

Alexander City Schools
Board Policy Manual



## **Policy 5.01: Employee Qualifications and Duties**

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

Status: ADOPTED

5.01.1 <u>General Requirements</u> – Employees have a duty to perform their jobs responsibly and in a conscientious manner. In addition to any specific job requirements set forth in job descriptions or elsewhere, employees are expected to meet the following general performance and service standards:

- a. Employees are required to be punctual and to attend work regularly.
- b. Employees are required to perform the duties and responsibilities that are assigned to them by the Board, the Superintendent, or their supervisor(s). Such duties and assignments may extend beyond or outside the instructional day and may include off-campus functions, events, and activities.
- c. Employees are expected to treat all students, co-employees, visitors, and guests of the Board with respect. Employees are expected to demonstrate moderation, restraint, and civility in their dealings with others and, in general, to serve as appropriate role models for students in their behavior and demeanor.
- d. Employees are required to obey all laws, ordinances, Board policies, and supervisory directives, and are expected to follow the Alabama Educator Code of Ethics and other pertinent authority while carrying out duties for the Board.
- e. Employees whose duties include the instruction or supervision of students must provide effective supervision, discipline, organization, and instruction of the students.
- f. Employees must complete and submit required reports accurately and in a timely fashion.
- g. Employees must respect, protect, and exercise due care in the handling, use, and operation of Board property and equipment.
- h. Employees shall at all times maintain an appropriate and professional relationship with students and shall not engage in conduct (including communication of any kind) that constitutes, solicits, or suggests sexual, romantic, or inappropriately familiar interaction with a student. As used herein, the term "Student" means any student with whom the employee has, has had, or could prospectively have a professional, teaching, counseling, coaching, mentoring, advisory, supervisory, or working relationship. The term "Student" also includes any student who, by reason of his or her age, mental or physical condition, or other circumstances is practically or legally incapable of consenting to the relationship in question.
- i. *Employee Attire* Employees are required to report to work or to school functions in attire that is appropriate to their position and the nature of the function and that is in keeping with generally accepted standards of decorum and professionalism.
- j. Employees shall promptly disclose to the Board any fact that would disqualify them from employment or that renders them unable to perform their essential job functions.

## 5.01.2 Special Requirements -

- a. Work Schedules (Teachers) Supervisory and instructional duties of teachers commence a minimum of fifteen (15) minutes prior to the beginning of the instructional day and conclude fifteen (15) minutes after the dismissal of students. Assignments and duties may extend beyond the instructional day and may include off-campus functions, events, and activities; conferences and meetings with parents; supervision of student arrival and departure; and preparation for the following instructional day. Teachers will be provided a minimum of thirty (30) minutes free of instructional and supervisory responsibilities each teaching day.
- b. Work Schedules (Support Personnel) The Superintendent is authorized to establish work schedules, including minimum work times, for support personnel.
- c. Professional Certification In addition to requirements established by the State Board of Education and the pertinent job description, professional employees must hold a degree from an accredited college or university and hold a current, valid, and properly endorsed Alabama Educator's Certificate, which will be maintained in

the Superintendent's office. A teacher who has completed the certification process but has not received the certificate may be employed on tentative or temporary compensation pending verification of certification from the State Department of Education. Upon receipt of such verification, appropriate adjustments will be made to the teacher's salary. If an employee earns a higher certificate that merits increased compensation under the approved salary schedule, the employee will be paid for the advanced degree as soon as the degree is certified to the State Department of Education as being earned.

d. *Dual Employment* – When an employee is hired to perform the functions of two or more distinct positions within the school's daily operations (e.g., teacher and athletic coach), and when maintenance of that dual employment is deemed essential by school authorities to meeting the budgetary and staffing needs of the school, the employee's unwillingness, inability, or failure to faithfully discharge the duties of one of the positions may constitute grounds or cause for removing the employee from both positions in accordance with provisions of applicable law.



Policy 5.02: Hiring Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

5.02.1 <u>Application Procedures</u> – Job applicants for all positions must file a formal application with the Human Resources Department of the Board. Applications must be completed in full. All information provided in the application must be truthful. Any misrepresentation of a material fact on an employment application may disqualify the applicant from consideration for the position and may subject an employee to adverse employment action, including termination.

5.02.2 Qualifications – Applicants must meet the minimum qualifications of the position as provided in Board policy, the job description for the position, the posted advertisement for the position, or as may otherwise be established by the Board, applicable law, or regulation. Applicants must hold such degrees, licenses, certificates, and like credentials as may be necessary, appropriate, or customary for the position in question.

5.02.3 <u>Hiring Authority</u> – The Board is responsible for making all final hiring decisions, and no hiring decision is official, final, or effective unless and until it is approved by a vote of the Board. No principal, administrator, supervisor, or other employee has authority to hire an applicant without Board approval or to commit the Board to specific action regarding employment.

5.02.4 <u>At-Will Employment</u> – Except as may otherwise be provided or required by law, by contract, or by the specific terms of their appointment, all personnel are deemed "at-will" employees and may be terminated, demoted, reassigned, suspended, or disciplined with or without pay, or with reduced pay, and with or without cause.

## 5.02.5 Nepotism -

- a. Supervisory Relationships Employment decisions and relationships that violate any provision of Alabama law, including state ethics and nepotism laws, are prohibited. The Superintendent is authorized to take action to identify and correct violations of the policy in a manner consistent with applicable law.
- b. *Employment of Family Members* Board members, administrators, or supervisors may not use their positions to directly or indirectly seek or secure the employment of any family member as defined in the Alabama Ethics Law.
- c. Selection of Impartial Person When law or policy mandates the recusal of a board member, official, or employee ("disqualified official") from involvement in a decision involving the employment or possible employment of a relative or other person and permits or requires an objective, neutral, or impartial person ("the surrogate official") to exercise some or all of the functions of the disqualified official with respect to the decision or action in question, the surrogate official shall be deemed objective, neutral or impartial if he or she:
  - 1. Is not related by blood or marriage to the disqualified official or the person whose employment status is at issue, or of any applicant in a multi-member field of persons under consideration for employment or advancement;
  - 2. Does not work under the direct or indirect supervision of the disqualified official, of any person who selects the surrogate official, of any person whose employment status could be affected by the action or decision at issue;
  - 3. Has no personal or financial connection to the disqualified official, to any person whose employment status could be affected by the action or decision at issue, to any other person involved or affected by the action or decision at issue in a way that would call into question the surrogate official's objectivity, neutrality, or impartiality; and
  - 4. By education, training, and experience has a sufficient understanding of the employment qualifications and other factors and considerations that bear upon the action or decision at issue to make an informed report and recommendation to the Board.

After considering any report or recommendation that may be made by the surrogate official, the Board may approve such recommendation or remand the matter in question for a different recommendation.

[Reference: ALA. CODE §16-22-15.1]



Status: ADOPTED

# **Policy 5.03: Probationary Employment**

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Employees are required to serve the maximum period of any probationary service provided or permitted by law before tenure, non-probationary status, or any other statutorily sanctioned form of employment security will be recognized by the Board.





## **Policy 5.04: Non-Teaching Supplemental Duties**

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**Status: ADOPTED** 

Compensation in the form of supplements may be paid for non-teaching supplemental duties in accordance with rates specified or established for such duties in the Board's official salary schedule. Such duties may include coaching and sponsorship of athletic support organizations (e.g., cheerleaders, flag teams, drill teams) as well as scholastic support activities (e.g., yearbook, academic clubs, service clubs). Such supplemental duties are considered additional non-teaching assignments to be made and approved on an annual basis or otherwise as the needs of the school system require. Such supplemental duties are not considered to be a part of a teaching contract or appointment, and no tenure, continuing service status, non-probationary status, or contractual right to continued employment or compensation for such supplemental assignment will be recognized or implied in the absence of a separate written contract of employment providing for such rights.

[Reference: ALA. CODE §16-24C-4(3)b (1975)]



Status: ADOPTED



**Policy 5.05: Professional Development** 

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

The Superintendent will develop and implement an ongoing program of professional training and development that is designed to enhance the competencies of professional and support staff. Employee attendance and participation in such training institutes, workshops, seminars, and programs may be made mandatory by the Superintendent. The unexcused failure of an employee to attend or participate in such professional development activities may constitute grounds for termination of employment or other disciplinary action.





## **Policy 5.06: Employee Conflicts of Interest**

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Status: ADOPTED

Employees may not use their offices or positions for personal gain and must adhere to applicable provisions of the Alabama Ethics Law. Employees may only engage in outside employment under the following terms and conditions:

- a. Employees will not engage in outside business activities or render any service for another employer during such time as duties and responsibilities have been assigned by the Board;
- b. Employees will not accept outside employment that would interfere with or impair the ability of the employee to perform duties as a Board employee effectively;
- Employees may not accept work that could compromise the employee's independent judgment in the exercise
  of duties for the Board;
- d. Employees may not use or disclose confidential information acquired through Board employment for their personal gain or for the benefit of a third party.





**Policy 5.07: Employee Gifts** 

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

Employees may accept gifts from students or other members of the public if the gifts are in accordance with the Alabama Ethics law and any other applicable law.

The Board allows employees to accept gifts or gift cards purchased from pooled donations within a class, team, or other school group or organization for the employee's personal use provided that each individual gift complies with the Ethics law.

Nothing in this policy should be construed to create restrictions on gifts beyond those that are specifically provided for by law or to allow conduct specifically prohibited by law. Any person with a question about the application of the Ethics law to a particular gift should contact the Ethics Commission for clarification.

[Reference: ALA. CODE §36-25-1, et seq.; Alabama Ethics Opinion 2011-12 & 2016-34]





**Policy 5.08: Employee Evaluations** 

**Status: ADOPTED** 

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

5.08.1 <u>Certified Personnel</u> – Certified employees (other than contract principals) will be evaluated in accordance with an evaluation program approved for use by the Alabama State Board of Education. Contract principals will be evaluated in accordance with rules, regulations, and requirements promulgated by the State Department of Education or as may otherwise be permitted by law.

- 5.08.2 Non-Certified Personnel Non-certified personnel may be evaluated in accordance with criteria and procedures to be developed by the Superintendent.
- 5.08.3 <u>Use of Evaluations in Connection With Employment Decisions</u> Unless prohibited by law (including applicable regulations) or the terms of the evaluation instrument, employment evaluations may be considered in making employment decisions, together with such other information and considerations as may reasonably bear upon the wisdom, necessity, or advisability of the employment decision. However, employment evaluations are intended to enhance the overall quality of the school system's instructional program and are not intended to confer, constitute, or give rise to any individual right, entitlement, or enforceable expectation of continued employment or advancement. Accordingly, except as may be specifically provided otherwise in state law applicable to "contract principals," employees do not acquire any employment right or right of legal action based on any actual or alleged failure on the part of the Board or the evaluator to follow specific evaluation policies, regulations, or procedures.
- 5.08.4 <u>Special Evaluation Situations</u> The Superintendent, the Chief School Financial Officer, and other employees who serve in positions of special trust or sensitivity may be evaluated by such means as may be permitted by law or applicable regulation or as agreed to in an employment contract.
- 5.08.5 <u>Exempt Personnel</u> Except when required by law or contract, temporary, substitute, and occasional employees, or employees appointed to supplemental positions (e.g., coaches, extracurricular activity sponsors) will not be formally evaluated in those roles.





**Policy 5.09: Personnel Records** 

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

5.09.1 <u>Content of Personnel Files</u> – A central personnel file will be maintained for all regular employees. The personnel file may contain information regarding the employee's current assignment, payroll status, and work history, including but not limited to job qualifications, certification, licenses, employment contract(s), evaluation data, disciplinary information, and such other documents, written materials, and data as may be reasonably deemed necessary and appropriate by the Board for sound and efficient personnel administration. Anonymous material and other matters that are prohibited by law, regulation, or Board policy from being maintained in personnel files may not be included therein. Employees may reasonably supplement or respond in writing to any material contained in the personnel file with which they disagree, and such responses will also be included in the personnel file.

5.09.2 Alternate Data Storage - Personnel file data may be stored or maintained electronically or digitally.

5.09.3 <u>Confidentiality</u> – In general, the contents of an employee's personnel file will be deemed confidential except for documents, information, and materials that are matters of public information or public record under applicable state or federal law.

5.09.4 <u>Access to Personnel Files</u> – Board members, the Superintendent, Board administrators (including principals), employees of the Human Resources Department, and other persons whose duties reasonably require access to personnel files are authorized to view, copy, and use the contents of personnel files for purposes that are required by or in keeping with their official duties on behalf of the Board.



# **Policy 5.10: Employee Leave**

**Status: ADOPTED** 

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5.10.1 <u>Work Attendance an Essential Job Function</u> – Punctual, regular attendance is an essential job function of every job and position, and employees are expected to report to work when scheduled to work and to remain at work each working day.

5.10.2 <u>Absences</u> – Except as otherwise authorized under Board policy, employees may be absent from work only in the following circumstances:

- a. Illness, injury or other qualifying reason for sick leave or on-the-job injury leave under state law or the Family Medical Leave Act:
- b. Personal leave:
- c. Vacation leave;
- d. Professional leave;
- e. Military leave;
- f. Court leave;
- g. Other unpaid leave that is specifically approved by the Board upon a showing of substantial hardship or extraordinary circumstances.

Employees who know in advance that they will be absent from work must notify their immediate supervisor of the expected absence in accordance with procedures specified by the Superintendent or the Board. In the event of an emergency or incapacity that makes advance notice impractical, employees must notify the Board of their absence as early as possible. Except as otherwise provided or permitted, an employee who is absent from work without approved leave will be considered absent without leave in violation of Board policy and subject to appropriate disciplinary measures. Employees who are approved for paid leave of absences will be paid at the regular daily rate of pay; however, a day of paid leave of absence will not be counted as a day worked for the purposes of computing overtime under the Fair Labor Standards Act. Pay will be reduced on a pro rata basis for leaves or absences not covered by sick, vacation, personal, or other appropriate form of paid leave. The continuation of benefits during an approved absence is subject to the provisions of the particular benefit policy or plan.

## 5.10.3 Paid Sick Leave -

- a. Persons Eligible for Paid Sick Leave All regular full-time employees are eligible for paid sick leave.
- b. Earning and Accumulation of Paid Sick Leave All eligible employees earn sick leave days at the rate provided for in state law. Eligible employees may accumulate sick leave as provided by state law.
- c. Use of Sick Leave Eligible employees may only use paid sick leave for absences caused by:
  - 1. Personal illness or doctor's quarantine;
  - 2. Incapacitating personal injury;
  - 3. Attendance upon an ill member of the employee's immediate family (parent, spouse, child, foster child currently in the care and custody of the employee, sibling, child currently in the care and custody of the employee for whom a petition for adoption has been filed); or an individual with a close personal tie.
  - 4. Death of a family member (parent, spouse, parent, child, sibling, mother or father-in-law, son or daughter-in-law, brother or sister-in-law, nephew or niece, grandparent, grandchild, aunt or uncle;
  - 5. Death, injury or sickness of another person who has unusually strong personal ties to the employee, such as a person who stood in loco parentis; or

6. Attendance upon an adopted child, who is three years of age or younger.

Sick leave taken for this purpose of attending to an adopted child may be taken for a maximum of eight weeks, or 320 consecutive hours.

d. Certification – By taking sick leave, the employee is certifying that the sick leave is being used for one of the reasons provided in state law. If the employee's immediate supervisor has probable cause to believe that an employee has abused or misused sick leave, a physician's statement verifying the existence and nature of the illness or medical condition or documentation verifying a petition for adoption or death may be required by the school system. Abuse of sick leave may subject the employee to disciplinary action.

[Reference: ALA. CODE §16-1-18.1 (1975)]

5.10.4 On-The-Job Injury Leave – On-the-job injury includes an accident or injury to an employee that occurs in the course of performing job duties for the Board or when the employee is directed or requested by the employer to be on the property of employer and which prevents the employee from working or returning to the job. Employees who are accidentally injured on the job may be approved for paid "on-the-job injury" leave without using sick days, provided that:

- a. The employee submits a signed written account of the accident attested by a principal or department head within twenty-four (24) hours after the injury occurred. If the injured employee is not able to notify the Board, another person reasonably knowledgeable about the employee's condition and circumstances leading to the injury may provide the required notification.
- b. The injured employee submits written medical certification from the attending licensed physician stating that the employee was injured and cannot return to work due to a specified injury, if there is a reasonable expectation that the employee will return to work and, if so, the expected date of that return. The Board may require a second opinion from a Board specified physician, at its expense.

Upon a determination that the employee has been injured on the job and cannot return to work, the Board may maintain the employee's salary and benefits for the period of incapacity caused by the injury, not to exceed ninety (90) days. An employee who is injured on the job may file a request for unreimbursed medical expenses and costs with the State Board of Adjustment. The Board will provide such reasonable assistance to the employee in filing the Board of Adjustment claim as is required by law, but assumes and will have no responsibility or liability for processing the claim or directly reimbursing the employee any unreimbursed medical expenses and costs. On-the-job injury leave will be administered in accordance with and subject to the requirements and limitations imposed by state law regarding such leave.

[Reference: ALA. CODE §16-1-18.1 (1975)]

5.10.5 <u>Personal Leave</u> – All regular, full-time employees are eligible for three (3) non-cumulative personal leave days each scholastic year without loss of pay. All regular full-time employees are eligible for three additional non-cumulative personal leave days each scholastic year for which the employee will be charged an amount equal to the average daily rate of pay used for substitute based on position.

Personal leave must be requested in writing in accordance with such procedures as may be established by the Superintendent or the Board. Certified employees may be compensated for unused personal leave at the end of the school year at the same daily rate of pay used for substitute teachers if requested in writing to Payroll by June 15th. All other unused personal leave converts to sick leave at the end of the scholastic year.

[Reference: ALA. CODE §16-8-26 (1975)]

## 5.10.6 Vacation -

- a. Eligible Employees Twelve-month full-time employees are eligible for paid vacation.
- b. Vacation Benefits Eligible employees will earn vacation benefits as follows:

Year 1 – completion of year 10	10 days
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Year 11 - completion of year 20	15 days
Year 21 forward	20 days

Only consecutive service with the Board will be considered in establishing length of service for purposes of determining vacation benefits. A mid-year hire will receive prorated vacation days the first year.

c. Accrual and Accumulation of Vacation Time – Vacation fully accrues on July 1st. An employee will have the option to receive payment for up to 5 accrued, unused vacation days at the end of the scholastic year. Payment requests must be turned in to the bookkeepers and submitted to the central office with the June payroll.

An employee may also carry over up to 10 unused vacation days as of June 30th for use in the next scholastic year. However, at no time shall the employee's account balance of vacation days be more than their annual accrual plus 10 days and any accrued, unused vacation days in excess of that amount will be forfeited, unless specific authorization is given by the Superintendent.

No payment will be made for any vacation leave that is unused as of the employee's date of resignation, retirement, or termination.

- d. Scheduling Vacation leave days may be used at any time throughout the school year with the approval of the employee's immediate supervisor or the Superintendent with the understanding that the efficient operation of the School System must be a priority. Any vacation in excess of 10 consecutive working days must be approved by the Superintendent.
- 5.10.7 <u>Professional Leave</u> The Superintendent is authorized to grant professional leave with pay to Board employees to engage in educational activities which, in the judgment of the Superintendent, serve the needs and interests of the school system. The number of days approved for such leave will be at the discretion of the Superintendent; provided, however, that any such leave exceeding five (5) days in a scholastic year must be approved by the Superintendent or designee.
- 5.10.8 Military Leave Military leave is available to all eligible employees in accordance with state and federal law.
- 5.10.9 Court Leave Permanent and full-time employees are entitled to regular compensation while performing jury duty (ALA. CODE §12-16-8) or when the employee is summoned for school-related purposes under subpoena or other legal requirement to testify at trial in a court of law or in an administrative proceeding constituted under the statutory authority of the agency conducting the proceedings. Paid leave is not authorized for employees to meet with attorneys, to attend depositions, or to otherwise prepare for legal proceedings unless the presence of the employee is requested or required by the Board.



## Policy 5.11: Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)

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**Status: ADOPTED** 

- 5.11.1 <u>Eligible Employees</u> The FMLA is applicable to all persons who have been employed for at least twelve (12) months and have worked a minimum of 1,250 hours during that twelve (12) month period.
- 5.11.2 <u>Medical Leave Provided by the Act</u> Under the FMLA, eligible employees are entitled to twelve (12) weeks of unpaid leave during any twelve (12) month period for one or more of the following reasons:
  - a. The birth and first year care of a newborn child;
  - b. The placement of a foster child or adoption;
  - c. The care of an immediate family member, defined as a spouse, child or parent, with a serious health condition;
  - d. The taking of medical leave because of the employee's own serious health condition.

For the birth, adoption, or foster placement of a child, the entitlement to leave for childcare expires at the end of the twelve (12) month period beginning on the date of birth, adoption, or placement. Leave associated with the illness of a child will only be provided if the child is under eighteen (18) years of age or is incapable of self-care due to physical or mental disability.

- 5.11.3 <u>Serious Health Conditions</u> The term "serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves the following:
  - a. Any period of incapacity in connection with or following inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility.
  - b. Continuing treatment by a health-care provider, to include any period of incapacity due to:
    - 1. A health condition, including treatment and recovery, lasting more than three (3) consecutive days, and any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition;
    - 2. Pregnancy or prenatal care;
    - 3. A chronic, serious health condition which continues over an extended period of time, requires periodic visits to a health care provider, and may involve episodes of incapacity (e.g., asthma and diabetes);
    - 4. A permanent or long-term condition for which treatment may not be effective (e.g., Alzheimer's, severe stroke) and for which supervision of a health-care provider is required;
    - 5. Multiple treatments for restorative surgery or for a condition which would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three (3) days if not treated.

#### 5.11.4 Military Family Leave Provided by the Act -

- a. Qualifying Exigency Leave Under the FMLA, an eligible employee with a spouse, child, or parent on active duty or call to active-duty status in the National Guard or Reserves in support of a contingency operation may utilize the twelve (12) week medical leave entitlement to address qualifying exigencies resulting from that service.
- b. Military Caregiver Leave An eligible employee, who is the spouse, child, parent, or next of kin of a covered service member, is entitled to take up to twenty-six (26) weeks (including any medical leave provided by the Act) of unpaid leave during any twelve (12) month period (beginning the first day of the leave) to care for an individual covered service member with a serious injury or illness incurred in the line of duty while on active duty that may render the service member medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank, or rating. A covered service member is a member of the Armed Forces, including the National Guard and Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness incurred in the line of duty on

active duty.

- 5.11.5 Spouse Employed by the Board Spouses who are both employed by the Board are limited to a combined total of twelve (12) weeks of family leave for the birth and care of a newborn child, for the placement of a child for adoption or foster care, for the care of a parent who has a serious health condition, and for qualifying exigency leave. Spouses who are both employed by the Board are limited to a combined total of twenty-six (26) weeks for military caregiver leave.
- 5.11.6 <u>Intermittent Leave</u> An employee may take leave intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule only when medically necessary to care for a spouse, parent, or child or to receive planned medical treatment. Intermittent leave should be scheduled to the extent practicable so as not to unduly disrupt the operations of the Board. Intermittent leave may be further limited for teachers in accordance with federal law.
- 5.11.7 <u>Use of Vacation and Sick Leave</u> If an employee has available sick leave, vacation leave or other applicable paid leave, the employee must utilize those forms of leave before taking unpaid leave under the FMLA. In that instance, the paid leave and the FMLA leave will run concurrently and the employee's twelve (12) weeks of unpaid FMLA leave will be reduced by the paid leave utilized, as long as the need for such leave results from one or more of the qualifying reasons under the FMLA.
- 5.11.8 <u>Notice</u> Employees seeking leave under the FMLA must provide thirty (30) days advance notice of the need to take leave when the need is foreseeable. When the need for leave is unforeseeable, employees should notify their supervisors as soon as possible. Employees must also provide notice of the need for qualifying exigency leave as soon as practicable.
- 5.11.9 <u>Certification for Medical or Military Caregiver Leave</u> Every request for FMLA leave based upon the serious health condition of the employee or employee's spouse, children, or parents, or leave as a military caregiver must be supported by medical certification issued by the appropriate health care provider on forms provided by the Board.

For leave based on a serious health condition of the employee or employee's spouse, child, or parent, the Board reserves the right to obtain a second opinion from an independent health-care provider designated by the Board. If the opinion received by the employee and the second opinion conflict, the Board and the employee must agree on a third provider to issue a binding opinion. Both the second and third opinions (if necessary) will be at the expense of the Board.

- 5.11.10 <u>Certification for Qualifying Exigency Leave</u> Certification will be required by the Board for requests for qualifying exigency leave. Certification must be timely submitted on forms available from the Board. For the first such request, certification may include a copy of the military service member's duty orders or other military documentation.
- 5.11.11 Return to Work The Board may require an employee who has taken leave due to the employee's own serious medical condition to provide the Board with a healthcare provider's certification in order to return to work. Any employee who takes leave under these provisions will be entitled to be restored to the original position held when the leave commenced or to an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment.
- 5.11.12 Maintenance of Benefits Benefits accrued by the employee before leave is taken are not lost when approved FMLA leave is taken. Employees who are on approved FMLA leave will remain eligible to participate in benefit programs in which the employee was enrolled at the time of the leave, provided that the employee will continue to be responsible for payment of employee's portion of any cost, premium, or like payment that is required to maintain eligibility for the coverage or benefit. An employee that does not return to work after FMLA leave, will be required to reimburse the Board for the cost of benefits coverage extended to the employee during the leave, unless the reason for the employee's failure to return to work is (i) a continuing serious health condition suffered by either the employee or a family member, or (ii) other circumstances beyond the employee's control.
- 5.11.13 <u>Instructional Employees</u> Medical leave taken by eligible instructional employees is subject to further limitations and provisions established by the FMLA. The Superintendent or his designee is authorized to develop additional information and guidelines concerning Instructional Employees.



# Policy 5.12: Sick Leave Bank

**Status: ADOPTED** 

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A "Sick Leave Bank" plan for full-time certified and classified employees is hereby established in accordance with applicable provisions of state law. A Sick Leave Bank Committee will be established to oversee the operations of the Sick Leave Bank in accordance with state law and the following provisions:

a. Sick Leave Bank Committee – The Sick Leave Bank Committee will be composed of one member representing the Board and four members representing participating members of the sick leave bank.

Board Representative - The Member representing the Board will be appointed by the Superintendent, subject to Board approval.

Participant Representatives - The participant representatives will be selected by the sick leave bank members.

- b. Procedures for Selecting Employee Representatives on Committee
  - 1. Nomination Before each election of participant representatives, the Board will hold an open nomination period. Any employee who is eligible to participate in the sick leave bank may be nominated for one of the participant representative positions. Nominations must be written and must be received in the Human Resources Department by the deadline specified in a notice to be provided by the Superintendent or his designee through Board publications and other means of communication that are generally used for such purposes.
  - 2. Voting Each eligible nominee will be placed on the Sick Leave Bank Committee ballot. Voting will take place by ballot at Board facilities at the time specified or as may otherwise be provided by the Board. Supervision of voting will be by local facility personnel. Voting members will be required to verify their ballot by signing the Board's voter record. Votes will be forwarded to the Human Resources Department for final tabulation. The four candidates receiving the highest number of votes will serve as participant representatives on the Sick Leave Bank Committee.
- c. Term of Committee Members Sick Leave Bank Committee members will serve for a term of one year and may not serve for more than five years.
- d. Chairman of the Sick Leave Bank Committee The Sick Leave Bank Committee will elect a chairman from among its representatives at its first annual meeting. The chairman will be responsible for recording organizational minutes, for conducting meetings, and for organizing meetings as necessary.
- e. *Meetings* The Sick Leave Bank Committee will meet at least annually following each enrollment period. The Committee will also meet as necessary in its discretion.
- f. Sick Leave Bank Committee Duties The Sick Leave Bank Committee will develop proposed rules and regulations for the Sick Leave Bank, to be submitted to participating members for approval. At a minimum, said rules and regulations must include those terms and provisions that are required by statute. The Committee has the authority to review both participation in the Bank and requests for leave to ensure compliance with state law, Board policy, and such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the Sick Leave Bank Committee.
- g. *Employee Participation* Participation in the Sick Leave Bank is voluntary and open to all full-time employees of the Board. However, employee participation is subject to such rules and regulations regarding enrollment procedures, deposits, withdrawals, and participation as may be developed by the Committee.

[Reference: ALA. CODE §16-22-9 (1975)]





#### **Policy 5.13: Equal Employment Opportunity**

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

5.13.1 <u>Unlawful Discrimination Prohibited</u> – The Board is an equal opportunity employer. Personnel actions and decisions will be made without regard to factors or considerations prohibited by federal or state law (as such laws may from time to time be amended), including but not limited to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, and genetics.

5.13.2 Implementing Regulations Authorized – The Superintendent is authorized and directed to implement such rules, regulations, procedures, and directives as necessary and appropriate to implement and enforce this policy and any law prohibiting discrimination in the workplace, including the designation of one or more complaint/grievance investigators, officials, or coordinators, the development of complaint or grievance procedures for responding to allegations of unlawful discrimination, the provision of training or dissemination of instructional materials and advisories to appropriate staff members, and the administration of corrective or remedial action in response to violations of the law and of this policy.



# **Policy 5.14: Employee Sexual Harassment**

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

**Status: ADOPTED** 

- 5.14.1 <u>Sexual Harassment Prohibited</u> Sexual harassment in any form that is directed toward employees is prohibited. Persons who violate the policy will be subject to the full range of disciplinary consequences up to and including termination as dictated by the nature and severity of the violation and other relevant considerations. If appropriate, the circumstances constituting the violation may be reported to law enforcement agencies for further investigation and action.
- 5.14.2 <u>Definition of Sexual Harassment</u> Title IX regulations define sexual harassment to include one or more of the following:
  - a. An employee conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the school/school district on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct (i.e., quid pro quo sexual harassment);
  - b. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the school/ school district's education program or activity; or
  - c. Sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, or stalking, as each of those terms is defined by federal statutes enumerated in the Title IX regulations, 34 C.F.R. § 106.30(a).
- 5.14.3 Examples of Prohibited Conduct The following are examples of conduct that may constitute sexual harassment, depending on individual circumstances:
  - a. Verbal harassment or abuse of a sexual nature, including graphic comments, the display of sexually suggestive objects or pictures, and sexual propositions;
  - b. Repeated unwelcome solicitation of sexual activity or sexual contact;
  - c. Unwelcome, inappropriate sexual touching;
  - d. Demands for sexual favors accompanied by implied or overt promises of preferential treatment or threats with regard to an individual's employment status.
- 5.14.4 Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedures Authorized The Superintendent is authorized and directed to establish, implement and revise more detailed sexual harassment complaint procedures in compliance with Title IX that are designed to provide employees who believe that they are victims of unlawful sexual harassment with a thorough, discreet, and prompt internal procedure for investigating and resolving sexual harassment complaints. The process and procedures will be drafted so as to provide supportive measures, facilitate the gathering of relevant facts and evidence, permit timely assessment of the merits of the complaint, provide an opportunity for informal resolution of complaint where appropriate, eliminate any harassment that is established by the investigation, and prevent any retaliation based upon the filing of the complaint. The procedures will reflect due regard for the legal rights and interests of all persons involved in the complaint, and will be drafted, explained, and implemented so as to comply with federal regulations, and to be understandable and accessible to all employee population groups.
- 5.14.5 <u>Initial Confrontation of Accused Harasser Not Required</u> An employee who invokes the harassment complaint procedure will not be required to present the complaint to the accused or suspected harasser for resolution. In no case will any employee who is the subject of a complaint be permitted to conduct, review, or otherwise exercise decision-making responsibility in connection with the processing of the complaint.
- 5.14.6 <u>Notice of Policy to be Promulgated</u> The Superintendent will promulgate and disseminate this policy and the complaint procedures to applicants for admission and employment, the schools, parents and legal guardians, unions and professional organizations, and will take such other steps and measures as may be reasonably available and expedient for informing the school community of the conduct prohibited by this policy and the recourse available to employees who believe that they have been subjected to sexual harassment.
- 5.14.7 <u>Confidentiality</u> To the extent possible, reports of sexual harassment will be kept confidential; however, complete confidentiality cannot be guaranteed.

- 5.14.8 <u>Retaliation Prohibited</u> No retaliation or adverse action may be imposed as a result of a good faith complaint or report of sexual harassment. False accusations that are made in bad faith or for improper reasons may result in disciplinary action.
- 5.14.9 <u>Penalties for Violation</u> Any employee who violates the terms of this policy or who impedes or unreasonably refuses to cooperate with a Board investigation regarding allegations of sexual harassment will be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including termination.



#### **Policy 5.15: Reduction-In-Force**

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

#### 5.15.1 Definition and Scope -

- a. This policy applies to reductions-in-force that are implemented by "layoffs" as contemplated by Ala. Code §16 1 33 (1975).
- b. A reduction-in-force may be declared by the Board of Education and layoffs approved thereunder if the Board determines that decreased student enrollment or a shortage of revenues requires a reduction in the work force (beyond normal attrition) in order to maintain effective provision of educational services or to meet the Board's financial, legal, or operational obligations.
- c. A "layoff" within the meaning of this policy is a separation from employment with the Board of Education. However, employees who are laid off under authority of this policy are eligible for recall to employment as conditionally provided in this policy. The term "layoff" does not include or apply to the expiration of temporary, occasional, or "at-will" appointments or to decisions not to renew or extend employment beyond the expiration of annual or other specified terms of appointment.

#### 5.15.2 Criteria for Implementing Layoffs -

- a. The order, priority, rank, or selection of individual employees who are to be laid off under authority of this policy shall be determined on the basis of objective criteria. However, nothing herein shall be deemed or construed to limit or abridge the Board's legislative discretion to identify areas, departments, groupings, or classifications for reductions (layoffs). (For example, the Board is not required to justify by objective criteria or otherwise a decision to implement layoffs in noninstructional categories or employees before doing so with instructional staff).
- b. The criterion or criteria on which the layoffs are to be based shall be announced or otherwise made known by the Board to employees affected by the layoff no later than the date notice of the layoff is provided to the employees.
- c. "Objective criteria" within the meaning of this policy may include any lawful selection standard (or combination of standards) that is verifiable, calculable, measurable, or otherwise determinable by means or methods other than the personal or subjective judgments or opinions of the person(s) applying the criteria, and that would be expected to produce the same result if applied to the same employees or group of employees by different persons. For purposes of this policy, objective criteria may include, but are not limited to:
  - Seniority, longevity, or time in service that will be more specifically described in the notice of layoff that is provided to affected employees
  - Years of experience
  - Degrees, certification, or licensure
  - Job classification
  - Written or otherwise documented performance evaluations that can be fairly, accurately, and objectively compared to other similarly situated employees for the purpose of ordering or ranking, provided that such evaluations predate the RIF announcement or declaration by not less than thirty days
- 5.15.3 <u>Recall</u> Employees who have been laid off under the terms of this policy will be given priority in filling positions as enrollment or financial circumstances warrant, provided that:
  - a. The nature of the position and qualifications therefore have not materially changed;
  - b. The laid-off employee remains properly qualified, licensed, or certified; and
  - c. The laid-off employee confirms in writing his or her availability for and interest in re-employment to the

Board's Director of Human Resources in accordance with any directives that may be contained in or transmitted in conjunction with the notice of layoff.

Circumstances permitting, and to the extent practicable, the selection of employees for recall will be based on the criteria that were applied to the layoffs themselves if there are more employees eligible for recall than positions available to fill. When layoffs occur over a period of time, the Board will take relative length of separation from service into consideration in assigning recall priority, other factors being equal. In no case will any right to be recalled to employment extend beyond one year from the effective date of the employee's layoff. Recalled employees will retain credit for the tenure, years of service, and the pay and benefit status they held on the effective date of their layoff. No pay, benefits, status, or additional rights will accrue or be credited to the recalled employee for the time he or she has been laid off.

5.15.4 <u>Notice</u> - Notification of layoff and recall shall be by United States certified or registered mail, hand delivery, or such other means as are reasonable under the circumstances. Upon receipt of notification of recall, a laid-off employee shall respond affirmatively to the notice of recall in accordance with such specific directions or instructions as may be contained therein. Any laid-off employee who does not so respond or who otherwise declines an offer of reemployment by the Board will be deemed to have waived any right to be recalled under the terms of this policy.

[Reference: Ala. Code §16-1-33 (1975)]



**Policy 5.16: Unauthorized Payments** 

**Status: ADOPTED** 

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

5.16.1 Notification to the Employee – Upon discovery of any unauthorized or erroneous payment or disbursement of funds to an employee, the Board will attempt in good faith to notify the employee of such unauthorized payment and to reach agreement with the employee, if possible, regarding the amount and terms of repayment. Notification to the employee will consist of a letter mailed or delivered to the employee's last known address. The notice will specify the amount owed, the method by which the amount was calculated, a proposed schedule of repayment, an opportunity for the employee to review or examine any documents or other evidence supporting the claimed overpayment, and an opportunity for the employee to object in person or in writing to the amount or manner of the proposed withholding to provide an alternative plan of repayment. Unless the Board's ability to recover funds in question could be jeopardized by doing so, the Board will arrange a reasonable schedule of repayment so as to avoid undue hardship to the employee.

5.16.2 Retention and Recovery Authorized – If no objection to the proposed withholding is received within a reasonable time (to be specified in the notification letter), monies may be retained in the manner and to the extent described in the notification. If the employee objects to the proposed withholding, the Superintendent or his designee may, upon consideration of the objection and information and argument (if any) submitted in connection therewith, take such action as may be warranted under the circumstances and inform the employee in writing of the decision. If the employee is dissatisfied, he may contest the decision through the Board's complaint procedure. Monies may be withheld by the Board pending completion of the grievance process, provided that, should the Board later pay over to the employee monies that have been retained under authority of this policy, such payment(s) will reflect all appropriate deductions and will include accrued interest from the date of withholding at the rate specified by the then-effective rate applicable to interest on unpaid judgments under Alabama law. If, after exhausting reasonable efforts to do so, the Board is unable to contact the employee in the first instance, the Board may retain or withhold from compensation or other payments due the employee an amount sufficient to satisfy the indebtedness; provided that any such retention or withholding will be subject to review and reconsideration at the request of the employee.

5.16.3 Repayment Required as a Condition of Reemployment – The Board reserves the right to require repayment of any outstanding indebtedness as a condition to reemployment of any former employee.

5.16.4 <u>Procedures Not Exclusive</u> – The provisions, procedures, and method of review specified herein are in addition to those that are otherwise available to the parties under law for the retention or recovery of funds, and for administrative or judicial review thereof.



## Policy 5.17: Drug and Alcohol Testing of Safety Sensitive Employees

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

**Status: ADOPTED** 

- 5.17.1 <u>Scope</u> The Board will conduct employee drug and alcohol testing for employees in safety sensitive positions as required by and in accordance with federal law. Testing will be required for all employees holding a commercial drivers' license (CDL) or who occupy a safety sensitive position as designated by the Board ("covered employees").
- 5.17.2 <u>Prohibited Alcohol and Controlled Substance-Related Conduct</u> In addition to activities identified in other policies, rules, and procedures, covered employees are prohibited from the following:
  - a. Reporting for duty or remaining on duty to perform safety-sensitive functions while having an alcohol concentration in excess of the standard set by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA);
  - b. Being on duty or operating a vehicle while using or possessing alcohol;
  - c. Consuming alcohol while performing safety-sensitive functions;
  - d. Consuming alcohol within eight (8) hours following an accident for which a post-accident alcohol test is required, or prior to undergoing a post-accident alcohol test, whichever comes first;
  - e. Refusing to submit to an alcohol or controlled substance test required by post-accident, random, reasonable suspicion, or follow-up testing requirements;
  - f. Consuming alcohol or being under the influence of alcohol within eight (8) hours of going on duty, operating, or having physical control of a vehicle;
  - g. Reporting for duty or remaining on duty when using any controlled substance, except when instructed by a physician who has advised the driver and the Board that the substance does not adversely impact the performance of any safety-sensitive duty;
  - h. Reporting for duty, remaining on duty, or performing safety sensitive functions with controlled substances in the employee's system.

In the event of a violation of this policy, the employee shall be removed immediately from safety-sensitive duties and shall be subject to such further actions, including disciplinary action up to and including termination, as deemed appropriate by the Superintendent and the Board.

- 5.17.3 <u>Testing Program Authorized</u> All covered employees will be tested for the presence of alcohol and controlled substances in accordance with applicable law:
  - a. *Pre-employment Testing* Prior to the first time a covered employee performs a safety-sensitive function for the Board, the employee must undergo testing for controlled substances.
  - b. Post-accident Testing Each surviving driver who is involved in an accident involving a school bus shall submit to alcohol and controlled substance testing as soon as practicable following such accident if such driver:
    - 1. Was performing a safety-sensitive function with respect to such vehicle and the accident involved the loss of human life, or
    - 2. Such driver receives a citation within eight (8) hours of the occurrence under state or local law for a moving traffic violation arising from the accident and the accident involved either:
      - i. Bodily injury to any person who, as a result of the injury, immediately receives medical treatment away from the scene of the accident, or
      - ii. One or more motor vehicles incurs disabling damage requiring the motor vehicle to be transported away from the scene by a tow truck or other motor vehicle.

Each such driver shall remain readily available for such testing and if he does not remain so readily

available, may be deemed to have refused to submit to testing. Transportation supervisors shall provide drivers with necessary post-accident information, procedures and instructions, prior to the driver operating the school bus, so that drivers will be able to comply with the requirements of this policy.

The tests required by this subsection shall be administered as soon as practicable following the accident. If the alcohol test is not administered within two hours following the accident, the supervisor will prepare and maintain a record stating the reasons. If the alcohol test is not administered within eight hours, and the controlled substances test within 32 hours, the same record shall be made and further efforts to administer such tests shall cease.

- c. Random Testing The Board will conduct unannounced random alcohol and controlled substance testing of its covered employees.
- d. Reasonable Suspicion Testing A covered employee must submit to alcohol or controlled substance testing whenever there is reasonable suspicion of alcohol misuse or the use of controlled substances based on specific, contemporaneous, and articulable observations concerning the appearance, behavior, speech, or bodily odors of the employee.
- e. Return-to-Duty Testing A covered employee must submit to return-to-work alcohol and/or controlled substance test before being permitted to return to work following a positive alcohol or controlled substance test or other violation of this policy or federal regulations.
- f. Follow-up Testing Any employee who continues performing safety-sensitive functions for the Board, following a determination that the employee requires assistance in resolving problems associated with alcohol misuse or the use of controlled substances, shall be subject to unannounced follow-up alcohol or controlled substance testing as directed by the Board's substance abuse professional (SAP).
- 5.17.4 <u>Administration of Program</u> The Superintendent is authorized to oversee the Board's testing program, to contract with appropriate providers to implement the program, to develop guidelines, rules and regulations, to implement training programs, to develop and distribute educational materials and appropriate notices to covered employees, and to take such further action as may be required by federal law.
- 5.17.5 Compliance with Drug & Alcohol Clearinghouse Requirements In accordance with federal law, covered employees must consent to an appropriate federal Drug & Alcohol Clearinghouse query in order to operate a commercial motor vehicle for the Board. Each covered employee must sign a limited consent for the Board's designee to conduct a limited Clearinghouse query. Any covered employee who declines to give consent for a limited query will not be permitted to operate a commercial motor vehicle for the Board until such consent is given. Limited queries do not reveal specific information about employees. If a limited query shows that there is information in the Clearinghouse on the covered employee, the covered employee must consent to a full query, which must be conducted immediately. The covered employee will not be permitted to drive or perform safety-sensitive functions until the query results confirm that the employee's Clearinghouse record contains no prohibitions as defined under the regulations. Any covered employee whose record reveals such prohibitions will not be permitted to drive or otherwise perform safety-sensitive functions until the covered employee successfully completes the return-to-duty process. Any covered employee's refusal to consent or to successfully complete the return-to-duty process in accordance with federal law will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.
- 5.17.6 <u>Reports to Clearinghouse</u> -The following information will be reported to the Clearinghouse in accordance with FHWA regulations:
  - a. A verified positive, adulterated, or substituted drug test;
  - b. An alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher;
  - c. A refusal to submit to any test required by law, as enumerated above;
  - d. The Board's report of actual knowledge as defined by law (i.e., direct observation, information from previous employer(s), or a traffic citation for driving a commercial motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances), of:

- 1. On duty use;
- 2. Pre-duty use;
- 3. Alcohol use following an accident;
- 4. Controlled substance use;
- e. A substance abuse professional's (SAP) (as defined by law) report of successful completion of the return-toduty process;
- f. A negative return-to-duty test; and
- g. The Board's report of completion of follow-up testing.
- 5.17.7 <u>Disciplinary Action</u> The availability of a return-to-duty process and/or follow-up testing under this policy does not obligate the Board to provide an employee with those opportunities. The Board reserves the right to terminate or otherwise discipline employees who violate this policy in accordance with applicable state law.

[Reference 49 U.S.C. §31306a; 49 C.F.R. §382.701, et. seq.]

[Reference: Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act of 1991]



## **Policy 5.18: Searches (Personnel)**

Status: ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

- a. Board Property All school system property, facilities, and grounds may be entered, inspected, and searched for any lawful purpose by Board officials or their designees at any time, without prior notice and to the fullest extent permitted by law. The right to enter, inspect, and search includes and extends to (but is not limited to) Board owned or controlled offices, desks, file cabinets, lockers, storage areas, computers, files, documents, data, and devices however and wherever kept, stored, or maintained.
- b. *Employee Property* The Board reserves the right to inspect employees' vehicles, purses, files, and other personal property if a supervisor forms a reasonable individualized suspicion that the property contains evidence of a violation of Board policy or contains any material, object, or substance that otherwise creates or presents a risk of harm or injury to the school, the workplace, or persons therein.
- c. Use of Recovered Items Property, material, substances, information, or records that are obtained, discovered, or recovered as a result of a search may be retained and used for any lawful purpose.





## Policy 5.19: Prohibition on Aiding and Abetting Sexual Abuse

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

Status: ADOPTED

Neither the Board nor any employee, contractor or agent of the Board shall assist another school employee, contractor or agent in obtaining a new job if the individual or the Board knows, or has probable cause to believe, that the other employee, contractor, or agent engaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in violation of the law. This prohibition does not apply to the routine transmission of administrative and personnel files.

In addition, this prohibition does not apply if the information giving rise to probable cause has been properly reported to a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct, and has been reported to any other authorities as required by local, state or federal law, and at least one of the following conditions applies:

- a. The matter has been officially closed or the prosecutor or police with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct has investigated the allegations and notified school officials that there is insufficient information to establish probable cause that the school employee, contractor, or agent engaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in violation of the law; or
- b. The school employee, contractor, or agent has been charged with, and acquitted or otherwise exonerated of the alleged misconduct; or
- c. The case or investigation remains open and there have been no charges filed against or indictment of the school employee, contractor or agent within four years of the date on which the information was reported to a law enforcement agency.

[Reference: 20 U.S.C. §7926]



## Policy 5.20: Teachers' Bill of Rights

**Status:** ADOPTED

Original Adopted Date: 03/25/2025 | Last Reviewed Date: 03/25/2025

The Teachers' Bill of Rights requires teachers to have an approved classroom management plan and affords teachers the right to exclude disruptive students from their classrooms in limited circumstances if they follow that plan. The purpose of this policy is to outline the standards applicable to the development and approval of required classroom management plans; the standards applicable to the removal of a student from the classroom by a teacher; and the appeal process available to a teacher if a student is returned to the classroom by the principal in limited circumstances.

For purposes of this policy, the term principal also includes assistant principal, vice principal, or his or her designee.

## 5.20.1 Classroom Management Plans -

- a. Development of Classroom Management Plans To be eligible to use the exclusion procedures outlined in this policy, a teacher must develop a classroom management plan for his or her classroom that is age and developmentally appropriate for the grade(s) served. The classroom management plan must align with the Student Code of Conduct; local school or school system behavior management policies, plans, and procedures; and any Positive Behavioral Intervention Supports or other behavior management systems adopted by the local school or school system. To comply with these limitations, implementation of an approved classroom management plan may preclude student exclusion for instances of behavior listed below. The Superintendent or designee is authorized to develop model classroom management plans that a teacher may adopt or use for the development of his or her plan.
- b. Approval of Classroom Management Plans Each classroom management plan must be approved by the principal before the tenth day of instruction for students during each academic year. Principals are authorized to set a deadline for submission of classroom management plans by teachers that provides them with ample time to review and approve plans and seek revisions.

5.20.2 Exclusion of Student from Classroom by Teacher – A teacher may exclude any student from his or her classroom due to their behavior under this policy if:

- The student has:
  - Engaged in disorderly conduct, which is defined as any conduct that intentionally disrupts, disturbs, or interferes with the teaching of students or disturbs the peace, order, or discipline at any school;
  - Behaved in a manner that obstructs the teaching or learning process of others in the classroom;
  - Threatened, abused, intimidated, or attempted to intimidate an education employee or another student;
  - Willfully disobeyed an education employee; or
  - Used abusive or profane language directed at an education employee.
- The referring teacher followed his or her approved classroom management plan before excluding the student from the classroom; and
- The referring teacher completes any required referral form and submits it to the principal or his or her designee when the student is excluded and referred to the school administration.

Nothing in this policy shall prohibit teachers from otherwise disciplining students as they deem appropriate consistent with local policies, procedures, and state law.

5.20.3 <u>Principal Review and Decision</u> – The Superintendent shall develop guidance and procedures for principals to handle instances of student exclusion pursuant to this policy and consistent with Alabama law.

5.20.4 <u>Appeal</u> – An appeal may be filed by a teacher if (1) a principal refuses to allow a student to be excluded from the classroom under this policy, or (2) a teacher believes the principal has prematurely ended the exclusion of a student from the classroom under this policy.

The appeal process available under this policy may not be invoked to challenge or seek review or reconsideration of disciplinary or placement decisions if:

- The decision to not exclude a student from the classroom or to return a student to the classroom results from a decision reached at the end of a school disciplinary hearing required by the Code of Student Conduct or state or federal law;
- A 504 or IEP team or another legally authorized person or entity determines that a student with a disability has
  the right to remain in or return to the classroom under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA),
  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; or
- The student is otherwise legally entitled to remain in or return to the classroom.
- a. Filing of Appeal The teacher must complete and submit the approved appeal form to the Superintendent within one (1) school day of the principal's refusal to exclude the student from the classroom or the return of the student to the teacher's classroom. The appeal form must be completed in full and signed by the teacher.
- b. Status of Student During Appeal During the pendency of any appeal, the decision of the principal regarding the placement of the student, if any, will remain in effect. This placement may include the student remaining in the appealing teacher's classroom until the appeal decision has been reached.
- c. Administrative Review Upon receipt of a timely appeal, the Superintendent or designee shall start an investigation of the appeal. The investigation may include interviews of the teacher, the principal, and/or witnesses; obtaining or reviewing written statements, classroom management plans, or other pertinent documents; holding administrative conferences, and any other lawful action deemed necessary to reach a just disposition of the appeal at the discretion of the investigator.

Upon completion of the investigation, the Superintendent or designee shall prepare a written recommendation regarding the issues raised in the appeal. If the recommendation is made by the Superintendent's designee, the Superintendent may adopt, reject, or modify the recommendation based on his or her review of the evidence. If the recommendation includes disciplinary action that entitles a student to a disciplinary hearing and/or manifestation determination and it has not been held, the disciplinary action will be treated as a recommendation subject to the outcome of the hearing or manifestation determination process.

The written recommendation of the Superintendent should be made and mailed or transmitted to the teacher within five (5) school days of the date on which the appeal is filed, unless more time is reasonably needed based on the particular circumstances of the appeal, as determined by the Superintendent. Should the Superintendent need such additional time to issue a written decision, the teacher shall be notified of same in writing and advised of when the decision will be issued.

d. Appeal to Board of Education – A teacher dissatisfied with the decision of the Superintendent or designee may appeal the decision to the Board of Education by filing a written notice of appeal with the Superintendent within three (3) school days of receipt of the Superintendent's written decision.

The Superintendent shall transmit to Board Members for their review a copy of the written appeal, the decision, and all statements, recommendations, documents, recordings, transcripts, or other written or tangible evidence filed, submitted, or considered at any stage of the administrative review process.

Following receipt of the notice of appeal from the Superintendent, the Board shall place the appeal on the next Board agenda. After consideration of the appeal and administrative record, the Board may, by majority vote:

- Affirm the decision of the Superintendent;
- Reverse the Superintendent's decision; or
- Defer final action until a Board hearing is held on the appeal.
- e. Hearing Process If a hearing is requested by a majority of the Board, the hearing shall be set within fourteen (14) calendar days, unless more time is reasonably needed based on the particular circumstances of the appeal, as determined by the Superintendent or Board President. Written notice of the hearing date shall be given to the person who filed the appeal. The hearing shall be closed to the public.

The appropriate hearing procedures shall be determined by the Board. A final Board decision on the appeal shall be issued within five (5) school days after the hearing ends. The Board shall give written notice of its final decision to the teacher who filed the appeal.

f. Board's Decision – The Board's decision will be final, and the Superintendent will take steps to implement the decision, provided, however, that if the Board votes for disciplinary action that entitles a student to a disciplinary hearing and/or manifestation determination and it has not been held, the disciplinary action will be treated as a recommendation subject to the outcome of the hearing or manifestation determination process.