jurisdictions including the school boards and municipalities within the Millage rates for property taxes are levied at the first regular meeting of the County Commission in February of each year. Property taxes are assessed for property as of October 1 of the preceding year based on the millage rates established by the County Commission. Property taxes are due and payable the following October 1 and are delinquent after December 31. Amounts receivable, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, are recorded for the property taxes levied in the current year. However, since the amounts are not available to fund current year operations, the revenue is deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year when the taxes are both due and collectible and available to fund operations.

### C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances - (Continued)</u>

### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than capitalized as an asset. GAAP require only material balances of inventories accounted for using the purchases method to be reported as an asset in the appropriate governmental fund. Prepaid items, such as insurance premiums and rent, are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds when paid.

In the government-wide financial statements, inventories and prepaid items are recorded on an accrual basis using the consumption method. Expenses reflect the amount of materials and supplies consumed and the amount of prepaid items applicable to the current period. Prepaid items on the Statement of Net Position are included in Other Assets.

### Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical costs in the Statement of Net Position. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated values on certain assets acquired prior to October 1, 2004, were provided by a professional property appraisal firm. The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures at the acquisition date in the fund financial statements. The Board has no general infrastructure assets.

Depreciation of capital assets is recorded in the Statement of Activities on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and the estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

Asset Class	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life
Land Improvements - Exhaustible	\$ 50,000	20 years
Buildings	\$ 50,000	20 <b>-</b> 50 years
Building Improvements	\$ 50,000	7 <b>-</b> 30 years
Equipment	\$ 5,000	5 <b>-</b> 20 years
Equipment Under Capital Lease	\$ 5,000	5 <b>-</b> 20 years
Vehicles	\$ 5,000	8 - 10 years

(The capitalization threshold for Land, Construction in Progress, and Inexhaustible Land Improvements is \$1 or more. However, these capital assets are not depreciated.)

### C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances - (Continued)</u>

### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, the un-matured principal of long-term debt, capital leases, and compensated absences are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Interest expense for long-term debt, including accrued interest payable, is reported in the Statement of Activities. For warrants (bonds) and other long-term debt issued after October 1, 2003, the related debt issuance costs, premiums, and discounts are amortized under accrual accounting and the annual amortization of these accruals is included in the Statement of Activities. The unamortized portion is reported as a liability on the Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, bond premiums and the face amount of debt issued during the year are reported as other financing sources. Debt issuance costs are not deducted from the amount reported as an other financing source but are reported as debt service expenditures. Any discount resulting from a disparity between the market rate and the stated rate of interest is reported as another financing use. Expenditures for debt principal, interest, and related costs are reported in the fiscal year payment is made. At the inception of a capital lease, an amount equal to the present value of the net minimum lease payments is reported as another financing source and as an expenditure. The balance sheet does not reflect a liability for long-term debt.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balances that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balances that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until then.

### Compensated Absences

For vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics, GASB Statement No. 16 requires the accrual of a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees, if both of these conditions are met:

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances - (Continued)</u>

### Compensated Absences - (Continued)

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.

Professional and support employees earn non-vesting sick leave at the rate of one day per month worked. Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave days. Employees may use their accrued sick leave as membership service in determining the total years of creditable service in the Teachers' Retirement System, with no additional cost to the Board. Because employees do not receive compensation for unused sick leave at termination no liability is recorded on the financial statements.

Professional and support personnel are provided 2 days of personal leave per year with pay. The State provides funding, at the substitute rate, for up to 2 days of personal leave per employee per year. Professional employees are paid, at the Board's substitute rate, for up to 2 days of unused personal leave. Professional and support personnel may convert unused, unreimbursed personal leave to sick leave at the end of the scholastic year. Because unused personal leave cannot be carried over to succeeding years, no liability for unpaid leave is accrued in the financial statements.

Certain employees are allowed up to 9 weeks of vacation per year with pay. (Twelve month employees are allowed vacation pay and can carry over up to 30 days.) Because unused vacation leave can be carried over to succeeding years, a liability for unpaid leave is accrued in the financial statement.

### **Pensions**

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (the Plan) financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized as revenues when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made.

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances - (Continued)</u>

### Pensions - (Continued)

Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (Trust) financial statements are prepared by using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Trust and additions to/deductions from the Trust's fiduciary net position. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Subsequent events were evaluated by management through the date the financial statements were issued.

### Net Position/Fund Equity

Net position is reported on the government-wide financial statements and is required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net asset categories:

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- <u>Restricted</u> Constraints imposed on net assets by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- <u>Unrestricted</u> Net assets that are not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board.

### Fund Balances

Fund balances are reported on the fund financial statements and are required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following fund balance categories:

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED):

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances - (Continued)</u>

Fund Balances - (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance - Represents resources available to meet current and future years' expenditures.

Committed Fund Balance - Represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the Board. It requires action by the Board to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The Board had no Committed Fund Balance amounts as of September 30, 2021.

Assigned Fund Balance - Represents amounts constrained by the Board's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are not restricted or committed. Intent is expressed by the Board itself, or an official to whom the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The action to remove or modify assignments is not as strict as for Committed Fund Balance. Assigned Fund Balance amounts as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Local Schools	\$	613,459
E-Rate		80,472
		_
Total Assigned Funds	Ś	693,931

Non-Spendable Fund Balance - Represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form such as inventories and prepaid accounts. This also includes amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually. Non-spendable Fund Balance amounts as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Child Nutrition \$ 64,980

Restricted/Reserved Fund Balance - Reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriable or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. The Board had no Reserved Fund Balance amounts as of September 30, 2021.

Restricted Fund Balance - Represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purpose by construction, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Constraints are placed on the use of resources either by: externally imposed creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation. Restricted Fund Balance amounts as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED):

### C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances - (Continued)</u>

### Fund Balances - (Continued)

General Fund	\$ 87,138
Child Nutrition	1,038,249
Debt Service	1,485,080
Capital Projects	<u>55,545,322</u>

Total Restricted Funds \$ 58,155,789

The Board's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted balances are available. The Board's policy is to first apply assigned, committed and unassigned resources, respectively, when an expense is incurred for the purposes for which assigned, committed and/or unassigned balances are available.

### NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements include summary reconciliations of the fund financial statements to the government-wide statements after each of the fund statements. GASB requires the following additional disclosures if aggregated information in the summary reconciliations obscures the nature of the individual elements of a particular reconciling item.

## Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities

The governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is followed by a reconciliation between Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds and Change in net assets of governmental activities as reported in government—wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Some expenses, reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds."

The details of this \$395,643 difference are as follows:

Accrued Interest Payable,		
Current Year Increase/(Decrease)	\$	(1,645)
Amortization of Bond		
Discounts/Premiums		(23,213)
Pension Expense, Current Year		
Increase/(Decrease)		807,322
OPEB Expenses, Current Year		
Increase/(Decrease)	(	1,178,107)
	·	
Total	\$	(395,643)

### NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for the General Fund with the exception of salaries and benefits, which are budgeted only to the extent expected to be paid rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Also, ad valorem taxes are budgeted only to the extent expected to be received rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Child Nutrition Program Fund budgets on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP with the exception of salaries and benefits, which are budgeted only to the extent expected to be paid rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All other governmental funds adopt budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Capital projects funds adopt project-length budgets. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before October 1 of year, each Board of Education shall prepare and submit to the State Superintendent of Education the annual budget to be adopted by the Board of Education. The Superintendent or Board of Education shall not approve any budget for operations of the school for any fiscal year which shall show expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available plus any balances on hand.

Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

### NOTE 4 - UNEARNED REVENUES:

Governmental funds report unearned revenues in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At September 30, 2021, the Board did not report any unearned revenue.

### NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

### A. <u>Deposits</u>

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Board will not be able to cover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Board's deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Program (SAFE Program). The SAFE Program was established by the Alabama Legislature and is governed by the provisions contained in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Sections 41-14A-1 through 41-14A-14. Under the SAFE Program all public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasurer's Office. Under this program, financial institution holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that financial institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository

### NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

### A. Deposits - (Continued)

Insurance Corporation (FDIC). If the securities pledged fail to produce adequate funds, every institution participating in the pool would share the liability for the remaining balance. All of the Board's investments were in certificates of deposit. These certificates of deposit are classified as "Deposits" in order to determine insurance and collateralization. However, they are classified as "Investments" on the financial statements.

### B. Cash with Fiscal Agents

Statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, obligations of any state of the United States, general obligations of an Alabama county or city board of education secured by pledge of three-mill school tax and other obligations as outlined in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 19-3-120 and Section 19-3-120.1.

As of September 30, 2021, the Board had cash with fiscal agents invested as follows:

Money Market Account	\$ 6,281
U. S. Treasury Notes, various	
maturities, with Fair Value	53,619,153
Total	\$ <u>53,625,434</u>

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increased interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The Board does not have a formal investment policy that addresses its investment choices.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to cover the value of its investments of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The board does not have an investment policy that limits the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Board does not have a formal policy that places limits on the amount the Board may invest in any one issuer.

### NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES:

Receivables and payables (Accounts payable and accrued liabilities) balances reported on the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet are aggregations of different components. Details of these balances are as follows:

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Receivables: Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments	\$ 2,840,000 515,689 2,370,179
Total Receivables	\$ <u>5,725,868</u>
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities: Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Accounts Payable Interest Payable Other Payable	\$ 2,319,135 378,764 460,220 241
Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ <u>3,158,360</u>
BALANCE SHEET	
Receivables:	
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 2,840,000
Accounts Receivable	515,689
Due from Other Governments	2,370,179
Due from Other Funds	1,760,895
Total Receivables	\$ <u>7,486,763</u>
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities: Salaries and Employee Benefits Payable Accounts Payable Other Payable Due to Other Funds	\$ 2,319,135 378,764 241 1,760,895
	<b>A</b> 4 450 005

\$ 4,459,035

Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

### NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Addit	ions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 357,246	\$	502,674	\$ -0-	\$ 859,920
Construction in Progress	1,212,301	5,	342,993	238,065	6,317,229
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,569,547	5,	845,667	238,065	7,177,149
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Land Improvements - Exhaustible	190,487		-0-	-0-	190,487
Buildings	29,785,247		-0-	-0-	29,785,247
Buildings and Improvements	6,053,347		-0-	-0-	6,053,347
Equipment	4,015,684		30,211	-0-	4,045,895
Vehicles	2,968,466		216,454		3,184,920
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	43,013,231		246,665		43,259,896
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Land Improvements - Exhaustible	69,377		11,452	-0-	80,829
Buildings	19,841,486		497 <b>,</b> 575	-0-	20,339,061
Buildings and Improvements	1,092,622		260,477	-0-	1,353,099
Equipment	2,690,865		197,679	-0-	2,888,544
Vehicles	1,630,241		307,224		1,937,465
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>25,324,591</u>	1,	274,407	-0-	26,598,998
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	17,688,640	(1,	027,742)	-0-	16,660,898
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>19,258,187</u>	\$ <u>4</u> ,	817,925	\$ <u>238,065</u>	\$ <u>23,838,047</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to government	tal functions as	follows:			
Instructional Services		\$	232,917		
Instructional Support Services		Ÿ	321,352		
Operation and Maintenance Services			55,395		
Student Transportation			316,434		
Food Service			268,488		
General Administrative Services			79,821		
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Exp	nense	\$ 1	274,407		
Total dovernmental metry totes periodiation Ex	70.1.0C	Υ	<u>=17,701</u>		(Continued)

### NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (CONTINUED):

The Board has entered into contracts for the construction or renovation of various facilities as follows:

	<u>Aut</u>	Project horization		Expended to Date	Con	nmitments_	]	equired Further inancing
Building Renovations								
Jim Pearson Elementary School:								
Building Addition	\$	4,926,966	\$	4,020,016	\$	906,950	\$	-0-
Benjamin Russell High:								
New Construction		3,136,889		2,297,213		839,676		-0-
			_	<u> </u>				
Totals	\$	8,063,855	\$	6,317,229	\$	1,746,626	\$	-0-

#### NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

### A. Plan Description

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama, a cost-sharing multiemployer public employee retirement plan, was established as of September 15, 1939, pursuant to the Code of Alabama 1975, Title 16, Chapter 25 (Act 419 of the Legislature of 1939), for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in its Board of Control which consists of 15 trustees. The plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). The Code of Alabama 1975, Title 16-Chapter 25 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

### B. Benefits Provided

State Law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Benefits for TRS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. TRS members who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2014. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently inservice, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member as reported to the Plan for the preceding year ending June 30 are paid to a qualified beneficiary.

### NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (CONTINUED):

### C. Contributions

Covered members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation.

Tier 2 covered members of the TRS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation.

Participating employers' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2021 was 12.36% (12.43% for 2020) of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.22% (11.34 for 2020) of annual pay for Tier 2 members. These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$2,100,028 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

### D. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, <u>and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> <u>and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2021 the Board reported a liability of \$28,890,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019. The Board's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. At September 30, 2020 the Board's proportion was 0.233555% which was an increase (decrease) of 0.003505% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

### NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (CONTINUED):

### D. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> and <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> - (Continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Board recognized pension expense of \$2,907,000. At September 30, 2021 the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows <u>of Resources</u>
Differences between expected		_	
and actual experience	\$	1,430,000	501,000
Changes of Assumptions		300,000	-0-
Net Difference between projected			
and actual earnings on pension			
plan investments		2,146,000	-0-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between Employers' contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions		362,000	581,000
Employer contributions subsequent			
to the measurement date	_	2,100,028	-0-
Total	\$_	6,338,028	\$ <u>1,082,000</u>

The amount of \$2,100,028 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

### Year Ended September 30:

2022	\$ 582,000
2023	\$ 961,000
2024	\$ 1,013,000
2025	\$ 600,000
2026	\$ -0-
Thereafter	\$ -0-

#### NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (CONTINUED):

### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.78%
Projected Salary Increases	3.25%-5.00%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.70%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of pension plan investment expense

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience for the TRS based upon participant data as of September 30, 2015. The Board of Control accepted and approved these changes in September 2016 which became effective at the beginning of fiscal year 2016.

Mortality rates for TRS were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 115% for males and 112% for females age 78 and older.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return*
Fixed Income	17.00%	4.40%
U. S. Large Stocks	32.00%	8.00%
U. S. Mid Stocks	9.00%	10.00%
U. S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	12.00%	9.50%
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00%	11.00%
Alternatives	10.00%	10.10%
Real Estate	10.00%	7.50%
Cash Equivalents	3.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.50%

#### NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (CONTINUED):

#### F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# G. <u>Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension</u> Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.70%, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.70%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.70%) than the current rate:

		Current Rate (7.70%)	
Board's Proportionate Share of Collective			
Net Pension Liability	\$ <u>38,545,000</u>	\$ 28,890,000	\$ 20,720,000

#### H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2020. The auditor's report on the Schedule of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and accompanying notes detail by employer and in aggregate information needed to comply with GASB 68. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at <a href="http://www/rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/">http://www/rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/</a>.

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB):

#### A. Plan Description

The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (Trust) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that administers healthcare benefits to the retirees of participating state and local educational institutions. The Trust was established under the Alabama Retiree Health Care Funding Act of 2007 which authorized and directed the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (Board) to create an irrevocable trust to fund postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees participating in PEEHIP. Active and retiree health insurance benefits are paid through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Plan (PEEHIP). In accordance with GASB, the Trust is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama (State) and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The PEEHIP was established in 1983 pursuant to the provisions of the Code of Alabama 1975, Title 16, Chapter 25A (Act 83-455) to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for active and retired employees of state and local educational institutions which provide instruction at any combination of grades K-14 (collectively, eligible employees), and to provide a method for funding the benefits related to the plan. The four-year universities participate in the plan with respect to their retired employees, and are eligible and may elect to participate in the plan with respect to their active employees. Responsibility for the establishment of the health insurance plan and its administration and operations is vested in the PEEHIP Board. The PEEHIP Board is a corporate body for purposes of management of the health insurance plan. The Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-25A-4 provides the PEEHIP Board with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years for the plan. All assets of the PEEHIP are held in trust for the payment of health insurance benefits. The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS) has been appointed as the administrator of the PEEHIP and, consequently, serves as the administrator of the Trust.

#### B. Benefits Provided

PEEHIP offers a basic hospital medical plan to active members and non-Medicare eligible retirees. Benefits include inpatient hospitalization for a maximum of 365 days without a dollar limit, inpatient rehabilitation, outpatient care, physician services, and prescription drugs.

Active employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees who do not have Medicare eligible dependents can enroll in a health maintenance organization (HMO) in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan. The HMO includes hospital medical benefits, dental benefits, vision benefits, and an extensive formulary. However, participants in the HMO are required to receive care from a participating physician in the HMO plan.

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (CONTINUED):

#### B. Benefits Provided - (Continued)

The PEEHIP offers four optional plans (Hospital Indemnity, Cancer, Dental, and Vision) that may be selected in addition to or in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan or HMO. The Hospital Indemnity Plan provides a per-day benefit for hospital confinement, maternity, intensive care, cancer, and convalescent care. The Cancer Plan covers cancer disease only and benefits are provided regardless of other insurance. Coverage includes a per-day benefit for each hospital confinement related to cancer. The Dental Plan covers diagnostic and preventative services, as well as basic and major dental services. Diagnostic and preventative services include oral examinations, teeth cleaning, x-rays, and emergency office visits. Basic and major services include fillings, general aesthetics, oral surgery not covered under a Group Medical Program, periodontics, endodontics, dentures, bridgework, and crowns. Dental services are subject to a maximum of \$1,250 per year for individual coverage and \$1,000 per person per year for family coverage. The Vision Plan covers annual eye examinations, eye glasses, and contact lens prescriptions.

PEEHIP members may opt to elect the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan as their hospital medical coverage in lieu of the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan. The PEEHIP Supplemental Plan provides secondary benefits to the member's primary plan provided by another employer. Only active and non-Medicare retiree members and dependents are eligible for the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan. There is no premium required for this plan, and the plan covers most out-of-pocket expenses not covered by the primary plan. The plan cannot be used as a supplement to Medicare, the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan, or the State or Local Governmental Plans administered by the State Employees' Insurance Board (SEIB).

Effective January 1, 2020 Medicare eligible members and Medicare eligible dependents who are covered on a retiree contract were enrolled in the Humana Group Medicare Advantage plan for PEEHIP. The plan is fully insured, and members are able to have all of their Medicare Part A (hospital insurance), Part B (medical insurance), and Part D (prescription drug coverage) in one convenient plan. Retirees can continue to see their same providers with no interruption and see any doctor who accepts Medicare on a national basis. Members have the same benefits in and out-of-network and there is no additional retiree cost share if a retiree uses an out-of-network provider and no balance billing from the provider.

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (CONTINUED):

#### C. Contributions

The Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-25A-8 and the Code of Alabama 1975, Section, 16-25A-8.1 provide the PEEHIP Board with the authority to set the contribution requirements for plan members and the authority to set the employer contribution requirements for each required class, respectively. Additionally, the PEEHIP Board is required to certify to the Governor and the Legislature, the amount, as a monthly premium per active employee, necessary to fund the coverage of active and retired member benefits for the following fiscal year. The Legislature then sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill.

For employees who retired after September 30, 2005, but before January 1, 2012, the employer contribution of the health insurance premium set forth by the PEEHIP Board for each retiree class is reduced by 2% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% percent for each year of service over 25 subject to adjustment by the PEEHIP Board for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree.

For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the PEEHIP Board for each retiree class is reduced by 4% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year over 25, subject to adjustment by the PEEHIP Board for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree. For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, who are not covered by Medicare, regardless of years of service, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the PEEHIP Board for each retiree class is reduced by a percentage equal to 1% multiplied by the difference between the Medicare entitlement age and the age of the employee at the time of retirement as determined by the PEEHIP Board. This reduction in the employer contribution ceases upon notification to the PEEHIP Board of the attainment of Medicare coverage.

# D. <u>OPEB Liabilities</u>, <u>OPEB Expense</u>, <u>and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At September 30, 2021, the Board reported a liability of \$14,877,292 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2020, the Board's proportion was 0.229239%, which was an increase (decrease) of (0.044197%) from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019

(Continued)

### NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (CONTINUED):

# D. <u>OPEB Liabilities</u>, <u>OPEB Expense</u>, <u>and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - (Continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Board recognized OPEB expense of \$(758,068) with no special funding situations. At September 30, 2021, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	]	Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	0	f Resources
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$	377 <b>,</b> 278	\$	5,348,743
Changes of Assumptions		5,196,522		2,762,577
Net Difference between projected				
and actual earnings on OPEB				
plan investments		-0-		627
Changes in proportion and differences				
between Employers contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		519,384		3,164,396
Employer contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		418,151		-0-
Total	\$	6,511,335	\$	11,276,343

\$418,151 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

# Year Ended September 30:

2022	\$ (1,525,593)
2023	\$ (1,502,930)
2024	\$ (1,165,278)
2025	\$ (1,281,408)
2026	\$ 86,228
Thereafter	\$ 205,822

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (CONTINUED):

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Projected Salary Increases <sup>1</sup>	3.25% - 5.00%
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return <sup>2</sup>	7.25%
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the	
Measurement Date	2.25%
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Prior	
Measurement Date	3.00%
Projected Year for Fiduciary Net Position	
(FNP) to be Depleted	2040
Single Equivalent Interest Rate at the	
Measurement Date	3.05%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate at the Prior	
Measurement Date	5.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.75%
Medicare Eligible	**
Ultimate Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75% in 2027
Medicare Eligible	4.75% in 2024

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes 3.00% wage inflation.

Mortality rates for the period after service retirement are according to the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 115% for all ages for males and 112% for ages 78 and over for females. The rates of disabled mortality were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 105% for males and 120% for females.

The decremental assumptions used in the valuation were selected based on the actuarial experience study prepared as of September 30, 2015, submitted to and adopted by the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama Board on September 13, 2016.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) were based on the September 30, 2019 valuation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Compounded annually, net of investment expense, and includes inflation.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Initial Medicare claims are based on scheduled increases through play year 2022

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (CONTINUED):

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions - (Continued)

The long-term expected return on plan assets is to be reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every five years, in conjunction with similar analysis for the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama. Several factors should be considered in evaluating the longterm rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation), as developed for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments is determined based on the allocation of assets by asset class and by the mean and variance of real returns.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized below:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return*
Fixed Income	30.00%	4.40%
U.S. Large Stocks	38.00%	8.00%
U.S. Mid Stocks	8.00%	10.00%
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	15.00%	9.50%
Cash	5.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

\*Geometric mean, includes 2.5% inflation

#### F. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate (also known as the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), as described by GASB 74) used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2020 was 3.05%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at the prior measurement date was 5.50%. Premiums paid to the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board for active employees shall include an amount to partially fund the cost of coverage for retired employees. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (CONTINUED):

# F. <u>Discount Rate - (Continued)</u>

Each year, the State specifies the monthly employer rate that participating school systems must contribute for each active employee. Approximately, 14.802% of the employer contributions were used to assist in funding retiree benefit payments in 2020. It is assumed that the 14.802% will increase at the same rate as expected benefit payments for the closed group until reaching and employer rate of 20.000%, at which point this amount will increase by 1.00% in subsequent years. The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. Therefore, the projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 211. The long term rate of return is used until the assets are expected to be depleted in 2055, after which the municipal bond rate is used.

# G. <u>Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB</u> Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		t Healthcare						
	1% Decrea	end Rate	1	% Increase				
	(5.75% decre	asing	(6.75	% decreasing	(7.75% decreasin			
	to 3.75% for	pre-	to 4.	75% for pre-	to 5	.75% for pre-		
	Medicare kr	nown	Medi	.care known	Med	dicare knwon		
	decreasing to	3.75%	decrea	asing to 5.75%				
	for Medica	are	for Medicare f			for Medicare		
	Eligible	Eligible)		Eligible)		Eligible)		
Net OPEB								
Liability	\$ 11,760	<b>,</b> 548	\$	14,877,292	\$	18,934,234		
					_			

The following table presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the discount rate of 3.05%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1	1% Decrease		rease Current Discount					
		(2.05%)	Ra	Rate (3.05%)		(4.05%)			
Net OPEB									
Liability	\$	18,247,771	\$	14,877,292	\$	12,200,402			

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (CONTINUED):

#### H. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is located in the Trust's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 74 Report for PEEHIP prepared as of September 30, 2020. Additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

#### NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

# A. Long-Term Obligations

The City of Alexander City entered into a General Obligation Warrant Issue with BBVA Compass. These warrants were issued for the purpose of providing funds to construct and acquire capital improvements for the public schools in the City (including a major expansion of Benjamin Russell High School). These warrants are parity warrants with the Series of General Obligation Warrants previously issued.

On June 2, 2011, the Alabama Public School and College Authority issued Capital Improvement Pool QZAB Bonds, Series 2011-A, on behalf of various Boards of Education in the State. The Board's participation in the bonds resulted in the Board's share of principal, issuance costs and net proceeds of \$1,000,000, \$3,740, and \$996,260 respectively. The Board is required to make sinking fund deposits of \$50,095.61 on May 1 in each year for fifteen years so that such deposits and any interest earned thereon shall be used to pay the principal of the bonds upon maturity and are pledged to pay the debt service requirements of the bonds. The sinking fund deposits and interest payments are payable from and secured by a pledge of the Board's allocable share of Public School Capital Outlay Funds.

On January 28, 2014, the Alexander City Board of Education obtained financing to purchase five buses for \$450,887. The note matures January 28, 2024 and is secured by the five buses. The note is payable in 9 annual consecutive principal payments of \$45,088.70 beginning January 28, 2015, plus interest at a rate of 2.75% and one final payment of principal and interest of \$46,345.86 on January 28, 2024.

On December 6, 2016, the Alexander City Board of Education obtained financing to purchase five buses for \$455,455. The note matures December 6, 2026 and is secured by the five buses. The note is payable in 10 annual consecutive principal payments of \$52,109.18 beginning December 6, 2017, including interest at a rate of 2.49%.

# NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (CONTINUED):

#### A. Long-Term Obligations - (Continued)

On June 30, 2017, the Board issued School Tax Warrants, Series 2017 in the amount of \$1,250,000. The Board's principal, issuance costs and net proceeds were \$1,215,000, \$105,951 and \$1,109,049 respectively. The principle and interest payments are payable from and secured by a pledge of the Board's 1.5 mill special county wide ad valorem tax and a 3.0 mill special county wide ad valorem tax.

The Board issued \$2,500,000 Series 2017 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds for the purpose of rehabilitating or repairing the school facilities in various qualified zone schools in Alexander City. The Boards principal, issuance costs and net proceeds were \$250,000,000, \$50,000 and \$2,000,000 respectively. The Board is required to make sinking fund deposits of \$166,666.67 on July 15 in each year for fifteen years so that such deposits and any interest earned thereon shall be used to pay the principal of the bonds upon maturity and are pledged to pay the debt service requirements of the bonds. The sinking fund deposits and interest payments are payable from and secured by a pledge of the Board's 1.5 mill special county wide ad valorem tax and a 3.0 mill special county wide ad valorem tax.

On June 25, 2020 the Board issued \$47,950,000 of Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2020-A. The purpose of the Warrants was to provide the funds needed for capital improvements, as well as to pay the expenses of issuing the Warrants.

On June 25, 2020, the Board issued \$7,190,000 of Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2020-B. The purpose of the Warrants was to provide the funds needed to refund Alexander City for Warrants issued by the City on behalf of the Board, as well as to pay the expenses of issuing the Warrants.

On June 25, 2020, the Board issued \$7,490,000 of Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2020-C. The purpose of the Warrants was to provide the funds needed for capital improvements, as well as to pay the expenses of issuing the Warrants

# NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (CONTINUED):

# B. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term liability balances and activities for the year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows:

Governmental Activities Warrants:	Beginning Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 1,000,000	) \$ -0-
2017 Series, School Tax Warrants		-0-	-0-	1,215,000	•
2017 Series, School lax wallants 2017 Series QZAB Warrants	2,500,000	-0-	-0-	2,500,000	
2017 Series QZAB Warrants 2020-A Series, School	2,300,000	-0-	-0-	2,300,000	, -0-
Tax Warrants	47 050 000	-0-	-0-	/7 050 000	) -0-
	47,950,000	-0-	-0-	47,950,000	) -0-
2020-B Series, Taxable School	7 100 000	0	0	7 100 000	000 000
Tax Warrants	7,190,000	-0-	-0-	7,190,000	890,000
2020-C Series, School	7 /00 000	•	•	7 /00 000	
Tax Warrants	7,490,000	-0-	-0-	7,490,000	
Unamortized Discount/Payable	294,775	-0-	23,213	271,562	
Total Warrants Payable	67,639,775	-0-	23,213	67,616,562	913,213
Notes Payable:					
Notes Payable - Buses	180,355	-0-	45,089	135,266	45,089
•	•	•	•	· ·	·
Notes Payable - Buses	330,765		43,965	286,800	
Total Notes Payable	511,120	-0-	<u>89,054</u>	422,066	<u>89,996</u>
Total Warrants and					
Notes Payable	68,150,895	-0-	112,267	68,038,628	1,003,209
Notes Tayasie	00,130,073		112,207		1,003,209
Other Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liability	25,436,000	3,454,000	-0-	28,890,000	0 -0-
Net OPEB Liability	10,316,106	4,561,186	-0-	14,877,292	
Total Other Liabilities	35,752,106	8,015,186	-0-	43,767,292	
TOTAL COMOL PLANTILLIAN				101,011272	<u> </u>
Governmental Activities					
Long- Term Obligations	\$ 103,903,001	\$ 8,015,186	\$ 112,267	\$ 111,805,92	2 \$ 1,003,209
6	·	,	·	·	

(Continued)

# NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (CONTINUED):

# C. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

2ipal 20,000 05,000 30,000 10,000	<u>I</u> :	1,672,100 1,654,150 1,629,300 1,597,400	<u>Pr</u> \$	Notes 1 cincipal 89,996 91,090 92,252 48,344		10,973 8,622 6,203 3,765		2,663,069 2,658,862 3,307,755
05,000 80,000 10,000		1,654,150 1,629,300	\$	91,090 92,252	\$	8,622 6,203	\$	2,658,862
05,000 80,000 10,000		1,654,150 1,629,300	*	91,090 92,252	*	8,622 6,203	۲	2,658,862
30,000 10,000		1,629,300		92,252		6,203		
10,000				-		-		, ,
40.000						3,703		3,259,509
,		1,564,900		49,574		2,535		3,257,009
50,000		6,928,725		50,810		1,299		16,930,834
75,000		5,424,453		-0-		-0-		19,199,453
20,000		4,003,532		-0-		-0-		15,623,532
95,000		2,446,585		-0-		-0-		15,641,585
30,000		639,969		-0-		-0-		12,819,969
	75,000 20,000 05,000	75,000 20,000 95,000 80,000	75,000       5,424,453         20,000       4,003,532         25,000       2,446,585         639,969	5,424,453 20,000 4,003,532 25,000 2,446,585 639,969	75,000       5,424,453       -0-         20,000       4,003,532       -0-         25,000       2,446,585       -0-         30,000       639,969       -0-	75,000       5,424,453       -0-         20,000       4,003,532       -0-         25,000       2,446,585       -0-         30,000       639,969       -0-	75,000       5,424,453       -0-       -0-         20,000       4,003,532       -0-       -0-         25,000       2,446,585       -0-       -0-         30,000       639,969       -0-       -0-	75,000     5,424,453     -0-     -0-       20,000     4,003,532     -0-     -0-       25,000     2,446,585     -0-     -0-       30,000     639,969     -0-     -0-

#### NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (CONTINUED):

#### D. <u>Pledged Revenues</u>

On June 2, 2011, the Board entered into a special pool loan agreement for \$1,000,000 with the Alabama Public School and College Authority (the "PSCA"). The PSCA issued bonds known as "qualified zone academy bonds" under Section 54E of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 in order to finance loans to various local Boards of Education throughout the State of Alabama. The proceeds of these bonds are limited to rehabilitating, repairing or equipping public school facilities. interest rates on these bonds are 4.6%; however, the PSCA expects to receive subsidy payments from the United States Treasury in amounts equal to the interest due on the bonds making the effective interest payment due from the Board equal zero. Annual sinking fund deposits of \$50,095.61 are required beginning in fiscal year 2012. The bonds mature The Board has pledged the capital outlay funds on May 1, 2026. allocated to the Board from the Public School Fund pursuant to Section 16-3-234, Code of Alabama (1975), as amended, for the payment of the principal, sinking fund deposits and interest payable on the Capital Outlay Pool Warrants, Series 2011-QZAB. The Board received \$790,351 of Public School Capital Outlay funds of which \$96,096 was used for the sinking fund and interest payments during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

On June 30, 2017, the Board issued Series 2017 School Tax Warrants for the purpose of acquiring and constructing certain energy savings improvement to school buildings and related equipment. The Board pledged to repay the school tax warrants from (1) that certain special 1.5-mill county wide ad valorem tax which was levied for public school purposes pursuant to Sections 269 and 217 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, and (2) that certain special 3.0-mill county wide ad valorem tax levied for public school purposes on all property in the County pursuant to Amendment No. 3 and proceedings under Amendment No. 373 to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901. Future revenues of \$1,215,000 are pledged to repay the principal on the warrants at September 30, 2021. The Series 2017 School Tax Warrants will mature in fiscal year 2037. Proceeds of the pledged taxes in the amount of \$1,743,007 were received and used for the interest payment of \$37,681 during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

On August 23, 2017, the Board issued in School Tax Warrants (Qualified Zone Academy Bonds), Series 2017-QZAB, for the purpose of making energy-savings capital improvements to two of its public school facilities in which the Qualified Zone Academy is established. The Board pledged to repay the school tax warrants from (1) that certain special 1.5-mill county wide ad valorem tax which was levied for public school purposes pursuant to Sections 269 and 217 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, and (2) that certain special 3.0-mill county wide ad valorem tax levied for public school purposes on all property in the County pursuant to Amendment No. 3 and proceedings under Amendment No. 373 to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901. Future revenues of \$2,500,000 are pledged for annual payments of the sinking fund deposits

### NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (CONTINUED):

#### D. <u>Pledged Revenues - (Continued)</u>

on the bonds at September 30, 2021. The Series 2017-QZAB Qualified Zone Academy Bonds will mature in fiscal year 2032. Proceeds from the pledged taxes of \$1,743,007 were received during fiscal year ending September 30, 2021 and interest or sinking fund payments of \$166,667 were made on this Series.

On June 25, 2020 the Board issued Series 2021-A Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2020-A for the purpose of capital improvements. The Board pledged to repay the school tax warrants from (1) City sales tax allocated to the Board and (2) the 7.5- mill city ad valorem tax levied for public school purposes on all property within the city limits. Future revenues of \$47,950,000 are pledges to repay the principal on the warrants at September 30, 2021. The Series 2020-A School Tax Warrants will mature in fiscal year 2050.

On June 25, 2020, the Board issued Series 2020-B Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2020-B for the purpose to provide the funds needed to refund Alexander City for Warrants issued by the City on behalf of the Board. The Board pledged to repay the school tax warrants from (1) City sales tax allocated to the Board and (2) the 7.5-mill city ad valorem tax levied for public school purposes on all property within the city limits. Future revenues of \$7,190,000 are pledged to repay the principal on the warrants at September 30, 2021. The Series 2020-B School Tax Warrants will mature in fiscal year 2027.

On June 25, 2020, the Board issued Series 2020-C Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2020-C for the purpose of capital improvements. The Board pledged to repay the school tax warrants from (1) the 1.5-mill county wide ad valorem tax levied for public school purposes on all property within the County and (2) the 3.0-mill county wide ad valorem tax levied for public school purposes on all property within the County. Future revenues of \$7,490,000 are pledged to repay the principal on the warrants at September 30, 2021. The Series 2020-C School Tax Warrants will mature in fiscal year 2044.

#### E. Bond Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts

For warrants (bonds) and other long-term debt issued after October 1, 2002, the related debt issuance costs, premiums, and discounts are amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the debt in the government-wide statements.

	Issuanc	e Costs	P	remiums	Dis	counts
Series 2020-A, Capital Outlay Warrants (at issuance)	\$	-0-	\$	98,307	\$	-0-
Amount Amortized		-0-		1 11/		-0-
in years prior Unamortized Amount		-0-	_	1,114 97,193		-0-
Current Year Amortization		-0-		3,342		-0-
Unamortized Amount				<u> </u>		
- End of Fiscal Year	\$	-0-	\$_	93,851	\$	-0-
Series 2020-B, Capital Outlay						
Warrants (at issuance)	\$	-0-	\$	98,557	\$	-0-
Amount Amortized	,		·	,	•	
in years prior		-0-		5,120		-0-
Unamortized Amount		-0-		93,437		-0-
Current Year Amortization		-0-		15,360		-0-
Unamortized Amount		_				
- End of Fiscal Year	\$	-0-	\$ <u></u>	78 <b>,</b> 077	\$	-0-
Series 2020-C, Capital Outlay						
Warrants (at issuance)	\$	-0-	\$	105,649	\$	-0-
Amount Amortized						
in years prior		-0-	_	1,504		-0-
Unamortized Amount		-0-		104,145		-0-
Current Year Amortization		-0-		4 <b>,</b> 512		-0-
Unamortized Amount	Ċ	0	ć	00 622	Ċ	0
- End of Fiscal Year	ې	-0-	\$ <u></u>	99,633	۶ <u></u>	-0-

#### F. Lease Obligations

#### Operating Leases

The Board is committed under various leases for office equipment. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore, the results of the lease agreements are not reflected as part of the Board's capital assets. The Board has no non-cancellable operating leases. Lease expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2021 amounted to \$32,713.

#### NOTE 11 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY:

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 consist of the following:

		Interfund Payable										
Interfund Receivable	 eral und		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Fund	_	Total Funds			
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 0 0 0 0	\$	1,760,895 0 0	\$	0 0 0 0	\$	0 0 0 0	\$	1,760,895 0 0 0			
Totals	\$ 0	\$_	1,760,895	\$_	0	\$_	0	\$_	1,760,895			

The Board typically used transfers to fund ongoing operating subsidies, to recoup certain expenditures paid on-behalf of the local schools, and to transfer the portion from the general fund to the debt service funds to service current-year debt requirements.

						Transfers	: In		
				Special		Capital		Other	
	(	General		Revenue		Projects	Gove	ernmental	
Transfers Out		Fund	_	Funds	_	Fund	-	Fund	Total Funds
Special Revenue Fund	\$	0	\$	101,283	\$	0	\$	3,140	104,423
Special Revenue Fund		17,323		97,090		0		0	114,413
Capital Projects Fund		0		0		0		0	0
Other Governmental Funds		0	_	0	_	1,058,748		0	1,058,748
Totals	\$	17,232	\$	198,373	\$_	1,058,748	\$	3 <b>,</b> 140 \$	1,277,584

#### NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Errors and omissions insurance is purchased from the Alabama Risk Management for Schools (ARMS), a public entity risk pool. The ARMS collects the premiums and purchases excess insurance for any amount of coverage requested by pool participants in excess of the coverage provided by the pool. The Board purchases commercial insurance for fidelity bonds, fleet insurance, buildings and contents. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage.

Employees' Health Insurance is provided through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Fund (PEEHIF) administered by the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board. PEEHIF was established to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions and is self-sustaining.

Monthly premiums for employee and dependent coverage are set annually by the plan's actuary and are based on anticipated claims in the upcoming year, considering any remaining fund balance on hand available for claims. The Board contributes the specified amount monthly to the PEEHIF for each employee. The Board contribution is applied against the employees' premiums for the coverage selected and the employee pays any remaining premium.

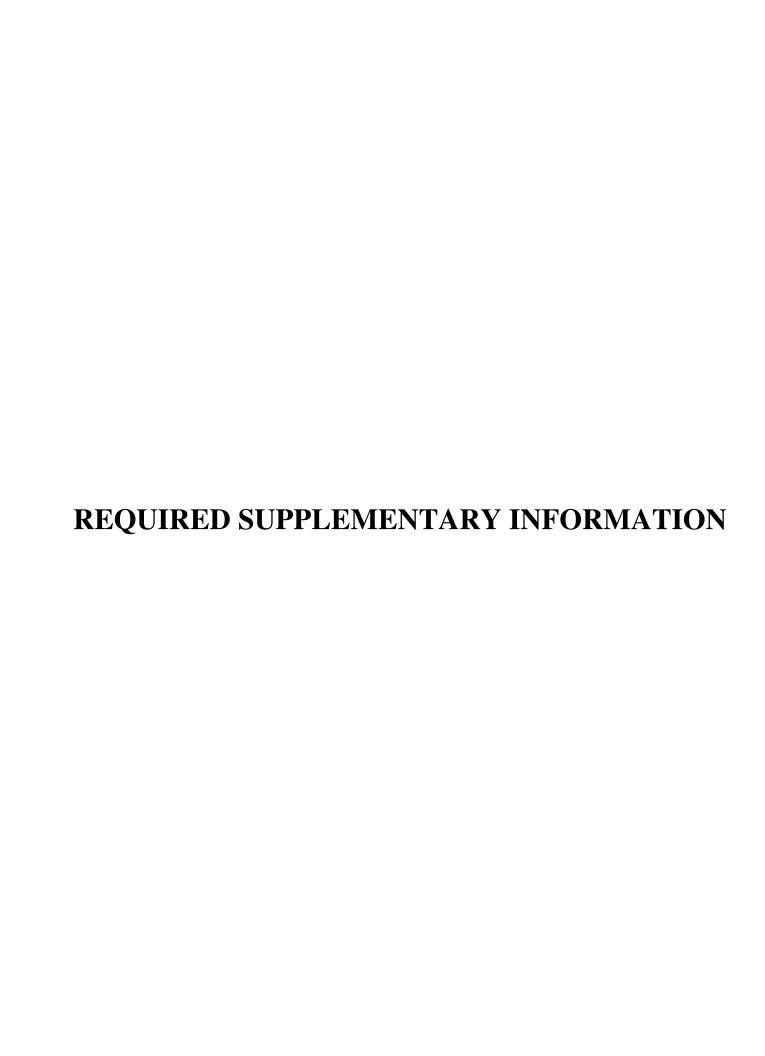
The State Board of Adjustments is a state agency with which people can file claims against the Board to collect reimbursement for damages when all other means have been exhausted. The Board does not have insurance coverage for job-related injuries. Claims for employee job-related injuries may be filed with the State Board of Adjustment. The Board of Adjustment determines if a claim is valid and determines the proper amount of compensation. Payments are made from state appropriated funds at no cost to the Board. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Board's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds or the general fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Board expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### NOTE 14 - COMMISSIONS, MAP AND APPRAISAL COSTS:

Commissions, county commission expense, current use interest (per court order), homestead exemptions, and various other costs of the Board were deducted from current years' taxes by the taxing authorities before they were remitted to the Board. The costs are excluded from the revenues in the financial statements as prescribed by the State Department of Education.



# SCHEDULE OF BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ALABAMA FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Board's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.233555%	0.230050%	0.238768%	0.239669%	0.237613%
Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 28,890,000	\$ 25,436,000	\$ 23,740,000	\$ 23,556,000	\$ 25,724,000
Board's Covered-Employee Payroll during the Measurement Period (*)	\$ 16,579,439	\$ 16,508,108	\$ 16,056,644	\$ 15,906,908	\$ 15,026,651
Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	174.251976%	154.081861%	147.851568%	148.086605%	171.189176%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Collective Pension Liability	67.720000%	69.850000%	72.290000%	71.500000%	67.930000%

(Continued)

#### SCHEDULE OF BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - (CONTINUED)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Board's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.234236%	0.234302%	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 24,514,000	\$ 21,285,000			
Board's Covered-Employee Payroll during the Measurement Period (*)	\$ 14,928,612	\$ 14,799,912			
Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	164,208,166%	143.818423%			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Collective Pension Liability	67.510000%	71.010000%			

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

<sup>(\*)</sup> The employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period is the total payroll paid to covered employees (not just pensionable payroll). For the fiscal year 2021, the measurement period is October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

# SCHEDULE OF BOARD'S CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ALABAMA FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 2,100,028	\$ 2,014,350	\$ 1,999,936	\$ 1,916,000	\$ 1,786,319
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	2,100,028	2,014,350	1,999,936	1,916,000	1,786,319
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Board's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 17,795,023	\$ 16,579,439	\$ 16,508,108	\$ 16,056,644	\$ 15,906,908
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	11.801210%	12.149687%	12.114871%	11.932755%	11.229832%

#### SCHEDULE OF BOARD'S CONTRIBUTIONS - (CONTRIBUTIONS)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 1,728,465	\$ 1,724,952	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	1,728,465	1,725,952			
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$			
Board's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 15,026,651	\$ 14,928,612			
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	11.502663%	11.554671%			

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# SCHEDULE OF BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY ALABAMA RETIRED EDUCATION EMPLOYEES' HEALTH CARE TRUST FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Board's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.229239%	0.273436%	0.268326%	0.263022%	Not Available
Board's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 14,877,292	\$ 10,316,106	\$ 22,052,980	\$ 19,535,772	
Board's Covered-Employee Payroll during the Measurement Period (*)	\$ 16,298,652	\$ 16,152,486	\$ 15,834,702	\$ 15,768,857	
Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	91.279279%	63.866986%	139.269940%	123.888320%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Collective OPEB Liability	19.80%	28.14%	14.81%	15.37%	

#### SCHEDULE OF BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - (CONTINUED)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	20124
Board's Proportion of Share	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not
Net OPEB Liability	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available

Board's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Board's Covered-Employee Payroll during the Measurement Period (\*)

Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll

Plan Fiduciary Net Postion as a Percentage of the Total Collective OPEB Liability

(\*) The employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period is the total payroll paid to covered employees (not just pensionable payroll). For the fiscal year 2021, the measurement period is October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# SCHEDULE OF BOARD'S CONTRIBUTIONS ALABAMA RETIRED EDUCATION EMPLOYEES' HEALTH CARE TRUST FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

	202	21		2020		2019		2018	2017
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 4	18,151	\$	452,038	\$	778,976	\$	662,018	Not Available
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	4	<u>18,151</u>		452 <b>,</b> 038	_	778,976	_	662,018	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	
Board's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 17,5	16,028	\$ 16	,298,652	\$	16,152,486	\$	15,834,702	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	2.38	37248%	2	.773469%		4.822638%		4.180805%	

# SCHEDULE OF BOARD'S CONTRIBUTIONS - (CONTINUED)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not
Contributions	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available

Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions

Contribution Deficiency (Excess)

Board's Covered-Employee Payroll

Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

In 2019, the anticipated rates of participation, spouse coverage, and tobacco uses were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

In 2016, rates of withdrawal, retirement disability, mortality, spouse coverage, and tobacco usage were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2016, economic assumptions and the assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. In 2016 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2021 using scale BB and adjusted 115% for all ages for males ad 112% for ages 78 and over for females.

#### Recent Plan Changes

Beginning in plan year 2021, the MAPD plan premium rates exclude the ACA Health Insurer Fee which was repealed on December 20, 2019.

Effective January 1, 2017, Medicare eligible medical and prescription drug benefits are provided through the MAPD Plan .

The Plan is changed each year to reflect the ACA maximum annual out-of-pocket amounts.

### Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contributions rates in the Schedule of OPED Contributions were calculated as of September 30, 2017, which is three year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	Entry Age Normal Level percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	24 Years, Closed
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicate Eligible	7.00%
Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Ultimate Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Year of Ultimate Trend Rate	2026 for Pre-Medicare Eligible
	2024 for Medicare Eligible
Investment Rate of Return	5.00%, including inflation

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted	1 Amounts	Actual Amounts	Budget to GAAP	Actual Amounts
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Differences	GAAP Basis
<u>Revenues</u>					
State Sources	\$ 16,706,173.52	\$ 19,741,094.92	\$ 19,741,753.86	\$ 0.00	\$ 19,741,753.86
Federal Sources	61,934.00	65,481.00	36,236.31	0.00	36,236.31
Local Sources	6,063,191.00	7,039,014.14	7,219,288.40	0.00	7,219,288.40
Other Sources	49,500.00	26,232.00	30,577.60	0.00	30,577.60
Total Revenues	22,880,798.52	26,871,822.06	27,027,856.17	0.00	27,027,856.17
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Instructional Services	14,502,503.71	15,460,699.12	15,501,415.09	71,084.29	15,572,499.38
Instructional Support	4,142,897.63	4,828,975.07	4,609,798.86	33,409.77	4,643,208.63
Operation and Maintenance	2,112,835.00	2,006,325.90	1,801,674.40	0.00	1,801,674.40
Student Transportation	1,437,421.65	1,180,384.00	1,199,835.04	(6,320.73)	1,193,514.31
General Administrative	1,054,955.01	1,146,648.09	1,295,192.38	7,522.83	1,302,715.21
Other	918,028.59	1,013,850.43	971,136.53	10,303.64	981,440.17
Capital Outlay	100,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Debt Service	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Expenditures	24,268,641.59	25,636,882.61	25,379,052.30	115,999.80	25,495,052.10
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,387,843.07)	1,234,939.45	1,648,803.87	(115,999.80)	1,532,804.07

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - (CONTINUED)

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts			idget to GAAP	Actual Amounts	
	<u>Or</u>	<u>iginal</u>		Final	Budgetary Basis		Differences		GAAP Basis	
Other Financing Sources										
<u>(Uses</u> )										
Indirect Cost	\$	134,880.29	\$	115,738.20	\$	183,428.84	\$	0.00	\$	183,428.84
Transfers In		70,635.40		36,655.00		17,322.98		0.00		17,322.98
Sale of Capital Assets		23,605.00		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00
Transfers Out		(69,500.00)	_	(58,100.00)		(104,423.48)		0.00	_	(104,423.48)
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)		159,620.69		94,293.20		96,328.34	_	0.00		96,328.34
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(1,	228,222.38)		1,329,232.65		1,745,132.21		(115,999.80)		1,629,132.41
Fund Balances -										
Beginning of Year	<u>4,</u>	442,110.88	_	7,616,447.12		7,616,447.12	_	(2,202,894.02)	_	5,413,553.10
Fund Balances -										
End of Year	\$ <u>3,</u>	213 <b>,</b> 888 <b>.</b> 50	\$ <u></u>	8,945,679.77	\$ <u></u>	9,361,579.33	\$ <u></u>	(2,318,893.82)	\$ <u></u>	7,042,685.51

# **Explanation of Differences**

The Board budgets revenues and expenditures to the extent they are expected to be received or paid in the current fiscal period, rather than on the modified accrual basis.

(115,999.80)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Budget to GAAP	Actual Amounts		
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Differences	GAAP Basis		
<u>Revenues</u>							
State Sources	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00		
Federal Sources	4,085,610.26	19,905,012.93	7,933,626.59	0.00	7,933,626.59		
Local Sources	930,263.00	560,849.00	385,265.23	0.00	385,265.23		
Other Sources	5,000.00	45,218.00	47,068.48	0.00	47,068.48		
Total Revenues	5,020,873.26	20,511,079.93	8,365,960.30	0.00	8,365,960.30		
Expenditures							
Instructional Services	2,247,428.76	4,142,905.07	3,981,555.31	0.00	3,981,555.31		
Instructional Support	616,752.89	1,100,496.41	800,040.50	0.00	800,040.50		
Operation and Maintenance	86,117.62	366,764.28	333,760.22	0.00	333,760.22		
Student Transportation	33,346.00	53,503.36	6,833.41	0.00	6,833.41		
Food Service	2,008,221.37	0.00	243,440.19	0.00	243,440.19		
General Administrative	188,930.79	350,031.78	309,755.11	0.00	309,755.11		
Other Expenditures	442,192.71	3,052,287.35	2,387,265.26	0.00	2,387,265.26		
Capital Outlay	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Debt Service	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Total Expenditures	5,622,990.14	9,065,988.25	8,062,650.00	0.00	8,062,650.00		
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(602,116.88</u> )	11,445,091.68	303,310.30	0.00	303,310.30		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In Transfers Out	\$ 136,928.00 (158,758.40)	\$ 110,025.00 (76,425.00)	\$ 198,373.52 (114,413.12)	\$ 0.00 0.00	\$ 198,373.52 (114,413.12)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(21,830.40)	33,600.00	83,960.40	0.00	83,960.40
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(623,947.28)	11,478,691.68	387,270.70	0.00	387,270.70
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,162,844.49	1,409,889.01	1,409,889.01	0.00	1,409,889.01
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 538,897.21	\$ <u>12,888,580.69</u>	\$ <u>1,797,159.71</u>	\$\$	\$ <u>1,797,159.71</u>

# **Explanation of Differences**

The Board budgets revenues and expenditures to the extent they are expected to be received or paid in the current fiscal period, rather than on the modified accrual basis.

\$\_\_\_\_\_0.00

# NOTE TO THE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

# Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	
Sources/Inflows of Resources	General Fund	rund	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) available for appropriation shown as total revenues on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 27,027,856.17	\$ 8,365,960.30	
Differences - Budget to GAAP:			
Local taxes are not budgeted as revenues unless receivable in time to pay budgeted expenditures	0.00	0.00	
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ <u>27,027,856.17</u>	\$ <u>8,365,960.31</u>	
Uses/Outflows of Resources			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) available for expenditures shown as total expenditures on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 25,379,052.30	\$ 8,062,650.00	
Differences - Budget to GAAP:			
Salaries of teachers and other personnel with contracts of less than 12 months are paid over a 12 month period. Expenditures for salaries (and related fringe benefits) are budgeted based on the amount that will be paid from budgeted revenues. However, salaries (and related benefits) earned but not paid are reported			
expenditures on the financial statements.	115,999.80	0.00	
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ <u>25,495,052.10</u>	\$ <u>8,062,650.00</u>	



# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Revenue Recognized	Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Education				
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States - FY 21	84.027	CLB102	\$ 676,742.33	\$ 676,742.33
Special Education - Preschool Grants - FY 21	84.173	CLB102	20,601.74	20,604.74
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			697,344.07	697,344.07
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies - FY 20	84.010	CLB102	141,548.92	141,548.92
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies - FY 21	84.010	CLB102	977,926.74	977,926.74
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States - FY 21	84.048	CLB102	51,441.57	51,441.57
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States			,	,
- Program Improvement	84.048	CLB102	2,546.16	2,546.16
Title IV, Part B: 21st Century Community Learning			,	,
Centers - FY 21	84.287	CLB102	445,905.58	445,905.58
Title V, Rural Education Initiative - FY 21	84.358	CLB102	55,603.86	55,603.86
Title III, English Language Acquisition	84.365	CLB102	25,665.35	25,665.35
Improving Teacher Quality - FY 21	84.367	CLB102	169,680.26	169,680.26
Title IV, Part A: Student Support and			,	•
Academic Advancement - FY 21	84.424	CLB102	41,251.03	41,251.03
Governor's Emergency Relief Fund (M)	84.425C	CLB102	213,931.12	213,931.12
Elementary and Secondary School Relief Fund (M)	84.425D	CLB102	646,826.94	646,826.94
CRRSA Act: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency			,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Relief Fund II- ALSDE Reserve (M)	84.425D	CLB102	59,363.00	59,363.00
CRRSA Act: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency			2,,552.11	5,,555
Relief Fund II (M)	84.425D	CLB102	302,641.15	302,641.15
ARPA Act: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency			232,3322	332,332
Relief Fund III (M)	84.425U	CLB102	848,619.55	848,619.55
ARPR Act: ALSDE Reservation (M)	84.425U	CLB102	3,906.88	3,906.88
Total U. S. Department of Education			4,684,202.18	4,684,202.18

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - (CONTINUED)

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Revenue Recognized	Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	CLB102	171,983.43	171,983.43
National School Lunch Program	10.555	CLB102	233,425.61	233,425.61
National School Lunch Program — Covid Paid	10.555	CLB102	104,077.41	104,077.41
National School Lunch Program Commodities (N)	10.555	CLB102	2,719.53	2,719.53
Summer Food Service Program for Children Summer Food Service Program	10.559	CLB102	1,759,179.92	1,759,179.92
for Children (Commodities) (N)	10.555	CLB102	62,522.88	62,522.88
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			2,333,908.78	2,333,908.78
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	CLB102	241,651.18	241,651.18
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	CLB102	5,755.28	5,755.28
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			2,581,315.24	2,581,315.24
<pre>U. S. Department of Defense Federal Funds Received Direct:   Navy ROTC</pre>	12.XXX	N/A	<u>35,422.31</u>	<u>35,422.31</u>
•	12 • MM	11/21		
Total U. S. Department of Defense			35,422.31	35,422.31
<u>U. S. Department of Treasury</u> Passed through State Department of Education: Coronavirus Relief Fund — Education Health				
Wellness Grant (M) Coronavirus Relief Fund — Education Remote	21.019	CLB102	192,402.99	192,402.99
Learning Devices Grant (M)	21.019	CLB102	475,706.18	475,706.18
Total U. S. Department of Treasury			668,109.17	668,109.17
<u>Social Security Administration</u> Passed Through State Department of Education:				
Social Security - Disability Insurance	96.001	CLB102	814.00	814.00
Total Social Security Administration			814.00	814.00
Total Federal Awards			\$ <u>7,969,862.90</u>	\$ <u>7,969,862.90</u>

(M) - Major Program

(N) - Noncash Assistance

N/A - Not Available

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Alexander City Board of Education and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Alexander City Board of Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Alexander City Board of Education.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the *Uniform Guidance* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or re limited as to reimbursement. The Alexander City Board of Education has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the *Uniform Guidance*.

STEVEN D. MOORE, C.P.A.
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Alexander City Board of Education Alexander City, Alabama

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alexander City Board of Education, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Alexander City Board of Education's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 18, 2022.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Alexander City Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Alexander City Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Alexander City Board of Education's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

(Continued)

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Alexander City Board of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

POTTER, BRYANT, & MOORE, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Potter, Byant & Moore, P.C.

Birmingham, Alabama April 18, 2022 STEVEN D. MOORE, C.P.A.
GEOFFREY R. BRYANT, C.P.A.

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the Alexander City Board of Education Alexander City, Alabama

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Alexander City Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Alexander City Board of Education's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021. Alexander City Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Alexander City Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Alexander City Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Alexander City Board of Education's compliance.

(Continued)

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Alexander City Board of Education, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Alexander City Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Alexander City Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Alexander City Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

POTTER, BRYANT, & MOORE, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Potter, Bryant & Moore, P.C.

Birmingham, Alabama April 18, 2022

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting Material weakness(es) identified? Reportable condition(s) identified not	: yes <u>x</u> no
considered to be material weaknesses?	yes <u>x</u> none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>x</u> no
FEDERAL AWARDS	
<pre>Internal control over major programs:    Material weakness(es) identified?</pre>	vac v no
Reportable condition(s) identified not	yes <u>x</u> no
considered to be material weaknesses?	yes <u>x</u> none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516 (a)?	yes <u>x</u> no
Identification of major programs:5	
CFDA Number(s) Name of	Federal Program or Cluster
21.019	Coronavirus Relief Fund - Education Health and Wellness Grant
84.425C	CARES ACT: Governor's Emergency
84.425D	Relief Fund CARES ACT: Elementary and Secondary School
84.425U	Emergency Relief Fund American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>x</u> yes <u> </u>
Section II - Financial Statement Findings	
There were no matters to be reported	
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Quest	cioned Costs

There were no matters to be reported.



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

To the Members of the Alexander City Board of Education Alexander City, Alabama

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Alexander City Board of Education's basic financial statements. The additional information contained on pages 73 through 84 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance on them.

POTTER, BRYANT, & MOORE, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Potter, Bryant & Moore, P.C.

Birmingham, Alabama April 18, 2022

## SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE CAPITAL OUTLAY SCHOOL WARRANTS, SERIES 2011 - QZCB SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Si	nking Fund			
<u>Year</u>		Deposit	Interest	Total	
2022	\$	50,095.61	\$ 46,000.00	\$	96,095.61
2023		50,095.61	46,000.00		96,095.61
2024		50,095.61	46,000.00		96,095.61
2025		50,095.61	46,000.00		96,095.61
2026		50,095.61	46,000.00		96,095.61
2027		50,095.61	46,000.00		96,095.61
	\$	300,573.66	\$ <u>276,000.00</u>	\$	576,573.66

# SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE SCHOOL TAX WARRANTS SERIES 2017-QZCB SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Sinking Fund
<u>Year</u>	Deposit
2022	\$ 166,666.67
2023	166,666.67
2024	166,666.67
2025	166,666.67
2026	166,666.67
2027	166,666.67
2028	166,666.67
2029	166,666.67
2030	166,666.67
2031	166,666.67
2032	166,666.62
Total	\$ <u>1,833,333.32</u>

# SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE SCHOOL TAX WARRANTS, SERIES 2017 SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

								Due		
			Due	February lst	t			August $1^{ m st}$		Total
Year		Principal		Interest	_	Total	_	Interest	<u>I</u>	Oebt Service
2022	\$	0.00	Ś	18,840.63	Ś	18,840.63	Ś	18,840.63	Ś	37,681.26
2023	·	0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63	·	18,840.63	•	37,681.26
2024		0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63		18,840.63		37,681.26
2025		0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63		18,840.63		37,681.26
2026		0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63		18,840.63		37,681.26
2027		0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63		18,840.63		37,681.26
2028		0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63		18,840.63		37,681.26
2029		0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63		18,840.63		37,681.26
2030		0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63		18,840.63		37,681.26
2031		0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63		18,840.63		37,681.26
2032		0.00		18,840.63		18,840.63		18,840.63		37,681.26
2033		230,000.00		18,840.63		248,840.63		15,390.55		264,231.18
2034		235,000.00		15,390.55		250,390.55		11,718.75		262,109.30
2035		240,000.00		11,718.75		251,718.75		7,968.75		259,687.50
2036		250,000.00		7,968.75		257,968.75		4,062.50		262,031.25
2037		260,000.00	_	4,062.50		264,062.50	_	0.00	_	264,062.50
	\$	1,215,000.00	\$_	265,228.11	Ş	3 <u>1,480,228.11</u>	\$_	246,387.48	\$_	1,726,615.59

# SCHOOL TAX WARRANTS, SERIES 2020-A SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Year         Due November 1st         Total         May 1st         Total           2022         \$ 0.00         \$ 630,156.25         \$ 630,156.25         \$ 630,156.25         \$ 1,260,5           2023         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,5           2024         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,5           2025         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,5           2027         835,000.00         630,156.25         1,465,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,5           2028         1,440,000.00         617,631.25         2,057,631.25         596,031.25         2,653,6           2029         1,485,000.00         596,031.25         2,081,031.25         596,031.25         2,653,6           2030         1,525,000.00         573,756.25         2,988,756.25         550,881.25         2,653,6           2031         1,575,000.00         573,756.25         2,125,881.25         527,256.25         2,653,7           2032         1,620,000.00         527,256.25         2,147,256.25         502,956.25         2,650,5           2033         1,770,000.00         502,956.25         2,222,156	
2022         \$ 0.00         \$ 630,156.25         \$ 630,156.25         \$ 630,156.25         \$ 1,260,35           2023         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,35           2024         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,35           2025         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,30           2026         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,30           2027         835,000.00         630,156.25         1,465,156.25         617,631.25         2,082,7           2028         1,440,000.00         617,631.25         2,057,631.25         596,031.25         2,653,0           2029         1,485,000.00         596,031.25         2,098,756.25         550,881.25         2,654,0           2030         1,525,000.00         573,756.25         2,098,756.25         550,881.25         2,649,0           2031         1,575,000.00         550,881.25         2,125,881.25         527,256.25         2,653,0           2032         1,620,000.00         502,956.25         2,222,956.25         477,156.25         2,650,3           2033         1,720,000.00         502,95	
2023         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,200,200,200           2024         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,300,300,300,300,300,300,300,300,300,3	<u>vice</u>
2023         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,200,200,200           2024         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,300,300,300,300,300,300,300,300,300,3	312.50
2024       0.00       630,156.25       630,156.25       630,156.25       1,260,         2025       0.00       630,156.25       630,156.25       630,156.25       1,260,         2026       0.00       630,156.25       630,156.25       630,156.25       1,260,         2027       835,000.00       630,156.25       1,465,156.25       617,631.25       2,082,         2028       1,440,000.00       617,631.25       2,057,631.25       596,031.25       2,653,         2029       1,485,000.00       596,031.25       2,081,031.25       573,756.25       2,654,         2030       1,525,000.00       573,756.25       2,098,756.25       550,881.25       2,649,         2031       1,575,000.00       550,881.25       2,125,881.25       527,256.25       2,653,         2032       1,620,000.00       527,256.25       2,147,256.25       502,956.25       2,650,         2033       1,720,000.00       502,956.25       2,222,956.25       477,156.25       2,700,         2034       1,775,000.00       477,156.25       2,252,156.25       450,531.25       2,702,         2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,         2036 <td< td=""><td></td></td<>	
2025         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,           2026         0.00         630,156.25         630,156.25         630,156.25         1,260,           2027         835,000.00         630,156.25         1,465,156.25         617,631.25         2,082,           2028         1,440,000.00         617,631.25         2,057,631.25         596,031.25         2,653,           2029         1,485,000.00         596,031.25         2,081,031.25         573,756.25         2,654,           2030         1,525,000.00         573,756.25         2,098,756.25         550,881.25         2,649,           2031         1,575,000.00         550,881.25         2,125,881.25         527,256.25         2,653,           2032         1,620,000.00         527,256.25         2,147,256.25         502,956.25         2,650,           2033         1,720,000.00         502,956.25         2,222,956.25         477,156.25         2,700,           2034         1,775,000.00         477,156.25         2,252,156.25         450,531.25         2,702,0           2035         1,825,000.00         450,531.25         2,275,531.25         432,281.25         2,707,3           2036         1,865,000.00	
2026       0.00       630,156.25       630,156.25       630,156.25       1,260,2         2027       835,000.00       630,156.25       1,465,156.25       617,631.25       2,082,3         2028       1,440,000.00       617,631.25       2,057,631.25       596,031.25       2,653,0         2029       1,485,000.00       596,031.25       2,081,031.25       573,756.25       2,654,3         2030       1,525,000.00       573,756.25       2,098,756.25       550,881.25       2,649,0         2031       1,575,000.00       550,881.25       2,125,881.25       527,256.25       2,650,3         2032       1,620,000.00       527,256.25       2,147,256.25       502,956.25       2,650,3         2033       1,720,000.00       502,956.25       2,222,956.25       477,156.25       2,700,3         2034       1,775,000.00       477,156.25       2,252,156.25       450,531.25       2,702,0         2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,3         2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,482,	
2027       835,000.00       630,156.25       1,465,156.25       617,631.25       2,082,         2028       1,440,000.00       617,631.25       2,057,631.25       596,031.25       2,653,0         2029       1,485,000.00       596,031.25       2,081,031.25       573,756.25       2,654,0         2030       1,525,000.00       573,756.25       2,098,756.25       550,881.25       2,649,0         2031       1,575,000.00       550,881.25       2,125,881.25       527,256.25       2,653,0         2032       1,620,000.00       527,256.25       2,147,256.25       502,956.25       2,659,2         2033       1,720,000.00       502,956.25       2,222,956.25       477,156.25       2,700,0         2034       1,775,000.00       477,156.25       2,252,156.25       450,531.25       2,702,0         2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,3         2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,3         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,708,3         2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,4 <td></td>	
2028       1,440,000.00       617,631.25       2,057,631.25       596,031.25       2,653,0         2029       1,485,000.00       596,031.25       2,081,031.25       573,756.25       2,654,0         2030       1,525,000.00       573,756.25       2,098,756.25       550,881.25       2,649,0         2031       1,575,000.00       550,881.25       2,125,881.25       527,256.25       2,653,         2032       1,620,000.00       527,256.25       2,147,256.25       502,956.25       2,650,2         2033       1,720,000.00       502,956.25       2,222,956.25       477,156.25       2,700,0         2034       1,775,000.00       477,156.25       2,252,156.25       450,531.25       2,702,0         2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,8         2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,482,0         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       371,684.38       2,482,0         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       305,221.88       2,478,0 </td <td></td>	
2030       1,525,000.00       573,756.25       2,098,756.25       550,881.25       2,649,6         2031       1,575,000.00       550,881.25       2,125,881.25       527,256.25       2,653,2         2032       1,620,000.00       527,256.25       2,147,256.25       502,956.25       2,650,3         2033       1,720,000.00       502,956.25       2,222,956.25       477,156.25       2,700,6         2034       1,775,000.00       477,156.25       2,252,156.25       450,531.25       2,702,6         2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,8         2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,7         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,708,9         2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,6         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,6         2040       1,800,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2041       1,845,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	62.50
2031       1,575,000.00       550,881.25       2,125,881.25       527,256.25       2,653,2032         2032       1,620,000.00       527,256.25       2,147,256.25       502,956.25       2,650,32         2033       1,720,000.00       502,956.25       2,222,956.25       477,156.25       2,700,52         2034       1,775,000.00       477,156.25       2,252,156.25       450,531.25       2,702,62         2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,82         2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,73         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,708,93         2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,73         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,43         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,63         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,63	87.50
2032       1,620,000.00       527,256.25       2,147,256.25       502,956.25       2,650,3         2033       1,720,000.00       502,956.25       2,222,956.25       477,156.25       2,700,3         2034       1,775,000.00       477,156.25       2,252,156.25       450,531.25       2,702,6         2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,8         2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,8         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,708,8         2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,8         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,8         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,6         2041       1,845,000.00       305,784.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	37.50
2033       1,720,000.00       502,956.25       2,222,956.25       477,156.25       2,700,5         2034       1,775,000.00       477,156.25       2,252,156.25       450,531.25       2,702,6         2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,8         2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,7         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,708,5         2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,7         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,4         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,6         2041       1,845,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	.37.50
2034       1,775,000.00       477,156.25       2,252,156.25       450,531.25       2,702,6         2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,8         2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,7         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,708,9         2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,7         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,4         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,6         2041       1,845,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	12.50
2035       1,825,000.00       450,531.25       2,275,531.25       432,281.25       2,707,8         2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,7         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,708,9         2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,7         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,4         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,6         2041       1,845,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	12.50
2036       1,865,000.00       432,281.25       2,297,281.25       412,465.63       2,709,3         2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,708,3         2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,3         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,4         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,6         2041       1,845,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	87.50
2037       1,905,000.00       412,465.63       2,317,465.63       391,034.38       2,708,5         2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,7         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,7         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,6         2041       1,845,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,6         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	312.50
2038       1,720,000.00       391,034.38       2,111,034.38       371,684.38       2,482,7         2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,4         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,0         2041       1,845,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	46.88
2039       1,760,000.00       371,684.38       2,131,684.38       350,784.38       2,482,4         2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,6         2041       1,845,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	00.01
2040       1,800,000.00       350,221.88       2,150,784.38       328,284.38       2,479,0         2041       1,845,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	18.76
2041       1,845,000.00       328,284.38       2,173,284.38       305,221.88       2,478,5         2042       1,890,000.00       305,784.38       2,195,221.88       280,415.63       2,475,6	68.76
2042 1,890,000.00 305,784.38 2,195,221.88 280,415.63 2,475,6	168.76
	06.26
20/3 1 9/0 000 00 280 /15 63 2 220 /15 63 25/ 053 13 2 /75 5	37.51
2043 1,740,000.00 200,413.03 2,220,413.03 234,933.13 2,473,	368.76
2044 1,995,000.00 254,953.13 2,249,953.13 228,768.75 2,478,	21.88
2045 2,720,000.00 228,768.75 2,948,768.75 193,068.75 3,141,8	37.50
2046 2,790,000.00 193,068.75 2,983,068.75 156,450.00 3,139,5	18.75
2047 2,865,000.00 156,450.00 3,021,450.00 118,846.88 3,140,2	96.88
2048 2,940,000.00 118,846.88 3,058,846.88 80,259.38 3,139,	.06.26
2049 3,020,000.00 80,259.38 3,100,259.38 40,621.88 3,140,8	81.26
2050 <u>3,095,000.00</u> <u>40,621.88</u> <u>3,135,621.88</u> <u>0.00</u> <u>3,135,6</u>	21.88
\$ <u>47,950,000.00</u> \$ <u>12,022,278.18</u> \$ <u>59,972,278.18</u> \$ <u>11,392,121.93</u> \$ <u>71,364,</u> 4	.00.11

# <u>SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE</u> TAXABLE SCHOOL TAX WARRANTS, SERIES 2020-B <u>SEPTEMBER 30, 2021</u>

		Due	· November ls	t			Due May l <sup>st</sup>		Total
Year	Principal		Interest	_	Total		Interest	_]	Debt Service
2022	\$ 890,000.00	\$	71,900.00	\$	961,900.00	\$	63,000.00	\$	1,024,900.00
2023	905,000.00		63,000.00		968,000.00		53,950.00		1,021,950.00
2024	1,580,000.00		53,950.00		1,633,950.00		38,150.00		1,672,100.00
2025	1,610,000.00		38,150.00		1,648,150.00		22,050.00		1,670,200.00
2026	1,640,000.00		22,050.00		1,662,050.00		5,650.00		1,667,700.00
2027	565,000.00	_	5,650.00	_	570,650.00	_	0.00		570,650.00
	\$ 7,190,000.00	\$_	254,700.00	\$ <u>_</u>	7,444,700.00	\$_	182,800.00	\$	7,627,500.00

# SCHOOL TAX WARRANTS, SERIES 2020-C SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			D116	November 1 <sup>st</sup>	:			Due May l <sup>st</sup>		Total	
Year	_	Principal	Duc	Interest		Total	Interest		Debt Service		
Icur		ттистрат		Incerese		10001		Incerese		CDC DCTVICE	
2022	\$	0.00	\$	96,603.13	\$	96,603.13	\$	96,603.13	\$	193,206.26	
2023		0.00		96,603.13		96,603.13		96,603.13		193,206.26	
2024		0.00		96,603.13		96,603.13		96,603.13		193,206.26	
2025		0.00		96,603.13		96,603.13		96,603.13		193,206.26	
2026		0.00		96,603.13		96,603.13		96,603.13		193,206.26	
2027		285,000.00		96,603.13		381,603.13		92,328.13		473,931.26	
2028		295,000.00		92,328.13		387,328.13		87,903.13		475,231.26	
2029		305,000.00		87,903.13		392,903.13		83,328.13		476,231.26	
2030		315,000.00		83,328.13		398,328.13		78,603.13		476,931.26	
2031		325,000.00		78,603.13		403,603.13		73,728.13		477,331.26	
2032		335,000.00		73,728.13		408,728.13		68,703.13		477,431.26	
2033		285,000.00		68,703.13		353,703.13		64,428.13		418,131.26	
2034		290,000.00		64,428.13		354,428.13		60,078.13		414,506.26	
2035		300,000.00		60,078.13		360,078.13		57,078.13		417,156.26	
2036		305,000.00		57,078.13		362,078.13		53,837.50		415,915.63	
2037		310,000.00		53,837.50		363,837.50		50,350.00		414,187.50	
2038		550,000.00		50,350.00		600,350.00		44,162.50		644,512.50	
2039		565,000.00		44,162.50		609,162.50		37,453.13		646,615.63	
2040		575,000.00		37,453.13		612,453.13		30,625.00		643,078.13	
2041		590,000.00		30,625.00		620,625.00		23,250.00		643,875.00	
2042		605,000.00		23,250.00		628,250.00		15,687.50		643,937.50	
2043		620,000.00		15,687.50		635,687.50		7,937.50		643,625.00	
2044	_	635,000.00		7,937.50	_	642,937.50	_	0.00	_	642,937.50	
	\$_	7,490,000.00	\$ <u>1</u>	,509,100.08	\$_	8,999,100.08	\$ <u>_</u>	1,412,496.95	\$ <u>1</u>	0,411,597.03	

## SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERIVCE NOTE PAYABLE - SCHOOL BUSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

<u>Year</u>	Due January 28 <sup>th</sup>						
	P:	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	45,088.70	\$	3,771.48	\$	48,860.18	
2023		45,088.70		2,514.32		47,603.02	
2024		45,088.70		1,257.16	_	46,345.86	
Total	\$ <u></u>	135,266.10	\$ <u></u>	7,542.96	\$	142,809.06	

## SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERIVCE NOTE PAYABLE - SCHOOL BUSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

<u>Year</u>	Due December 6 <sup>th</sup>							
	<u> Principal</u>			Interest	Total			
2022	\$	44,907.11	\$	7,202.07	\$	52,109.18		
2023		46,001.97		6,107.21		52,109.18		
2024		47,163.33		4,945.85		52,109.18		
2025		48,343.72		3,765.46		52,109.18		
2026		49,574.48		2,534.70		52,109.18		
2027		50,809.76	_	1,299.42	_	52,109.18		
Total	\$	286,800.37	\$	25,854.71	\$	312,655.08		

### SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

```
Policy Term: 06/25/21 to 06/25/2022
   Coverage:
- Property
           Blanket Buildings - $70,666,389
           Business Personal Property - $3,840,000
           Deductible - $500
- Crime and Fidelity
           Employee Dishonesty - $100,000
           Deductible - $500
- Commercial General Liability
           Each Occurrence - $1,000,000
           Aggregate - $2,000,000
- Products Completed Operations
           Aggregate - $2,000,000
           Deductible - $5,000
- Personal and Advertising Injury Limit
           Each Employee - $1,000,000
- Data Defender
           Response - $50,000
           Defense and Liability - $50,000
           Identity Recovery - $25,000
           Deductible $1,000
   Annual Premium: $120,576
Alabama Trust for Boards of Education
   Coverage: General Liability/Errors and Omissions
   Policy Term: 09/01/21 to 09/01/2022
   Limits of Liability:
- Errors and Omissions
                              - $1,000,000 Per Claim
                              - $2,000,000 Per Aggregate
- General Liability
                             - $ 300,000 Per Claim
                              - $ 600,000 Per Aggregate
- Sexual Misconduct
  and Harassment
                              - $ 100,000 Per Claim
                              - $ 300,000 Per Aggregate
- Deductible
                              - $ 15,000
   Annual Premium: $737
Auto - Owners Insurance
   Commercial Auto Policy
   Coverage: 32 Buses, 15 Vehicles
   Policy #: 41-177-162-00
   Policy Term: 10/23/20 to 10/23/21
   Limits of Liability:
- Bodily Injury
                              - $ 100,000 Each Person
                             - $ 300,000 Each Accident
                             - $ 100,000 Each Accident
- Property Damage
- Uninsured Motorist
                             - $
                                   25,000 Each Person
                             - $
                                   50,000 Each Accident
                             - $
- $
- Medical Payments
                                    5,000 Each Person
- Deductible
                                       250
   Annual Premium: $50,112
```

The Cincinnati Casualty Company Policy #: ETN 002-63-62

### SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE - (CONTINUED)

State Farm Insurance Company

Coverage: Driver's Ed Car, Driver's Ed Golf Cart

Policy #: 093-750-F01-01-F Policy Term: 06/01/21 to 06/01/22

- Bodily Injury 100,000/300,000 Each Person

- \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 50,000 Each Accident 5,000 Each Accident

- Medical Payments - Deductible

Annual Premium: \$944

### SCHEDULE OF FIDELITY BONDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Western Surety Company Policy #: 64453704

Policy Term: 01/01/19 to 01/01/2024

Coverage: Superintendent School District

Daniel Keith Lankford

Amount of Coverage: \$200,000

Annual Premium: \$2,975

Auto Owners Insurance Policy #: 66368950

Policy Term: 06/01/21 to 06/01/22 Coverage: Public Official Bond

Cody Patterson, Chief School Financial Officer

Amount of Coverage: \$200,000

Annual Premium: \$397

# ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Amount	Total	Percentage
Personal Services			
Instructional Services	\$ 12,314,147.58		36.75%
Instructional Support Services	3,450,414.96		10.30%
Operation & Maintenance Services	448,881.07		1.34%
Auxiliary Services	581,142.35		1.74%
General Administrative Services	865,661.20		2.58%
Other Expenditures	<u>854,477.91</u>		<u>2.55</u> %
		Å 10 514 <b>7</b> 05 07	55.06%
Total Personal Services		\$ 18,514,725.07	<u>55.26</u> %
Employee Benefits			
Employee Benefits		6,717,807.43	20.05%
Employee Benefits		0,717,007.43	20103
Other Expenditures			
Instructional Services	2,819,587.41		8.41%
Instructional Support Services	729,919.82		2.18%
Operation & Maintenance Services	1,483,484.76		4.43%
Auxiliary Services	503,804.62		1.50%
General Administrative Services	483,249.55		1.44%
Other Expenditures	2,253,354.27		<u>6.73</u> %
Total Other Expenditures		8,273,400.43	24.69%
Total Expenditures		\$ <u>33,505,932.93</u>	<u>100.00</u> %