Grade 6 Music	Unit 1: Elements of Music		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute class periods
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	Program of Studies		
 How do I use the elements of music to create and perform? How do musicians use the elements to create & perform? What are various ways music is organized? 	Program of Studies □ AH-6-M-1 Students will demonstrate an understanding of the elements of music (rhythm, melody, form, timbre, harmony, tempo, dynamics) through singing, instrument playing, moving, listening, reading, writing and creating. □ AH-6-M-2 Students will describe the use of elements in musical examples. □ AH-6-M-3 Students will read and perform, vocally and instrumentally, increasing complex melodic and rhythmic patterns in treble and bass clefs. □ AH-6-M-4 Students will demonstrate ideas and emotions through performance and/or composition using performance techniques, practices and music concepts. □ AH-6-M-4 Students will create and notate a simple composition incorporating the elements of music. Core Content □ AH-06-1.1.1 Students will identify or describe the use of elements in a variety of music. DOK Elements of Music: □ Rhythm – syncopation, time signature (2/4, ¾, 4/4, 6/8), rhythmic durations (whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth notes and rests, dotted half note and dotted quarter note) □ Tempo – Allegro, Moderato, Largo, Presto	□ Whole Note/Rest □ Half Note/Rest □ Quarter Note/Rest □ Eighth Note/Rest □ Dotted Half Note/Rest □ Dotted Quarter Note/Rest □ Dotted Quarter Note/Rest □ Syncopation □ Allegro □ Moderato □ Largo □ Phrase □ Bass Clef □ Bass Clef Pitch notes □ Sharp □ Flat □ Key Signature □ Harmonic Intervals □ Melodic Intervals □ Triads (Chords) □ Whole Steps □ Half Steps □ Major Scale □ Minor Scale □ Rondo □ Theme & Variations □ Soprano □ Alto □ Tenor □ Bass □ Keyboards □ Folk Instruments □ Orchestral Instruments □ Orchestral Instruments	 □ Review previous musical terminology. DOK 1 □ Complete notes and worksheets for each of the following introduction of musical concepts. DOK 1 □ Review Rhythm notation and introduce dotted quarter notes and 16th notes and rests. DOK 1 □ Listen and move to various tempos of music. Introduction Italian terminology to slow, fast and moderato tempos as Allegro, Moderato and Largo. DOK 1 □ Review Treble Clef and introduce new Bass Clef pitches. DOK 1 □ Introduce Sharp, Flat and Key Signatures. Teach formula for figuring out Key Signatures of C, G, F, D, and B-flat. DOK 1 □ Assessment – Identifying notes of the grand staff, including ledger lines. DOK 2 □ Review Dynamics and introduce new dynamic markings. □ Introduce 8 – note scale, melodic intervals and harmonic intervals. DOK 1 □ Introduce Chords and how to play them on the piano. Each student will experience playing I-IV-V chord patterns on accompanying instruments (piano or guitar). DOK 1 □ Keyboard skills demonstrating intervals and chords. Students will be able to play scales in the keys of C, F, and G. DOK 2 □ Create musical compositions based on specific criteria – time signature, key signature, grand staff, etc. DOK 3 □ Play simple songs on the keyboard using chord accompaniments with a partner. Rubric for assessment. DOK 3 □ Review musical forms previously studied and add compositional forms such as 2nd endings, D.C., etc. DOK 2
	Melody – melodic phrase, treble and	☐ Decrescendo (>)	☐ Read through various selections of printed music to

Grade 6 Music	Unit 1: Elements of Music		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute class periods
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
Essential Questions	bass clef signs, pitch notation; letter names on grand staff, natural sign, sharp sign, flat sign Harmony - triads (chords) Form - AB, ABA, call and response Timbre (tone color) - distinctive sounds of instruments, instrument families and voice parts (e.g., soprano, alto, tenor, bass) Dynamics - crescendo, decrescendo, dynamic markings/symbols - pp, p, mp, mf, f, ff, <, > AH-06-1.1.2 Students will identify instruments according to classifications. Family - brass, woodwind, string, percussion Voices - soprano, alto, tenor, bass Folk- instruments used in folk music Orchestral - instruments used in contemporary orchestral settings AH-06-4.1.1 Students will create and notate in similar style answers to musical phrases. AH-06-4.1.2 Students will improvise variations on given melodies. AH-06-4.1.3 Students will compose and notate short pieces of music demonstrating unity/variety, tension/release and balance. AH-06-4.1.4 Students will use a variety of sound sources to create and perform music. AH-06-4.1.5 Students will sing or play alone and sustain own part in an ensemble, a given	Fortissimo (ff) Pianissimo (pp) Mezzo Piano (mp) Mezzo Forte (mf)	
	piece of music with increasingly complex melodies and rhythmic patterns in treble and		

Grade 6	Unit 1: Elements of Music		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute class periods
Music			
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and Assessment
			Student will:
	bass clef (with practice).		

Grade 6 Music	Unit 2: Cultural and Historical Context		Suggested Length: 11 60-minute class periods
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
1. How does music reflect cultures, periods & styles? 2. How does music influence society? 3. How do we use music to express our ideas & feelings?	Program of Studies □ AH-6-M-6 Students will evaluate own and other's compositions and performances, using musical terms and elements to describe technical and expressive qualities. □ AH-6-M-7 Students will develop an understanding of diverse cultures, periods, and styles in music □ AH-6-M-8 Students will describe how factors such as time, place, and belief systems are reflected in music. □ AH-6-M-9 Students will describe music compositions and/or performances from diverse cultures, periods, and styles. Core Content □ AH-06-2.1.1 Students will analyze or explain how diverse cultures and time periods affect music. DOK 3 Cultures: □ Latin American - Blending of cultural traditions can create new traditions reflecting multiple cultures Latin American characteristics reflected in music of United States (e.g., clave rhythm, the popularity of	Jazz Spiritual Gospel Ballads Hymn Blues Pop Rock Folk Dixieland March Musical Opera Romantic Baroque Classical Modern Heavy metal Symphonic	
	Latin musical styles, such as samba,		

Grade 6	Unit 2: Cultural and Historical Context		Suggested Length: 11 60-minute class periods
Music			
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	salsa, cha-cha, etc.,) in the U.S. Spanish influence on Mexican music (e.g., Mexican use of traditional Spanish musical instruments)		
	Asian – Isolation of culture or region results in a unique musical tradition (e.g., unique and distinctive sounds of traditional Asian music and instruments, e.g., Japanese Koto, Indian sitar)		
	☐ AH-06-3.1.1 Students will identify or explain how music fulfills a variety of purposes. DOK 2		
	Purposes of music: (different roles of music) Ceremonial – music created or performed for rituals or celebrations, (e.g., patriotic music, music for worship) Recreational – music for entertainment, (e.g., music for play such as game songs, music for dances and social events, music for physical activities, music as a hobby) Artistic Expression – music created with the intent to express or communicate one's emotions, feelings, ideas, experience (e.g., music created and performed in a concert setting for an audience)		

Grade 6 Dance	Unit 3: Creating/Performing Dance		Suggested Length: 12 60-minute class periods
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	Program of Studies		
 How do I use the elements of dance to create and perform? How do dancers/choreog raphers create and/or perform? How do I use dance to express my ideas and feelings? How does dance reflect cultures, periods, and styles? What are the purposes of dance? 	,	Choreography Choreographer Space Focus Size Time Accent Rhythmic pattern Duration Force Heavy/light Tension/relaxation Bound/flowing Locomotor Step-hop Grapevine Polka Waltz Two-step Non-locomotor Push Pull Rise Fall Dodge Sway Compositional form Body alignment	
	☐ AH-6-Da-11 ☐ AH-6-Da-12 Students will identify and describe roles and purposes of dance from different cultures, styles, and time periods. ☐ AH-6-Da-13 Students will describe how	□ Balance □ Culture □ Latin American □ Caribbean □ Ceremonial	□ Space □ Time □ Force/Energy □ Elements of Production □ Historical, Social, and Cultural Context
	dance reflects culture, purposes, style, and time periods. AH-6-Da-14 Students will identify and	Recreational Square dance Tap	☐ Analysis and Interpretation ☐ Additional Questions for MS Students

Grade 6 Dance	Unit 3: Creating/Performing Dance		Suggested Length: 12 60-minute class periods
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	describe movements and styles characteristic of various cultures and time periods.	☐ Social ☐ Artistic ☐ Ballet ☐ Jazz	Compare and Contrast two dances from the <i>Nutcracker Ballet</i> – Arabian Dance and Chinese Dance. Complete Responding to Dance activity for comparing dances. DOK 2
	Core Content	☐ Modern	☐ Introduce "Writing a Dance Critique" worksheet and activity. Discuss the questions that a review might
	□ AH-06-1.2.1 Students will identify or describe how elements of dance are used to express thoughts, ideas, and feelings in dance. DOK 2 Elements of Dance: □ Space – direction (forward, backward, right, left, up, down, diagonal), pathway (straight, curved), levels (high, middle, low), shape (individual or group) □ Focus – audience (where viewer's eye is drawn), dancer (single focuslooking in the direction of movement, multi focus – changing head/eye focus during movements) Size – (use of size in given space, or range of motion) □ Time (Tempo) – accent, rhythmic pattern, duration □ Force – (heavy/light, sharp/smooth,		activity. Discuss the questions that a review might include in a critique. DOK 2 Read and discuss several performance reviews/critiques as examples to use prior to writing own critique/article (dance, movie, book, music). Watch the final scene (ballet performance) of the movie Center Stage. Students are to complete an On-Demand assessment activity as a newspaper reporter critiquing this "performance." They are to use the questions they have used throughout this semester to help write this critique/review. This is the final assessment for the semester. On-demand papers will be turned in to 7 th grade Portfolio advisor. DOK 3 View and discuss 15-minute Dance Sense video segment Program 6 − Making Dance. DOK 1 Create a 64-beat dance in an ABA form, with another student that reflects a feeling, mood, or theme. Dance must have a beginning, middle and end. Rubric used for assessment. Assessment will be based on both the written creation and the performance of the dance. DOK 3 Performance activities not assessed by the state.
	tension/relaxation, bound/flowing ☐ Choreographic Form – AB, ABA, call		Improvisational dances will be created as time allows for the grading period.
	and response, narrative □ AH-06-1.2.2 Students will identify dances by: identifying theme (story), dance styles (e.g., ballet, jazz, tap, modern), characteristics of the style (e.g., tap – feet as rhythmic		 □ Lessons on Asian, Latin American and Medieval Cultures are yet to be developed for the 2006-07 school year. These lessons have not been taught in this grade until now and the teacher needs time to research and plan lessons. DOK 1-3 □ Collaboration with Art teacher to produce a Medieval
	instrument, ballroom – partnering), and the use of the elements of dance.		Feast event in the Arts and Humanities (music, dance, art, and drama). DOK 1-3

Grade 6 Dance	Unit 3: Creating/Performing Dance		Suggested Length: 12 60-minute class periods
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	☐ AH-06-2.2.1 Students will analyze or explain how diverse cultures and time periods are reflected in dance. DOK 3		
	Cultures: Latin American – Blending of cultural traditions can create new traditions. Latin American dance characteristics reflected in American dance (e.g., clave rhythm, Samba, Salsa, Cha-cha, Tango)		
	Asian – Isolation of culture or region results in a unique dance tradition (e.g., classical dance forms from India – Bharata Natyam, Kathak		
	☐ AH-06-3.2.1 Students will identify or explain how dance fulfills a variety of purposes. DOK 2		
	Purposes of dance: (different roles of dance) Ceremonial – dances created or performed for rituals or celebrations (e.g., dances of Native American and West African to celebrate life events such as harvest, ritual dances associated with worship) Recreational – dancing for entertainment, to support recreational activities, (e.g., ballroom, line dancing, aerobic dance, dance as a hobby) Artistic Expression – dance created with the intent to express or communicate emotion, feelings, ideas, information, (e.g., ballet, tap dance,		

Grade 6	Unit 3: Creating/Performing Dance		Suggested Length: 12 60-minute class periods
Dance			
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and Assessment
			Student will:
	modern dance, dance created and		
	performed in a concert and/or		
	theatrical setting for an audience)		
	,		
	☐ AH-06-4.2.1 Students will create an		
	individual or a group dance with 2-3 other		
	people using dance elements (space, time and		
	force) that incorporates one of the following		
	compositional forms: AB, ABA, call and		
	response, or narrative.		
	response, or narrative.		
	☐ AH-06-4.2.2 Students will create an		
	improvisational dance with complex		
	movements (beginning, middle, end).		

Grade 6	Unit 4: Elements of Drama/Theatre		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute lessons
Drama Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	Program of Studies □ AH-6-Dr-1 Recognize plot development (e.g. rising action, turning point, falling action) and other dramatic elements (e.g., them, language, empathy, motivation) □ AH-6-Dr-2 Select scenery, props, lighting, sound, costumes, and make-up appropriate for scripted scenes □ AH-6-Dr-3 Identify types of staging and stage directions □ AH-6-Dr-4 Identify types of training and skills necessary for jobs associated with theatre □ AH-6-Dr-5 Describe central themes of dramatic works	Elements of drama Literary elements - Plot structures (rising action, turning point, falling action), Suspense Theme Language Style, Monologue Dialogue Technical elements – Scenery (set) Sound Lights	
	☐ AH-6-Dr-6 Discuss theatre experiences in terms of meaning for self and society	☐ Make-up ☐ Props	Divide into groups, each acting out a Biblical story, as this was the type of drama presented during this time.
	☐ AH-6-Dr-7 Write and perform dialog	Performance elements	DOK 3

Grade 6 Drama	Unit 4: Elements of Drama/Theatre		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute lessons
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	□ AH-6-Dr-8 Plan, produce, and present existing works of drama using appropriate elements and concepts □ AH-6-Dr-9 Communicate information about culture, time, and style in scripts, scenarios, and/or dramatizations □ AH-6-Dr-10 Engage in dramatic activities depicting different historical times, cultures, and styles □ AH-6-Dr-11 Describe how culture, purpose, style and time periods influence dramatic works □ AH-06-1.3.1 Students will identify or describe the use of elements of drama in dramatic work. DOK 2 □ Literary elements – Script, Plot structures (exposition, rising action,	Acting (e.g. character motivation and analysis, empathy), Speaking (e.g., breath control, projection, vocal expression and inflection, diction), Nonverbal expression (e.g., gestures, body alignment, facial expression, character blocking and movement) Cultures Bunraku/Banraku Japanese Puppet theatre puppeteering Native American and African influences On American storytelling Purposes of Drama Sharing the human	 □ Evaluate his/her performance and that of two other performers in other groups. DOK 3 □ Collaboration with Music teacher to produce a Medieval Feast event in the Arts and Humanities (music, dance, art, and drama). DOK 3 (Activities moved from 8th grade guides 2004) □ Learn and study the history of Japanese Puppeteering, the importance of the Zen spirit of timelessness and silence, plus the use of masks and the importance of color and the interpretation of symmetry. DOK 1 □ View video for Julie Taymore in Library- Based on these influences, students will write their own drama in small groups, create puppets for their story and retell their story for the class. This covers the Proscenium stage. DOK 2 □ Participate in a group activity creating a skit about crime in the street, using a subtle and stylish performance with little or no dialogue. The skit should convey a message about crime in the street, where good will overcome evil. Actions, gestures, and images should help convey this message. Students need to decide what color mask will be needed to portray each character, using what was
	climax or turning point, falling action, resolution), Suspense, Theme, Setting, Language, (word choice/style used to create character, dialect, point of view), Monologue, Dialogue, Empathy Technical Elements – Scenery (set), Sound, Lights, Make-up, Props, Costumes, Design Performance elements – Acting (e.g., character motivation and analysis), Speaking (e.g., breath control, projection, vocal expression, diction), Nonverbal expression (e.g., gestures, body alignment, facial expression, character blocking and movement,	experience Passing on Tradition and Culture Recreational Artistic Expression Stages Arena Thrust Proscenium	learned about No drama. DOK 3 After watching a video about mask making, each student will create a 3-D mask from paper in an appropriate Color for the type of character he/she portrays in the skit. DOK 2 Perform with group in skit, wearing the mask. DOK 2 Complete a follow-up writing activity, including what was learned about No drama, the elements of drama, production, and performance, and mask making while preparing for this performance project. DOK 4

Grade 6 Drama	Unit 4: Elements of Drama/Theatre		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute lessons
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	stage directions – stage left, stage right, center stage, upstage, downstage)		
	☐ AH-06-1.3.2 Students will describe how the technical elements (scenery, props, costumes, make-up, lighting, sound) communicate setting and mood.		
	☐ AH-06-1.3.3 Students will explain how performance elements (e.g., acting, speaking, movement) can create a believable character.		
	☐ AH-06-1.3.4 Students will identify and describe the types of stages (arena, thrust, proscenium).		
	☐ AH-06-2.3.1 Students will analyze or explain how diverse cultures and time periods are reflected in drama/theatre. DOK 3		
	Cultures: Bunraku (also called Banraku) – Japanese puppet theatre (Historical development and characteristics – developed as an art by late 1600's characteristics of music, storytelling, and sophisticated puppeteering)		
	☐ Native American and African influences on American storytelling		
	☐ AH-06-3.3.1 Students will identify or explain how drama/theatre fulfills a variety of purposes. DOK 2		
	Purposes of Drama/Theatre: (different roles of drama)		

Grade 6	Unit 4: Elements of Drama/Theatre		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute lessons
Drama	n cart 10 o	TZ TD 137 1 1	
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	☐ Sharing the human experience – to		Student win.
	express or communicate emotion,		
	feelings, ideas, information through		
	dramatic works (e.g., social change,		
	express or communicate universal		
	themes, to interpret and recreate		
	information, ideas, and emotions)		
	☐ Passing on tradition and culture – to		
	express or communicate feelings, ideas,		
	information (e.g., narrative,		
	storytelling, folktales, religious ritual		
	and ceremony)		
	Recreational – drama as recreation		
	and for recreational events (e.g., for		
	entertainment, diversion, festivals)		
	☐ <u>Artistic Expression</u> – drama created		
	with the intent to express or		
	communicate emotion, feelings, ideas,		
	information (e.g., dramatic works		
	created and performed in a theatrical setting for an audience)		
	setting for an addience)		
	☐ AH-06-4.3.1 Students will create and perform		
	using element of drama. (Literary, Technical,		
	Performance)		
	, in the second of the second		
	☐ AH-06-4.3.2 Students will improvise short		
	dialogues and monologues.		
	☐ AH-06-4.3.3 Students will engage in dramatic		
	activities that reflect historical times and		
	cultures.		
	☐ AH-06-4.3.4 Students will identify skills		
	necessary for jobs associated with theatre		
	(playwright, director, actor, actress, designers,		
	scenery, props, lighting, sounds, costume,		
	make-up)		

Grade 6	Unit 5: Elements, Principles and Historical		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute lessons
Visual Arts	Context		
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u>
	200		Student will:
	<u>Program of Studies</u>		
 How does artwork reflect the culture & styles? How do we use the elements & principles to create art? How can we create artwork using various media & processes? 	 □ AH-6-VA-1 Describe the elements of art (line, shape, color, form, texture, space, value) and principles of design (balance, emphasis, pattern, repetition, contrast, movement, rhythm, proportion, unity). □ AH-6-VA-2 Describe how elements of art and principles of design help artists organize works of art. □ AH-6-VA-3 Produce visual products which illustrate elements of art and principles of design □ AH-6-VA-4 Apply elements of art and principles of design in producing two- and three-dimensional art work involving a variety of subject matter. 	Elements of Art Line Shape Color properties (hue, value, intensity) and color schemes (monochromatic) Form Texture Space (positive/negative, perspective), and value (darkness or lightness, tints or shades)	□ Review/Discuss/Discover each of the following topics: DOK 1 □ Diego Rivera & Frida Kahlo Mural Painting (Persuasive Narrative Painting)- Color, Line, Shape, Values, Movement, Proportion, Rhythm, Contrast □ Asian Ceramics (Functional Art)- pattern, motif & balance, Line, Color scheme, texture, Sculpture □ Gothic & Romanesque Architecture (Ceremonial) – Roman Techniques- Balance, Repetition, Sculpture □ Compare the Latin Styles and Asian Styles: Patterns, motifs, balance, emphasis, subject matter. DOK 4 □ Creation of mural, ceramic pottery and scenery. DOK 3
	 □ AH-6-VA-5 Continue to develop a positive self-concept about one's own work and recognize the value of others' (peers and artists) works. □ AH-6-VA-6 Use and care for an expanding number of art tools and materials in a safe and proper manner. □ AH-6-VA-7 Describe how different media (e.g., paint, fibers, ink, clay) and processes (e.g., ceramics, painting, sculpture) can create a variety of visual effects. □ AH-6-VA-8 Use a variety of media and art processes to produce two- and three-dimensional works of art. □ AH-6-VA-9 Use art media, tools, techniques, and processes skillfully. Core Content □ AH-06-1.4.1 Students will describe works 	Principals of Design □ Repetition □ Pattern □ Balance (symmetrical/asymmetrical) □ Emphasis (focal point), Contrast (e.g., black/white, rough/smooth) □ Rhythm □ Proportion □ Movement Media and Processes □ Medium/Media □ 2-D/Two-Dimensional □ Crayon □ Pencil □ Paint □ Tempera	 □ Collaboration with Music teacher to produce a Medieval Feast event in the Arts and Humanities (music, dance, art, and drama). DOK 3 (Activities from the 8th grade guides 2004) □ Read and discuss questions over Ch. 5, "The Art of the Far East," in <u>Understanding Art.</u> DOK 1 □ Answer the review questions on page 79, before completing the work sheet over Ch. 5, using the book for reference. DOK 2 □ Discuss the oriental views on design and view different examples of block printing done by students, plus the work of the great Japanese artist, Hokusai. DOK 2 □ Create three designs for a linoleum block print with a nature theme. Any words or numbers must be written in reverse order so the pulled print will be correct. The best design will be re-drawn onto the linoleum block. DOK 3 □ Cut the linoleum using special tools and blades, cutting away the areas not to be printed. Ink will then be applied with a brayer to the printing plate. Paper will be

Grade 6 Visual Arts	Unit 5: Elements, Principles and Historical Context		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute lessons
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and <u>Assessment</u> Student will:
	of art using elements of art and principles of design. DOK 3	□ Watercolor□ Oil Pastels□ Chalk Pastels	placed onto the inked surface and a baren will placed onto the paper pressing it down onto the printing plate.
	Elements of Art: Line, Shape, Color properties (hue,	☐ Chalk Pastels ☐ Fabric ☐ Fiber art	Then pull the print from the surface. Present his/her print to the class describing, analyzing, and judging it. DOK 3
	value, intensity) and color schemes/groups (monochromatic),	☐ Yarn ☐ Ink	
	Form, Texture, Space (positive/negative, perspective (e.g., 1	☐ Printmaking ☐ Paper	
	point linear perspective), value (darkness or lightness, tints or shades)	☐ 3-D/Three- Dimensional ☐ Pottery	
	Principles of Design: ☐ Repetition, Pattern, Balance,	□ Papier-mâché□ Found objects	
	(symmetrical/asymmetrical), Emphasis, (focal point), Contrast (e.g.,	☐ Assemblage ☐ Sculpture	
	black/white, rough/smooth), Rhythm, Proportion, Movement.	☐ Fiber Art ☐ Weaving, ☐ Loom	
	☐ AH-06-1.4.2 Students will identify a variety of art media and art processes. DOK 1	□ Weft □ Warp	
	Media (plural)/Medium (singular):	Quilting & Knitting	
	(Properties of media need to be known in order to respond to artworks) ☐ Two-dimensional – crayon, pencil,	Subject Matter Landscape Portrait	
	fabric, yarn, paint (tempera, watercolor), ink, pastel	Still Life	
	☐ Three-dimensional – clay, papier-mâché, found objects (assemblages)	Cultures ☐ Latin American ☐ Asian	
	Art processes: ☐ Two-dimensional – drawing, painting,	☐ Medieval	
	fiber art (e.g., fabric printing, stamping, tie dye), printmaking	Purposes for Art Ceremonial	
	☐ Three-dimensional — ceramics, and sculpture, fiber art (e.g., constructing with fiber, weaving, knitting, quilting)	□ Artistic Expression□ Narrative□ Functional	
	with fiber, weaving, kintung, quilting)	Persuasive	

Essential Questions Program of Studies and Core Content Key Terms and Vocabulary Classroom Instruction and Assessment Student will: Student will: Student will: Student will: Student will: Student will:	Grade 6	Unit 5: Elements, Principles and Historical		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute lessons
landscape, portrait, still life) nonrepresentational (e.g., abstract, Scroll Porcelain	Visual Arts Essential Questions	Context Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	
AH-06-2.4.1 Students will analyze or explain how diverse cultures and time periods affect visual arts. DOK 3		landscape, portrait, still life) nonrepresentational (e.g., abstract, non-objective) AH-06-2.4.1 Students will analyze or explain how diverse cultures and time periods affect visual arts. DOK 3 Cultures: Latin American – mural art (e.g., Diego Rivera and his influence on other mural artists) Asian – China (the evolution of ceramics) AH-06-3.4.1 Students will identify or explain how art fulfills a variety of purposes. DOK 2 Purposes of Art: (different roles of art) Ceremonial – ritual, celebration, artworks created to support worship ceremonies Artistic Expression – artwork to express or communicate emotions, ideas, feelings (e.g., for self expression, to decorate or beautify objects) Narrative – artworks that tell stories, describe and illustrate experiences, or communicate ideas or information, art to document important or historical events Functional – artistic objects used in everyday life Persuasive – artworks that promote	□ Scroll □ Porcelain □ Perceive □ Pagoda □ Yamato-e □ Screen □ Ukiyo-e □ Woodblock printing □ Han dynasty □ Ming dynasty □ Glaze □ Meditation □ Buddha □ Brayer □ Baren	

Grade 6	Unit 5: Elements, Principles and Historical		Suggested Length: 23 60-minute lessons
Visual Arts	Context		
Essential Questions	Program of Studies and Core Content	Key Terms and Vocabulary	Classroom Instruction and Assessment
			Student will:
	advertising, marketing, propaganda,		
	ideology, etc.)		
	☐ AH-06-4.4.1 Students will create art for specific purposes using the elements of art and principles of design to communicate ideas		
	☐ AH-06-4.4.2 Students will use a variety of art media, processes, and subject matter to communicate ideas, feelings, and experiences.		