Grades 9-12 NTI Day #3 Forensics

Assignment:

Please read the following two links. Then, in a fresh Google doc, complete and submit the review questions below.

Read: <u>https://www.forensicsciencesimplified.org/csi/index.htm</u> <u>https://www.forensicsciencesimplified.org/csi/principles.html</u>

Understanding Crime Scene Investigation:

- 1. What is the key principle underlying crime scene investigation known as?
 - A) The Miranda Principle
 - B) The Sherlock Principle
 - C) The Locard's Exchange Principle
 - D) The Holmes Principle
- 2. What type of evidence allows investigators to gain an understanding of the actions that took place at the scene?
 - A) Circumstantial evidence
 - B) Associative evidence
 - C) Reconstructive evidence
 - D) Testimonial evidence
- 3. What is the purpose of collecting control samples in a crime scene investigation?
 - A) To establish a timeline of events
 - B) To create a suspect profile
 - C) To eliminate innocent people from suspicion
 - D) To provide direct evidence of the crime
- 4. According to the text, why is evidence that has a low probability of occurring by chance considered valuable?
 - A) It creates intrigue in the investigation
 - B) It adds complexity to the case
 - C) It helps narrow the list of possible suspects
 - D) It increases the suspense in the courtroom

- 5. What does the text define as valuable evidence due to being inconsistent with the setting or victim's character?
 - A) Circumstantial evidence
 - B) Associative evidence
 - C) Reconstructive evidence
 - D) Inconsistent evidence