



Policy of the Board of Trustees

G Series

GBGAA
Also: IHAMC & JLCCA

HIV/AIDS POLICY

Preamble

Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) is a disease in which the body's immune system is impaired by the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). The virus leaves its victim unable to fight off infections. As a result, persons with AIDS are susceptible to serious secondary infections, such as pneumonia and certain malignancies. Some, but not all, persons infected with HIV develop AIDS. To assist the school and infected persons, the school has developed the following policy.

I. General Principles:

(A) HIV is not spread by casual, everyday contact. Therefore, absent a serious secondary infection that may be transmitted to others, or a significant health problem that restricts the infected person's ability to attend school, a student who is infected with HIV or AIDS shall attend the classroom to which he or she would be assigned, and shall receive the rights, privileges and services to which he or she would be entitled if not infected. Decisions about any changes in the educational program of a student who is infected with HIV or AIDS shall be made on a case-by-case basis.

(B) There shall be no discrimination in employment against a person infected with HIV or AIDS based solely upon said infection. No school employee shall be terminated, non-renewed, demoted, suspended, transferred or subjected to adverse action based solely upon his/her infection with HIV or AIDS, or the perception that he or she is so infected. However, the school may take whatever action is appropriate as to an employee who, despite reasonable accommodation, is unable to perform his/her duties due to an illness, including an illness related to HIV or AIDS.

(C) The school shall provide a sanitary environment and shall establish procedures for handling bodily fluids, pursuant to Section V.

(D) The school shall administer a program of education about HIV or AIDS for students, their families, and school employees to ensure that they are informed about the following:

- (1) The nature of HIV, including how HIV is transmitted, according to current scientific evidence;

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- (2) School policies and procedures relating to employees and students with diseases such as HIV or AIDS;
- (3) Resources within the school and elsewhere for obtaining additional information or assistance; and
- (4) Procedures to prevent the spread of communicable diseases at school.

II. Evaluation of Infected Students and Staff

(A) HIV is not transmitted casually. Accordingly, infection with HIV or AIDS is not, by itself, sufficient reason to remove a student or staff member from the school. When Principal has been notified that a student or staff member is infected with HIV or AIDS, the Principal shall act appropriately to ensure the safety of persons in the school setting and to plan to support the infected person.

(B) When the school learns that a student is infected with HIV or AIDS, the appropriate procedures under State and Federal Law with regard to evaluation and educational programming shall be followed if the student is or may be educationally handicapped.

(C) (1) When notified that an employee is infected with HIV or AIDS, the Principal shall determine whether the infected person has a significant health problem that will restrict his/her ability to work and shall determine whether the infected person has a secondary infection (e.g., tuberculosis) that poses a medically recognized risk of transmission of disease. The Principal shall make this determination by consulting with the infected person's physician and the infected person.

The Principal also may consult with public health officials and other persons, subject to the confidentiality provisions in this policy. The Principal shall consider methods in which the school may anticipate and meet the needs of persons infected with HIV or AIDS.

(2) Absent a secondary infection that creates a medically recognized risk of transmission of disease, or a significant health problem that restricts the infected person's ability to work, the Principal shall not alter the job assignment of the infected person. However, the Principal shall periodically review the case with the persons described in Section II(C) (1).

(3) If the Principal determines that a secondary infection poses a medically recognized risk of transmission of disease in the school setting or that a significant health problem restricts the infected person's ability to work, the Principal shall consult with the persons described in Section

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II(C) (1). After said consultation, the Principal shall, if necessary, develop an individually tailored plan to accommodate the staff member if reasonably possible. Additional persons may be consulted if necessary for gaining additional information, but the infected person must approve of the notification of any additional persons who are informed of the infected person's identity. The Principal may consult with legal counsel to ensure that any official action is consistent with state and federal law. If an individually tailored plan is necessary, said plan shall be medically, legally, educationally, and ethically sound.

(D) Infected students who are aggrieved by the education plan determinations may appeal said determinations pursuant to state and federal special education law if the infected student is eligible for or claims that he is eligible for special education or special education and related services. Infected persons who do not claim that they are eligible for special education or special education and related services, but who are aggrieved by the Principal's determinations, may appeal said determinations to the Board.

(E) Confidentiality shall be observed throughout the foregoing process.

III. Confidentiality

(A) The identity of a student or staff member who is infected with HIV or AIDS may be disclosed to those persons who determine whether the infected person has a secondary infection that poses a medically recognized risk of transmission of disease in the school setting or whether a significant health problem will restrict the infected person's ability to work or attend class. These persons include:

- (1) The Principal or a person designated by the Principal to be responsible for the determination, or, in the case of a student who is identified as educationally handicapped or who is claimed or believed to be educationally handicapped, the special services team.
- (2) The physician of the infected person.
- (3) Public health officials, to the extent that their knowledge of the infected person's identity is necessary.

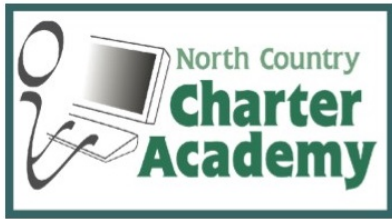
(B) The persons listed in Section III (A) (1) - (2) and the infected person (or his/her parents or guardians) shall determine whether additional persons need to know the identity of an infected person. The identity of an infected person shall not be disclosed to persons who are not listed in Section III (A) without the consent of the infected person, or the infected person's parents or guardians. The persons to whom the infected person's identity may be disclosed with the

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mentioned consent include the Principal or other persons necessary to protect the health of the infected person or to evaluate and monitor the case.

(C) All staff members who know the identity of persons infected with HIV or AIDS shall treat said information as confidential. No information shall be divulged directly or indirectly to any individuals or groups, except as noted in Section III (A) - (B). All medical information and written documentation of discussions, telephone conversations, proceedings, and meetings concerning the HIV or AIDS infection shall be maintained in a locked file. Access to said file shall be granted only to those persons who have the written consent of the infected person or his/her parents or guardians. The names of infected persons shall not be used in documents, except when essential. No document containing the name or other information, which reveals the identity of an infected person, may be shared with any person for any purposes without the consent of the infected person or the infected person's parents or guardians. Any School staff member who violates the confidentiality provisions of Section ITI shall be subject to discipline. Test results and medical records shall be disclosed only with the consent of the infected person (or that person's parent if he is a minor), pursuant to a subpoena or order of a court or administrative agency, or otherwise in accordance with law.

IV. Testing

Mandatory testing for communicable diseases that are not spread by casual, everyday contact (e.g., HIV or AIDS) shall not be a condition for school entry or attendance, or for employment or continued employment.

V. Control of Infections

(A) HIV cannot penetrate unbroken skin, and there is no evidence that HIV has been transmitted through contact with vomit, nasal discharge, saliva, urine, or feces. However, said body fluids commonly transmit infections such as Hepatitis, colds and flu. Accordingly, direct skin contact with body fluids should be avoided whenever possible.

(B) Staff members shall follow the UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS in handling body fluids in the Schools.

(C) The School shall cooperate with local, state and federal health agencies in controlling infections.

LEGAL REF: RSA 189:1-a, RSA 186-C:2,I, RSA 193:1, RSA 193:3

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