

Ms. Michelle Wright  
8<sup>th</sup> Grade Science  
2021-2022

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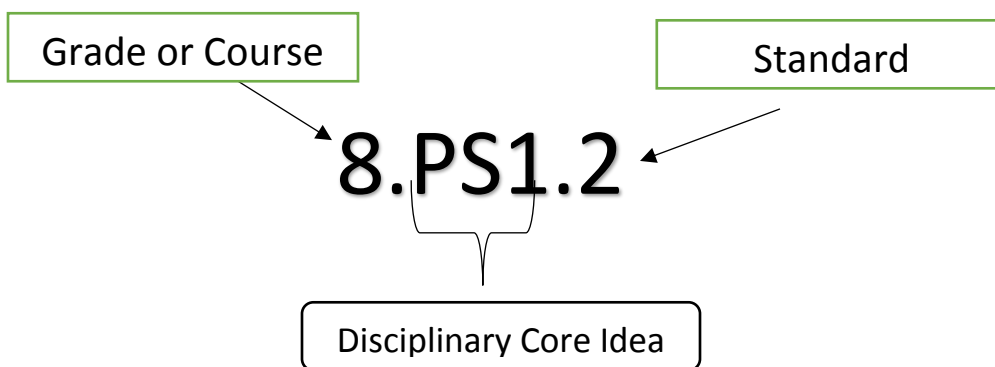
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<b>Lesson #</b>	<b>Essential Question</b>
<b>Unit 1—Motion and Forces 8.PS2.3, 8.PS2.4, 8.PS2.5</b>	
<b>Unit 1 Lesson 1 Motion and Speed</b>	How are distance, time, and speed related?
<b>Unit 1 Lesson 2 Acceleration</b>	How does motion change?
<b>Unit 1 Lesson 3 Forces</b>	How do forces affect motion?
<b>Unit 2—Electricity and Magnetism 8.PS2.1, 8.PS2.2, 8.ETS1.1</b>	
<b>Unit 2 Lesson 1 Electric Charge and Static Electricity</b>	What makes something electrically charged?
<b>Unit 2 Lesson 2 Electric Current</b>	What flows through an electric wire?
<b>Unit 2 Lesson 3 Electric Circuits</b>	How do electric circuits work?
<b>Unit 2 Lesson 4 Magnets and Magnetism</b>	What is magnetism?
<b>Unit 2 Lesson 5 Electromagnetism</b>	What is electromagnetism?
<b>Unit 3—Introduction to Waves 8.PS4.1, 8.PS4.2, 8.PS4.3</b>	
<b>Unit 3 Lesson 1 Waves</b>	What are waves?
<b>Unit 3 Lesson 2 Properties of Waves</b>	How can we describe a wave?
<b>Unit 3 Lesson 3 Communication and Waves</b>	How are waves used to communicate information?
<b>Unit 4—Sound 8.PS4.1, 8.PS4.2, 8.PS4.3</b>	
<b>Unit 4 Lesson 1 Sound Waves and Hearing</b>	What is sound?
<b>Unit 4 Lesson 2 Interactions of Sound Waves</b>	How do sound waves travel and interact?
<b>Unit 4 Lesson 3 Sound Technology</b>	How does sound technology work?
<b>Unit 5—Light 8.PS4.1, 8.PS4.2, 8.PS4.3</b>	
<b>Unit 5 Lesson 1 The Electromagnetic Spectrum</b>	What is the relationship between various electromagnetic waves?
<b>Unit 5 Lesson 2 Interactions of Light</b>	How does light interact with matter?
<b>Unit 5 Lesson 3 Light Technology</b>	How can light be used?
<b>Unit 6—Life Over Time 8.LS4.1, 8.LS4.2, 8.LS4.3, 8.LS4.4, 8.LS4.5, 8.ESS2.1</b>	
<b>Unit 6 Lesson 1 Introduction to Living Things</b>	What are living things?
<b>Unit 6 Lesson 2 The Process of Natural Selection</b>	What is the process of natural selection?
<b>Unit 6 Lesson 3 Evidence of Common Ancestry</b>	What evidence supports the concept of common ancestry?
<b>Unit 6 Lesson 4 The History of Life on Earth</b>	How has life on Earth changes over time?
<b>Unit 6 Lesson 5 Classification of Living Things</b>	How are organisms classified?
<b>Unit 6 Lesson 6 Biotechnology</b>	How does biotechnology impact our world?
<b>Unit 7—Space 8.ESS1.1, 8.ESS1.2, 8.ETS1.2, 8.PS4.1</b>	
<b>Unit 7 Lesson 1 Technology for Space Exploration</b>	How do we explore space?
<b>Unit 7 Lesson 2 Observing the Universe</b>	What can we learn from space images?
<b>Unit 7 Lesson 3 The Origin of the Universe</b>	How did the universe begin?
<b>Unit 7 Lesson 4 Gravity and the Solar System</b>	Why is gravity important to the solar system?
<b>Unit 7 Lesson 5 Earth's Tides</b>	What causes tides?
<b>Unit 8 Minerals and Rocks 8.ESS2.3</b>	
<b>Unit 8 Lesson 1 Minerals</b>	What are minerals, how do they form, and how can they be

identified?
<b>Unit 8 Lesson 2 The Rock Cycle</b> —What is the rock cycle?
<b>Unit 8 Lesson 3 Three Classes of Rocks</b> —How do rocks form?
<b>Unit 9 The Restless Earth 8.ESS2.2, 8.ESS2.3, 8.ESS2.4, 8.ESS2. 5, 8.ESS3.1, 8.ESS3.2</b>
<b>Unit 9 Lesson 1 Earth’s Interior</b> —What is known about Earth’s interior?
<b>Unit 9 Lesson 2 Plate Tectonics</b> —What is plate tectonics?
<b>Unit 9 Lesson 3 Mountain Building</b> —How do mountains form?
<b>Unit 9 Lesson 4 Volcanoes</b> —How do volcanoes change Earth’s surface?
<b>Unit 9 Lesson 5 Earthquakes</b> —Why do earthquakes happen?
<b>Unit 9 Lesson 6 Measuring Earthquake Waves</b> How are seismic waves used to study earthquakes?
<b>Unit 9 Lesson 7 Distribution of Earth’s Resources</b> —How are Earth’s natural resources distributed?

Students will be required to maintain a Science Notebook. These will be graded each 6-weeks.



### EIGHTH GRADE SCIENCE STANDARDS: OVERVIEW

[https://www.tn.gov/content/dam/tn/stateboardofeducation/documents/massivemeetingsfolder/meetingfiles/4/10-20-17 III J Non-Substantive Changes to Math ELA Science Standards Attachment 3 - Science.pdf](https://www.tn.gov/content/dam/tn/stateboardofeducation/documents/massivemeetingsfolder/meetingfiles/4/10-20-17%20III%20J%20Non-Substantive%20Changes%20to%20Math%20ELA%20Science%20Standards%20Attachment%203%20-%20Science.pdf)

The academic standards for eighth grade establish the content knowledge and skills for Tennessee students necessary to prepare them for the rigorous levels of higher education and future job markets. The course provides students with a wealth of experiences for both science practices and content knowledge. The academic standards for science in seventh grade are research-based and supported by the National Research Council’s Framework for K-12 Science Education.

The academic standards herein establish the core content and practices of science and engineering, as well as what Tennessee students need to know by the end of seventh grade. Disciplinary core ideas for seventh grade include:

Eighth Grade			
Physical Sciences (PS)	Life Sciences (LS)	Earth and Space Sciences (ESS)	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Science (ETS)
Matter and Its Interactions	From Molecules to Organisms: Structure and Process	Earth's Place in the Universe	Engineering Design
<b>Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions</b>	Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics	<b>Earth's Systems</b>	Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science, and Society
Energy	Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits	<b>Earth and Human Activity</b>	Applications of Science
<b>Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer</b>	<b>Biological Change: Unity and Diversity</b>		

The standards incorporated into this grade have been streamlined for the students' K-12 coherent experience for a diversity of learners. The themes for science in eighth grade are how forces and motion drive objects in our solar systems (ESS1), move lithospheric plates (ESS2), and how nature's driving forces of geology (ESS2) impact ecosystems via environmental selection for a species (LS4). This content utilizes core ideas from sixth and seventh grade; for example, using a hereditary approach in seventh grade to examine natural selection in eighth grade. Tennessee's state mathematics standards are integrated into the science standards, specifically forces and motion (8.PS2). Special attention is given to science literacy through the use of the science and engineering practices. Students are often required to gather information from reliable sources to construct evidenced-based arguments (e.g., 8.ESS2). By the end of eighth grade, it is expected that students should be able to demonstrate the skills and content knowledge emphasized in the following standards in preparation for future learning in science and its practice.

#### **EIGHTH GRADE: ACADEMIC STANDARDS**

##### **8.PS2: Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions**

- 1) Design and conduct investigations depicting the relationship between magnetism and electricity in electromagnets, generators, and electrical motors, emphasizing the factors that increase or diminish the electric current and the magnetic field strength.
- 2) Conduct an investigation to provide evidence that fields exist between objects exerting forces on each other even though the objects are not in contact.
- 4) Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object's motion depends on the sum of the forces on the object and the mass of the object.
- 5) Evaluate and interpret that for every force exerted on an object there is an equal force exerted in the opposite direction.

##### **8.PS4: Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer**

- 1) Develop and use models to represent the basic properties of waves including frequency, amplitude, wavelength, and speed.
- 2) Compare and contrast mechanical waves and electromagnetic waves based on refraction, reflection,

transmission, absorption, and their behavior through a vacuum and/or various media.

3) Evaluate the role that waves play in different communication systems.

#### **8.LS4: Biological Change: Unity and Diversity**

1) Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the fossil record that document the existence, diversity, extinction, and change in life forms throughout Earth's history.

2) Construct an explanation addressing similarities and differences of the anatomical structures and genetic information between extinct and extant organisms using evidence of common ancestry and patterns between taxa.

3) Analyze evidence from geology, paleontology, and comparative anatomy to support that specific phenotypes within a population can increase the probability of survival of that species and lead to adaptation.

4) Develop a scientific explanation of how natural selection plays a role in determining the survival of a species in a changing environment.

5) Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about the technologies that have changed the way humans use artificial selection to influence the inheritance of desired traits in other organisms.

#### **8.ESS1: Earth's Place in the Universe**

1) Research, analyze, and communicate that the universe began with a period of rapid expansion using evidence from the motion of galaxies and composition of stars.

2) Explain the role of gravity in the formation of our sun and planets. Extend this explanation to address gravity's effect on the motion of celestial objects in our solar system and Earth's ocean tides.

#### **8.ESS2: Earth's Systems**

1) Analyze and interpret data to support the assertion that rapid or gradual geographic changes lead to drastic population changes and extinction events.

2) Evaluate data collected from seismographs to create a model of Earth's structure.

3) Describe the relationship between the processes and forces that create igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic rocks.

4) Gather and evaluate evidence that energy from the earth's interior drives convection cycles within the asthenosphere, which creates changes within the lithosphere including plate movements, plate boundaries, and sea-floor spreading.

5) Construct a scientific explanation using data that explains the gradual process of plate tectonics accounting for A) the distribution of fossils on different continents, B) the occurrence of earthquakes, and C) continental and ocean floor features (including mountains, volcanoes, faults, and trenches).

#### **8.ESS3: Earth and Human Activity**

1) Interpret data to explain that earth's mineral, fossil fuel, and groundwater resources are unevenly distributed as a result of geologic processes.

2) Collect data, map, and describe patterns in the locations of volcanoes and earthquakes related to tectonic plate boundaries, interactions, and hotspots.

#### **8.ETS1: Engineering Design**

1) Develop a model to generate data for ongoing testing and modification of an electromagnet, a generator, and a motor such that an optimal design can be achieved.

2) Research and communicate information to describe how data from technologies (telescopes, spectrometers, satellites, and space probes) provide information about objects in the solar system and universe.