

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2025

**NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Exhibit</u>		<u>Page</u>
	CERTIFICATE OF BOARD	3
	Independent Auditor's Report	4-7
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	8-13
	<u>Basic Financial Statements</u>	
	Government Wide Statements:	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	14
B-1	Statement of Activities	15
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet	16
C-2	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	17
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	18-19
C-4	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	20
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
E-1	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	21
E-2	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position	22
	Notes to the Financial Statements	23-51
	<u>Required Supplementary Information</u>	
G-1	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	52
G-2	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	53-54
G-3	Schedule of the District's Contributions for Pensions	55-56
G-4	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	57-58
G-5	Schedule of the District's Contributions for Other Post-Employment Benefits	59-60
	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	61
	<u>Combining and Other Statements</u>	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
H-1	Combining Balance Sheet	62-64
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	65-67
	<u>T.E.A. Required Schedules</u>	
J-1	Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	68-69
J-2	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Child Nutrition Program	70
J-3	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	71
J-4	Use of Funds Report - Select State Allotment Programs	72

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Exhibit</u>		<u>Page</u>
	<u>Federal Section</u>	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	73-74
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	75-77
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	78-79
	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	80
	Corrective Action Plan	81
K-1	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	82-83
	Notes on Accounting Policies for Federal Awards	84
	School's First Questionnaire	

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Natalia Independent School District Medina 163903
Name of School District County Co. Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above-named school district were reviewed and (check one) _____ approved _____ disapproved for the year ended June 30, 2025 at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the _____ of _____, 2025.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is(are):
(attach list as necessary)

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Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of
Natalia Independent School District
Natalia, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Natalia Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025. These statements also include the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Natalia Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Natalia Independent School District, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Natalia Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note R to the financial statements, in 2025, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Natalia Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- * Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- * Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- * Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Natalia Independent School District's internal controls. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- * Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- * Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Natalia Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-General Fund, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions for Pensions, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of the District Contributions for Other Post-Employment Benefits on pages 8-13 and 52-60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide an assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Natalia Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, along with the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and to certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements as well as the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Texas Education Agency (TEA) requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with the laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is presented in exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as Exhibits J-1, J-2, J-3, and J-4. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2025, on our consideration of the Natalia Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and on the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Natalia Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Natalia Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coleman, Horton and Company, LLP

Uvalde, Texas

August 29, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Annual Financial Report of the Natalia Independent School District (the District) is presented in six sections: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, Combining and Other Schedules, TEA Required Schedules, and the Federal Section. This section of the District's Annual Financial Report presents management's discussion and analysis of financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial section, which follows.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- * The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's *overall* financial position.
- * The remaining statements are *fund financial statements*, which focus on *individual parts* of the District's government and report operations in *greater detail* than the government-wide statements.
- * The *Governmental Fund Financial Statements* explain how *general government* services were financed in the *short term* and indicate the resources available for future spending.
- * The *Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements* present information about the financial relationships in which the District acts as *custodian* for the benefit of others to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain certain information and provide additional detail. Following the statements and notes is a section of *Required Supplementary Information*, which offers further explanation and support for the information presented in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- * Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- * To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental Activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- * Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- * The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has two kinds of funds:

- * *Governmental funds* - Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, then explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- * *Fiduciary funds* - The District is the custodian, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Highlights

* The District’s combined net position was \$10,028,222 at June 30, 2025, an increase of \$850,672 from day-to-day operations and a decrease of \$294,690 for a restatement of net position from implementation of GASB 101 regarding compensated absences.

* During the year, the District's revenue was \$21,685,561 as reflected below:

	Governmental Activities		
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
a) Taxes	\$ 4,781,936	\$ 4,351,829	\$ 430,107
b) State aid	13,482,354	12,712,943	769,411
c) Federal aid	2,101,819	2,571,025	(469,206)
d) Investment earnings	891,832	245,371	646,461
e) Other	427,620	440,797	(13,177)
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 21,685,561</u>	<u>\$ 20,321,965</u>	<u>\$ 1,363,596</u>

* During the year the District's expenses were \$20,834,889 as reflected below:

	Governmental Activities		
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
a) Instruction and instructional related	\$ 10,109,695	\$ 9,800,854	\$ 308,841
b) Instruction leadership/school administration	1,309,743	1,357,750	(48,007)
c) Guidance, social work, health, transportation	1,341,998	1,387,833	(45,835)
d) Food services	1,103,156	1,109,411	(6,255)
e) Extracurricular activities	1,197,512	1,165,394	32,118
f) General administration	1,020,579	774,982	245,597
g) Plant maintenance and security	2,765,725	3,027,975	(262,250)
h) Data processing services	654,261	641,680	12,581
i) Community services	62,938	62,277	661
j) Debt service	1,259,781	388,046	871,735
k) Capital outlay	4,075	-	4,075
l) Shared service	5,426	13,341	(7,915)
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 20,834,889</u>	<u>\$ 19,729,543</u>	<u>\$ 1,105,346</u>

- * The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$4,831,198, a decrease of \$128,304.
- * The Capital Projects reported a fund balance of \$16,906,941, an increase of \$16,906,941.
- * The District's combined net position was \$10,028,222 at June 30, 2025, as reflected below:

	Governmental Activities		
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 26,231,218	\$ 8,711,604	\$ 17,519,614
Capital and non-current assets	27,472,629	21,528,002	5,944,627
Total Assets	\$ 53,703,847	\$ 30,239,606	\$ 23,464,241
Deferred resource outflow	\$ 3,685,751	\$ 3,346,973	\$ 338,778
Current liabilities	\$ 2,426,602	\$ 1,650,600	\$ 776,002
Long-term liabilities	41,531,166	18,269,398	23,261,768
Total Liabilities	\$ 43,957,768	\$ 19,919,998	\$ 24,037,770
Deferred resource inflow	\$ 3,403,608	\$ 4,194,341	\$ (790,733)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,024,026	\$ 11,149,485	\$ 874,541
Restricted	1,872,854	1,635,854	237,000
Unrestricted	(3,868,658)	(3,313,099)	(555,559)
Total Net Position	\$ 10,028,222	\$ 9,472,240	\$ 555,982

- * During the past year, property tax rates decreased by 0.23 cents per \$100 of valuation, while the tax base increased by \$33,599,453. As a result, the tax levy increased by \$378,772.
- * State aid increased for the year by \$769,411.
- * Federal aid decreased for the year by \$469,206.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital assets for the District at the end of fiscal year June 30, 2025, amounted to \$27,472,629. It is the District's policy to charge off as a current expenditure any purchase less than \$5,000. The total capital assets recorded were land and its improvements, buildings, equipment and vehicles, construction in progress, and right-to-use lease assets, as reflected below:

District's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
Land	\$ 205,668	\$ 205,668	\$ -
Buildings and improvements	30,309,284	30,241,196	68,088
Equipment	4,405,602	4,366,362	39,240
Construction in progress	6,842,517	68,088	6,774,429
Right-to-use lease asset - furniture and equipment	152,589	152,589	-
Totals at historical cost	\$ 41,915,660	\$ 35,033,903	\$ 6,881,757
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ (14,443,031)</u>	<u>\$ (13,505,901)</u>	<u>\$ (937,130)</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 27,472,629</u>	<u>\$ 21,528,002</u>	<u>\$ 5,944,627</u>

Long-term Liabilities

The District had scheduled bond retirements during the year of \$1,020,000.

- * Maintenance tax notes were retired for \$65,000.
- * Time warrant notes were reduced by \$65,000.
- * Right-to-use lease liabilities were decreased by \$27,352.

District's Long-Term Debt

	Governmental Activities		
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
Bonds payable	\$ 28,625,000	\$ 7,295,000	\$ 21,330,000
Maintenance tax notes	1,610,000	1,675,000	(65,000)
Time warrant notes	748,000	813,000	(65,000)
Right-to-use lease liabilities	103,058	130,410	(27,352)
Unamortized bond premium/discount	1,269,486	465,107	804,379
Compensated Absences	366,644	294,690	71,954
Totals	<u>\$ 32,722,188</u>	<u>\$ 10,673,207</u>	<u>\$ 22,048,981</u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget several times. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$965,853 below final budgeted amounts, primarily due to staffing and budget efficiencies. Resources available were \$46,015 below the final budgeted amount. Revenue results varied by source:

- * Local revenues were less than anticipated.
- * State revenues exceeded expectations.
- * Federal revenues were less than anticipated.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed for customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Department.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT A-1

Data Control Codes	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,549,880
1120 Current Investments	19,879,718
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	748,384
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(74,838)
1240 Due from Other Governments	2,128,074
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	205,668
1520 Buildings, Net	19,509,275
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	818,530
1550 Right-to-Use Leased Assets, Net	96,639
1580 Construction in Progress	6,842,517
1000 Total Assets	53,703,847
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	1,693,000
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	1,992,751
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,685,751
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	689,891
2140 Interest Payable	468,965
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	12,783
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,132,044
2200 Accrued Expenses	121,480
2300 Unearned Revenue	1,439
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501 Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:	904,443
2502 Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.	31,817,745
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	5,462,465
2545 Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	3,346,513
2000 Total Liabilities	43,957,768
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	173,247
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	3,230,361
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,403,608
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets Restricted:	12,024,026
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	591,611
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	1,281,243
3900 Unrestricted	(3,868,658)
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 10,028,222

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net
Position

6
Primary Gov.
Governmental
Activities

Data Control Codes	1	Program Revenues		6	
		3	4		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Primary Gov. Governmental Activities	
Primary Government:					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
11	Instruction	\$ 9,557,542	\$ 30,818	\$ 836,616	\$ (8,690,108)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	101,956	-	317	(101,639)
13	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	450,197	-	75,731	(374,466)
21	Instructional Leadership	184,909	-	-	(184,909)
23	School Leadership	1,124,834	-	19,052	(1,105,782)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	491,211	-	88,509	(402,702)
33	Health Services	190,685	-	182	(190,503)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation	660,102	-	-	(660,102)
35	Food Services	1,103,156	44,761	1,029,521	(28,874)
36	Extracurricular Activities	1,197,512	183,329	-	(1,014,183)
41	General Administration	1,020,579	-	-	(1,020,579)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,941,944	39,854	59,622	(1,842,468)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	823,781	-	781,448	(42,333)
53	Data Processing Services	654,261	-	-	(654,261)
61	Community Services	62,938	-	-	(62,938)
72	Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,079,937	-	-	(1,079,937)
73	Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	179,844	-	-	(179,844)
81	Capital Outlay	4,075	-	-	(4,075)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	5,426	-	-	(5,426)
	[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 20,834,889	\$ 298,762	\$ 2,890,998	(17,645,129)

Data Control Codes	General Revenues:	
	Taxes:	
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	3,126,399
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	1,655,537
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants	12,098,718
GC	Grants and Contributions not Restricted	594,457
IE	Investment Earnings	891,832
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue	128,858
TR	Total General Revenues	18,495,801
CN	Change in Net Position	850,672
NB	Net Position - Beginning as Previously Reported	9,472,240
PA	Prior Period Adjustment	(294,690)
	Net Position - Beginning as Restated and Adjusted	9,177,550
NE	Net Position - Ending	\$ 10,028,222

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	Capital Projects	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,382,415	\$ -	\$ 1,167,465	\$ 3,549,880
1120 Investments - Current	1,580,265	17,470,351	829,102	19,879,718
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	525,422	-	222,962	748,384
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(52,542)	-	(22,296)	(74,838)
1240 Due from Other Governments	1,944,273	-	183,801	2,128,074
1260 Due from Other Funds	203,542	-	-	203,542
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 6,583,375</u>	<u>\$ 17,470,351</u>	<u>\$ 2,381,034</u>	<u>\$ 26,434,760</u>
LIABILITIES				
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 120,377	\$ 563,410	\$ 6,104	\$ 689,891
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	12,783	-	-	12,783
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	991,231	-	140,813	1,132,044
2170 Due to Other Funds	122,345	-	81,197	203,542
2200 Accrued Expenditures	88,106	-	33,374	121,480
2300 Unearned Revenue	-	-	1,439	1,439
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>1,334,842</u>	<u>563,410</u>	<u>262,927</u>	<u>2,161,179</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	417,335	-	173,128	590,463
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>417,335</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>173,128</u>	<u>590,463</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	591,611	591,611
3470 Capital Acquisition and Contractual Obligation	-	16,906,941	-	16,906,941
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	-	1,281,243	1,281,243
Committed Fund Balance:				
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	72,125	72,125
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	4,831,198	-	-	4,831,198
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>4,831,198</u>	<u>16,906,941</u>	<u>1,944,979</u>	<u>23,683,118</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 6,583,375</u>	<u>\$ 17,470,351</u>	<u>\$ 2,381,034</u>	<u>\$ 26,434,760</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	23,683,118
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$35,033,903 and the accumulated depreciation was \$(13,505,901). In addition, long-term debt liabilities of \$(9,913,410), are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.		11,614,592
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2025 capital outlays of \$6,893,525 and debt principal payments of \$1,177,352, is to increase net position.		8,070,877
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$(5,462,465), a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$(173,247) and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$1,693,000. The net effect of these recognitions is to decrease net position.		(3,942,712)
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$(3,346,513), a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$(3,230,361), and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$1,992,751. The net effect of these recognitions is to decrease net position.		(4,584,123)
5 The 2025 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(948,895)
6 Various other reclassifications and recognitions are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable property tax receivable of \$590,463 as revenue, bond and debt premiums of \$(1,269,486), reclassifying the proceeds of new bonds of \$(22,350,000), recording compensated absences of \$(366,644), rounding errors of \$(3) and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt interest of \$(468,965). The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.		(23,864,635)
29 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	10,028,222

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	Capital Projects	Prior Year Major Debt Service Fund
REVENUES:			
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 3,412,143	\$ 733,533	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	12,890,208	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	65,941	-	-
5020 Total Revenues	<u>16,368,292</u>	<u>733,533</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	8,538,072	-	-
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	84,454	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	390,800	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	174,251	-	-
0023 School Leadership	1,109,165	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	394,826	-	-
0033 Health Services	202,080	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	643,726	-	-
0035 Food Services	862	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	1,098,426	-	-
0041 General Administration	977,675	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,842,361	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	50,191	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	661,296	-	-
0061 Community Services	66,881	-	-
Debt Service:			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	157,352	-	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	97,952	-	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	800	179,044	-
Capital Outlay:			
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	6,846,592	-
Intergovernmental:			
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	5,426	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>16,496,596</u>	<u>7,025,636</u>	<u>-</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(128,304)</u>	<u>(6,292,103)</u>	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7911 Capital Related Debt Issued	-	22,350,000	-
7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	849,044	-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>23,199,044</u>	<u>-</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>(128,304)</u>	<u>16,906,941</u>	<u>-</u>
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	4,959,502	-	1,071,476
1300 Change from Major to Nonmajor Fund	-	-	(1,071,476)
Fund Balance - July 1, as Adjusted	<u>4,959,502</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 4,831,198</u>	<u>\$ 16,906,941</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	1,886,214	\$ 6,031,890
	1,053,948	13,944,156
	2,035,878	2,101,819
	4,976,040	22,077,865
	836,616	9,374,688
	317	84,771
	75,731	466,531
	-	174,251
	19,052	1,128,217
	88,509	483,335
	182	202,262
	-	643,726
	1,048,100	1,048,962
	122,350	1,220,776
	1,986	979,661
	59,622	1,901,983
	781,448	831,639
	-	661,296
	-	66,881
	1,020,000	1,177,352
	684,059	782,011
	-	179,844
	-	6,846,592
	-	5,426
	4,737,972	28,260,204
	238,068	(6,182,339)
	-	22,350,000
	3,508	852,552
	3,508	23,202,552
	241,576	17,020,213
	631,927	6,662,905
	1,071,476	-
	1,703,403	6,662,905
\$	1,944,979	\$ 23,683,118

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT C-4

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 17,020,213
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2025 capital outlays of \$6,893,525 and debt principal payments of \$1,177,352, is to increase net position.	8,070,877
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(948,895)
The reporting of GASB 68 for the current year increased revenue by \$276,631 but also increased expense by \$(621,076). The result of these items is to decrease net position.	(344,445)
The reporting of GASB 75 for the current year reduced revenue by \$(738,433) and decreased expenses by \$1,294,292. The result of these items is to increase net position.	555,859
Various other reclassifications and recognitions are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing the change in unavailable tax revenue of \$69,498, recognizing the change in liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt interest of \$(346,099), recognizing bond premium amortization of \$48,173, reclassifying the proceeds of right new bonds issued of \$(22,350,000), bond premium of \$(852,552), rounding errors of \$(3) and recognizing the change in compensated absences of \$(71,954). The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(23,502,937)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 850,672

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

	Custodial Fund
<hr/>	
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,460
Investments - Current	<u>39,330</u>
Total Assets	<u>40,790</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	<u>862</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>862</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Campus Activities	<u>39,928</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 39,928</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Enterprising Services Revenue	\$ 77,272
Total Additions	<u>77,272</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Supplies and Materials	76,040
Other Deductions	800
Total Deductions	<u>76,840</u>
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	432
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>39,496</u>
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	<u><u>\$ 39,928</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Natalia Independent School District (the District) is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in *GASB Statement No. 76*, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the Resource Guide) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from the TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes, for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Fair Value. The District applies *GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining fair value measurements for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

Changes in Accounting and Changes To or Within the Financial Reporting Entity. As required by GASB Statement No. 100, the District must disclose in these notes any change in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity. The impact of all of these changes are presented in the financial statements as an Adjustment and/or Restatement of the beginning net position, fund balance, or fund net position as applicable at the earliest period presented.

Change in Accounting Principle – The District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, for the year ended June 30, 2025. This statement redefined compensated absences to include local and state leave and clarified the criteria for recognizing liabilities for both used and unused leave. The District has restated its beginning net position in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, effectively decreasing net position as of July 1, 2024 by \$294,690. The District also recognizes a liability for compensated absences that have been used but not yet paid, and these amounts are included in the long-term debt liability of the District.

Changes to or Within the Financial Reporting Entity - The District applies GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. This statement requires that changes in the financial reporting entity be reflected by adjusting the beginning balances of the current reporting period. Previously, the Debt Service Fund was reported as a major fund. Due to increased revenues and expenditures in other funds during the current year, the Debt Service Fund is now classified as a nonmajor fund, requiring its separate inclusion in the fund financial statements and an adjustment to the beginning fund balance.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental Activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "Charges for Services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "Operating Grants and Contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. One example includes grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the governmental fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the “susceptible to accrual” concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them “available” if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable.

Fiduciary funds include Custodial Funds. Data from fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports on the following major governmental funds:

- 1. The General Fund** - The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of the District not required to be accounted for in another fund. It is the District’s primary operating fund and is used to support the general operations of the District.
- 2. Capital Projects Fund** – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the proceeds of long-term debt financing, along with related revenues and expenditures for authorized construction projects and other capital asset acquisitions.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

1. **Special Revenue Funds** - Special Revenue Funds account for resources that are restricted or designated for specific purposes by the District or by external grantors. These funds include most federal and certain state financial assistance programs, and unexpended balances may be required to be returned to the grantor upon completion of specified project periods.
2. **Debt Service Fund** - The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the District's long-term general obligation debt within the governmental funds.

Fiduciary Funds:

3. **Custodial Funds** – Custodial Funds account for resources held by the District in a custodial capacity for others. These funds are used to report assets held for student and other organizations. The District's custodial fund activity is reported in the Student Activity Account.

E. FUND BALANCE POLICY

The District reports fund balances for governmental funds in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the district is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The **nonspendable** classification represents assets that will be consumed or “must be maintained intact” and therefore will never convert to cash, such as inventories of supplies. Provisions of laws, contracts, and grants specify how fund resources can be used in the **restricted** classification. The nature of these two classifications precludes a need for a policy from the Board. However, the Board has adopted fund balance policies for the three unrestricted classifications – committed, assigned, and unassigned.

From time to time, the Board may commit fund balances by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. The Board's commitment may be modified or rescinded by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. Board commitments cannot exceed the amount of fund balance that is greater than the sum of nonspendable and restricted fund balances since that practice would commit funds that the district does not have. Commitments may be for facility expansion or renovation, program modifications, wage and salary adjustments, financial cushions, and other purposes determined by the Board.

The Board may delegate authority to specified persons or groups to make assignments of certain fund balances by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. The Board may modify or rescind its delegation of authority by the same action. The authority to make assignments shall be in effect until modified or rescinded by the Board by majority vote in a scheduled meeting.

When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the Board delegates authority to the Superintendent or the Business Manager.

When the District incurs expenditures that can be made from either restricted or unrestricted balances, the expenditures should be charged to restricted balances. When the District incurs expenditures that can be made from either committed, assigned, or unassigned balances, the expenditures should be charged to committed, assigned, then unassigned.

Restricted	
Food Service	\$ 530,087
Summer Feeding	61,524
Debt Service	1,281,243
Capital Projects	<u>16,906,941</u>
Total Restricted	\$ 18,779,795
Committed	\$ 72,125
Unassigned	<u>4,831,198</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 23,683,118</u>

The District’s financial goal is to maintain a yearly fund balance in the general operating fund of 50% of the total operating expenditures.

F. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. The District records the purchase of supplies as expenditures.
2. The District records its investments at fair value.
3. Unearned revenue accounted for on the balance sheet of the General Fund relates to excess funds received from the Texas Education Agency over earned amounts.
4. The District provides risk management obligations by carrying appropriate insurance. Risk of loss is not retained by the District.
5. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
6. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In accordance with GASB 87 for reporting leases, a right-to-use lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of another entity’s nonfinancial asset(s) as specified in the contract for a period of time, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. To be accounted for as a lease, the lease must meet the definition of a “long-term” lease provided in GASB 87. The right-to-use lease liability is reported in the government-wide statements. The lease liability is calculated as the present value of the reasonably certain expected payments to be made over the term of the lease and the interest included in the lease payment is recorded as an expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing resources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. With GASB 87, the initial measure of a new right-to-use lease arrangement is reported in governmental fund types as another financial source during the current period. Monthly payments are reported as principal and interest payments during the reporting period of the fund level statements.

7. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and right-to-use lease assets are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Right-to-use lease assets are also reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capitalization of right-to-use lease assets is determined by the significance of total future financial obligations for the lease when measured at inception of the lease term. The term of the lease must be the noncancelable period during which the District has the right to use the tangible asset(s) of another entity plus any periods in which either the lessee or the lessor has the sole option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain the option will be exercised, plus any periods in which either the lessee or the lessor has the sole option to terminate the lease if it is reasonably certain the option will not be exercised by that party and must not meet the definition of a short-term lease under GASB 87. If the lease is in a governmental fund, the full amount of the lease asset will be reported as an expenditure in the fund level statements the year the agreement is made.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment, and lease assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives or, for the lease asset, for the term of the lease if the estimated useful life is longer than the term of the lease, if there is an option to purchase, which is expected to be exercised:

Assets	Years
Buildings	15 - 40
Equipment	5 - 10

8. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first unless unrestricted assets will have to be returned because they were not used.
9. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

10. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District's deferred outflows of resources consist of differences between expected and actual actuarial experience (pension & OPEB), changes in actuarial assumptions (pension & OPEB), differences between projected and actual investment earnings (pension), change in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions (pension & OPEB), and contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date (pension & OPEB).
11. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government-wide statement of net position. In the government-wide financial statements, the District reports a deferred inflow of resources for differences between expected and actual actuarial experience (pension & OPEB), changes in actuarial assumptions (pension & OPEB), differences between projected and actual investment earnings (OPEB), and changes in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions (pension & OPEB).

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Food Service Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1, and the other two reports are in Exhibits J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

1. Prior to June 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant.

4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

June 30, 2025	
<u>Fund Balance</u>	
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service and Summer Feeding Special Revenue Fund	\$ 591,611
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	<u>72,125</u>
All Special Revenue Funds	<u><u>\$ 663,736</u></u>

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits: State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

As of June 30, 2025, the District had funds on deposit of \$3,312,300 in excess of FDIC coverage, secured by pledged securities of the depository bank.

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The **Public Funds Investment Act**, Government Code Chapter 2256, (the Act) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity; (2) portfolio diversification; (3) allowable investments; (4) acceptable risk levels; (5) expected rates of return; (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments; (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio; (8) investment staff quality and capabilities; and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in: (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an “A”; (4) no load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated no lower than “AA-“ or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The investment pools used by the District are organized under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. The investment pools are public funds investment pools created to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds in authorized short-term investments.

The District’s investment in investment pools, which are exempt from regulation by the Securities and Exchange Commission, have as one of their objectives the maintenance of stable net asset value of \$1. The book value of the position in the pools is the same as the number of the shares in each pool; the market value of a share should approximately equal the book value of a share.

As of June 30, 2025, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment Type and Description</u>	<u>Credit Rating</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Texpool Investment Pool			
Texpool Prime	AAAm	N/A	\$ 2,448,697
Lonestar Investment Pool			
Corporate Overnight Plus Fund	AAAm	43 Days	<u>17,470,351</u>
Total Investments			<u>\$ 19,919,047</u>

Public Funds Investment Pools: Public funds investment pools in Texas (Pools) are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Act. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

TexPool

Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool): TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC Rule2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets and compute share prices.

Accordingly, the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the shares in each pool.

TexPool is organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, of the Texas Government Code. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, which is authorized to operate TexPool. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy. This Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool. Financial information for TexPool can be accessed on the internet at <http://www.texpool.com>.

Lone Star

The **Lone Star Investment Pool** (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All fourteen members of the Board of Trustees are Lone Star participants, either as employees or as elected officials of participating entities. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight, and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72.

The Pool is governed by a fourteen-member board of trustees made up of active participants in the Pool. The Board of Trustees has the responsibility of adopting and monitoring compliance with the investment policy, appointing investment officers, and overseeing the selection of an investment advisor, custodian, investment consultant, administrator, and other service providers. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for monitoring performance of the Pool. Financial information for the Pool can be obtained by writing to Post Office Box 400, Austin, Texas, 78767-0400 or by calling 1-800-758-3927.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing deposits and investments of the District are specified below:

Credit Risk - To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations, the District limits investments to those allowed by Government Code 2256. As of June 30, 2025, the District's investments were limited to investment pools.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments - To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party, the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the District's custodian and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. All of the securities are held by the District's agent.

Concentration of Credit Risk - To limit the risk of loss, the District's investment portfolio is diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity schedule, and financial institutions.

Interest Rate Risk - To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District's investment portfolio has various maturities.

Foreign Currency Risk for Investment - The District has no foreign currency investments.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

<u>Investments at Fair Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Fair Value Measurement Using:</u>		
		<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>
Public Funds Investment Pool	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,919,047	\$ -
Total Investments, at Fair Value	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 19,919,047</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which they are imposed. On January 30 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and are receivable within the current period, and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES/TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2025, consisted of the following amounts:

Due to General Fund From:

Intrafund	\$ 122,345
Debt Service Fund	-
Special Revenue Fund	<u>81,197</u>
Total Due to General Fund	<u>\$ 203,542</u>

Interfund balances are recorded primarily for payroll clearing and investment income allocation.

No transfers were made during the year.

E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2025, were as follows:

	<u>Property Taxes</u>	<u>Other Governments</u>	<u>Due From Other Funds</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total Receivables</u>
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	\$ 525,422	\$ 1,944,273	\$ 203,542	\$ -	\$ 2,673,237
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>222,962</u>	<u>183,801</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>406,763</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 748,384</u>	<u>\$ 2,128,074</u>	<u>\$ 203,542</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,080,000</u>
Amount not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year	<u>\$ 74,838</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 74,838</u>

Payables at June 30, 2025, were as follows:

	<u>Accounts Payable</u>	<u>Salaries and Benefits</u>	<u>Due to Other Funds</u>	<u>Due to Other Governments</u>	<u>Total Payables</u>
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	\$ 120,377	\$ 1,092,120	\$ 122,345	\$ -	\$ 1,334,842
Capital Projects Fund	563,410	-	-	-	563,410
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>6,104</u>	<u>174,187</u>	<u>81,197</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>261,488</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 689,891</u>	<u>\$ 1,266,307</u>	<u>\$ 203,542</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,159,740</u>
Amount not scheduled for payment during the subsequent year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Land	\$ 205,668	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 205,668
Buildings and improvements	30,241,197	-	68,087	30,309,284
Equipment	4,366,361	51,008	(11,767)	4,405,602
Construction in progress	68,088	6,842,517	(68,088)	6,842,517
Right-to-use lease assets - furniture & equipment	152,589	-	-	152,589
Total at historical cost	<u>35,033,903</u>	<u>6,893,525</u>	<u>(11,768)</u>	<u>41,915,660</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(10,077,697)	(722,311)	(1)	(10,800,009)
Equipment	(3,402,772)	(196,066)	11,766	(3,587,072)
Right-to-use lease assets - furniture & equipment	(25,432)	(30,518)	-	(55,950)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(13,505,901)</u>	<u>(948,895)</u>	<u>11,765</u>	<u>(14,443,031)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 21,528,002</u>	<u>\$ 5,944,630</u>	<u>\$ (3)</u>	<u>\$ 27,472,629</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 550,359
Instructional resources & media services	18,978
Instructional leadership	18,978
School leadership	56,934
Guidance and counseling	28,467
Student (pupil) transportation	47,445
Food services	75,912
General administration	37,956
Plant maintenance and operations	104,378
Data processing	9,488
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 948,895</u>

G. BONDS PAYABLE

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. The bonds mature serially through the year 2045, with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00%.

A summary of changes in bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2025, is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Interest Current Year	Amounts Outstanding 7/1/2024	Issued	Retired/ Refunded	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2025	Amounts due within one year
Unlimited Tax School Building Series 2024	4.00% - 5.00%	\$ 22,350,000	\$ 431,008	\$ -	\$ 22,350,000	\$ 710,000	\$ 21,640,000	\$ 250,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Series 2019	3.00% - 5.00%	\$ 10,380,000	\$ 253,050	\$ 7,295,000	\$ -	\$ 310,000	\$ 6,985,000	\$ 325,000
Totals			\$ 684,058	\$ 7,295,000	\$ 22,350,000	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 28,625,000	\$ 575,000

On May 30, 2024, the District deposited \$796,978 of its existing resources with an escrow agent in trust for the defeasance of \$770,000 of bonds from its Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2019, that mature on February 15, 2041, February 15, 2042, and February 15, 2043. By placing the funds in trust with the escrow agent, the District looks to exercise the call date of February 15, 2028. Total debt service to maturity of the bonds amounts to \$1,191,050, and total debt service to the call date amounts to \$862,400, for a total cash flow savings to the District of \$394,071. As a result, those portions of the bonds refunded were considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the District's long-term debt account group.

On May 4, 2023, the District deposited \$746,613 of its existing resources with an escrow agent in trust for the defeasance of \$720,000 of bonds from its Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2019 that mature on February 15, 2044. By placing the funds in trust with the escrow agent, the District looks to exercise the call date of February 15, 2028. Total debt service to maturity of the bonds amounts to \$1,161,900 and total debt service to the call date amounts to \$828,000, for a total cash flow savings to the District of \$415,288. As a result, those portions of the bonds refunded were considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the District's long-term debt account group.

On May 5, 2022, the District deposited \$265,362 of its existing resources with an escrow agent in trust for the defeasance of \$260,000 of bonds from its Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2019, that mature on February 15, 2044. By placing the funds in trust with the escrow agent, the District looks to exercise the call date of February 15, 2028. Total debt service to maturity of the bonds amounts to \$431,600 and total debt service to the call date amounts to \$306,800, for a total cash flow savings to the District of \$154,969. As a result, those portions of the bonds refunded were considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the District's long-term debt account group.

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	General Obligations		Total Requirements
	Principal	Interest	
2026	\$ 575,000	\$ 1,180,100	\$ 1,755,100
2027	655,000	1,151,350	1,806,350
2028	740,000	1,118,600	1,858,600
2029	800,000	1,081,600	1,881,600
2030	840,000	1,041,600	1,881,600
2031-2035	4,745,000	4,665,950	9,410,950
2036-2040	5,795,000	3,608,500	9,403,500
2041-2045	4,655,000	2,487,700	7,142,700
2046-2050	5,025,000	1,578,000	6,603,000
2051-2054	4,795,000	488,800	5,283,800
Total	<u>\$ 28,625,000</u>	<u>\$ 18,402,200</u>	<u>\$ 47,027,200</u>

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2025.

H. LONG-TERM DEBT – NOTES AND TIME WARRANTS

The District accounts for loans and time warrants through the General Fund. Notes and time warrants are made in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Education Code, Section 45.108.

Date of Issue Maturity	Purpose and Lawful Authority	Fund Payable From	Interest Rate	Loan Amount	Current Year Interest	Amounts Outstanding 7/1/2024	Issued Current Year	Retired Current Year	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2025	Amounts due within one year
12/18		General	3.00% -							
11/23	45.108	Fund	5.00%	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 69,013	\$ 1,675,000	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$ 1,610,000	\$ 75,000
4/21		General								
6/35	45.108	Fund	2.49%	1,000,000	\$ 20,208	\$ 813,000	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$ 748,000	\$ 67,000
		Total			<u>\$ 89,221</u>	<u>\$ 2,488,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 130,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,358,000</u>	<u>\$ 142,000</u>

Debt service requirements for loans and time warrants are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2026	\$ 142,000	\$ 84,138	\$ 226,138
2027	154,000	78,469	232,469
2028	165,000	72,251	237,251
2029	177,000	65,508	242,508
2030	179,000	58,991	237,991
2031-2035	1,051,000	194,067	1,245,067
2036-2039	490,000	29,062	519,062
Total	<u>\$ 2,358,000</u>	<u>\$ 582,486</u>	<u>\$ 2,940,486</u>

I. RIGHT-TO-USE LEASE LIABILITIES PAYABLE

The District leases multiple photocopy machines with an agreement having a 5-year term. Payments of \$3,091 are made monthly which consist of principal and interest of 8.25%. No assets were pledged as collateral for this lease.

A summary of right-to-use lease arrangements for the year ended June 30, 2025, is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Interest Current Year	Amounts Outstanding 7/1/2024	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2025	Amounts due within one year
Ricoh Lease, 2023	8.25%	152,589	\$ 9,740	\$ 130,410	\$ -	\$ 27,352	\$ 103,058	\$ 29,696
Totals			<u>\$ 9,740</u>	<u>\$ 130,410</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 27,352</u>	<u>\$ 103,058</u>	<u>\$ 29,696</u>

Future principal and interest payments due to maturity as of the end of the fiscal year are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2026	\$ 29,696	\$ 9,740	\$ 39,436
2027	32,241	7,396	39,637
2028	35,003	4,851	39,854
2029	6,118	2,090	8,208
Total	<u>\$ 103,058</u>	<u>\$ 24,077</u>	<u>\$ 127,135</u>

J. ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

The State of Texas has created a minimum personal leave program consisting of five days per year leave with no limit on accumulation and transferability among districts for every teacher regularly employed in Texas public schools. The leave is a liability of the District since it accumulates and thus is recorded as a long-term liability of the District on its government-wide financial statements.

Each District’s local Board of Education is required to establish a leave plan. Local school districts may provide additional leave beyond the state minimum. The District provides an additional three to five days per year. Personal leave accumulates without limit and thus is recorded as a long-term liability of the District on its government-wide financial statements.

K. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term activity for the year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2024	Additions	Retired/ Refunded	Balance 6/30/2025	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds	\$ 7,295,000	\$ 22,350,000	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 28,625,000	\$ 575,000
Net Issuance Premium	409,127	852,552	44,174	1,217,505	-
Total Bonds Payable	<u>\$ 7,704,127</u>	<u>\$ 23,202,552</u>	<u>\$ 1,064,174</u>	<u>\$ 29,842,505</u>	<u>\$ 575,000</u>
Loans Payable	\$ 2,488,000	-	\$ 130,000	\$ 2,358,000	\$ 142,000
Net Issuance Premium	55,980	-	3,999	51,981	-
Total Loans Payable	<u>\$ 2,543,980</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 133,999</u>	<u>\$ 2,409,981</u>	<u>\$ 142,000</u>
Right-to-use lease liabilities	\$ 130,410	-	\$ 27,352	\$ 103,058	\$ 29,696
Compensated Absences	294,690	71,954	-	366,644	157,747
Total	<u><u>\$ 10,673,207</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 23,274,506</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,225,525</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 32,722,188</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 904,443</u></u>

L. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The District participates in a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension’s Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System’s fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <https://www.trs.texas.gov/learning-resources/publications>; by writing to TRS at attention Finance Division, PO Box 149676, Austin, TX, 78714-0185, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member’s age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member’s age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above. Accordingly, the 2023 Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill (SB) 10 and House Joint Resolution (HJR) 2 to provide eligible retirees with a one-time stipend and an ad hoc cost-of-living-adjustment (COLA).

One-Time Stipends

Stipends, regardless of annuity amount, were paid in September 2023 to annuitants who met the qualifying age requirement on or before August 31, 2023:

- * A one-time \$7,500 stipend to eligible annuitants who are 75 years of age and older.
- * A one-time \$2,400 stipend to eligible annuitants age 70 to 74.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

A cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was dependent on Texas voters approving a constitutional amendment (Proposition 9) to authorize the COLA. Voters approved the amendment in the November 2023 election and the following COLA was applied to eligible annuitants’ payments beginning with their January 2024 payment:

- * 2% COLA for eligible retirees who retired between September 1, 2013, and August 31, 2020.
- * 4% COLA for eligible retirees who retired between September 1, 2001, and August 31, 2013.
- * 6% COLA for eligible retirees who retired on or before August 31, 2001.

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS’ unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System’s actuary.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member’s annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2019 thru 2025.

The following table shows contribution rates by type of contributor for the fiscal years 2024 and 2025 and the contributions by type of contributions reported by TRS which were received by TRS during the TRS measurement year (FY 2024). The reported contributions from the member and the employers are included in the calculation of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Contributions Rates		
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>
Member	8.25%	8.25%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	8.25%	8.25%
Employers	8.25%	8.25%
District's Measurement Year Employer Contributions		\$ 503,943
District's Measurement Year Member Contributions		\$ 440,133
District's Measurement Year NECE (State) Contributions		\$ 555,002

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- * On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- * During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- * When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source, from noneducational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- * All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.9 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2024, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- * When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions.

Roll Forward. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2023. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2024.

Valuation Date	August 31, 2023 rolled forward to August 31, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term Expected Rate	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2024	3.87%. The source for the rate is the Bond Buyers 20 Index which represents the estimated yield of a portfolio of 20 general obligation bonds maturing in 20 years based on a survey of municipal bond traders.
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years)	2123
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability assumptions are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2023. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 21, 2023.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.54 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers, and the nonemployer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and State contributions will be 9.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2025 increasing to 9.56 percent in fiscal year 2026 and thereafter. This includes all employer and State contributions for active and re-hired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System’s target asset allocation as of August 31, 2024, are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation %**	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return***	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.40%	1.00%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.20%	0.80%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.20%	0.70%
Private Equity*	14.00%	6.70%	1.20%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	1.90%	0.40%
Absolute Return*	0.00%	3.00%	0.20%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	4.00%	0.00%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	6.60%	1.20%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00%	5.60%	0.40%
Commodities	0.00%	2.50%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.00%	0.40%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	1.00%	0.00%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	1.30%	-0.10%
Inflation Expectation			2.40%
Volatility Drag****			-0.70%
Expected Return	100%		7.90%

* Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

** Target allocations are based on the FY2024 policy model.

*** Capital Market Assumptions come from 2024 SAA Study CMA Survey (as of 12/30/2023).

**** The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$8,724,940	\$5,462,465	\$2,759,272

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability of \$5,462,465 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 5,462,465
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>6,015,917</u>
	<u>\$ 11,478,382</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2023, and rolled forward to August 31, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2023 thru August 31, 2024.

At August 31, 2024, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0089425201% which was an increase of 0.0006341853% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2023.

Changes In Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

Changes in Benefits - The 2023 Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 10 (SB 10), which provided a stipend payment to certain retirees and variable ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) to certain retirees in early fiscal year 2024. Due to its timing, the legislation and payments were not reflected in the August 31, 2023 actuarial valuation. Under the roll forward method, an adjustment was made to reflect the legislation in the rolled forward liabilities for the current measurement year, August 31, 2024. SB 10 and House Joint Resolution 2 (HJR 2) of the 88th Regular Legislative Session appropriated payments of \$1.645 billion one-time stipends and \$3.355 billion for COLAs. This appropriation is treated as a supplemental contribution and included in other additions. Since the Legislature appropriated funds for this one-time stipend and COLA, there was no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$719,003 and revenue of \$719,003 for support provided by the State in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

At June 30, 2025, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 301,084	\$ 42,648
Changes in actuarial assumptions	282,039	37,812
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	33,204	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	641,152	92,787
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	435,521	-
Total	\$ 1,693,000	\$ 173,247

The District recognized \$435,521 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the measurement year ended August 31, 2025. The other amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2025	\$ 144,335
2026	749,754
2027	195,262
2028	(61,332)
2029	56,213
Thereafter	-

M. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board of Trustees may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders that are reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <https://www.trs.texas.gov/learning-resources/publications>; by writing to TRS at P.O. Box 149676, Austin, TX, 78714-0185; or by calling (800) 223-8778.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Medicare		Non-Medicare
Retiree*	\$ 135		\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529		689
Retiree* and Children	468		408
Retiree and Family	1,020		999

*or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than .25 percent or not more than .75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor:

Contributions Rates

	2024	2025
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
District's Measurement Year Employer Contributions		\$ 100,153
District's Measurement Year Member Contributions		\$ 31,998
District's Measurement Year NECE (State) Contributions		\$ 125,490

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, all TRS employers are subject to an additional surcharge, regardless of whether they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program. When an employer hires a TRS retiree, they must pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

Actuarial Assumptions.

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2023. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2024. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2023 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2024:

Rates of Mortality	Rates of Disability Incidence
Rates of Retirement	General Inflation
Rates of Termination	Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on PUB (2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher tables for males and females with a two-year set forward for males. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2023 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2023.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2023 rolled forward to August 31, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	3.87% as of August 31, 2024
Aging Factors	Based on the Society of Actuaries' 2013 Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death"
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

The initial medical trend rate was 6.75 percent for non-Medicare retirees. For Medicare retirees, trend rates are higher in the first two years due to anticipated growth but thereafter match those on non-Medicare retirees. The initial prescription drug trend rate was 7.25 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 11 years.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.87 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability, representing a decrease of 0.26 percent in the discount rate since the previous year.

Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance-fund the benefits, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Bond Buyer’s *20-Bond GO Index* as of August 31, 2024, which uses fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity, including only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (3.87%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.87%)	Discount Rate (3.87%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.87%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$3,975,813	\$3,346,513	\$2,838,028

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the OPEB liability if the healthcare trend rate used was 1 percentage point less than and 1 percentage point greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$2,725,238	\$3,346,513	\$4,156,096

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability of \$3,346,513 for its proportionate share of the TRS Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amounts recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 3,346,513
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>4,193,135</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 7,539,648</u></u>

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2023, and rolled forward to August 31, 2024, and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2023, thru August 31, 2024.

At August 31, 2024, the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0110258438% compared to 0.0098646099% as of August 31, 2023.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- * The single discount rate changed from 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023 to 3.87 percent as of August 31, 2024, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.
- * The tables used to model the impact of aging on the underlying claims were revised.

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$545,030 and revenue of \$545,030 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2025, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 641,414	\$ 1,670,091
Changes in actuarial assumptions	428,314	1,091,928
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	9,371
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	836,825	458,971
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	86,198	
Total	\$ 1,992,751	\$ 3,230,361

The District recognized \$86,198 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the measurement year ended August 31, 2025. The other amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount	Balance of Deferred Outflows (Deferred Inflows)
2025	\$ (539,075)	\$ (784,733)
2026	(387,507)	(397,226)
2027	(334,478)	(62,748)
2028	(222,324)	159,576
2029	(68,820)	228,396
Thereafter	228,396	-

N. MEDICARE PART D – ON BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the TRS-Care to receive drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. Payments made on behalf of the District for fiscal years 2023, 2024, and 2025 were \$47,956, \$57,797, and \$70,245, respectively.

O. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Accordingly, to the extent the District has not complied with applicable rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required, and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2025, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

The District is occasionally involved in litigation issues in the normal course of business. No provision has been made in these financial statements regarding legal matters.

As of June 30, 2025, the District has contractual obligations of approximately \$763,386 related to future construction projects which will be paid in future periods with proceeds of bond funding.

P. RECEIVABLES FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2025, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from State Agencies:

Fund	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	Other	Total
General Fund	\$ 1,937,317	\$ -	\$ 6,956	\$ 1,944,273
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-
Non-Major Funds	<u>71,073</u>	<u>109,145</u>	<u>3,583</u>	<u>183,801</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,008,390</u>	<u>\$ 109,145</u>	<u>\$ 10,539</u>	<u>\$ 2,128,074</u>

Q. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 3,076,280	\$ -	\$ 1,631,137	\$ -	\$ 4,707,417
Penalties, Interest and					
Other Tax-related income	72,414	-	33,377	-	105,791
Investment Income	106,200	5,123	46,976	733,533	891,832
Rent	39,854	-	-	-	39,854
Insurance Recovery	28,089	-	-	-	28,089
Food Sales	-	44,761	-	-	44,761
Co-curricular Student Activities	58,488	124,840	-	-	183,328
Other	30,818	-	-	-	30,818
Total	\$ 3,412,143	\$ 174,724	\$ 1,711,490	\$ 733,533	\$ 6,031,890

R. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRICIPLE AND CHANGES TO OR WITHIN THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Change in Accounting Principle – The District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, for the year ended June 30, 2025. Adjustments are shown below to the beginning net position.

Changes to or Within the Financial Reporting Entity - During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District had changes in the financial reporting entity that needs to be reflected by adjusting the beginning balances of the current reporting period. Previously, the Debt Service Fund was reported as a major fund. Due to increased revenue and expenditures in the other funds in the current year, the Debt Service Fund is now classified as a non-major fund, requiring its exclusion as being presented separately and is now combined with other non-major funds in the fund financial statements and a restatement of beginning fund balance as reflected below.

	Reporting Units Affected by Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances				
	Governmental Funds				Government Wide
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Governmental Activities
6/30/2024, as previously reported	\$ 4,959,502	\$ -	\$ 1,071,476	\$ 631,927	\$ 9,472,240
Change from major to nonmajor fund	-	-	(1,071,476)	1,071,476	-
Change from nonmajor to major fund	-	-	-	-	-
Change in accounting principle	-	-	-	-	(294,690)
Error correction	-	-	-	-	-
6/30/2024 as adjusted or restated	\$ 4,959,502	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,703,403	\$ 9,177,550

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 3,602,870	\$ 3,465,814	\$ 3,412,143	\$ (53,671)
5800 State Program Revenues	11,769,167	12,935,493	12,890,208	(45,285)
5900 Federal Program Revenues	120,000	13,000	65,941	52,941
5020 Total Revenues	15,492,037	16,414,307	16,368,292	(46,015)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	8,391,287	8,744,331	8,538,072	206,259
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	110,988	109,088	84,454	24,634
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	463,299	444,425	390,800	53,625
0021 Instructional Leadership	181,916	186,916	174,251	12,665
0023 School Leadership	1,116,408	1,141,408	1,109,165	32,243
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	451,510	456,510	394,826	61,684
0033 Health Services	206,447	211,447	202,080	9,367
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	632,462	833,312	643,726	189,586
0035 Food Services	2,000	2,000	862	1,138
0036 Extracurricular Activities	1,092,242	1,102,242	1,098,426	3,816
0041 General Administration	790,981	1,100,981	977,675	123,306
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,907,637	2,017,637	1,842,361	175,276
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	49,113	69,113	50,191	18,922
0053 Data Processing Services	625,662	693,662	661,296	32,366
0061 Community Services	70,027	72,027	66,881	5,146
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	157,350	157,342	157,352	(10)
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	99,000	99,008	97,952	1,056
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	1,000	1,000	800	200
Intergovernmental:				
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	-	20,000	5,426	14,574
6030 Total Expenditures	16,349,329	17,462,449	16,496,596	965,853
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(857,292)	(1,048,142)	(128,304)	919,838
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7913 Right-to-Use Lease and SBITA Proceeds	152,589	152,589	-	(152,589)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(704,703)	(895,553)	(128,304)	767,249
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	4,959,502	4,959,502	4,959,502	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 4,254,799	\$ 4,063,949	\$ 4,831,198	\$ 767,249

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	FY 2025 Plan Year 2024	FY 2024 Plan Year 2023	FY 2023 Plan Year 2022
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.00894252%	0.008308335%	0.007933666%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 5,462,465	\$ 5,707,024	\$ 4,710,013
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	6,015,917	6,379,862	5,680,262
Total	<u>\$ 11,478,382</u>	<u>\$ 12,086,886</u>	<u>\$ 10,390,275</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,406,396	\$ 9,331,883	\$ 8,716,369
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	52.49%	61.16%	54.04%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.51%	73.15%	75.62%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2023 for year 2024, August 31, 2022 for year 2023, August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015
0.00733457%	0.006566995%	0.007600481%	0.007463368%	0.008153312%	0.0080612%	0.0070268%
\$ 1,867,855	\$ 3,517,148	\$ 3,950,968	\$ 4,108,019	\$ 2,606,990	\$ 3,046,199	\$ 2,483,880
2,504,451	5,276,280	4,838,021	5,484,457	3,118,178	3,500,374	4,079,661
<u>\$ 4,372,306</u>	<u>\$ 8,793,428</u>	<u>\$ 8,788,989</u>	<u>\$ 9,592,476</u>	<u>\$ 5,725,168</u>	<u>\$ 6,546,573</u>	<u>\$ 6,563,541</u>
\$ 7,988,757	\$ 7,508,442	\$ 7,445,194	\$ 7,380,686	\$ 7,262,587	\$ 6,754,138	\$ 6,855,025
23.38%	46.84%	53.07%	55.66%	35.90%	45.10%	36.23%
88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2023
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 519,803	\$ 489,858	\$ 370,446
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(519,803)	(489,858)	(370,446)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,763,779	\$ 10,240,793	\$ 9,223,399
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	4.83%	4.78%	4.50%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$	354,489	\$ 310,637	\$ 287,315	\$ 229,823	\$ 213,753	\$ 267,416	\$ 256,035
	(354,489)	(310,637)	(287,315)	(229,823)	(213,753)	(267,416)	(256,035)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$	8,591,103	\$ 7,869,075	\$ 7,520,604	\$ 7,463,043	\$ 6,116,308	\$ 7,262,587	\$ 6,754,138
	4.13%	3.95%	3.82%	3.08%	3.49%	3.68%	3.79%

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	FY 2025 Plan Year 2024	FY 2024 Plan Year 2023	FY 2023 Plan Year 2022
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits	0.011025844%	0.00986461%	0.00994374%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,346,513	\$ 2,183,857	\$ 2,380,930
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	4,193,135	2,635,160	2,904,360
Total	<u>\$ 7,539,648</u>	<u>\$ 4,819,017</u>	<u>\$ 5,285,290</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,406,396	\$ 9,331,883	\$ 8,716,369
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	32.16%	23.40%	27.32%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	13.70%	14.94%	11.52%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. For example, the amounts for FY 2025 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2024, etc.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
0.009383187%	0.009122714%	0.009425083%	0.010030918%	0.011556428%
\$ 3,619,514	\$ 3,467,955	\$ 4,457,238	\$ 5,008,529	\$ 5,025,457
4,849,343	4,660,101	5,922,671	6,152,057	5,411,747
<u>\$ 8,468,857</u>	<u>\$ 8,128,056</u>	<u>\$ 10,379,909</u>	<u>\$ 11,160,586</u>	<u>\$ 10,437,204</u>
\$ 7,988,757	\$ 7,508,442	\$ 7,445,194	\$ 7,380,686	\$ 7,262,587
45.31%	46.19%	59.87%	67.86%	69.20%
6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2023
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 102,819	\$ 97,899	\$ 78,330
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(102,819)	(97,899)	(78,330)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,763,779	\$ 10,240,793	\$ 9,223,399
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.96%	0.96%	0.85%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
\$	80,302	\$ 72,580	\$ 73,666	\$ 60,101	\$ 58,507
	(80,302)	(72,580)	(73,666)	(60,101)	(58,507)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$	8,591,103	\$ 7,869,075	\$ 7,520,604	\$ 7,463,043	\$ 6,116,308
	0.93%	0.92%	0.98%	0.81%	0.96%

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed Senate Bill 10 (SB 10), which provided a stipend payment to certain retirees and variable ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) to certain retirees in early fiscal year 2024. Due to its timing, the legislation and payments were not reflected in the August 31, 2023 actuarial valuation. Under the roll forward method, an adjustment was made to reflect the legislation in the rolled forward liabilities for the current measurement year, August 31, 2024. SB 10 and House Joint Resolution 2 (HJR 2) of the 88th Regular Legislative Session appropriated payments of \$1,645 billion for one-time stipends and \$3,355 billion for COLAs. This appropriation is treated as a supplemental contribution and included in other additions. Since the Legislature appropriated funds for this one-time stipend and COLA, there was no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS.

Changes of Assumptions.

There were no changes in assumptions.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefit.

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes in Assumptions.

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- * The single discount rate changed from 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023 to 3.87 percent as of August 31, 2024, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.
- * The tables used to model the impact of aging on the underlying claims were revised.

COMBINING AND OTHER STATEMENTS

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	205 Head Start	211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	224 IDEA - Part B Formula	225 IDEA - Part B Preschool
ASSETS				
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ 38,157	\$ 27,736	\$ -
1120 Investments - Current	-	-	-	-
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	-	-	-	-
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	-	-	-	-
1240 Due from Other Governments	41,730	1,085	13,972	2,190
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 41,730</u>	<u>\$ 39,242</u>	<u>\$ 41,708</u>	<u>\$ 2,190</u>
LIABILITIES				
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	32,417	32,952	33,660	-
2170 Due to Other Funds	4,001	754	-	2,190
2200 Accrued Expenditures	5,312	5,536	8,048	-
2300 Unearned Revenue	-	-	-	-
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>41,730</u>	<u>39,242</u>	<u>41,708</u>	<u>2,190</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	-	-	-
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	-	-
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	-
Committed Fund Balance:				
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 41,730</u>	<u>\$ 39,242</u>	<u>\$ 41,708</u>	<u>\$ 2,190</u>

240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	242 Summer Feeding Program	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	270 ESEA V, B,2 Rural & Low Income	289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	385 Visually Impaired SSVI	410 State Instructional Materials	429 School Safety Standards Grant
\$ 564,319	\$ 46,223	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,439	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22,975	15,301	11,196	-	696	-	3,834	63,494
<u>\$ 587,294</u>	<u>\$ 61,524</u>	<u>\$ 11,196</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,135</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,834</u>	<u>\$ 63,494</u>
\$ 945	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,965
41,784	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	11,193	-	696	-	3,834	58,529
14,478	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	1,439	-	-	-
57,207	-	11,196	-	2,135	-	3,834	63,494
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
530,087	61,524	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
530,087	61,524	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 587,294</u>	<u>\$ 61,524</u>	<u>\$ 11,196</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,135</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,834</u>	<u>\$ 63,494</u>

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	599 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,821	\$ 681,695	\$ 485,770	\$ 1,167,465
1120	Investments - Current	68,495	68,495	760,607	829,102
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	-	-	222,962	222,962
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	-	-	(22,296)	(22,296)
1240	Due from Other Governments	-	176,473	7,328	183,801
1000	Total Assets	<u>\$ 72,316</u>	<u>\$ 926,663</u>	<u>\$ 1,454,371</u>	<u>\$ 2,381,034</u>
LIABILITIES					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 191	\$ 6,104	\$ -	\$ 6,104
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	-	140,813	-	140,813
2170	Due to Other Funds	-	81,197	-	81,197
2200	Accrued Expenditures	-	33,374	-	33,374
2300	Unearned Revenue	-	1,439	-	1,439
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>191</u>	<u>262,927</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>262,927</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	-	173,128	173,128
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>173,128</u>	<u>173,128</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	591,611	-	591,611
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	-	1,281,243	1,281,243
Committed Fund Balance:					
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	72,125	72,125	-	72,125
3000	Total Fund Balances	<u>72,125</u>	<u>663,736</u>	<u>1,281,243</u>	<u>1,944,979</u>
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 72,316</u>	<u>\$ 926,663</u>	<u>\$ 1,454,371</u>	<u>\$ 2,381,034</u>

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	205 Head Start	211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	224 IDEA - Part B Formula	225 IDEA - Part B Preschool
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	194,688	302,734	287,839	4,380
5020 Total Revenues	194,688	302,734	287,839	4,380
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	194,688	284,963	200,902	4,380
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	-	317	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	-	1,080	-	-
0023 School Leadership	-	16,374	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	-	-	86,937	-
0033 Health Services	-	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-
0041 General Administration	-	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	-	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	194,688	302,734	287,839	4,380
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	-	-	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning), as Previously Reported	-	-	-	-
1300 Change from Major to Nonmajor Fund	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - July 1, as Adjusted	-	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	242 Summer Feeding Program	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	270 ESEA V, B,2 Rural & Low Income	289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	385 Visually Impaired SSVI	410 State Instructional Materials	429 School Safety Standards Grant
\$ 45,812	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
3,875	-	-	-	-	1,068	66,629	783,548
1,059,785	25,483	52,875	31,640	76,454	-	-	-
1,109,472	25,483	52,875	31,640	76,454	1,068	66,629	783,548
-	-	2,773	31,640	49,573	1,068	66,629	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	45,852	-	26,699	-	-	2,100
-	-	2,678	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	1,572	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	182	-	-	-
1,042,459	5,641	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
59,622	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	781,448
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,102,081	5,641	52,875	31,640	76,454	1,068	66,629	783,548
7,391	19,842	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7,391	19,842	-	-	-	-	-	-
522,696	41,682	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
522,696	41,682	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ 530,087	\$ 61,524	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	599 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 128,912	\$ 174,724	\$ 1,711,490	\$ 1,886,214
5800 State Program Revenues	-	855,120	198,828	1,053,948
5900 Federal Program Revenues	-	2,035,878	-	2,035,878
5020 Total Revenues	128,912	3,065,722	1,910,318	4,976,040
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	-	836,616	-	836,616
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	-	317	-	317
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	-	75,731	-	75,731
0023 School Leadership	-	19,052	-	19,052
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	-	88,509	-	88,509
0033 Health Services	-	182	-	182
0035 Food Services	-	1,048,100	-	1,048,100
0036 Extracurricular Activities	122,350	122,350	-	122,350
0041 General Administration	1,986	1,986	-	1,986
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	59,622	-	59,622
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	781,448	-	781,448
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	1,020,000	1,020,000
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	684,059	684,059
6030 Total Expenditures	124,336	3,033,913	1,704,059	4,737,972
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,576	31,809	206,259	238,068
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	-	3,508	3,508
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	4,576	31,809	209,767	241,576
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning), as Previously Reported	67,549	631,927	-	631,927
1300 Change from Major to Nonmajor Fund	-	-	1,071,476	1,071,476
Fund Balance - July 1, as Adjusted	67,549	631,927	1,071,476	1,703,403
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 72,125	\$ 663,736	\$ 1,281,243	\$ 1,944,979

T.E.A. REQUIRED SCHEDULES

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Last 10 Years Ended	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes
	Maintenance	Debt Service	
2016 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various
2017	1.170000	0.114100	186,212,367
2018	1.170000	0.129100	202,804,281
2019	1.170000	0.109100	218,575,720
2020	1.068300	0.352800	232,911,333
2021	1.003700	0.329500	255,993,063
2022	0.930300	0.329500	311,468,561
2023	0.942900	0.329500	367,763,603
2024	0.757500	0.399500	400,049,529
2025 (School year under audit)	0.755200	0.399500	433,648,982
1000 TOTALS			
8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115, Tax Code			

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2024	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2025	(99) Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115c
\$ 72,248	\$	\$ 1,983	\$ 322	\$ (3,845)	\$ 66,098	
7,890		227	22	(39)	7,602	
12,121		753	83	-	11,285	
15,767		1,140	106	-	14,521	
17,492		1,237	409	(1,648)	14,198	
22,953		2,412	792	(1,328)	18,421	
47,206		9,224	3,165	(870)	33,947	
98,809		14,223	4,966	(19,527)	60,093	
382,255		84,443	44,508	(98,167)	155,137	
	5,007,345	2,970,959	1,571,463	(97,841)	367,082	
<u>\$ 676,741</u>	<u>\$ 5,007,345</u>	<u>\$ 3,086,601</u>	<u>\$ 1,625,836</u>	<u>\$ (223,265)</u>	<u>\$ 748,384</u>	

\$ -

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 36,000	\$ 36,000	\$ 45,812	\$ 9,812
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	3,875	3,875
5900 Federal Program Revenues	1,029,108	1,029,108	1,059,785	30,677
5020 Total Revenues	1,065,108	1,065,108	1,109,472	44,364
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0035 Food Services	1,024,108	1,089,108	1,042,459	46,649
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	41,000	63,000	59,622	3,378
6030 Total Expenditures	1,065,108	1,152,108	1,102,081	50,027
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(87,000)	7,391	94,391
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	522,696	522,696	522,696	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 522,696	\$ 435,696	\$ 530,087	\$ 94,391

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,744,986	\$ 1,744,986	\$ 1,711,490	\$ (33,496)
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	198,828	198,828
5020 Total Revenues	1,744,986	1,744,986	1,910,318	165,332
EXPENDITURES:				
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	871,286	1,020,000	1,020,000	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	872,700	723,986	684,059	39,927
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
6030 Total Expenditures	1,744,986	1,744,986	1,704,059	40,927
1100 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	-	206,259	206,259
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	-	3,508	3,508
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	209,767	209,767
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	1,071,476	1,071,476	1,071,476	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 1,071,476	\$ 1,071,476	\$ 1,281,243	\$ 209,767

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Section A: Compensatory Education Programs

AP1	Did your district expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
<hr/>		
AP2	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
<hr/>		
AP3	Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$1,379,108
<hr/>		
AP4	Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30)	\$1,222,474
<hr/>		

Section B: Bilingual Education Programs

AP5	Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
<hr/>		
AP6	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
<hr/>		
AP7	Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$70,840
<hr/>		
AP8	Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PIC 25)	\$59,434
<hr/>		

FEDERAL SECTION

COLEMAN, HORTON & COMPANY, LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees
Natalia Independent School District
Natalia, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Natalia Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Natalia Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Natalia Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Natalia Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Natalia Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Natalia Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coleman, Horton and Company, LLP

Uvalde, Texas

August 29, 2025

COLEMAN, HORTON & COMPANY, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees
Natalia Independent School District
Natalia, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Natalia Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Natalia Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. Natalia Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Natalia Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Natalia Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Natalia Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Natalia Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Natalia Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Natalia Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- * Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- * Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Natalia Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- * Obtain an understanding of the Natalia Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Natalia Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coleman, Horton and Company, LLP

Uvalde, Texas
August 29, 2025

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A. Summary of the Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes No

2. Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance? Yes No

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
CFDA #84.010	Title I, Part A
CFDA #93.600	Head Start Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes No

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

B. Financial Statement Findings:

-----None noted-----

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

-----None noted-----

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

-----Not Applicable-----

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

-----Not applicable-----

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<u>Passed Through Region Service Centers</u>			
SPED Capacity Grant	84.027 A	4OZKSWHRBUH3	\$ 30,000
Early - Phase Grants	84.411 C	N/A	26,699
Total Passed Through Region Service Centers			<u>56,699</u>
<u>Passed Through Texas Education Agency</u>			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010 A	24-610101163903	1,001
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010 A	25-610101163903	265,773
2023-2025 Title I, 1003 ESF-Focused Support Grant	84.010 A	24-6101397110021	35,206
Title I, Instructional Leadership Grant	84.010 A	25-610105163903	754
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.010			<u>302,734</u>
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027 A	25-6600011639036600	287,839
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173 A	25-6610011639036610	4,380
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			<u>292,219</u>
ESEA, Title V, Part B,2 - Rural & Low Income Prog.	84.358 B	25-696001163903	31,640
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367 A	24-694501163903	1,747
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367 A	25-694501163903	51,128
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.367			<u>52,875</u>
ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424 A	25-680101163903	19,573
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			<u>699,041</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			<u>755,740</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
<u>Passed Through Texas Education Agency</u>			
*Head Start	93.600	25-205457407	194,688
			<u>194,688</u>
COVID 19 - Public Health Workforce Supplemental	93.354	HHS001101500001	182
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			<u>194,870</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			<u>194,870</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<u>Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture</u>			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402501	330,000
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71302501	690,845
*National School Lunch Prog. - Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	N/A	32,937
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			<u>723,782</u>
*Summer Feeding Program - Cash Assistance	10.559	N/A	25,483
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>1,079,265</u>
Child & Adult Care Food Program - Cash Assistance	10.558	N/A	4,666
Warehouse Distribution Fees Reimbursement	10.560	246TX312N2533	1,337
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			<u>1,085,268</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			<u>1,085,268</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			<u>\$ 2,035,878</u>
*Clustered Programs			

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures

**The above amounts do not include SHARS receipts of \$65,941, which is included as federal revenue in the General Fund.

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

- * For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- * The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

- * The District must submit to the pass-through entity, no later than 90 calendar days (or an earlier date as agreed upon by the pass-through entity and the District) after the end date of the period of performance, all financial, performance, and other reports as required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. The Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may approve extensions when requested and justified by the non-Federal entity, as applicable (2 CFR 200.344(a)).

Unless the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity authorizes an extension, a non-Federal entity must liquidate all financial obligations incurred under the Federal award no later than 120 calendar days after the end date of the performance as specified in the terms and conditions of the Federal award (2 CFR 200.344(b)).

- * CFDA numbers for commodity assistance are the CFDA numbers of the programs under which the USDA donated the commodities.

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

NATALIA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Fiscal Year 2025

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If payments were not made or warrant hold not cleared within 30 days of when due, then payments are NOT timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, answer is still YES.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds and/or substantial doubt about the district's ability to continue as a going concern?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district's administration and school board members discuss any changes and/or impact to local, state, and federal funding at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	\$-0-