

***Tatum Independent School
District***

Annual Financial Report

***For the Year Ended
August 31, 2023***

Malnory, McNeal & Company, PC

Certified Public Accountants

**TATUM
INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Tatum Independent School District
Annual Financial Report
For The Year Ended August 31, 2023

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Introductory Section

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Tatum Independent School District
Name of School District

Panola and Rusk
County

201-910
Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) approved disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2023, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the 11th day of December, 2023 .



Signature of Board Secretary



Signature of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are):
(attach list as necessary)

Financial Section



Malnory, McNeal & COMPANY, PC

ACCOUNTING • ADVISORY • ASSURANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees
Tatum Independent School District
Tatum, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tatum Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note A to the basic financial statements, during the year ended August 31, 2023, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing

standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of the District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable, the Budgetary Schedules required by the Texas Education Agency, the Use of Funds Report (J-4), and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic

financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the introductory section, Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable, Budgetary Schedules, the Use of Funds Report, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information compromises the introductory and Schedule of Required Responses to Selected First Indicators but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

The Schedule of required Responses to Selected First Indicators (L-1) is required by Texas Education Agency. We have applied certain limited procedures to the information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consists of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financials and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide assurance on the information because limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering In the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Paris, Texas
December 11, 2023

Maloney, McNeal & Company PC

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Tatum Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the district's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the district's financial statements, which follow this section.

● FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The district's net position as of August 31, 2023 was \$29,768,879
- During the year, the district had general fund expenditures of \$17.32 million and revenues of \$15.41 million for a net loss of \$1.91 million.
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$6.66 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—*management's discussion and analysis* (this section), the *basic financial statements*, and *required supplementary information*. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the district:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the district's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the district's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- *The governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

● Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the district using accounting methods like those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* the government's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the district's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the district's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the district's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the district's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the district, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the district's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the district include the *Governmental Activities*. Most of the district's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes, state revenues, and federal grants finance most of these activities.

- **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the district's most significant *funds*—not the district as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the district uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The district has two kinds of funds:

- **Governmental funds**—Most of the district's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how *cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash* flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the district's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- **Fiduciary funds**—The district is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All the district's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the district's government-wide financial statements because the district cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis of comparative balances and changes therein is inclusive of the current year's and prior year's operations. The analysis focuses on the net position (Table A-1) and changes in net position (Table A-2) of the District's governmental activities.

The district's total net position was \$29,768,879 on August 31, 2023. (See Table A-1) This is an increase in Total Net Position of \$273,947 from the year ending August 31, 2022. The net position may, over time serve as an indicator of a district's changing financial position.

Table A-1
Tatum Independent School District's Net Position
Taken from Exhibit A-1, Statement of Net Position
(In thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Assets:		
Total Current Assets	\$ 11,005	\$ 11,919
Total Noncurrent Assets	43,025	43,813
Total Assets	54,030	55,732
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	2,116	1,169
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	1,632	1,930
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,748	3,099

Liabilities:		
Total Current Liabilities	931	839
Total Long-term Liabilities	11,943	13,454
Net Pension Liability	5,021	2,066
Net OPEB Liability	3,157	5,123
Total Liabilities	<u>21,052</u>	<u>21,482</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Gain on Bond Refunding	517	581
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	730	2,729
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	5,708	4,544
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>6,955</u>	<u>7,854</u>
Net Position:		
Invested in Capital Assets	30,546	29,778
Restricted	2,607	1,394
Unrestricted	(3,385)	(1,677)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 29,768</u>	<u>\$ 29,495</u>

The district's annual revenue as reported on the Government-wide statements totaled \$22.3 million, a 1.35% decrease from the preceding year. This is comparable to what is found on Exhibit C-2--the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes where total revenue for the district for the year is reported as \$22.3 million. As is typical, the largest portion of the district's revenue comes from state-funded programs. Local property taxes and federal grants account for the remaining significant revenue sources. The total cost of all programs and services as reported on the Government-wide statements was \$22.1 million; 42% of these costs were for instruction and instructional-related services.

Table A-2
Changes in Tatum Independent
School District's Net Position
Taken from Exhibit B-1, Statement of
Activities
(In thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 1,633	\$ 1,667
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,770	5,074
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	10,380	9,518
State Aid – Formula	6,079	6,073
Investment Earnings	427	64
Grants and Contributions Not	49	22
Restricted		
Other	39	263
Total Revenues	<u>22,377</u>	<u>22,692</u>

Instruction	10,816	10,172
Instructional Resources and Media Services	655	581
Curriculum Dev. And Instructional Staff Dev.	182	255
Instructional Leadership	282	274
School Leadership	974	1,061
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	828	878
Social Work Services		
Health Services	143	188
Student (Pupil) Transportation	640	580
Food Services	1,233	1,217
Curricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,783	1,638
General Administration	952	988
Plant Maintenance & Operations	2,445	2,355
Security & Monitoring Services	101	72
Data Processing Services	357	340
Community Services	29	30
Interest and Fees on Long-term Debt	244	282
Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	11	0
Capital Outlay		
Pmts Related to Shared Services Arrangement	224	248
Intergovernmental Charges	197	194
Total Expenses	<u>22,106</u>	<u>21,631</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	<u>273</u>	<u>1,322</u>
Net Position—Beginning	<u>29,494</u>	<u>28,173</u>
Prior Period Adjustment	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>
Net Position – Beginning, as Restated	<u>29,494</u>	<u>28,173</u>
Net Position—Ending	<u>\$ 29,768</u>	<u>\$ 29,495</u>

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the district's largest functions, as well as each function's *net cost* (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$22.1 million.
- Comparatively, the amount that Tatum ISD taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$10.38 million.

Table A-3
Net Cost of Selected District Functions
 Taken from Exhibit B-1, Statement of Activities
(In thousands of dollars)

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Instruction	10,816	10,172	(8,799)	(8,014)
Plant Maintenance & Operations	2,445	2,355	(2,266)	(1,758)
Food Service	1,233	1,218	(129)	(49)
School Leadership	974	1,061	(952)	(994)
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,783	1,638	(1,198)	(1,063)
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation	828	878	87	(84)

- **FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS**

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$22.9 million, an increase of \$171,371 over the preceding year, and total costs for the district increased to \$23.7 million from the preceding year. Total expenditures exceeded total revenues by \$752 thousand. During the year, the District purchased 4 new vehicles, partial roof replacement at the high school, and renovated the playground at TPS.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the district revised its original budget by presenting budget amendments at regularly scheduled board meetings. Amendments were made to supplement the maintenance budget and cover construction costs.

- **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

- **Capital Assets**

At the end of FY 2023, the district had invested \$92.9 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deletions) of \$1.8 million over last year.

Table A-4

District's Capital Assets
Taken from Footnote D
(In thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Land	\$ 1,018	\$ 1,018
Construction in Progress	--	--
Buildings and Improvements	84,125	82,738
Furniture and Equipment	<u>7,844</u>	<u>7,413</u>
Totals at Historical Cost	92,987	91,169
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(49,962)	(47,357)
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 43,025</u>	<u>\$ 43,812</u>

- **Long-Term Debt**

At year-end the district had long-term liabilities as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the district's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-5

District's Long-Term Liabilities
Taken from Footnote G and Exhibit A-1
(In thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Bonds Payable	\$ 10,940	\$ 12,335
Discount/Premium/Loss	<u>1,003</u>	<u>1,118</u>
	11,943	13,453
Net Pension Liability	5,021	2,066
Net OPEB Liability	<u>3,157</u>	<u>5,122</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>20,122</u>	<u>\$ 20,641</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The 2022-2023 tax rate resulting from tax compression as required by HB3 was \$1.207 per \$100 of valuation. The Board of Trustees adopted a 2022-2023 tax rate of \$1.207 as a result of the fourth year of required tax compression.
- The freeze-adjusted taxable property value used for the 2022-2023 budget preparation was \$870,381,855, which was based on 2022 certified values as well as the preliminary 2022 values provided by the Rusk County Appraisal District. This amount was 2.4% higher than the estimated amount used for the 2021-2022 budget

- The district's 2022-2023 refined average daily attendance was 1,365.200 down from 1,388.005 for the previous year. The 2023-2024 average daily attendance is forecasted to be slightly higher.

These indicators were taken into account when preparing the budget for 2023-2024. The district adopted a budget of \$18.7 million for all board-approved funds. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget were \$15.3 million, an increase of \$264 thousand from the prior year.

General fund expenditures are budgeted to be \$16.1 million for 2023-2024. The most significant expenditure, salaries, and benefits, makes up 76% of the total board-approved budget.

If the budgetary estimates for 2023-2024 are realized, the fund balance in the district's general fund is expected to remain constant by the close of fiscal year 2024.

- **CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the district's finances and to demonstrate the district's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the district's business office.

Basic Financial Statements

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes	1	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,204,605
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	787,697
1240	Due from Other Governments	1,011,722
Capital Assets:		
1510	Land	1,018,454
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	39,587,704
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	2,419,641
1000	Total Assets	<u>54,029,823</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	2,116,116
	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	1,632,492
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>3,748,608</u>
LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable	23,182
2140	Interest Payable	17,585
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	793,393
2165	Accrued Liabilities	85,681
2300	Unearned Revenue	11,309
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due Within One Year	1,070,000
2502	Due in More Than One Year	10,873,414
2540	Net Pension Liability	5,021,416
2545	Net OPEB Liability	3,157,315
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>21,053,295</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Revenue	517,803
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	730,122
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	5,708,332
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>6,956,257</u>
NET POSITION:		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	30,546,997
Restricted For:		
3820	Federal and State Programs	345,417
3850	Debt Service	2,262,310
3900	Unrestricted	(3,385,845)
3000	Total Net Position	<u>\$ 29,768,879</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs	1	3	4	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
	Governmental Activities:				
11	Instruction	\$ 10,816,088	\$ 262,599	\$ 1,753,846	\$ (8,799,643)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	655,983	--	13,286	(642,697)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development	182,192	8,280	10,430	(163,482)
21	Instructional Leadership	282,883	145,179	3,982	(133,722)
23	School Leadership	974,100	--	21,402	(952,698)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	828,088	179,482	736,539	87,933
33	Health Services	143,459	--	143,276	(183)
34	Student Transportation	640,821	--	29,198	(611,623)
35	Food Service	1,233,765	273,833	830,646	(129,286)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,783,955	571,089	14,416	(1,198,450)
41	General Administration	952,781	59,775	53,169	(839,837)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,445,882	39,196	140,376	(2,266,310)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	101,021	710	10,089	(90,222)
53	Data Processing Services	357,640	93,448	7,032	(257,160)
61	Community Services	29,793	--	742	(29,051)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt	244,907	--	--	(244,907)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	11,769	--	--	(11,769)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	224,425	--	2,203	(222,222)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	197,230	--	--	(197,230)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	<u>22,106,782</u>	<u>1,633,591</u>	<u>3,770,632</u>	<u>(16,702,559)</u>
TP	Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 22,106,782</u>	<u>\$ 1,633,591</u>	<u>\$ 3,770,632</u>	<u>(16,702,559)</u>
	General Revenues:				
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes				7,848,231
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service				2,531,811
IE	Investment Earnings				427,844
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants				6,079,555
GC	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs				49,348
MI	Miscellaneous				39,717
TR	Total General Revenues				<u>16,976,506</u>
CN	Change in Net Position				<u>273,947</u>
NB	Net Position - Beginning				<u>29,494,932</u>
NE	Net Position - Ending				<u>\$ 29,768,879</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:				
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,535,666	\$ 2,105,987	\$ 562,952	\$ 9,204,605
1225 Taxes Receivable, Net	631,374	156,323	--	787,697
1240 Due from Other Governments	858,107	--	153,615	1,011,722
1260 Due from Other Funds	25,507	--	23,323	48,830
1000 Total Assets	<u>8,050,654</u>	<u>2,262,310</u>	<u>739,890</u>	<u>11,052,854</u>
LIABILITIES:				
Current Liabilities:				
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 23,182	\$ 23,182
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	696,603	--	96,790	793,393
2170 Due to Other Funds	10,814	--	38,016	48,830
2200 Accrued Expenditures	79,788	--	5,893	85,681
2300 Unearned Revenue	--	11,309	--	11,309
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>787,205</u>	<u>11,309</u>	<u>163,881</u>	<u>962,395</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
2600 Deferred Revenue- Property Taxes	604,789	148,775	--	753,564
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>604,789</u>	<u>148,775</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>753,564</u>
FUND BALANCES:				
Restricted Fund Balances:				
3450 Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions	--	--	345,417	345,417
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	--	2,102,226	--	2,102,226
3490 Other Restrictions of Fund Balance	--	--	--	--
Committed Fund Balances:				
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance	--	--	230,592	230,592
Assigned Fund Balances:				
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	231,000	--	--	231,000
3600 Unassigned	6,427,660	--	--	6,427,660
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>6,658,660</u>	<u>2,102,226</u>	<u>576,009</u>	<u>9,336,895</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 8,050,654</u>	<u>\$ 2,262,310</u>	<u>\$ 739,890</u>	<u>\$ 11,052,854</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 9,336,895
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	43,025,799
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	753,565
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(10,940,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(17,586)
Payables for unamortized bond premium are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(1,003,414)
The deferred gain on refunding of debt is not reported in the funds.	(517,803)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(5,708,332)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB is not reported in the funds.	(3,157,315)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	1,632,492
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(5,021,416)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(730,122)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	<u>2,116,116</u>
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	<u>\$ 29,768,879</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 8,296,484	\$ 2,595,351	\$ 1,588,688	\$ 12,480,523
5800 State Program Revenues	6,965,688	49,348	55,999	7,071,035
5900 Federal Program Revenues	148,852	--	3,277,713	3,426,565
5020 Total Revenues	<u>15,411,024</u>	<u>2,644,699</u>	<u>4,922,400</u>	<u>22,978,123</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	8,209,399	--	1,730,680	9,940,079
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	588,492	--	1,653	590,145
0013 Curriculum and Staff Development	150,412	--	14,661	165,073
0021 Instructional Leadership	160,451	--	115,576	276,027
0023 School Leadership	864,061	--	4,548	868,609
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	12,069	--	882,362	894,431
0033 Health Services	9,202	--	148,100	157,302
0034 Student Transportation	700,653	--	3,421	704,074
0035 Food Service	36,075	--	1,167,083	1,203,158
0036 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,186,177	--	539,620	1,725,797
0041 General Administration	793,049	--	49,271	842,320
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,371,579	--	96,348	2,467,927
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	97,260	--	9,067	106,327
0053 Data Processing Services	256,292	--	75,442	331,734
0061 Community Services	24,433	--	507	24,940
0071 Principal on Long-term Debt	--	1,145,000	--	1,145,000
0072 Interest on Long-term Debt	--	418,550	--	418,550
0073 Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	--	11,769	--	11,769
0081 Capital Outlay	1,435,324	--	--	1,435,324
0093 Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	224,425	--	--	224,425
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	197,230	--	--	197,230
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>17,316,583</u>	<u>1,575,319</u>	<u>4,838,339</u>	<u>23,730,241</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100 Expenditures	<u>(1,905,559)</u>	<u>1,069,380</u>	<u>84,061</u>	<u>(752,118)</u>
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):				
7915 Transfers In	283,100	--	--	283,100
8911 Transfers Out	(283,100)	--	--	(283,100)
8949 Other Uses- payment to escrow agent	--	(257,508)	--	(257,508)
7080 Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	<u>--</u>	<u>(257,508)</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>(257,508)</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>(1,905,559)</u>	<u>811,872</u>	<u>84,061</u>	<u>(1,009,626)</u>
0100 Fund Balances - Beginning	8,564,219	1,290,354	491,948	10,346,521
3000 Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 6,658,660</u>	<u>\$ 2,102,226</u>	<u>\$ 576,009</u>	<u>\$ 9,336,895</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (1,009,626)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		1,905,394
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(2,692,531)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		669
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		1,145,000
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.		(5,134)
Unamortized gain on defeasance of debt amortized in the SOA.		63,477
Payments to escrow agents for bond refunding are not reported in the funds		257,508
Bonds premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA, current year amortization.		115,299
Other post employment benefit related transactions:		
Contributions made after the measurement date are de-expended.	467,646	
Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous year.	(397,234)	
The Districts proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense.	(80,290)	
Net Effect of GASB 75 OPEB Recognition		(9,878)
Pension benefit related transactions:		
Contributions made after the measurement date are de-expended.	117,141	
Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous year.	(107,412)	
The Districts proportionate share of the TRS pension expense.	494,040	
Net Effect of GASB 68 Pension Recognition		503,769
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities		<u>\$ 273,947</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes		<u>Custodial Fund</u>
		<u>Student Activity</u>
	ASSETS:	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,841
1000	Total Assets	<u>20,841</u>
	LIABILITIES:	
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>--</u>
	NET POSITION:	
3800	Restricted for Other Purposes	\$ 20,841
3000	Total Net Position	<u>\$ 20,841</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ADDITIONS:	
Student Group Fundraising Activities	\$ --
Student Froup Fees / Dues	68,780
Contributions from Gifts and Bequests	--
Total Additions	<u>68,780</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Supplies	79,199
Events / Awards	8,200
Total Deductions	<u>87,399</u>
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(18,620)
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	39,461
Net Position-End of the Year	<u>\$ 20,841</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Tatum Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Custodial Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or custodial capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

Special Revenue Funds: These funds account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The Food Service Fund is the only required budgeted fund. For all other funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

The District's Food Service Fund is considered a special revenue fund since it meets the following criteria: (1) User fees are charged to supplement the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), (2) The General Fund subsidizes the Food Service Program for all expenditures required in excess of NSLP and user fees, and (3) The District does not consider the Food Service Program completely self-supporting. Food Service fund balances are used exclusively for child nutrition program purposes.

b. **Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting**

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

b. Inventories

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment and infrastructure assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life more than two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Lives</u>
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	2-15
Office Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15

d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

e. **Receivable and Payable Balances**

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

f. **Interfund Activity**

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

h. **Data Control Codes**

Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* and appears in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. **Fund Balances - Governmental Funds**

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Tatum ISD had \$7,000,000 in committed fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself. Tatum ISD had \$231,000 in assigned fund balance for encumbrances at year end.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

Fund Balance Policy - In an effort to provide adequate cash flow for operations, maintain a strong credit rating, and plan for unanticipated extraordinary costs, the District shall strive to maintain in the general fund an unassigned fund balance of at least two months operations.

j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

The District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the district; therefore, there is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS' fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS' fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standards. The applicable provisions of the new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, - Public-Private and Public-Private Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements

The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-private partnerships arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPP's meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in the Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in the Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designed, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in exchange or exchange-like transaction.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The District implemented this Statement during the current year.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government and users (governments). This

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended.

A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The District implemented this Statement during the current year.

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022

The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The practice issues addressed by this Statement are as follows:

- Classification and reporting of derivative instruments that do not meet the definition of either an investment or a hedge.
- Guidance clarification for short-term leases when there is a modification of terms.
- Considerations for public-private partnerships (PPP) terminology as well as recognizing installment payments and transferring underlying PPP assets.
- Clarification of subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) terms, and liability measurement and recognition.
- Disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions.
- Certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 34.
- Pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government.
- Terminology updates related to deferred inflows and outflows of resources and net position.
- Resource flows statements terminology related to GASB Statement No. 53.
- Accounting for SNAP distributions.
- Requirements related to the extension of the use of LIBOR.

The requirements of GASB Statement No. 99 that relate to the extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures for nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarifications of certain provisions in Statement 34, and terminology updates took effect upon issuance.

The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the Scope of 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The District implemented the Statement during the current year.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with

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actions taken to address such violations:

a.	<u>Violation</u> Exceeds the Budget in Function 11 by \$49,210	<u>Action Taken</u> Under Consideration
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2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

<u>Fund Name</u>	<u>Deficit Amount</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
None reported	Not applicable	Not applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. The District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$9,204,605 and the bank balance was \$9,168,413. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2022 and during the year ended August 31, 2023, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a. Depository: Texas Bank
- b. The market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$ 19,686,211.
- c. The highest combined balances of cash, savings and time deposit accounts amount to \$11,255,183 and occurred during the month of February.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the largest combined balance was \$ 250,000.

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate

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policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2023 are shown below.

<u>Investments or Investment Type</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
None	N/A	\$ --
Total Investments		\$ --

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

- a. **Credit Risk**
 Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. The District did not have any investments at year end. At year end, the District was not exposed to credit risk.

- b. **Custodial Credit Risk**
 Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

 Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the District and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. The District did not have any securities at year end. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

- c. **Concentration of Credit Risk**
 This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District requires investments to be made in a manner that ensures the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, and offsets during the 12-month period any market prices losses resulting from interest-rate fluctuations by income received from the balance of the portfolio. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

- d. **Interest Rate Risk**
 This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District requires any internally created pool fund group of the District to have a maximum of 180 days. The maximum allowable stated maturity of any other individual investment owned by the District may not exceed one year from the time of purchase. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

- e. **Foreign Currency Risk**

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This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
<i>Capital assets not being depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$ 1,018,454	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 1,018,454
Construction in Progress	--	--	--	--
Total Capital assets not being depreciated	1,018,454	--	--	1,018,454
<i>Capital assets being depreciated:</i>				
Buildings and improvements	82,737,747	1,387,345	--	84,125,092
Equipment & Furniture	7,413,633	518,049	(87,434)	7,844,248
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	90,151,380	1,905,394	(87,434)	91,969,340
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(42,105,363)	(2,432,025)	--	(44,537,388)
Equipment & Furniture	(5,251,535)	(260,505)	87,434	(5,424,605)
Total accumulated depreciation	(47,356,899)	(2,692,530)	87,434	(49,961,994)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	42,794,481	(787,136)	--	42,007,346
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 43,812,935	\$ (787,136)	\$ --	\$ 43,025,800

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

11	Instruction	\$ 1,602,625
12	Instructional Resource/Media Serv	112,640
13	Curriculum and Staff Development	26,623
21	Instructional Leadership	27,041
23	School Leadership	176,740
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	911
34	Student Transportation	141,145
35	Food Services	127,173
36	Extracurricular Services	142,123
41	General Administration	113,950
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	165,982
53	Data Processing Services	50,725

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61 Community Services	4,853
	<u>\$ 2,692,530</u>

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due to and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2023, consisted of the following:

Due to Fund	Due from Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$ 25,507	Reimburse Expenditures
Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	16,605	Reimburse Expenditures
Special Revenue Fund - IDEA Part B, Formula	Special Revenue Fund- Special Education	6,718	Reimburse Expenditures
	Total	<u>\$48,830</u>	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfer To and From Other Funds

Transfer of \$283,100 from the general fund to the payroll clearing account.

F. Short-Term Debt Activity

In the event that the District would have any short-term debts for maintenance purposes they would be accounted for through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans would be shown in the financial statements as Other Resources. The District had no short-term loans.

G. Long-Term Obligations

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2023, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
2%-4% Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2016 TEC 45.004	\$ 7,230,000	\$ --	\$ 7,230,000	\$ --	\$ --
2%-4% Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2019 TEC 45.004	3,595,000	--	1,145,000	2,450,000	1,070,000
2%-4% Unlimited Tax Refunding Bond Series 2021 TEC 45.004	1,510,000	--	--	1,510,000	--
2% - 4% Unlimited Tax Refunding Bond Series 2016 in 2023	--	6,980,000	--	6,980,000	--

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TEC 45.004

Unamortized Premium

Series 2016	663,905	--	66,391	597,514	
Series 2019	236,759	--	27,635	209,124	
Series 2021	218,049	--	21,273	196,776	
Net General Obligation Debt	13,453,713	6,980,000	8,490,299	11,943,414	1,070,000
Net Pension Liability	2,066,476	3,349,625	394,685	5,021,416	
Net OPEB Liability	5,122,839	(1,857,220)	108,304	3,157,315	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 20,643,028	\$ 8,472,405	\$ 8,993,288	\$ 20,122,145	\$ 1,070,000

2. Debt Services Requirements

Debt Service requirements at August 31, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	Governmental Activities			
	Bonds		Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	1,070,000	374,250	--	--
2025	1,070,000	331,450	--	--
2026	1,035,000	282,750	--	--
2027	1,065,000	241,750	--	--
2028	1,110,000	200,250	--	--
2029 – 2032	5,590,000	350,375	--	--
Total	10,940,000	1,780,825	--	--

The current balance of refunded bonds that have been defeased are summarized below:

Series	Principal Issued	Dated	Principal Defeased	Maturities Defeased	Redemption Date	Redemption Price
2016	\$8,380,000	11/15/2016	\$1,955,000	2/15/26 to 2/15/29 and 2/15/31	2/15/25	100%
2019	\$6,100,000	01/01/2019	\$280,000	2/15/24 and 2/15/25	N/A	N/A

The District also has an outstanding line of credit in the amount of \$2,000,000. There was no outstanding borrowing against the line of credit as of August 31, 2023.

H. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

I. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The

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pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/acfr-2022.pdf>, or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs, can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025.

Contributions and Rates

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Member	8.00%	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE – State)	7.75%	8.00%

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Employers	7.75%	8.00%
District Employer Contributions	\$	467,646
District Member Contributions	\$	961,260
NECE On-Behalf Contributions to District	\$	620,486

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.7% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2021, rolled forward to August 31, 2022.
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term Expected Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2022	3.91% The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Date/ Yield Curve/ Data

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	Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period	2121
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

The source for the rate is Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds are reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 14, 2020.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the pension plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022, are summarized below:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas			
Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
As of August 31, 2022			
Asset Class*	Target Allocation **	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return***	Expected Contribution To Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.A.	18.00 %	4.60 %	1.12 %
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00	4.90	0.90

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Emerging Markets	9.00	5.40	0.75
Private Equity*	14.00	7.70	1.55
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00	1.00	0.22
Absolute Return*	0.00	3.70	0.00
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00	3.40	0.18
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00	4.10	0.94
Energy & Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.00	5.10	0.37
Commodities	0.00	3.60	0.00
Risk Parity	8.00	4.60	0.43
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00	3.00	0.01
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.00)	3.60	(0.05)
Inflation Expectation	--		2.70
Volatility Drag ****	--		(0.91)
Expected Return	<u>100.00</u> %		<u>8.19</u> %

* Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

** Target allocations are based on the FY2022 policy model.

*** Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2022).

**** The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.00%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,811,419	\$ 5,021,416	\$ 2,759,987

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$5,021,416 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,021,416
State's Proportionate Share that is Associated with District	\$ <u>7,894,197</u>
Total	\$ <u>12,915,613</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

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At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0084581995%, which was an increase of 0.0003436977% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -

The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%.

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,232,120 and revenue of \$754,596 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences Between Expected and Actual Actuarial Experience	\$ 72,810	\$ 109,476
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	935,653	233,191
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	496,099	—
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between The District's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions	<u>143,908</u>	<u>387,455</u>
Total as of August 31, 2022 Measurement Date	1,648,470	730,122
Contributions Paid to TRS Subsequent to the Measurement Date	<u>467,646</u>	<u>—</u>
Total as of fiscal year-end	\$ <u>2,116,116</u>	\$ <u>730,122</u>

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended August 31</u>		<u>Pension Expense Amount</u>
2024	\$	200,435
2025	\$	53,766
2026	\$	(15,254)
2027	\$	583,254
2028	\$	96,148
Thereafter	\$	(1)

J. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit

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(OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/acfr-2022.pdf>, or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

<u>TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates</u>				
		<u>Medicare</u>		<u>Non-Medicare</u>
Retiree *	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree* and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999
* or Surviving Spouse				

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the State, active employees and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	Contribution Rates	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE) – State Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	0.75%	0.75%
	1.25%	1.25%
Current Fiscal year District Contributions		\$ 17,141
Current Fiscal year Member Contributions		\$ 78,103
2022 Measurement year NECE Contributions		\$ 132,114

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program. When hiring a TRS retiree, they are required to pay TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contribution Entity in the amount of \$83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray Covid-19 related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan, offered through TRS-Care, is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increase, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2022:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Rates of Disability

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2021, rolled to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation *

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Healthcare Trend Rates	Initial medical trend rate of 8.25% for Medicare retirees and 7.25% for non-Medicare retirees. Initial prescription drug trend rates of 8.25% for all retirees. Initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 13 years.
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 62% participation prior to age 65 and 25% participation after age 65. Pre-65 retirees – 30% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.91% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.96% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributions entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021, using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact on the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease In Discount Rate (2.91%)	Current Single Discount Rate (3.91%)	1% Increase In Discount Rate (4.91%)
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability	\$ 3,722,725	\$ 3,157,315	\$ 2,699,260

8. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rate	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,601,642	\$ 3,157,315	\$ 3,877,674

9. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$3,157,315 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability,

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 3,157,315
State's Proportionate Share that is Associated with the District	<u>\$ 3,851,428</u>
Total	<u>\$ 7,008,743</u>

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0131862433% which was a decrease of 0.0000941457% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

10. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021, to 3.91% as of August 31, 2022. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

- There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$933,177) and revenue of (\$546,549) for support by the states.

At August 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow Of Resources	Deferred Inflow Of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 175,536	\$ 2,630,327
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	480,922	2,193,514
Differences between Projected and Investment Earnings	9,405	--
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between the District's Contributions And the Proportionate Share of Contributions	<u>849,488</u>	<u>884,491</u>
Total as of August 31, 2022 Measurement Date	1,515,351	5,708,332
Contributions Paid to TRS Subsequent to the Measurement Date	117,141	--
Total as of fiscal year-end	<u>\$ 1,632,492</u>	<u>\$ 5,708,332</u>

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31	Pension Expense Amount
2024	\$ (745,418)
2025	\$ (745,387)

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

2026	\$	(611,495)
2027	\$	(430,228)
2028	\$	(601,560)
Thereafter	\$	(1,058,893)

11. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$65,680, \$47,340, and \$48,695, respectively.

K. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2023, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$423 per pay period per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a self-funded pool. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the licensed insurer is renewable and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

The latest financial statements are available for the year ended August 31, 2023, have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

L. Workers' Compensation Coverage

The District joined together with other districts in the East Texas area to form the Texas Educational Insurance Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating a workers' compensation risk management and insurance program for various member school districts. During the 2022-2023 school year, the District paid a fixed cost in the amount of \$27,085 for the administration of claims, loss control, recordkeeping, and the cost of stop-loss insurance.

Total workers' compensation claims and loss funding sharing payments were \$10,858 for the year. The District may be required to pay and retains the risk of loss for workers' compensation claims up to its loss maximum. When and if schools in the Association exceed their loss fund maximum, the District will be required to pay a percentage share of the excess. A reconciliation of claims activity for the past fiscal year is provided below:

	Beginning Balance	Claims Incurred	Claims Paid	Ending Balance
Year ended August 31, 2023	\$ 60,718	\$ 10,858	\$ (6,229)	\$ 65,347

Unemployment Compensation

During the year, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund as created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool.

M. Rental & Operating Leases

The District has one lease for copiers with varying terms starting in September 2022 and some ending September 2027. The monthly lease expense for the copiers in the fiscal year were \$3,348 per month. The District also leases a postage meter for five years beginning September 2022 and ending September 2027 for \$487 per month. The RCSSA is renting a building for their office and are currently doing a month-to-month lease with the contingency of expanding the space and pricing upon completion of the new construction.

The future lease payments at August 2023 are as follows:

		Copiers		Postage Meter		Total
2024	\$	40,174		5,841	\$	46,015
2025		40,174		5,841		46,015
2026		40,174		5,841		46,015
2027		40,174		5,841		46,015
Total	\$	160,696	\$	23364	\$	184,060

Total lease expense (including operating leases noted above) amounted to \$83,897 in 2023.

The District has determined reporting of these leases under GASB 87, Leases would not be cost-effective as the net effect to the financials would be immaterial.

N. Unavailable Revenue

Unavailable revenue at year end consisted of the following:

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund
Unavailable Revenue – Property Taxes	\$	604,789	\$	148,775

O. Due from other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to finance certain activities partially or fully. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from TEA as of August 31, 2023, are summarized below.

Fund		Grants and Entitlements
General Fund	\$	858,107
Special Revenue Fund		153,615
Total	\$	1,011,722

P. Shared Service Arrangement

The district is the fiscal agent for a Shared Service Arrangement (“SSA”) which provides services for the special education students of the District and member districts. All services are provided by the fiscal agent and funds are received by the fiscal agent from the granting agency. According to guidance provided in the TEA’s Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent’s

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

activities of the SSA in the appropriate Special Revenue Funds and has accounted for these funds using Model 2 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

Member Districts	<u>Distribution Percentage</u>	<u>Allocated Expenditures</u>
Carlisle ISD	15.3%	\$ 115,852
Laneville ISD	5.5%	41,646
Leverett's Chapel ISD	7.0%	53,004
Mt. Enterprise ISD	6.8%	51,490
Overton ISD	12.4%	93,893
Tatum ISD	25.7%	194,600
West Rusk CCISD	27.3%	206,716
Total	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 757,200</u>

Shared Service Arrangement-Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for which the District does not account for revenues or expenditures in the Carl Perkins program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The revenues and expenditures are disclosed in the financial statements of the fiscal agent. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in capital assets purchases by the fiscal agent nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

Q. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

From time to time, the District is involved in litigation or claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of the District's management, the potential losses, after insurance coverage, on all allegations, claims, and lawsuits will not have a material effect of the District's financial position results of operations or liquidity.

R. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 11, 2023, the date the financials were available for release noting the following that needed to be disclosed. The District executed a cash defeasance for \$816,847 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2016, 2019, and 2021. The defeasance took place on September 19, 2023, and required \$805,267 to cover the escrow deposit and fees.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

S. Accounting Standards Applicable to Subsequent Year

GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62*

The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is effected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). For periods that are earlier than those included in the basic financial statements, information presented in RSI or SI should be restated for error corrections, if practicable, but not for changes in accounting principles.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 202, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*

This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability for certain types of compensated absences – including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave – should not be recognized until the leave commences. A liability for specific types of compensated absences should not be recognized until the leave is used.

This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. A liability that has been used but not yet paid or settled should be measured at the amount of the cash payment or noncash settlement to be made. Certain salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally associated with payments for leave also should be included in the measurement of the liabilities. With respect to financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, this Statement requires that expenditures be recognized for the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

This Statement amends the existing requirement to disclose the gross increases and decreases in a liability for compensated absences to allow governments to disclose only the net change in the liability (as long as they identify it as a net change). In addition, governments are no longer required to disclose which governmental funds typically have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and for all reporting periods thereafter.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

EXHIBIT G-1
Page 1 of 2

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	1	2	3		
	Original	Final	Actual		
REVENUES:					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 8,006,332	\$ 8,006,332	\$ 8,296,484	\$ 290,152
5800	State Program Revenues	6,536,301	6,536,601	6,965,688	429,087
5900	Federal Program Revenues	50,000	50,000	148,852	98,852
5020	Total Revenues	<u>14,592,633</u>	<u>14,592,933</u>	<u>15,411,024</u>	<u>818,091</u>
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Instruction and Instructional Related Services:					
0011	Instruction	8,251,589	8,160,189	8,209,399	(49,210)
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	594,826	597,226	588,492	8,734
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	154,134	154,134	150,412	3,722
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	<u>9,000,549</u>	<u>8,911,549</u>	<u>8,948,303</u>	<u>(36,754)</u>
Instructional and School Leadership:					
0021	Instructional Leadership	150,640	160,640	160,451	189
0023	School Leadership	867,178	867,178	864,061	3,117
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	<u>1,017,818</u>	<u>1,027,818</u>	<u>1,024,512</u>	<u>3,306</u>
Support Services - Student (Pupil):					
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	16,113	16,113	12,069	4,044
0033	Health Services	3,650	36,150	9,202	26,948
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	448,101	708,101	700,653	7,448
0035	Food Services	--	40,000	36,075	3,925
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	810,297	1,221,397	1,186,177	35,220
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	<u>1,278,161</u>	<u>2,021,761</u>	<u>1,944,176</u>	<u>77,585</u>
Administrative Support Services:					
0041	General Administration	835,673	805,673	793,049	12,624
	Total Administrative Support Services	<u>835,673</u>	<u>805,673</u>	<u>793,049</u>	<u>12,624</u>
Support Services - Nonstudent Based:					
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	2,157,957	2,422,957	2,371,579	51,378
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	154,000	154,000	97,260	56,740
0053	Data Processing Services	246,602	259,602	256,292	3,310
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	<u>2,558,559</u>	<u>2,836,559</u>	<u>2,725,131</u>	<u>111,428</u>
Ancillary Services:					
0061	Community Services	24,517	24,517	24,433	84
	Total Ancillary Services	<u>24,517</u>	<u>24,517</u>	<u>24,433</u>	<u>84</u>
Capital Outlay:					
0081	Capital Outlay	89,000	1,453,000	1,435,324	17,676
	Total Capital Outlay	<u>89,000</u>	<u>1,453,000</u>	<u>1,435,324</u>	<u>17,676</u>
Intergovernmental Charges:					
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Dist.-SSA	224,425	224,425	224,425	--
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	201,000	201,000	197,230	3,770
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	<u>425,425</u>	<u>425,425</u>	<u>421,655</u>	<u>3,770</u>
6030	Total Expenditures	<u>15,229,702</u>	<u>17,506,302</u>	<u>17,316,583</u>	<u>189,719</u>
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

EXHIBIT G-1
Page 2 of 2

Data Control Codes		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	
		Original	Final		
1100	Expenditures	<u>(637,069)</u>	<u>(2,913,369)</u>	<u>(1,905,559)</u>	<u>1,007,810</u>
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7915	Transfers In	--	283,100	283,100	--
8911	Transfers Out	--	(283,100)	(283,100)	--
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>(637,069)</u>	<u>(2,913,369)</u>	<u>(1,905,559)</u>	<u>1,007,810</u>
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	8,564,219	8,564,219	8,564,219	--
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 7,927,150</u>	<u>\$ 5,650,850</u>	<u>\$ 6,658,660</u>	<u>\$ 1,007,810</u>

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,								
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.0084581995%	0.0081145018%	0.0080590353%	0.0089390922%	0.0102291742%	0.0101989176%	0.0103307159%	0.0103622000%	0.0075251000%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 5,021,416	\$ 2,066,476	\$ 4,316,255	\$ 4,646,820	\$ 5,630,386	\$ 3,261,064	\$ 3,903,824	\$ 3,662,900	\$ 2,010,058
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	7,894,197	3,779,141	8,000,362	6,889,604	8,161,124	3,740,718	5,351,097	5,008,879	4,171,021
Total	\$ 12,915,613	\$ 5,845,617	\$ 12,316,617	\$ 11,536,424	\$ 13,791,510	\$ 7,001,782	\$ 9,254,921	\$ 8,671,779	\$ 6,181,079
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 11,104,049	\$ 10,950,342	\$ 10,638,387	\$ 9,819,243	\$ 9,738,989	\$ 9,614,336	\$ 9,718,033	\$ 9,087,106	\$ 8,554,194
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	45.22%	18.87%	40.57%	47.32%	57.81%	33.92%	40.17%	40.31%	23.50%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	75.62%	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. *The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement.*

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,								
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 467,646	\$ 397,234	\$ 346,295	\$ 334,302	\$ 319,178	\$ 320,688	\$ 334,261	\$ 328,233	\$ 306,811
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	(467,646)	(397,234)	(343,295)	(334,302)	(319,178)	(320,688)	(334,261)	(328,233)	(306,811)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 12,015,874	\$ 11,104,049	\$ 10,950,342	\$ 10,638,837	\$ 9,819,243	\$ 9,738,989	\$ 9,604,987	\$ 9,718,033	\$ 9,078,106
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	3.89%	3.58%	3.16%	3.14%	3.25%	3.29%	3.48%	3.38%	3.38%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. *The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement.*

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0131862433%	0.0132803890%	0.0139604271%	0.0130908784%	0.0145543192%	0.0127997417%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,157,315	\$ 5,122,839	\$ 5,306,989	\$ 6,190,837	\$ 7,267,105	\$ 5,566,128
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	<u>3,851,428</u>	<u>6,863,463</u>	<u>7,131,321</u>	<u>8,226,237</u>	<u>8,630,878</u>	<u>6,379,512</u>
Total	<u>\$ 7,008,743</u>	<u>\$ 11,986,302</u>	<u>\$ 12,438,310</u>	<u>\$ 14,417,074</u>	<u>\$ 15,897,983</u>	<u>\$ 11,945,640</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 11,104,049	\$ 10,950,342	\$ 10,638,387	\$ 9,819,243	\$ 9,738,989	\$ 9,614,336
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	28.43%	46.78%	49.89%	63.05%	74.62%	57.89%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 117,141	\$ 107,412	\$ 104,224	\$ 106,537	\$ 87,574	\$ 95,860
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	(117,141)	(107,412)	(104,224)	(106,537)	(87,574)	(95,860)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 12,015,874	\$ 11,104,049	\$ 10,950,342	\$ 10,638,387	\$ 9,813,243	\$ 9,738,989
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	0.97%	0.97%	0.95%	1.00%	0.89%	0.98%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. At year-end the District had \$153,000 for AC units and \$78,000 for broadband switches in encumbrances.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The district expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds in the noted function:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Function</u>
199	11

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%.

Defined Other Post-Employment Benefits

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

**TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023**

Changes of assumptions:

The single discount rate changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021, to 3.91%, as of August 31, 2022. Lower participation rates and updates to the health care trend rate assumption were also factors that decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

Other Supplementary Information

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Year Ended August 31	1		2		3
	Tax Rates				Assessed/Appraised Value For School Tax Purposes
	Maintenance	Debt Service			
2014 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$ Various			\$ Various
2015	.9467	.2233			1,320,638,718
2016	.9467	.2233			1,227,404,530
2017	1.0107	.1839			1,211,500,513
2018	1.04	.167			1,056,222,000
2019	.97	.237			944,810,936
2020	.97	.237			809,813,340
2021	.9664	.2406			836,879,690
2022	.9634	.2436			786,373,488
2023 (School Year Under Audit)	.9148	.2922			836,112,510
1000 Totals					

EXHIBIT J-1

10 Beginning Balance 9/1/22	20 Current Year's Total Levy	31 Maintenance Collections	32 Debt Service Collections	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	50 Ending Balance 8/31/23
\$ 272,671	\$ --	\$ 10,245	\$ 2,407	\$ (37,992)	\$ 222,027
31,858	--	1,301	307	(1,814)	28,436
34,801	--	1,644	390	(2,372)	30,395
37,126	--	1,142	234	(2,799)	32,951
40,673	--	3,369	541	(3,419)	33,344
68,069	--	18,206	2,744	171	47,290
88,049	--	19,090	4,451	2,624	67,132
108,672	--	25,716	6,252	1,093	77,797
182,060	--	56,237	14,068	(6,330)	105,425
--	10,091,878	7,639,498	2,469,718	210,516	193,178
<u>\$ 863,979</u>	<u>\$ 10,091,878</u>	<u>\$ 7,776,448</u>	<u>\$ 2,501,112</u>	<u>\$ 159,678</u>	<u>\$ 837,975</u>

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

EXHIBIT J-2

Data Control Codes	1	2	3
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 280,000	\$ 273,915	\$ (6,085)
5800 State Program Revenues	--	4,162	4,162
5900 Federal Program Revenues	865,000	813,951	(51,049)
5020 Total Revenues	<u>1,145,000</u>	<u>1,092,028</u>	<u>(52,972)</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Support Services - Student (Pupil):			
0035 Food Services	1,194,456	1,160,337	34,119
Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	<u>1,194,456</u>	<u>1,160,337</u>	<u>34,119</u>
Support Services - Nonstudent Based:			
0051 Plant Maintenance and Operations	829	305	524
Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	<u>829</u>	<u>305</u>	<u>524</u>
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>1,195,285</u>	<u>1,160,642</u>	<u>34,643</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100 Expenditures	(50,285)	(68,614)	(18,329)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>(50,285)</u>	<u>(68,614)</u>	<u>(18,329)</u>
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning	104,023	104,023	--
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 53,738</u>	<u>\$ 35,409</u>	<u>\$ (18,329)</u>

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
DEBT SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

EXHIBIT J-3

Data Control Codes	1	2	3
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 2,460,200	\$ 2,595,351	\$ 135,151
5800 State Program Revenues	--	49,348	49,348
5020 Total Revenues	<u>2,460,200</u>	<u>2,644,699</u>	<u>184,499</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Debt Service:			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	1,145,000	1,145,000	--
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	426,050	418,550	7,500
0073 Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	12,492	11,769	723
Total Debt Service	<u>1,583,542</u>	<u>1,575,319</u>	<u>8,223</u>
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>1,583,542</u>	<u>1,575,319</u>	<u>8,223</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100 Expenditures	<u>876,658</u>	<u>1,069,380</u>	<u>192,722</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
8949 Other Uses	(257,508)	(257,508)	--
7080 Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	<u>(257,508)</u>	<u>(257,508)</u>	<u>--</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	619,150	811,872	192,722
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning	1,290,354	1,290,354	--
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 1,909,504</u>	<u>\$ 2,102,226</u>	<u>\$ 192,722</u>

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAM
AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023

<u>Data Control Codes</u>		<u>Responses</u>
<u>Section A: Compensatory Education Programs</u>		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$ 1,292,870
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28 29, 30, 34)	\$ 711,029
<u>Section B: Bilingual Education Programs</u>		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$ 127,492
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$ 70,121



Malnory, McNeal & COMPANY, PC

ACCOUNTING • ADVISORY • ASSURANCE

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and
On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees
Tatum Independent School District
Tatum, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tatum Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Maloney, McNeal & Company PC

Certified Public Accountants

December 11, 2023
Paris, Texas



Malnory, McNeal & COMPANY, PC

ACCOUNTING • ADVISORY • ASSURANCE

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees
Tatum Independent School District
Tatum, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Tatum Independent School District's ("the District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion of Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to and for the design, implantation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance

when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually, or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any purpose.

December 11, 2023
Paris, Texas

Maloney, McNeal & Company PC
Certified Public Accountants

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

One or more material weaknesses identified? Yes X No

One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No

2. Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

One or more material weaknesses identified? Yes X No

One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Version of compliance supplement used in audit: May 2023

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, para. 200.516(a)?? Yes X No

Identification of major programs:

<u>Assistance Listing Number(s)</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
84.425D	ESSER Fund II of the CRRSA Act
84.425U	ESSER Fund III of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021
84.027A	SSA IDEA -Part B, Formula
84.027X	SSA IDEA- Part B, Formula ARP
84.173X	SSA IDEA- Part B, Preschool ARP
84.173A	SSA IDEA- Part B, Preschool ARP

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes X No

B. Financial Statement Findings

NONE

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

<u>Finding/Recommendation</u>	<u>Current Status</u>	<u>Management's Explanation If Not Implemented</u>
None		

**TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023**

None

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

EXHIBIT K-1
Page 1 of 2

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:			
<u>U. S. Department of Agriculture</u>			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	202322N109946	\$ 143,453
National School Lunch Program	10.555	202320N119946	507,016
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			<u>650,469</u>
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			<u>650,469</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>650,469</u>
FOOD DISTRIBUTION CLUSTER:			
<u>U. S. Department of Agriculture</u>			
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture:			
Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Non-cash)	10.565	201-910	101,903
National School Lunch Prog- Non-Cash Assistance	10.565	201-910	6,273
2023 Supply Chain Assistance Grant Reallocation Award	10.555	6TX300400	55,306
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			<u>163,482</u>
Total Food Distribution Cluster			<u>163,482</u>
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:			
<u>U. S. Department of Education</u>			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
SSA IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	226600012019106600	915,389
SSA IDEA - Part B, Formula ARP	84.027X	225350022019105350	184,231
SSA IDEA - Part B, Preschool ARP	84.173X	225360022019105360	9,241
SSA IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173A	226610012019106610	24,115
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			<u>1,132,976</u>
Total U. S. Department of Education			<u>1,132,976</u>
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			<u>1,132,976</u>
OTHER PROGRAMS:			
<u>U. S. Department of Education</u>			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	22610101201910	9,102
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	23610101201910	306,015
Total Title I Part A- Improving Basic Programs- 84.010A			<u>315,117</u>
Title III, Part A-Eng. Language Acquisition & Language Enhancement	84.365A	23671001201910	26,552
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	23694501201910	53,357
Title IV Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	23680101201910	31,100
Covid 19 School Health Support Grant, Cycle 3	93.323	22393503201910	56,812
ESSER Fund II of the CRRSA Act	84.425D	21521001201910	8,039
ESSER Fund III of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	84.425U	21528001201910	839,808
Total Education Stabilization fund- 84.425			<u>847,847</u>
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			<u>\$ 1,330,785</u>
Total U. S. Department of Education			<u>2,463,761</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			<u><u>3,277,713</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Tatum Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Federal grants funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant and accordingly when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

The Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CFDA 10.565) received like-kind goods. The monetary value of these goods was \$101,903 for the year ended August 31, 2023. This monetary value was reported on the schedule.

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2023, may be impaired. Negative amounts shown, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingency.

Tatum Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Reconciliation of Federal Awards

The following reconciles federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) to the federal revenue reported on Exhibit C-2:

Federal expenditures per SEFA	\$	3,277,713
SHARS		148,852
Federal revenue per Exhibit C-2	\$	<u>3,426,565</u>

TATUM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS
AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes		Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.) Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued. Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	\$ --