



Biology I

TERM 1	
Term 1 Weeks	MS College and Career Readiness Standards
Week 1 (Aug 5-14)	Scientific Practices; Characteristics of Life, Cell Theory, and Organization <i>Science and Engineering Practices: Ask questions and define problems; develop and use models; analyze and interpret data; plan and conduct investigations; use mathematical and computational thinking; engage in argument from evidence; construct explanations and design solutions; obtain, evaluate, and communicate information.</i> BIO.1A.1 Develop criteria to differentiate between living and non-living things. BIO.1A.2 Describe the tenets of cell theory and the contributions of Schwann, Hooke, Schleiden, and Virchow. BIO.1A.3 Using specific examples, explain how cells can be organized into complex tissues, organs, and organ systems in multicellular organisms. BIO.1A.4 Use evidence from current scientific literature to support whether a virus is living or nonliving.
Week 2 (Aug 17-21)	Biomolecules, Enzymes, and Cell Structures BIO.1B.1 Develop and use models to compare and contrast the structure and function of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, and nucleic acids (DNA and RNA) in organisms. BIO.1B.2 Design and conduct an experiment to determine how enzymes react under various environmental conditions; analyze, interpret, graph, and present data to explain effects on enzyme activity and reaction rates. BIO.1C.1 Develop and use models to explore how specialized structures within cells interact to carry out functions necessary for organism survival. BIO.1C.2 Investigate to compare and contrast prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells and plant, animal, and fungal cells. BIO.1C.3 Contrast the structure of viruses with that of cells and explain why viruses must use living cells to reproduce.
Week 3 (Aug 24-28)	Cell Membranes, Transport, and Homeostasis BIO.1D.1 Plan and conduct investigations to demonstrate that the cell membrane is semipermeable, allowing maintenance of homeostasis through active and passive transport. BIO.1D.2 Develop and use models to explain how the cell deals with imbalances of solute concentration across the cell membrane, including hypertonic, hypotonic, and isotonic conditions and the sodium/potassium pump. <i>Unit assessment and targeted reteaching as needed.</i>
Week 4 (Aug 29-Sept 2)	Cumulative Review, Targeted Reteaching, and Benchmark Assessment 1
Week 5 (Sept 3-11)	Cell Cycle, Mitosis, Differentiation, and Asexual Reproduction BIO.1E.1 Construct models to explain how cell division and cell differentiation produce and maintain complex multicellular organisms. BIO.1E.2 Identify and describe changes during cell replication and explore problems that may occur when the cell cycle does not progress correctly, including cancer. BIO.1E.3 Relate cellular reproduction to asexual reproduction in simple organisms and explain why daughter-cell DNA is the same as parent-cell DNA. BIO.1E.4 Enrichment: Investigate stem cells in regeneration and asexual reproduction and develop applications to human medical conditions.
Week 6 (Sept 14-18)	Cellular Energy: ATP, Photosynthesis, and Cellular Respiration BIO.2.1 Use models to demonstrate that ATP and ADP are cycled within a cell to transfer energy. BIO.2.2 Develop models of the major reactants and products of photosynthesis to demonstrate transformation of light energy into stored chemical energy. BIO.2.3 Develop models of the major reactants and products of aerobic and anaerobic cellular respiration to demonstrate transformation of stored chemical energy into ATP. BIO.2.4 Conduct investigations or simulations to compare aerobic and anaerobic cellular respiration in plants and animals.
Week 7 (Sept 21-25)	Fermentation, Meiosis, Fertilization, and Chromosomal Abnormalities BIO.2.5 Enrichment: Investigate variables affecting anaerobic respiration and real-world applications of fermentation. BIO.2.6 Enrichment: Use an engineering design process to manipulate fermentation factors to optimize energy production.

	BIO.3A.1 Model meiosis and fertilization to demonstrate maintenance of chromosome number and explain why daughter-cell DNA differs from parent-cell DNA. BIO.3A.2 Compare and contrast mitosis and meiosis in terms of reproduction. BIO.3A.3 Investigate chromosomal abnormalities arising from errors in meiosis and how they are identified using karyotypes.
Week 8 (Sept 28- Oct 5)	DNA, Genes, Chromosomes, DNA Technology and Protein Synthesis BIO.3C.1 Develop and use models to explain the relationship among DNA, genes, and chromosomes in coding instructions for inherited traits. BIO.3C.2 Evaluate the mechanisms of transcription and translation in protein synthesis. BIO.3C.3 Use models to predict how changes in nucleotide sequence affect the resulting protein and inherited trait. BIO.3C.4 Research how DNA technology benefits society and engage in scientific argument from evidence concerning ethical issues surrounding DNA technology. BIO.3C.5 Enrichment: Investigate current biotechnological applications in genome study, including transcriptomics, proteomics, individualized sequencing, and gene therapy.
Week 9 (Oct 6-7)	<i>Cumulative laboratory/application tasks, review, and remediation.</i>
Week 9 (Oct 8-9)	Benchmark Assessment 2 <i>Spiral review of BIO.1A-BIO.3C standards; benchmark or comprehensive unit assessment; data analysis, remediation, and enrichment.</i>

TERM 1	
Recurring Standards (Standards that have been introduced but will be reviewed or revisited during the nine weeks.)	
Standards: BIO.1A.1-BIO.1E.4; BIO.2.1-BIO.2.6; BIO.3A.1-BIO.3A.3; BIO.3C.1-BIO.3C.5. Revisit science and engineering practices, data analysis, modeling, experimental design, cell structure/function, energy transformations, heredity, and DNA/protein synthesis throughout the term based on formative and benchmark data.	



Biology I

TERM 2	
Term 2 Weeks	MS College and Career Readiness Standards
Week 1 (Oct 13-16)	Mendelian Genetics and Probability BIO.3B.1 Demonstrate Mendel's law of dominance and segregation using mathematics to predict phenotypic and genotypic ratios with Punnett squares. BIO.3B.2 Illustrate Mendel's law of independent assortment using Punnett squares and/or the product rule of probability to analyze monohybrid crosses.
Week 2 (Oct 20-23)	Non-Mendelian Genetics and Pedigrees BIO.3B.3 Investigate traits that follow non-Mendelian inheritance patterns, including incomplete dominance, codominance, multiple alleles, and sex linkage. BIO.3B.4 Analyze and interpret pedigree, family, and population data regarding Mendelian and complex genetic traits to determine inheritance patterns and disease risk. <i>Unit assessment and targeted reteaching as needed.</i>
Week 3 (Oct 26-30)	Ecological Organization, Matter Cycling, Climate, and Energy Flow BIO.5.1 Illustrate levels of ecological hierarchy from organism through biosphere. BIO.5.2 Analyze models of the cycling of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, and water between abiotic and biotic factors and evaluate ecosystem sustainability. BIO.5.3 Analyze and interpret quantitative data to explain effects of greenhouse gases on the carbon dioxide cycle and global climate. BIO.5.4 Develop and use models to describe energy flow and biomass through food chains, food webs, and food pyramids.
Week 4 (Nov 2-4)	Cumulative Review, Targeted Reteaching, and Benchmark Assessment 3
Week 5-6 (Nov 5-13)	Ecological Relationships, Populations, and Succession Ecological Engineering and Human Impacts BIO.5.5 Evaluate symbiotic and coevolutionary relationships within specific environments. BIO.5.6 Analyze and interpret population data to define limiting factors and use growth curves to illustrate carrying capacity. BIO.5.7 Investigate and evaluate factors involved in primary and secondary ecological succession using local, real-world examples. BIO.5.8 Enrichment: Use an engineering design process to create a solution addressing changing ecological conditions, such as climate change, invasive species, biodiversity loss, population growth, habitat destruction, biomagnification, or natural phenomena. BIO.5.9 Enrichment: Use an engineering design process to investigate and model technological uses of biomimicry to address real-world problems.
Week 6 (Nov 16-20)	Evidence for Evolution and Common Ancestry BIO.4.1 Use models to differentiate between organic and chemical evolution, illustrating steps leading to aerobic heterotrophs and photosynthetic autotrophs. BIO.4.2 Evaluate empirical evidence of common ancestry and biological evolution, including comparative anatomy, fossil records, molecular/biochemical similarities, and biogeographic distribution.
Week 7 (Nov 30- Dec 4)	Phylogeny, Natural Selection, and Adaptation Speciation, Disease, BIO.4.3 Construct cladograms/phylogenetic trees to illustrate relatedness between species. BIO.4.4 Design models and use simulations to investigate interactions between changing environments and genetic variation in natural selection, adaptation, and differential population success. BIO.4.5 Use Darwin's Theory to explain how genetic variation, competition, overproduction, and unequal reproductive success drive natural selection and evolution. BIO.4.6 Construct explanations for mechanisms of speciation, including geographic and reproductive isolation. BIO.4.7 Enrichment: Construct explanations for how disease agents, including bacteria, viruses, and chemicals, can influence natural selection.
Week 8 (Dec 7-11)	Complete remaining laboratory/application tasks; cumulative EOC-style review and targeted remediation.

Week 9
(Dec 14-18)

Comprehensive Review and End-of-Course Assessment

Spiral review of all Biology I standards; benchmark/end-of-course assessment; data-based intervention, reassessment, and enrichment.

TERM 2

Recurring Standards

(Standards that have been introduced but will be reviewed or revisited during the nine weeks.)

Standards: BIO.3B.1-BIO.3B.4; BIO.5.1-BIO.5.9; BIO.4.1-BIO.4.7, with cumulative review of all Term 1 standards. Continue recurring practice with scientific argument, quantitative data, models, investigations, genetics, ecology, evolution, and EOC-style application tasks.