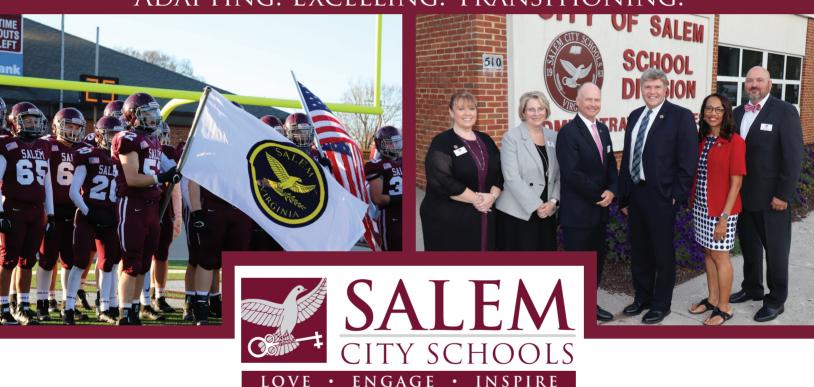




ADAPTING. EXCELLING. TRANSITIONING.



CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION SALEM, VIRGINIA

(A Component Unit of the City of Salem)

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2021

City of Salem School Division

(A Component Unit of the City of Salem, Virginia)

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2021



Prepared by:

City of Salem School Division Business Office City of Salem Department of Finance

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION

November 18, 2021

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of the City of Salem School Division, And the Citizens of the City of Salem, Virginia:

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Salem School Division (School Division), a component unit of the City of Salem, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This report was prepared by the City of Salem Department of Finance and the City of Salem School Division Business Office in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management. The data as presented is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the School Division as measured by the financial activity of the various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the School Division's financial activities have been included. The independent certified public accounting firm of Brown, Edwards & Company, L.L.P. has audited the basic financial statements contained herein.

The School Division has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the School Board's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to properly record and adequately document transactions to compile information for the presentation of the School Division's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Since the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the School Division's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A, as well as the independent auditor's report, financial statements and schedules. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, presented on a multi-year basis, where possible. The compliance section includes reports by the independent auditor on compliance and internal control.

The Reporting Entity and Services Provided

The School Division is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the City of Salem, Virginia (City). Although the School Division is a legally separate entity, it is fiscally dependent upon the City. The City levies taxes for School Board operations and issues debt for major school capital projects. The City appropriates the School Division budget on an annual basis at the total appropriation level. In addition, City Council appoints the five-member School Board. The School Division exercises financial accountability over the general operations of the school system.

Profile of the School System

The School Division is the 66th largest of 132 school divisions in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The City of Salem is located at the southern end of the Shenandoah Valley, approximately 190 miles west of Richmond and 250 miles southwest of Washington DC. Its position in the southeastern United States gives the City ready access, within a 500-mile radius, to nearly two-thirds of the total population of the

510 SOUTH COLLEGE AVENUE, SALEM, VIRGINIA 24153-5054, (540) 389-0130, FAX (540) 389-4135 WWW.SALEM.K12.VA.US United States. In addition, the City lies in the region that serves as the cultural, medical, business, and transportation hub of western Virginia, with an integrated interstate highway, rail, and air transportation network. Interstate 81 runs through the region with direct connections to I-64 to the north and I-77 to the south, providing convenient access to major markets. Freight rail service is provided by Norfolk Southern. Passenger rail service is provided by Amtrak, with daily trains to and from Washington, D.C. The Roanoke-Blacksburg Regional Airport offers commercial air service, served by four airlines, with nonstop flights to eight cities, as well as frequent connecting service and regular air freight service. Salem has an estimated population of 25,346 citizens, which accounts for approximately 8.1% of the population in its metropolitan statistical area (MSA) which includes neighboring City of Roanoke, Counties of Botetourt, Craig, Franklin and Roanoke.

Chartered by the Commonwealth of Virginia as a town in 1806 and as a city in 1968, Salem encompasses a land area of 14.4 square miles.

The appointed five-member School Board is vested with legislative powers and appoints the School Division's Superintendent. The Superintendent serves as the executive and administrative head of the public school division.

Prior to April 1 of each year, the School Board adopts the next fiscal year's budget and submits it to City Council for approval. The final adoption and appropriation occur in May of each year. The fiscal year begins on July 1 of each year when the newly adopted budget becomes available for spending. City Council has adopted the policy of appropriating the annual School Division budget in total rather than by categories. The School Board is authorized to transfer budget amounts within the various funds at its discretion. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer budget amounts within and between the major categories subject to School Board approval.

Most of the School Division's buildings were built between the 1930's and the 1960's. Two facilities are older than 75 years, Andrew Lewis Middle School and G.W. Carver Elementary School. A new South Salem Elementary School opened in 2013, replacing a building that was completed in 1964.

The School Division is responsible for elementary and secondary education (kindergarten through twelfth grade) within the City. Total March 31 average daily membership (ADM) in fiscal year 2021 was 3,694 and projected budgeted enrollment for fiscal year 2022 is 3,670. Students between the grades of kindergarten and twelfth are offered a broad range of services including regular education, special education, career and technical education, gifted education and an International Baccalaureate program at four elementary schools, one middle school, one high school and an alternative and adult education center. The School Division also offers preschool classes at East Salem Elementary and G. W. Carver Elementary for economically disadvantaged children utilizing the Virginia Pre-School Initiative grant. Schools are supported by the central office, which provides a broad range of services including instructional curriculum development and support, student support, special education services, staff development, reporting and evaluation, pupil transportation, facilities, human resources, finance, technology and school nutrition services.

The School Division is represented by several ethnic categories. Approximately 72% of the students are Caucasian, 14% are African-American, 7% are Hispanic, 2% are Asian, and 5% are in other categories (including mixed). Approximately 43% of Salem's students on a division-wide basis qualify for free and reduced lunches under the National School Lunch Program. Special education averaged just above 21% of the total student enrollment, and English Learners (EL) represents approximately 6% of the student population.

Salem High School was named a Blue Star School for their students' outstanding performance on the 2019-2020 W!se Financial Literacy Certification Test. Salem High School was one of 74 high schools in the nation to earn this distinction.

Several teachers and staff members in Salem received high honors during the 2020-21 school year.

- Dr. Wendy Grimshaw of Andrew Lewis Middle School, was named the STEM Teacher of the Year for the greater Roanoke area.
- Twenty-seven Salem teachers are National Board Certified (NBC). Achievement of NBC means that the teacher has met the highest standards for their profession.

Local Economic Condition and Outlook

In January 2016, City Council adopted the Downtown Plan. The Downtown Plan has been successful well beyond expectations, attracting significant investment not just in Downtown, but in surrounding areas. Construction of the new streetscape is underway. Improvements include wider sidewalks, renovated crosswalks, new lighting and landscaping. Additional phases are planned and will proceed as grant awards and other funding become available. The project has been extremely timely, providing much needed outdoor seating for restaurants and businesses during the pandemic.

The Salem Red Sox resumed playing baseball at Salem Memorial Stadium after nearly two years since fans have been in the stands. Salem also hosted the NCAA Division III women's softball championship at Moyer Sports Complex after the COVID-19 pandemic cancelled most college sports last year. The annual Salem Fair returned in June after being cancelled in 2020 due to the pandemic.

In June, the state's GO Virginia economic development initiative announced the counties of Alleghany, Botetourt, Franklin and Roanoke, the cities of Covington, Roanoke and Salem, and the town of Vinton would be included in a grant for helping local employers prepare the existing workforce for industry and will aid in training in new technology and skill gaps among the current and future workforce. The same localities will also receive funding to establish the Blue Ridge Partnership for Health Science Careers to work as a consortium with public institutions and private employers to help them to more systematically collaborate to leverage resources and align curriculum with employers' future growth strategies. Salem's unemployment rate of 4.0% (June 2021), 3.7% lower than the prior year, was below the state rate of 4.5% and below the national unemployment rate of 6.1%. The decrease in the unemployment rate was due to the number of businesses reopening that were forced to close or reduce services during the COVID-19 global pandemic.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The annual budget reflects the School Board's plans by allocating resources to carry out the goals defined through the division wide planning process. The major planning activities are:

- Salem City Schools' approved budget, which is adopted annually by the School Board and reflects ongoing programs as well as initiatives for the next fiscal year.
- Salem City Schools' Capital Improvement Program is annually reviewed and adopted by the School board and contains the six-year capital improvement plans.
- Enrollment Projections, which are prepared annually to assist in budget planning and capital needs analysis.

Relevant Financial Policies

Budgetary controls are maintained to ensure compliance with Virginia statutes governing public entities and school operations. These statutes provide legal standards for preparing, presenting, adopting, and administering the budget. In accordance with state law, the adopted budget is submitted to City Council for adoption and appropriation. The School Board exercises management control over the budget at the cost center level within each fund, however the budget is legally adopted at the fund level. The School Board maintains an encumbrance accounting system as an additional method accomplishing budgetary control. Activities of the General Fund, Grant Fund, and Cafeteria Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. For reporting purposes, the Grant Fund is merged with the General Fund.

Capital Improvement Plan projects are budgeted when funding is approved by the School Board and are not included in the annual budget process. All funds not encumbered or spent by the end of the fiscal year

(June 30th) shall be returned to City Council. In accordance with City Council Resolution Number 487, "all funds appropriated by City Council for use by the School Board, unexpended at the close of any fiscal year, as determined by the City's audit, shall be placed in a general reserve account for non-recurring expenditures of the School Division as determined by the School Board with the consent of City Council."

Major Initiatives

The School Division continues to rely upon the adopted Comprehensive Plan as a guiding document. The Plan's mission statement is to provide a loving and engaging environment that inspires all children to reach their full potential.

• Virginia Standardized Tests (Standards of Learning)

Standards of Learning (SOL) tests are administered to students in grades 3 through 8, and students enrolled in certain high school courses. Students are required to earn a certain number of verified credits to be eligible for a standard or advanced high school diploma. Verified credits for graduation will be based on achievement by students of a passing score on the required end-of-course SOL tests.

Based on 2019 SOL tests results, all Salem City School Division elementary, middle and high schools were fully accredited. SOL testing did not occur in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic that resulted in all K-12 schools being closed by the Governors Executive Order. Accreditation is based on the 2018-19 test results.

Technology Initiative

The School Division is committed to providing the most appropriate instructional technology available to allow teachers to provide students the best instruction possible. Chromebook laptops were deployed to all students in grades K-12. Several Chromebook carts are used in PreK classrooms for equitable access to technology and personalized learning initiatives.

• Capital Improvement Plan

The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) adopted by the School Board on October 13, 2020 reflects total school capital projects of \$42.1 million. The renovation of Salem High School was identified and prioritized by the School Board as the next major capital project. Construction began in March 2020 and has an expected completion date in the summer of 2022. The CIP represents the priority projects for the next six years.

Independent Audit

Brown, Edwards, & Company, L.L.P. has performed an annual audit of the basic financial statements and other supplementary information contained within this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Their audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The report of the independent auditor, which includes their opinion on the financial statements of the School Division, is contained in the Financial Section of this report. Other auditor reports are included in the Compliance Section.

Financial Awards

The Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) awarded a *Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the City of Salem School Board for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the fourth consecutive year the School Division received this prestigious award. This Certificate of Excellence program is an international award recognizing excellence in the preparation and issuance of school system financial reports. The School Division also received the Meritorious Budget Award for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021. This program is designed to recognize school divisions for achieving excellence in their school system budget preparation.

Acknowledgements

We would like to express our appreciation to the staff of the School Division and the City's Department of Finance for the dedication and professionalism demonstrated daily assuring the financial integrity of the School Division and the preparation of this report. We would also like to express our appreciation to you, School Board, for the continued insight you bring to this School Division and the strong commitment you have made to its fiscal integrity and financial leadership. Lastly, we would like to express our appreciation to our independent auditing firm, Brown, Edwards & Company, LLP, for their cooperation and input in our efforts.

Respectfully Submitted,

Curtis N. Hicks Superintendent Mandy C. Hall Director of Business

Mandy C. Hall

Rosemarie B. Jordan Director of Finance

Rosemanie B. Jordan

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2021



From left to right above - Dr. Nancy A. Bradley, Ms. Artice M. Ledbetter, Vice Chair, Mr. David H. Preston, Chair, Ms. Teresa Sizemore-Hernandez, and Mr. John A. (Andy) Raines

School Administration

Dr. H. Alan Seibert, Superintendent

Assistant Superintendent	Dr. Curtis N. Hicks
Director of Human Resources	
Director of Instruction and Innovation	Ms. Jennifer P. Dean
Director of Business	Ms. Mandy C. Hall, SFO
Director of Student Services	Dr. Randy L. Jennings
Director of Administrative Services	Dr. Forest I. Jones
Supervisor of Technology & Data Management	Mr. Jim L. Rieflin
Director of Instruction and Career Readiness	Mr. Jamie C. Soltis
Clerk to the Board	Ms. Kathy A. Jordan
Director of Finance	Bs. Rosemarie B. Jordan, CPA
Communications Director	Mr. Mike Stevens

Communications Mike Stevens Director Career Readiness Instruction & Secondary Principals Jamie Soltis Director of Elementary Principals Superintendent Curtis Hicks Salem City School Division Organizational Chart Assistant Director of Instruction Jennifer Dean Technology and Data Management Mark Thompson Supervisor of Kirstine Barber Resources Superintendent Benefits/Payroll Jennifer Bishop Alan Seibert Specialist Mandy Hall Director of Accounting/Finance Chris Thomas Food Services Supervisor Specialist David Atkins Administrative Forest Jones Services ransportation Soordinator of Lewis Armistead Director of Student and Attendance Randy Jennings Coor. of Alt. Ed. Elizabeth Arthur Services Psychologists/ Social Worker School Finance Director Rosie Jordan City Personnel Personnel Aramark

Director of Inst. & Career Readiness Note: The Finance Director and Communications Director are employees of the Salem City Government and are indicated by the dotted lines. Secondary Principals Director of Instruction & Innovation Supervisor of Technology Elementary Principals Direct Reports Director of Inst. & Career Readiness Director of Instruction & Innovation Director of Human Resources Director of Admin. Services **Assistant Superintendent** Director of Student Services Assistant Superintendent Director of Business Superintendent



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

City of Salem School Board

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020.

The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



W. Edward Chabal President

W. Edward Chabal

David J. Lewis
Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Board of the City of Salem School Division Salem, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Salem School Division (the "School Division"), a component unit of the City of Salem, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Division's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Report on the Financial Statements (Continued)

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Division, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund and Special Revenue Fund – Cafeteria Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, in 2021, the School Division adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Division's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Report on the Financial Statements (Continued)

Other Matters (Continued)

Supplementary and Other Information (Continued)

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2021 on our consideration of the School Division's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Division's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Division's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Kompany, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 18, 2021

The City of Salem Public Schools (School Division) presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School Division's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the School Division's financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, to enhance their understanding of the School Division's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School Division maintained a healthy net position of \$36.1 million. Net position reflects the financial health of the School Division and includes certain assets procured with debt issued by the City of Salem, Virginia (City). The School Division is a component unit of, and fiscally dependent on, the City. As such, all debt related to School Division assets are shown on the City's Statement of Net Position, except for capital leases entered into by the School Division.
- The School Division had expenses, net of program revenues, of \$36.0 million, which were \$14.9 million less than general revenue of \$50.9 million.
- For the governmental funds, General Fund revenues accounted for \$48.4 million or 74.7% of all revenues, and expenditures were \$45.6 million or 71.7% of all expenditures, compared to \$46.0 million (87.1%) in revenues and \$43.7 million (84.4%) in expenditures in fiscal year 2020.

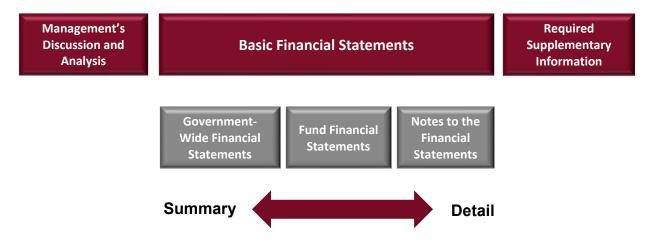
The Cafeteria Fund ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$521,279, a decrease of \$201,864 from the previous year. The decrease in fund balance is attributed to lower sales of lunch, breakfast and a la carte items, higher salary and fringe benefit costs and higher furniture and equipment costs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report consists of four parts: 1) report of independent auditor, 2) management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), 3) basic financial statements (government-wide and fund statements) including notes to financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information including notes to required supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the School Division's financial activities. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the School Division's overall financial status. The fund financial statements report on the School Divisions' operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The following diagram shows how the various parts of the financial section are arranged and relate to one another.



Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report the School Division's net position and how it has changed during the fiscal year. They also include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the School Division's assets, deferred outflows of resources, current and long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The result is reported in one of the three categories of net position (net investment in capital assets, restricted, and/or unrestricted). Increases or decreases in net position are indicators of whether the School Division's financial position is improving or declining. Other non-financial factors, such as changes in the property tax base of the City and the condition of school buildings and other facilities should also be considered in order to assess the overall financial position of the School Division.



The Statement of Activities presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School Division only reports activities related to governmental-type activities, since it has no business-type activities. The School Division's governmental-type activities include central administration, centralized instruction, instructional, attendance and health, transportation, and food services. City appropriations and federal and state aid finance the majority of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the most significant funds, rather than the School Division as a whole.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual; that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. General revenues are considered measurable and available if collected within 60 days of year-end. Grant revenues are considered measurable when the legal and contractual requirements have been met and available if collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available when cash is received by the School Division. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences, pension, other postemployment benefits, capital leases, claims, and judgements are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

As a result of the different measurement focus and basis of accounting used in preparing the government-wide statements versus the governmental funds' financial statements, a reconciliation between the government-wide and fund financial statements is necessary. The reconciliations are presented following the governmental funds' financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic financial resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These statements distinguish operating from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include charges to other funds for self-insurance claims activities. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and

expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School Division's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Assets held by a trustee are reported as fiduciary funds. All of the fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. They are not included in the government wide financial statements because the School Division cannot use these assets to finance its operation. The School Division reports an OPEB Trust as a fiduciary fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements explain some of the other information in the statements and provide additional information so that the statement users have a complete picture of the School Division's financial activities and position.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and associated notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* to further explain and support the financial statements.

Adoption of GASB Statement No. 84 in 2021 required the reporting of the Activity Fund as a special revenue fund in the governmental funds' statements, resulting in a restatement of prior year balances. Unless otherwise indicated, comparative prior year information presented within the Management's Discussion and Analysis has not been restated because the necessary information is not available.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DIVISION

Summary of Net Position

The following table presents a condensed summary of net position:

Summary of Net Position As of June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Governmen	Activities	Percentage	
	2021		2020	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 23,117,724	\$	20,258,110	14.1%
Capital assets, net	60,234,738		46,848,292	28.6%
Total assets	83,352,462		67,106,402	24.2%
Deferred outflows of resources	10,837,798		8,403,655	29.0%
			_	
Current and other liabilities	8,099,235		7,185,068	12.7%
Long-term liabilities	45,933,918		43,072,879	6.6%
Total liabilities	54,033,153		50,257,947	7.5%
Deferred inflows of revenues	4,064,107		4,652,375	(12.6%)
Net investment in capital assets	60,234,738		46,748,373	28.8%
Restricted	365,440		965,614	(62.2%)
Unrestricted	(24,507,178)		(27,114,252)	(9.6%)
Total net position	\$ 36,093,000	\$	20,599,735	75.2%

For fiscal year 2021, current assets increased by \$2,859,614. This increase was comprised of increases in cash and cash equivalents of \$2,627,543, in receivables of \$31,597, in due from other governmental units of \$187,244, in inventories of \$21,960 and in prepaid items of \$61,639, and a decrease in the net pension asset of \$70,369.



The net investment in capital assets (capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and capital lease obligations) represented \$60,234,738 of the School Division's net position. The School Division uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. As a component unit (School Division) in Virginia, the School Division does not have the authority to issue debt.

Current and other liabilities increased by \$914,167. The net increase for this category was comprised of decreases in accrued interest of \$3,637 and capital lease obligations of \$99,919, which were offset by increases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of

\$459,088, in accrued payroll and related expenses of \$52,021, self-insurance claims liability of \$235,558, unearned revenues of \$201,262, and compensated absences of \$69,794.

Long-term liabilities increased by \$2,861,039. The net increase for this category was due to decreases in compensated absences of \$29,508 and net OPEB liability of \$528,406 and offset by an increase of \$3,418,953 in net pension liability.

The other components of net position are restricted and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represents those resources that have constraints imposed on their use. At the end of the fiscal year, the School Division had \$365,440 in restricted net position. Unrestricted net position represents those

resources that may be used to meet the obligations placed on the School Division by its creditors and to pay for ongoing operations of the School Division. the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted net position (deficit) amounted to \$(24,507,178). decrease in the deficit of \$2,607,074 from June 30. 2020. The deficit is a result of recognizing the School Division's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Virginia Retirement System.



The chart below summarizes the changes in the School Division's net position for fiscal year 2021, as compared to fiscal year 2020.

Summary of Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

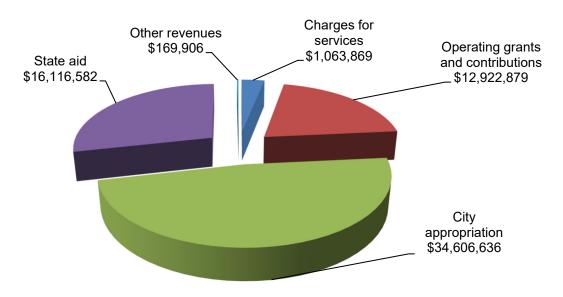
	Governmen	Percentage	
	2021	2020	Change
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,063,869	\$ 1,647,076	(35.4%)
Operating grants and contributions	12,922,879	10,758,674	20.1%
General revenues:			
City appropriation	34,606,636	25,341,148	36.6%
State aid	16,116,582	14,952,136	7.8%
Other	169,906	110,398	53.9%
Total revenues	64,879,872	52,809,432	22.9%
Central administration	2,085,923	2,016,415	3.4%
Centralized instructional costs	3,567,700	4,075,157	(12.5%)
Instructional costs	39,488,999	37,077,981	6.5%
Attendance and health services	1,126,855	1,147,452	(1.8%)
Transportation	1,762,900	1,472,764	19.7%
Food services	1,960,853	1,848,960	6.1%
Capital lease interest	1,212	6,006	(79.8%)
Total expenses	49,994,442	47,644,735	4.9%
Change in net position	14,885,430	5,164,697	188.2%
Total net position, beginning of year (as restated)	21,207,570	15,435,038	37.4%
Total net position, end of year	\$ 36,093,000	\$ 20,599,735	75.2%



Appropriations from the City and State aid account for the majority of the School Division revenue. Most of the School Division's expenses are directly related to providing services to students including classroom instruction, attendance and health services, transportation, and food services. The remaining balances go towards administrative costs and capital lease interest payments.

Governmental Activities – Revenues

The following graph represents revenues generated for government activities by category:



For fiscal year 2021, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$64,879,872 and reflected a \$12,070,440, or 22.9%, increase over fiscal year 2020.

The appropriation from the City was the largest funding source, representing 53.3% of total governmental revenues. These revenues were up \$9,265,488 over the previous year. Funding of \$19.8 million was transferred to cover operating costs, a decrease of \$135,000 or 0.7%. In fiscal year 2021, \$14.4 million was transferred to cover Salem High School renovation costs compared to \$4.8 million transferred in fiscal year 2020. In fiscal year 2021, the City allocated \$360,000 of CARES Act funding to the School Division for Chromebook purchases. Meals tax revenue is shared with the School Division and \$530,000 was transferred in fiscal year 2020. No meals tax was transferred in fiscal year 2021 as it was used to pay debt service on the 2020 general obligation bonds that funded the Salem High School renovation.

State aid, which was 24.8% of total government revenues, increased 7.8% or \$1,164,446, due to growth in sales tax collections and basic aid.

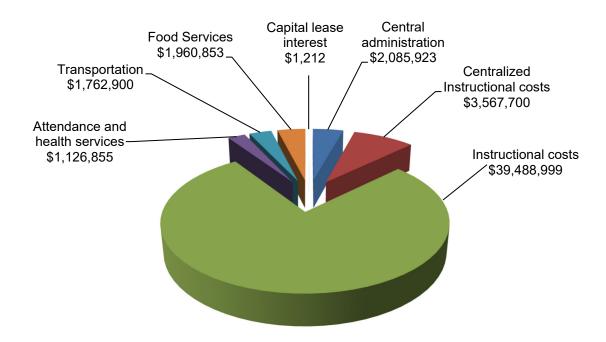
Operating grants and contributions, which were 19.9% of total government revenues, increased 20.1%, or \$2,164,205, primarily due to increases in the supplemental lottery per pupil allocation, basic aid, Title I and VI-B funding, and the expanded CARES summer food service program which was expanded to provide meals to students.

Charges for services were 1.6% of total government revenues, decreased by 35.4%, or \$583,207, due to lower reimbursements for Virginia Western Community College Dual Enrollment and Roanoke Valley Regional Board.

Other revenues, which made up 0.3% of the total governmental revenues, increased by 53.9% or \$59,508. The increase was largely due to an increase in sales of property and equipment, contributions, and miscellaneous and other income.

Governmental Activities – Expenses

Expenses of the governmental activities are shown below by functional area:



The total costs of the School Division's programs for fiscal year 2021 were \$49,994,442, which represented an increase of \$2,349,707, or 4.9% from fiscal year 2020.

Instructional costs were 79.0%, or \$39,488,999, of the total expenses of the School Division, up 6.5%, or \$2,411,018. Pension expense for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was the primary factor contributing to the increase. The expense was an actuarially determined amount and represents the School Division's expense share of the state-wide teacher retirement plan.

Centralized instruction costs accounted for 7.1%, or \$3,567,700, of total expenses for fiscal year 2021. Elimination of the regional special education program contributed to the \$507,457 decrease from the previous year.

Centralized administrational costs accounted for 4.2%, or \$2,085,923, of total expenses. Increases in salary and fringe benefit costs contributed to the \$69,508 increase.

Transportation costs accounted for 3.5%, or \$1,762,900, of total expenses. Salary and benefit increases associated with a mid-year bonus, bus purchases, increased need for substitute bus drivers, and the transfer of a custodial position to transportation department, contributed to the overall \$290,136 increase.

Food service cost, which was 3.9%, or \$1,960,853 of total government expenses, included costs associated with operation of the school cafeterias. The \$111,893 increase was attributable to higher salary and fringe costs, and furniture and equipment costs.

Attendance and health services expenses accounted for 2.3%, or \$1,126,855, of the total government expenses. Lower expenses associated with the drug testing program, lower travel expenses, and lower purchases of nursing supplies was the primary reason for the \$20,597 decrease.

Governmental Activities - Total Cost and Net Cost

The following tables show the cost of the School Division's government-type activities and the net cost of services. The net cost reflects the support provided by local revenue, state aid, and federal aid.

Comparison of Cost of Governmental Activities

Total Cost of Services

				Percent			
		2021	2020	Change			
Central administration	\$	2,085,923	\$ 2,016,415	3.4%			
Centralized Instructional costs		3,567,700	4,075,157	(12.5%)			
Instructional costs		39,488,999	37,077,981	6.5%			
Attendance and health services		1,126,855	1,147,452	(1.8%)			
Transportation		1,762,900	1,472,764	19.7%			
Food services		1,960,853	1,848,960	6.1%			
Capital lease interest		1,212	6,006	(79.8%)			
Total expenses	\$	49,994,442	\$47,644,735	4.9%			

	Net Cost of Services							
				Percent				
		2021	2020	Change				
Central administration	\$	2,085,923	\$ 2,016,415	3.4%				
Centralized Instructional costs		3,349,589	3,908,606	(14.3%)				
Instructional costs		27,360,122	26,807,983	2.1%				
Attendance and health services		1,126,855	1,147,452	(1.8%)				
Transportation		1,762,900	1,472,764	19.7%				
Food services		321,093	(120,241)	(367.0%)				
Capital lease interest		1,212	6,006	(79.8%)				
Total expenses	\$	36,007,694	\$35,238,985	2.2%				

Significant Aspects of Governmental Activities Include:

- The cost of all governmental activities was \$49,994,442.
- The net cost of governmental activities was \$36,007,694.
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with operating and capital grant and contributions of \$12,922,879.
- City of Salem taxpayers paid for these activities through local taxes and bond proceeds in the amount of \$34,606,636.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUNDS

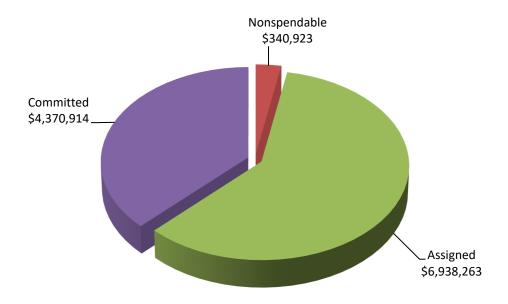
Governmental Funds

The School Division's combined fund balance for the governmental funds was \$11,650,100 as of June 30, 2021. The current year compared to last year is as follows:

Fund Balance Comparison

Fund:	2021	2020
General	\$ 7,180,625	\$ 6,214,944
Cafeteria	521,279	723,143
Capital Projects	3,267,093	2,810,420
Activity Fund	681,103	-
Total combined fund balance	\$ 11,650,100	\$ 9,748,507

The chart below shows the classifications of the fund balance of governmental funds as of June 30, 2021:



As of June 30, 2021, the School Division's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,650,100, an increase of \$1,901,593 in comparison to fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$340,923 constituted non-spendable fund balance, which reflected inventories and prepaid assets that were in a form that could not be spent, \$4,370,914 constituted committed fund balance, which was designated for future projects and food services, and \$6,938,263 constituted assigned fund balance, which was assigned for general education and school activities.

As the School Division ended the year, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$7,180,625, an increase of \$965,681 from the fund balance reported for fiscal year 2020. The cafeteria fund reported a fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2021 of \$521,279, a \$201,864 decrease from the fund balance reported for fiscal year 2020. The Capital Projects Fund reported a fund balance of \$3,267,093 at the end of fiscal year 2021, which represented a \$456,673 increase from the fiscal year 2020 fund balance. The Activity Fund, which was added this year as a result of GASB Statement No. 84, reported a fund balance of \$681,103 which represented an increase of \$73,268 over the 2020 fund balance (as restated).

The General Fund accounts for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Federal, state and local grants restricted for specific purposes are reported in the General Fund. General Fund revenue amounted to \$48,446,598, while expenditures totaled \$45,623,101. In addition, there was a transfer of \$1,857,816 of prior year reserves to the Capital Projects Fund. This resulted in an increase in fund balance of \$965,681.

The Cafeteria Fund accounts for the costs associated with the preparation and serving of breakfast and lunch to students and staff and ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$521,279, a decrease of \$201,864 from the previous year. The decrease in fund balance was attributable to lower sales of lunch, breakfast and a la carte items, higher salary and fringe benefit costs and higher furniture and equipment costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for building improvements, machinery, and equipment. This fund had a beginning balance of \$2,810,420. After a transfer from the City of \$14,384,051, expenditures of \$15,785,194, a transfer from the general fund of \$1,857,816, the ending balance of the fund was \$3,267,093. Costs associated with the Salem High School renovation project, chiller replacement at West Salem Elementary School, renovation and equipment for the new Robotics and Cosmetology classrooms at Salem High School, bus and vehicle purchases, new bleachers for the Salem High School gymnasium, new playground at Salem High School, HVAC control system for East Salem Elementary School, a hot food counter and frost top for the cafeteria serving line at West Salem Elementary School, and flooring replacement in the small gym at Salem High School were major Capital Projects Fund expenditures during the year.

The Activity Fund consists of accounts held at the individual schools and support activities that are based in student organizations. This fund had a beginning balance of \$607,835. Revenue collected amounted to \$402,415 and expenditures amounted to \$329,147, resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$73,268.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The School Division's budget is prepared in accordance with the Code of Virginia.

General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original		Amended		
	Budget		Budget		Actual
Revenues:					
City of Salem	\$	20,455,621	\$	20,624,739	\$ 20,222,585
Commonwealth of Virginia		23,947,757		24,390,567	24,348,690
Federal Government		1,913,877		5,239,567	3,113,287
Charges for Services		434,365		607,089	662,966
Other		58,604		71,104	99,070
Total		46,810,224		50,933,066	48,446,598
		_			
Expenditures		46,810,224		51,868,026	45,623,101
Transfers		-		1,857,816	1,857,816
Total		46,810,224		53,725,842	47,480,917
	\$	-	\$	(2,792,776)	\$ 965,681

During fiscal year 2021, the School Division amended its General Fund budget to appropriate other revenue and grant funds when the official notice of the award was received. Actual revenues varied from the amended budget with the transfer from the City coming in above budget due to receiving meals tax collections that were not budgeted. Revenues received from the state and charges for services were just below budget, while other revenues were above budget. Actual expenditures were less than the final budget due to personnel savings and expenditure savings throughout all departments.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the School Division had \$60,234,738 (a 28.6% increase from fiscal year 2020) invested in machinery and equipment, land, buildings, and construction in progress in governmental activities. The following table displays fiscal year 2021 balances, net of accumulated depreciation. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the basic financial statements.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) As of June 30, 2021 and 2020

	Governmen	Percentage	
	2021	2020	Change
Land	\$ 1,123,637	\$ 1,123,637	0.0%
Construction in progress	21,216,515	6,279,698	237.9%
Machinery and equipment	2,416,599	2,468,236	(2.1%)
Buildings and improvements	35,477,987	36,976,721	(4.1%)
Total	\$ 60,234,738	\$ 46,848,292	28.6%

Major Capital Asset Additions for Fiscal Year 2021 included:

- Chiller for West Salem Elementary School
- Bus purchases
- Equipment for Robotics and Cosmetology classrooms
- New bleachers for the Salem High School gymnasium
- New playground at Salem High School
- HVAC control system for East Salem Elementary School
- Car for vehicle pool
- Hot food counter and frost top for cafeteria serving line at West Salem Elementary School
- Small gym flooring at Salem High School
- CNC Plasma System for welding classroom at Salem High School

OUTSTANDING LONG-TERM DEBT



According to the *Code of Virginia*, when a local government incurs a financial obligation payable over more than one fiscal year to fund an acquisition, construction or other improvement of public school property, the local government acquires title to the school property as a tenant in common with the local school board for the term of the financial obligation. For financial reporting purposes, the local government may report the school property and related financial obligations. In these cases, at the time the financial obligation is paid in full, the net value of the school property is transferred to the school board and reflected as program revenue and expense on the government-wide financial statements for the local school

board and the local government, respectively. In the School Division's case, however, the City reports this debt in its Statement of Net Position and the School Division reports the capital assets on its Statement of Net Position throughout the term of the obligation. More detailed information on long-term obligations can be found in Note 7.

FACTORS INFLUENCING FUTURE BUDGETS

With the current economic condition in mind, below are a list of factors that will likely influence future budgets:

- Recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic
- Unknown changes in state funding by the Governor and the General Assembly
- · Uncertainty of federal grant funding
- Student enrollment fluctuations
- Healthcare cost increases
- Contribution rates assessed by the Virginia Retirement System

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and customers with a general overview of the School Division's finances and to demonstrate the School Division's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Director of Business

Salem City Public Schools 510 S. College Avenue Salem, Virginia 24153 (540) 389-0130 www.salem.k12.va.us

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,009,020
Receivables	50,260
Due from other governmental units	1,352,081
Net pension asset	365,440
Inventories	120,531
Prepaid items	220,392
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	22,340,152
Depreciable, net	37,894,586_
Total assets	83,352,462
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Plan and OPEB	10,837,798
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,422,799
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	4,652,860
Self-insurance claims liability	335,558
Unearned revenues	321,208
Long-term liabilities due in less than one year:	
Compensated absences	366,810
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year:	
Compensated absences	486,649
Net pension liability	39,759,230
Net OPEB liability	5,688,039
Total liabilities	54,033,153
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Plan and OPEB	4,064,107
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	60,234,738
Restricted for net pension asset	365,440
Unrestricted	(24,507,178)
Total net position	\$ 36,093,000

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

			Program Revenues							nanges in Net Position
	·				Operating		Capital		1 0311011	
			С	harges for	Grants and		Grants and		G	overnmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities	
Governmental activities:		•								•
Central administration	\$	2,085,923	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,085,923)
Centralized Instructional costs		3,567,700		218,111		-		-		(3,349,589)
Instructional costs		39,488,999		783,482		11,345,395		-		(27,360,122)
Attendance and health services		1,126,855		_		-		-		(1,126,855)
Transportation		1,762,900		-		-		-		(1,762,900)
Food services		1,960,853		62,276		1,577,484		-		(321,093)
Capital lease interest		1,212						-		(1,212)
Total governmental activities	\$	49,994,442	\$	1,063,869	\$	12,922,879	\$	-	\$	(36,007,694)
	Gen	eral revenues:								
		ayments from C	•							34,606,636
		restricted State	e aid							16,116,582
Other Total general revenues								169,906		
								50,893,124		
		Change in ne	•							14,885,430
		•	•		s res	tated (Note 18)			21,207,570
		Net posit	tion,	ending					\$	36,093,000

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General		Cafeteria		Capital Projects		Activity Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS	_				_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,964,967	\$	467,939	\$	5,165,587	\$	680,361	\$	17,278,854
Receivables, net		28,047		228		_		10,761		39,036
Due from other funds		9,045		-		-		-		9,045
Due from other governmental units		1,258,295		93,786		-		-		1,352,081
Inventories		-		116,984		-		3,547		120,531
Prepaid items		220,392		-		-		-		220,392
Total assets	\$	12,480,746	\$	678,937	\$	5,165,587	\$	694,669	\$	19,019,939
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenues Total liabilities	\$	415,829 4,628,713 - 255,579 5,300,121	\$	88,065 24,147 - 45,446 157,658	\$	1,898,494 - - - - 1,898,494	\$	4,521 - 9,045 - 13,566	\$	2,406,909 4,652,860 9,045 301,025 7,369,839
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		220,392		116,984		-		3,547		340,923
Committed		699,526		404,295		3,267,093		-		4,370,914
Assigned		6,260,707				_		677,556		6,938,263
Total fund balances		7,180,625		521,279		3,267,093		681,103		11,650,100
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	12,480,746	\$	678,937	\$	5,165,587	\$	694,669	\$	19,019,939

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balance of governmental funds	\$ 11,650,100
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	60,234,738
Long-term liabilities related to governmental fund activities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(853,459)
Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pension Net pension asset Net pension liability	9,931,574 (3,277,429) 365,440 (39,759,230)
Financial statement elements related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Net OPEB liability	906,224 (786,678) (5,688,039)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The assets, liabilities, and net position of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	3,369,759
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 36,093,000

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_		Capital		Total Governmental
REVENUES	General	Cafeteria	Projects	Activity Fund	Funds
Intergovernmental:				_	
City of Salem	\$ 20,222,585	\$ -	\$ 14,384,051	\$ -	\$ 34,606,636
Commonwealth of Virginia	24,348,690	18,084	-	-	24,366,774
Federal Government	3,113,287	1,559,400	-	-	4,672,687
Other:					
Charges for services	662,966	62,276	-	338,627	1,063,869
Other	99,070	10,632		63,788	173,490
Total revenues	48,446,598	1,650,392	14,384,051	402,415	64,883,456
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Central administration	2,040,621	_	-	-	2,040,621
Centralized instruction costs	3,554,076	_	-	-	3,554,076
Instructional costs	37,207,887	_	-	329,147	37,537,034
Attendance and health services	1,148,003	_	-	-	1,148,003
Transportation	1,567,746	_	-	-	1,567,746
Food services	-	1,852,256	-	-	1,852,256
Capital projects	-	, , , <u>-</u>	15,785,194	-	15,785,194
Capital lease debt service:			, ,		, ,
, Principal	99,919	_	-	-	99,919
Interest	4,849	_	-	_	4,849
Total expenditures	45,623,101	1,852,256	15,785,194	329,147	63,589,698
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	2,823,497	(201,864)	(1,401,143)	73,268	1,293,758
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	_	_	1,857,816	_	1,857,816
Transfers out	(1,857,816)	_	1,007,010	_	(1,857,816)
Total other financing sources (uses), net	(1,857,816)		1,857,816		(1,007,010)
Net change in fund balances	965,681	(201,864)	456,673	73,268	1,293,758
Fund balances, beginning	6,214,944	723,143	2,810,420	607,835	10,356,342
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending	\$ 7,180,625	\$ 521,279	\$ 3,267,093	\$ 681,103	\$ 11,650,100
i uliu balalices, cliulily	ψ 1,100,020	Ψ 321,219	Ψ 3,201,093	ψ 001,103	ψ 11,000,100

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net changes in fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 1,293,758
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate the cost of those assets over the life of the assets.	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	15,845,173 (2,454,678)
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of capital assets as an increase in financial resources while governmental activities report the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets.	
Proceeds from sale of assets Net gain from sale of assets	(29,855) 25,806
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Principal payments	99,919
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences	3,637 (40,286)
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
Employer pension contributions Pension expense	3,878,089 (4,120,010)
Governmental funds report employer OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of OPEB benefits earned is reported as OPEB expense.	
Employer OPEB contributions OPEB expense	667,953 (364,537)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of health and dental insurance to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	80,461
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 14,885,430
	 , -, -,

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES		Budgeted Original	d Am	ounts Final	Δc	tual Amounts	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive Negative)
Intergovernmental:		Original		Tillai	710	radi 7 il lodino		110gative)
City of Salem	\$	20,455,621	\$	20,624,739	\$	20,222,585	\$	(402,154)
Commonwealth of Virginia	Ψ	23,947,757	Ψ	24,390,567	Ψ	24,348,690	Ψ	(41,877)
Federal Government		1,913,877		5,239,567		3,113,287		(2,126,280)
Other:		1,010,011		0,200,007		0,110,201		(2,120,200)
Charges for Services		434,365		607,089		662,966		55,877
Other		58,604		71,104		99,070		27,966
Total revenues		46,810,224		50,933,066		48,446,598		(2,486,468)
								,
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Central administration		2,151,320		2,216,055		2,040,621		175,434
Centralized instructional costs		3,793,289		3,933,783		3,554,076		379,707
Instructional costs:								
Salem High School		10,691,949		11,862,305		10,812,614		1,049,691
Andrew Lewis Middle School		7,423,422		7,790,992		7,582,656		208,336
G.W. Carver Elementary School		3,873,747		4,038,441		3,869,788		168,653
West Salem Elementary School		3,665,665		3,825,067		3,489,273		335,794
South Salem Elementary School		3,265,359		3,424,014		3,239,527		184,487
East Salem Elementary School		3,777,840		3,974,540		3,836,461		138,079
Regional Special Education Program		819,810		1,022,710		798,101		224,609
Federal and state grants programs		2,320,958		6,024,664		3,579,467		2,445,197
Attendance and health services		1,173,799		1,200,115		1,148,003		52,112
Transportation		1,872,714		2,022,389		1,567,746		454,643
Non-departmental		1,861,352		413,951		-		413,951
Capital lease debt service:								
Principal		105,000		105,000		99,919		5,081
Interest		14,000		14,000		4,849		9,151
Total expenditures		46,810,224		51,868,026		45,623,101		6,244,925
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		-		(934,960)		2,823,497		3,758,457
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		_		(1,857,816)		(1,857,816)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	(1,857,816)		(1,857,816)	-	-
Net change in fund balances*	\$	-	\$	(2,792,776)	\$	965,681	\$	3,758,457
			_		_		_	

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CAFETERIA FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Variance with
				Final Budget
		d Amounts		Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Intergovernmental:				
City of Salem	\$ -	\$ 17,050	\$ -	\$ (17,050)
Commonwealth of Virginia	47,688	47,688	18,084	(29,604)
Federal Government	940,140	965,140	1,559,400	594,260
Other:				
Charges for Services	863,046	863,046	62,276	(800,770)
Other	4,800	4,800	10,632	5,832
Total revenues	1,855,674	1,897,724	1,650,392	(247,332)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Food services:				
Salem High School	649,958	621,458	440,991	180,467
Andrew Lewis Middle School	409,627	394,127	364,201	29,926
G.W. Carver Elementary School	198,967	235,267	281,322	(46,055)
West Salem Elementary School	204,110	262,660	258,221	4,439
South Salem Elementary School	206,670	234,470	252,518	(18,048)
East Salem Elementary School	186,342	230,742	255,003	(24,261)
Total expenditures	1,855,674	1,978,724	1,852,256	126,468
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures		(81,000)	(201,864)	(120,864)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ (81,000)	\$ (201,864)	\$ (120,864)

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2021

	Internal
	Service
	Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,730,166
Receivables	11,224
Total assets	3,741,390
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	15,890
Self-insurance claims liability	335,558
Unearned revenues	20,183
Total liabilities	371,631
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	3,369,759
Total net position	\$ 3,369,759
Total Hot position	Ψ 3,030,100

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

ODEDATING DEVENUES	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	Φ 4.007.057
Charges for services	\$ 4,987,857
Total operating revenues	4,987,857
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Claims	4,668,595
Contractual services	9,700
Administration	239,620
Miscellaneous	1,740
Total operating expenses	4,919,655
Operating income	68,202
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest income	12,259
Total nonoperating revenues	12,259
Change in net position	80,461
Net position, beginning	3,289,298
Net position, ending	\$ 3,369,759

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Internal Service Fund
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to City Payments for claims Payments for contractual services Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	4,988,087 (239,620) (4,433,037) (2,005) 313,425
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received Net cash provided by investing activities		12,259 12,259
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	3,404,482 3,730,166
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATION OF THE PROVIDED BY OPERATION OF TH	NG AC	TIVITIES
Operating income	\$	68,202
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Decrease in assets: Receivables		666
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Self-insurance claims liability Unearned revenues Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	9,435 235,558 (436) 313,425

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	OPEB Trust Fund
ASSETS Investments held by trustee, fair value of pooled funds	\$ 2,173,845
Total assets	2,173,845
LIABILITIES Liability to agency Total liabilities	-
NET POSITION Net position restricted for OPEB	\$ 2,173,845

EXHIBIT 13

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	<u></u>	OPEB rust Fund
ADDITIONS		
Employer contributions	\$	236,285
Investment income		
Increase in fair value of investments		480,434
Total additions		716,719
DEDUCTIONS		
Retirement benefits		139,150
Administrative expenses		2,294
Total deductions		141,444
Net increase in plan net position		575,275
Net position, beginning		1,598,570
Net position, ending	<u>\$</u>	2,173,845

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Salem School Division (School Division), established in 1983, is a legally separate entity from the City of Salem, Virginia (City). The School Division operates a high school, a middle school, four elementary schools, and an alternative education center. City Council appoints School Board members and provides fiscal assistance through tax levies for operating activities and debt issuance for capital projects. The City reports the School Division as a discretely presented component unit.

School Board members are occasionally appointed to various committees as provided under state and local laws and ordinances. However, the committees are advisory in nature, and the School Division is not financially accountable for these committees; therefore, they are not included in the School Division financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the School Division. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by intergovernmental revenues.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents the governmental activities on the accrual basis of accounting, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The **Statement of Activities** demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements

These statements are organized based on funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The emphasis is on major governmental funds. The operation of each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures/expenses, as appropriate.

Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped in the basic financial statements into three broad fund categories as follows:

Governmental Funds account for expendable financial resources. The School Division reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the School Division's primary operating fund and accounts for all financial resources of the School Division, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *Cafeteria Fund* is a special revenue fund that accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources committed or restricted to expenditures for food services.
- The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.
- The School Activity Fund accounts for financial resources to be used at an individual school level to support student activities.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises.

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided solely to other departments within the School Division on a cost-reimbursement basis. The School Division reports the following internal service fund:

• The *Health Insurance Fund* accounts for funding, claims, and operating costs of the self-insurance program. This fund is included in governmental activities for government-wide reporting purposes.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the School Division in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governmental units or other funds. The School Division reports the following fiduciary fund:

• The *OPEB Trust Fund* accounts for the receipt and disbursement of assets held in trust for the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan of the School Division.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual; that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. General revenues are considered measurable and available if collected within 60 days of year-end. Grant revenues are considered measurable when the legal and contractual requirements have been met and available if collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available when cash is received by the School Division. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences, pension, other postemployment benefits, capital leases, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

As a result of the different measurement focus and basis of accounting used in preparing the government-wide statements versus the governmental funds' financial statements, a reconciliation between the government-wide and fund financial statements is necessary. The reconciliations are presented following the governmental funds' financial statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic financial resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These statements distinguish operating from nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include charges to other funds for self-insurance claims activities. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School Division's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, with the exception of agency funds which have no measurement focus but employ the *accrual basis of accounting* for purposes of asset and liability recognition.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The School Division's budget is presented and adopted in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The budget is a written document which presents the Board's plan for the allocation of the available financial resources into an explicit expenditure plan to sustain and improve the educational function of the School Division. The budget is based upon the educational needs and financial ability of the division, as cooperatively identified by the Superintendent and his staff, the Board, and the community. The following procedures are used by the School Division in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- In March, the Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the General and Cafeteria Funds. The Capital Projects Fund utilizes a project length budget in lieu of an annual budget. Therefore, no annual budget for capital projects is presented.
- A public hearing is conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- Prior to March 31, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution. The budget is then presented to the City Manager to be incorporated in the City budget. Prior to May 15, City Council approves the School Division budget.
- The School Board, with the concurrence of City Council, may amend the budget providing for additional expenditures and the means for financing them. The School Board approved additional appropriations of \$6,915,618 during the current year primarily for grants, new capital projects, other projects, re-appropriation of fund balance for encumbrances and unforeseen operating expenditures.
- The appropriations ordinance places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. City Council has adopted the policy of appropriating the School Division budget in total rather than by categories. The School Board is authorized to transfer budget amounts within the fund at its discretion. The impact of changes in market values on commodities donated by the United States Department of Agriculture can, at times, cause expenditures to exceed budgeted amounts in the Cafeteria Fund. The effects of these market changes are excluded from consideration of budget noncompliance.
- The Superintendent is authorized to transfer budget amounts within and between the major categories subject to School Board approval.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General and Cafeteria Funds.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

 All appropriations lapse on June 30 except for the Capital Projects Fund, which carries unexpended balances into the following year. The School Board appropriates unexpended balances for other projects it specifies in the following year.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are recorded in order to reserve the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund, Cafeteria Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as part of the restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Significant encumbrances as of June 30, 2021 total \$1,356,602 in the General Fund, \$17,788 in the Cafeteria Fund, and \$9,378,138 in the Capital Projects Fund.

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and investments with maturities of 90 days or less. Cash includes unrestricted and restricted, if any, cash and cash equivalents. Investments are recorded at fair value.

Interfund Balances

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. Outstanding balances between the School Division and the City are reported as due to/from Primary Government.

Inventory

Cafeteria Fund inventories consist of food and supplies. Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method, except for commodities received from the federal government, which are valued at amounts assigned by the United States Department of Agriculture. Disbursements for inventory are considered to be expenditures at the time of use (consumption method of accounting).

Prepaid Items

Governmental fund prepaid items consist primarily of educational software/materials, as well as organization membership dues and conference fees incurred for periods in a subsequent fiscal year. The payments are recorded as expenditures in the fiscal year of the agreement period or event date.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School Division as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$0 for land, \$5,000 for machinery and equipment, or \$10,000 for buildings and improvements and an estimated useful life of at least five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value on the date of donation. The School Division includes the cost of certain intangible assets with a definite life in the appropriate asset class.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Machinery and equipment 5 - 15 years Buildings and improvements 10 - 45 years

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense for capital assets is identified with a function, whenever possible, and is included as a direct expense. Upon the sale or retirement of a capital asset, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Capital Assets and Related Debt Reporting

According to the *Code of Virginia*, when a local government incurs a financial obligation payable over more than one fiscal year to fund an acquisition, construction or improvement of public school property, the local government acquires title to the school property as a tenant in common with the local school board for the term of the financial obligation. For financial reporting purposes, the local government may report the school property and related financial obligation. In these cases, at the time the financial obligation is paid in full, the net value of the school property is transferred to the local school board and reflected as program revenue and expense in the government-wide financial statements for the local school board and the local government, respectively. In the School Division's case, however, the City reports this debt in its Statement of Net Position while the School Division reports the capital asset on its Statement of Net Position.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements that present net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements that present financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These items represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria can be satisfied and when assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. Unearned revenues primarily consist of grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met and payments made in advance for cafeteria meals.

Compensated Absences

The School Division has policies to allow the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of vacation and sick leave until termination or retirement. Amounts of such absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. An expenditure and liability for these amounts are reported in governmental funds when the amounts are due for payment.

<u>Pensions</u>

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. The VRS Teacher Retirement Plan is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability of both plans, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and the additions to/deductions from the plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Health Plan

In connection with the School Division's funding of OPEB obligations, the School Division participates in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust (OPEB Trust Fund). The School Division's policy is to fully fund actuarially determined OPEB costs, which include both normal costs and amortization of unfunded accrued liability. The OPEB Trust Fund assets and investments are recorded at fair value. The OPEB Trust Fund's Board of Trustees establishes investment objectives and risk tolerance and asset allocation policies based on the investment policy, market and economic conditions and generally prevailing prudent investment practices.

Other Postemployment Benefits - Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit

The VRS Group Life Insurance Program and VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program are multiple employer, cost-sharing plans. The VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is a multiple employer, agent defined benefit plan. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program and Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seg. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Group Life Insurance Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program and Teacher Employee Health Insurance Program are defined benefits plans that provide a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers and teachers. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability for each plan, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each plan, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each plan and the additions to/deductions from net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of the historical cost of capital assets less
 accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding which was used to
 finance those assets.
- **Restricted** consists of assets where there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School Division is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balances (Continued)

The classifications are as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually are required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.
- Restricted Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- **Committed** Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the School Division, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the same highest level of action is taken to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned Amounts the School Division intends to use for a specified purpose; intent can be
 expressed by the governing body (School Board) or by an official or body to which the governing
 body designates the authority.
- **Unassigned** Amounts that are available for any purpose. The School Division has no unassigned fund balance at year end.

The School Board establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through amendment of the budget. Assigned fund balance is established by the School Board as amounts intended for a specific purpose.

Restricted Amounts

The School Division applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing its financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent liabilities, and reported revenues, expenditures, and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a concentration bank account used by the School Division. The School Division's portion of this account is presented in the basic financial statements as cash and cash equivalents totaling \$21,009,020. Deposits and investments held by Fiduciary Funds total \$2,173,845 for the OPEB Trust Fund.

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, prime quality commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP), and the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

As of June 30, 2021, the School Division's deposits and investments consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Fair Value	S&P Credit Rating
Demand & time deposits Cash on hand	\$ 21,008,505 515	unrated unrated
Total	\$ 21,009,020	

The School Division's investments are subject to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and custodial risk as described below.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School Division follows the City's investment policy which states that the City shall invest only in securities allowed under the *Code of Virginia, Virginia Security of Public Deposits Act*, Section 2.2-4400 through 2.2-4411 and the *Code of Virginia, Investment of Public Funds Act*, Section 2.2-4500 through 2.2-4518.

2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. On behalf of the School Division, the City endeavors to diversify its investment portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding an individual financial institution or issuing entity. Target asset allocation strategies are developed by the City's Director of Finance to provide guidance as to appropriate levels of diversification. The investment policy states that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools/funds, no more than 50% of the total investment may be the obligations of a single financial institution.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. On behalf of the School Division, the City endeavors to diversify its investment portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding maturity. To the extent possible, the City attempts to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. The City's investment policy states that unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than one year from the date of purchase.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that all securities purchased for the City be secured through third-party custody and safekeeping procedures. Ownership shall be protected through third-party custodial safekeeping. The securities must be in the City's name or in the custodian's nominee name and identifiable on the custodian's books as belonging to the City. Further, the custodian must be a third party, not a counterparty (buyer, issuer, or seller) to the transaction. This requirement does not apply to excess checking account funds invested overnight in a bank "sweep" agreement or similar vehicle authorized under the City's investment policy.

3. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The composition of the interfund balances is as follows:

		Due fr	om (fund)
		A	ctivity
Due to (fund)	General	\$	9,045

During the year, the School Division transferred \$1,857,816 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund for current projects.

4. Due from Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units are as follows:

integrate due nom outer governmental arme dre de follon	General Fund		Cafeteria Fund		ernmental activities
Commonwealth of Virginia					
Sales tax	\$ 596,894	\$	-	\$	596,894
Medicaid reimbursement	6,820		-		6,820
Federal government					
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	241,214		-		241,214
Special Education - Preschool	6,625		-		6,625
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	121,592		-		121,592
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	92,355		-		92,355
National School Breakfast and Lunch Programs	-		93,786		93,786
English Language Acquisition State Grants	6,432		-		6,432
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	8,202		-		8,202
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants					
to States (Perkins IV)	15,182		-		15,182
Education Stabilization Fund D - ESSER	148,003		-		148,003
Education Stabilization Fund C - GEER	6,014		-		6,014
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	7,603		-		7,603
Other	1,359		-		1,359
	\$ 1,258,295	\$	93,786	\$ ^	1,352,081

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance	Increases		Decreases		Balance
Capital assets, nondepreciable						
Land	\$ 1,123,637	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,123,637
Construction in progress	6,279,698		15,259,129		(322,312)	21,216,515
Capital assets, nondepreciable	7,403,335		15,259,129		(322,312)	22,340,152
Capital assets, depreciable						
Machinery and equipment	9,227,075		486,168		(340,018)	9,373,225
Buildings and improvements	70,734,672		422,188		-	71,156,860
Capital assets, depreciable	79,961,747		908,356		(340,018)	80,530,085
Accumulated depreciation						
Machinery and equipment	(6,758,839)		(533,756)		335,969	(6,956,626)
Buildings and improvements	(33,757,951)		(1,920,922)		-	(35,678,873)
Accumulated depreciation	(40,516,790)		(2,454,678)		335,969	(42,635,499)
Capital assets, depreciable, net	39,444,957		(1,546,322)		(4,049)	37,894,586
Capital assets, net	\$ 46,848,292	\$	13,712,807	\$	(326,361)	\$ 60,234,738

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Central administration	\$ 59,707
Centralized instructional costs	2,042
Instructional costs	2,186,283
Transportation	172,606
Food services	34,040
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,454,678

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension	\$ 9,931,574
OPEB	906,224
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 10,837,798
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension	\$ 3,277,429
OPEB	786,678
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,064,107

7. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Capital lease obligation	\$ 99,919	\$ -	\$ (99,919)	\$ -	\$ -
Compensated absences	813,173	407,096	(366,810)	853,459	366,810
Net pension liability (asset)	(435,809)	276,474	(206, 105)	(365,440)	-
Net pension liability	36,340,277	14,048,947	(10,629,994)	39,759,230	_
Net OPEB liability	6,216,445	1,356,509	(1,884,915)	5,688,039	-
	\$43,034,005	\$16,089,026	\$(13,187,743)	\$45,935,288	\$ 366,810

The General Fund is used to liquidate the capital lease obligation, compensated absences, net pension liability, and other postemployment benefits.

8. Leases

Operating Leases

The School Division entered several non-cancelable operating leases for equipment. Rent expenditures for the current year were \$11,567. Scheduled future minimum rental payments for the next five years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Α	mount
June 30, 2022	\$	3,425
	\$	3,425

9. Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School Division is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on the fund balances of the governmental funds are presented below:

						Capital		
	G	eneral Fund	Cafeteria Fund		Pr	ojects Fund	Activity Fund	
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	-	\$	116,984	\$	-	\$	3,547
Prepaids		220,392		-		-		-
Committed to:								
Other projects		699,526		-		3,267,093		-
Food services		-		404,295		-		-
Assigned to:								
General education		6,260,707		-		-		-
Activity fund		-		-		-		677,556
Total fund balances	\$	7,180,625	\$	521,279	\$	3,267,093	\$	681,103

10. Risk Management

The School Division is exposed to various risks of loss including those related to torts, loss of or damage to assets, natural disasters, and the health of employees. The risk management programs of the School Division are as follows:

Workers' Compensation

Workers' Compensation Insurance is provided through VACORP. Benefits are those afforded through the Commonwealth of Virginia as outlined in *Code of Virginia* §65.2-100. Premiums are based on covered payroll, job rates and claims experience. Total premiums for the current year were \$112,830.

General Liability and Other

The School Division provides general liability, catastrophic accident insurance, and other insurance through VACORP. General liability, automobile liability, and property damage have a \$2,000,000 limit per occurrence. The School Division also has a separate student accident insurance policy through VACORP and Superintendent liability coverage of \$2,000,000 through Forrest T. Jones & Company. Total liability and property insurance premiums for the current fiscal year were \$131,876.

<u>Healthcare</u>

The City's professionally administered self-insurance program provides health coverage for employees of the School Division on a cost-reimbursement basis. All active and retired employees pay a premium equivalent for participation. The premium equivalent represents a minimum of 4% active or retired employee participation. The School Division is obligated for claims payments under the program. A stop loss insurance contract executed with an insurance carrier covers claims in excess of \$200,000 per covered individual and approximately \$9,796,102 in the aggregate.

10. Risk Management (Continued)

Healthcare (Continued)

During the current fiscal year, total claim expenses of \$8,932,896, which did not exceed the stop loss provisions, were incurred. This represents claims processed and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) as of June 30, 2021. The estimated liability for the City and School Division was \$394,238 and \$322,558, respectively for a total of \$716,796 at year-end.

Changes in the reported liability during the last three fiscal years are as follows:

Year Ended	E	Beginning		Claim		Claim	Ending
June 30		Balance	Expenses		Payments		Balance
2021	\$	581,259	\$	8,932,896	\$	3,797,359	\$ 716,796
2020		936,640		8,952,998		9,308,379	581,259
2019		1,234,976		7,482,834		7,781,170	936,640

Dental

The City's professionally administered self-insurance program provides dental coverage for employees of the City and School Division on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City began offering dental coverage through the self-insurance program on January 1, 2020. All active employees, retired City employees and retired School Division employees pay a premium equivalent for participation. The premium equivalent represents a minimum of 0% active or retired employee participation. The City is obligated for claims payments under the program.

During the current fiscal year, total claim expenses of \$535,775 were incurred. This represents claims processed and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) as of June 30, 2021. The estimated liability for the City and School Division was \$11,000 and \$13,000, respectively for a total of \$24,000 at year-end.

Changes in the reported liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

Year Ended	Beginning		Claim			Claim	Ending		
June 30	В	Balance	Expenses		Р	ayments	Balance		
2021	\$	19,400	\$	535,775	\$	531,175	\$	24,000	
2020		-		220,597		201,197		19,400	

Other

There were no significant changes in insurance coverage from the prior year and no settlements that exceeded the amount of insurance coverage during the last three fiscal years.

11. Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (non-professional) employees of the School Division are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS or System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The VRS Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan.

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) teachers of the School Division are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by VRS along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The VRS Teacher Retirement Plan is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan.

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out below:

VRS PLAN 1

About VRS Plan 1 – Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.

Hybrid Opt-In Election – VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remained as VRS Plan 1 or ORP members.

Retirement Contributions – Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Service Credit – Service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Vesting – Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Calculating the Benefit – The basic benefit is determined using the average final compensation, service credit and plan multiplier. An early retirement reduction is applied to this amount if the member is retiring with a reduced benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement payment, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.

Average Final Compensation – A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

VRS PLAN 1 (Continued)

Service Retirement Multiplier – The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.

Normal Retirement Age – The normal retirement age is age 65 for non-hazardous duty employees and age 60 for hazardous duty employees.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility – Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility – Members who are not in hazardous duty positions may retire with a reduced benefit at age 55 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty members may retire with a reduced benefit at age 50 with at least five years of service credit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement – The COLA matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.

For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1st after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1st after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

The COLA is effective July 1st following one full calendar year (January 1st to December 31st) under any of the following circumstances:

- The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- The member retires on disability.
- The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability.
- The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit.

The COLA will go into effect on July 1st following one full calendar year (January 1st to December 31st) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

VRS PLAN 1 (Continued)

Disability Coverage – For members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Purchase of Prior Service – Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

VRS PLAN 2

VRS Plan 2 is the same as VRS Plan 1 except for the following:

Under the VRS Retirement Plan, employees are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of July 1, 2013

Under the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, members are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is from July 1, 2010, to December 31, 2013, and they have not taken a refund. Members are covered under VRS Plan 2 if they have a membership date prior to July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Average Final Compensation – A member's average final compensation is the average of the 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

Service Retirement Multiplier – For non-hazardous duty members, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.

Normal Retirement Age – The normal retirement age is normal Social Security retirement age for non-hazardous duty employees.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility – Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equals 90.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility – Members who are not in hazardous duty positions may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.

COLA in Retirement – The COLA matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.

Disability Coverage – For members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

The Hybrid Retirement Plan is the same as VRS Plan 1 except for the following:

About the Hybrid Retirement Plan – The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

- The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
- The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
- In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

Eligible Members – Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

- Political subdivision employees*
- School division employees
- Members in VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014
- * Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:
 - Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

Retirement Contributions – A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Service Credit

<u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

<u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting

<u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

<u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distributions are not required, except as governed by law.

Calculating the Benefit

<u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

Average Final Compensation – Same as VRS Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.

Service Retirement Multiplier

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u>: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

<u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.

Normal Retirement Age

<u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as VRS Plan 2.

<u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equals 90.

<u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.

<u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

COLA in Retirement

Defined Benefit Component: Same as VRS Plan 2.

Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

Disability Coverage – Employees of political subdivisions and school divisions (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service

<u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as VRS Plan 1, except Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.

Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the VRS Retirement Plan:

	School Division (Non-Professional)
Inactive members or their beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	75
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	16
Non-vested inactive members	36
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	20
Total inactive members	72
Active members	65
Total covered employees	212

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The School Division's non-professional employees' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 2.30% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by the employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Division were \$19,987 and \$39,178 for the years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, respectively.

For the School Division's professional employees covered under the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Division were \$3,841,661 and \$3,627,605 for the years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

Under the VRS Retirement Plan, the net pension liability is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The School Division's net pension liabilities under the VRS Retirement Plan were measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Under the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, the School Division reported a liability of \$39,759,230 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2021. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The School Division's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School Division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the School Division's proportion was 0.27321% as compared to 0.27613% at June 30, 2019.

Under the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, the net pension liability is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GAAP, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, net pension liability amounts for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan		
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 51,001,855 36,449,229		
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$ 14,552,626		

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

71.47%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GAAP in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees</u>

The total pension liability for general employees in the VRS Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (Continued)</u>

Mortality rates:

Largest Ten – Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service-related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

All Others (Non-Ten Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service-related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest Ten - Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through
 9 years of service
- Disability Rates Lowered rates
- Salary Scale No change
- Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 20%
- Discount Rate Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

All Others (Non-Ten Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Disability Rates Lowered rates
- Salary Scale No change
- Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 15%
- Discount Rate Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Disability Rates Adjusted rates to better match experience
- Salary Scale No change
- Discount Rate Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	* Expected arithmet	tic nominal return	7.14%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75%, which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate.

Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions, political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in fiscal year 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater.

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the School Division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates.

From July 1, 2020, on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
School Division (Non-Professional Staff)							
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	5,358,865	\$	5,794,674	\$	(435,809)	
Changes for the year: Service cost		119,513		_		119,513	
Interest		350,152		-		350,152	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(195,286)		-		(195,286)	
Contributions - employer		-		39,178		(39,178)	
Contributions - employee		-		58,791		(58,791)	
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds		-		110,040		(110,040)	
of employee contributions		(342,849)		(342,849)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(3,871)		3,871	
Other changes		-		(128)		128	
Net changes		(68,470)		(138,839)		70,369	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	5,290,395	\$	5,655,835	\$	(365,440)	

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Position Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Division's net pension liabilities (assets) under the VRS Retirement Plan and the School Division's proportionate share of the net pension liability under the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension liabilities (assets) would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Net Pension Liability (Asset)					
		1%		Current		1%
	Decrease (5.75%)		Discount (6.75%)		(7.75%)	
Retirement Plan (Non-Professional Staff) Teacher Retirement Plan	\$	203,808 58,335,720	\$	(365,440) 39,759,230	\$	(845,021) 24,394,124

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Division recognized pension expense of \$3,898 under the VRS Retirement Plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Division recognized pension expense of \$4,116,112 under the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2021, the School Division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
School Division (Non-Professional Staff)					
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	-	\$	98,143	
Changes in assumptions		3,275		=	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		167,327		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		19,987		_	
Total	\$	190,589	\$	98,143	
	\$		\$	98,14	

11. Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
School Division - Teacher Retirement Plan					
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	-	\$	2,330,504	
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		2,714,066		- -	
earnings on pension plan investments		3,024,130		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and				:	
proportionate share of contributions		161,128		848,782	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		3,841,661		-	
Total	\$	9,740,985	\$	3,179,286	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of (increase to) the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	School Division (Non-Professional)		•	ool Division - Teacher rement Plan
2022	\$	(93,564)	\$	(189,343)
2023		53,283		892,873
2024		58,200		1,175,306
2025		54,540		903,820
2026		-		(62,618)
	\$	72,459	\$	2,720,038

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2021, \$7,215 were payable to the System under the VRS Retirement Plan for the legally required contributions of the School Division related to the June 2021 payroll.

At June 30, 2021, \$494,171 was payable to the System under the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan for the legally required contributions related to the June 2021 payroll.

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Retirement Plan and the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report), now called an annual comprehensive financial report. A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

12. Summary of Pension Elements

A summary of the other postemployment benefit financial statement elements is as follows:

Pension Expense \$ 3,898 VRS Retirement Plan 4,116,112 Total Pension Expense \$ 4,120,010 Net Pension Asset \$ 365,440 VRS Retirement Plan \$ 365,440 Net Pension Liability \$ 39,759,230 Total Pension Liability \$ 39,759,230 Deferred Outflows of Resources School Division Changes in assumptions \$ 3,275 VRS Retirement Plan \$ 3,275 VRS Teacher Retirement Plan \$ 3,275 VRS Teacher Retirement Plan 167,327 VRS Retirement Plan 167,327 VRS Retirement Plan 3,024,130 Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions 161,128 Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date 19,987 VRS Retirement Plan 18,384,661 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 9,931,574 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 9,931,574 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 9,931,574 Deferred Inflows of Resources between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions \$ 9,8143 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Sch</th><th>nool Division</th></t<>		Sch	nool Division
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VRS Teacher Retirement Plan 848,782	• • • •		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• •		848,782
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	

13. Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

The School Division participates in a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (Retiree Health Plan) administered and sponsored by the City. Full-time employees retiring directly from the School Division must have at least 15 years of service, unless approved for VRS disability, to participate in the Retiree Health Plan. In addition, they must be eligible for retirement under VRS.

Eligible employees and dependents covered at the time of retirement may continue participation in the Retiree Health Plan at the same premium levels as active employees. This creates a benefit to the retiree in the form of a lower insurance rate by blending retirees with active employees, also known as an implicit rate subsidy.

School Division retirees do not receive any premium subsidy above the implicit rate subsidy and are responsible for the cost of the entire premium.

The benefits and employee/employer contributions are governed by City Council or School Board policy and can be amended through Council or School Board action. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

The School Division participates in the OPEB Trust Fund, an irrevocable trust established for the purpose of accumulating assets to fund postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund issues a separate report, which may be obtained from VML/VACo Finance Program, 919 East Main Street, Suite 1100, Richmond, Virginia 23219.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation for the City and School Division, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the Retiree Health Plan:

Active employees	532
Retired participants	29
Total participants	561

Contributions

The Retiree Health Plan is funded through member and employer contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis. School Division Retirees receiving benefits contribute 100% of the health insurance premium rate. During the current year, retired School Division members contributed and \$250,816 of the total premiums through their required contributions of between \$16.40 and \$1,707, depending on the type of coverage and years of service.

The School Division contributed \$139,150 in pay-as-you-go contributions to the Retiree Health Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021. In addition, the School Division contributed \$97,135 to the OPEB Trust Fund. It is the School Division's intent to fully fund the actuarially determined contributions each year.

Net OPEB Liability

Under the Retiree Health Plan, the School Division's net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021.

13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

The components of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,239,811
Plan fiduciary net position	2,173,845
Net OPEB liability	\$ 65,966

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date June 30, 2021 Measurement date June 30, 2021

Inflation 2.50%

Investment rate of return 6.50%, net of investment expense

Pre-65 healthcare cost trend rates 5.70% for 2021 graded to 4.00% by 2073

Post-65 healthcare cost trend rates N/A

Pre-retirement mortality RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at

ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020 set back 1 year for males at 85% of rates and set back 1 year for females RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates

97.05%

at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020 set forward 1 year for males and set back 1 year for females with 1.5%

increase compounded from ages 70 to 85

Plan Investments

Post-retirement mortality

In an effort to assist local governments in funding their OPEB liabilities, the Virginia Association of Counties and the Virginia Municipal League established the VACo/VML Pooled OPEB Trust (Trust). The Trust is an irrevocable trust offered to local governments and authorities and is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of local officials of participants in the Trust. The Board of Trustees has adopted an investment policy to achieve a compound annualized rate of return over a market cycle. including current income and capital appreciation, in excess of 5 percent after inflation, in a manner consistent with prudent risk-taking. Investment decisions of the funds' assets are made by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes investment objectives, risk tolerance and asset allocation policies in light of the investment policy, market and economic conditions, and prevailing prudent investment practices. The Board of Trustees monitors the investments to ensure adherence to the adopted policies and guidelines, while also reviewing and evaluating the performance of the investments and its investment advisors in light of available investment opportunities, market conditions, and publicly available indices for the generally accepted evaluation and measurement of such performance. The Trust provides a diversified portfolio consisting of investments in various asset classes such as bonds, domestic equities, international equities and cash. Specific investment information for the Trust can be obtained by writing to VML/VACo Finance Program, 919 East Main Street, Suite 1100, Richmond, Virginia 23219.

13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

Plan Investments (Continued)

The Trust categorizes its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. A government is permitted in certain circumstances to establish the fair value of an investment that does not have a readily determinable fair value by using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investment. Investments in the Trust are valued using the NAV per share, which is determined by dividing the total value of the Trust by the number of outstanding shares. The NAV per share changes with the value of the underlying investments in the Trust. Generally, participants may redeem their investment at the end of a calendar quarter upon 90 days' written notice.

The Trust currently invests in the following assets classes and strategies:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Geometric Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
71001 0100	- 7410041011	Tato or rotarr	- Tato or Rotain
Core Fixed Income	21.00%	0.83%	0.76%
Large Cap US Equities	26.00%	3.93%	2.74%
Small Cap US Equities	10.00%	5.09%	3.08%
Foreign Developed Equities	13.00%	5.73%	4.16%
Emerging Market Equities	5.00%	7.51%	4.70%
Private Real Estate Property	7.00%	3.89%	3.18%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.99%	5.19%
Commodities	3.00%	2.29%	0.68%
Hedge FOF Strategic	10.00%	2.71%	2.20%
Assumed Inflation		2.40%	2.40%
Portfolio Real Mean Return		3.93%	3.27%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return		6.33%	5.74%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			11.60%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			6.50%

At June 30, 2021, the Plan held no investments in any one organization that represented 5% or more of fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return

As of June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the plan investments, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 30.01% for the School Division. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at current contribution rates. Based on the current and historical commitment of the School Division to fully fund actuarially determined contribution amounts, the Retiree Health Plan's fiduciary net position combined with future contributions is sufficient to cover all projected future benefit payments. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.50% and, when applied to the periods of projected benefit payments, it is not anticipated that the Retiree Health Plan's assets will be exhausted; therefore, the expected municipal bond rate was not applied in determining the discount rate.

13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary et Position (b)	L	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	2,148,109	\$	1,598,570	\$	549,539
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		72,888		-		72,888
Interest		139,914		-		139,914
Effect of economic/demographic						
gains or losses		(51,503)		-		(51,503)
Effect of assumption changes		69,553		-		69,553
Contributions - employer		_		236,285		(236, 285)
Net investment income		_		480,434		(480,434)
Benefit payments		(139, 150)		(139,150)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(2,294)		2,294
Net changes		91,702		575,275		(483,573)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	2,239,811	\$	2,173,845	\$	65,966

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

N	let OF	PEB Liabilit	ty	
1%	C	urrent		1%
Decrease (5.50%)		Discount (6.50%)		ncrease (7.50%)
\$ 240,857	\$	65,966	\$	(95,612)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Net OPEB Liability					
	1%	Curr	ent Trend		1%
D	ecrease	Rate		lr	ncrease
\$	(144,684)	\$	65,966	\$	309,139

13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Division recognized OPEB expense of \$20,337. At June 30, 2021, the School Division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	11,428	\$ 45,372
Changes in assumptions		61,273	177,123
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on plan investments		-	260,303
Total	\$	72,701	\$ 482,798
	_		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	Amount
2022	\$ (90,696)
2023	(85,672)
2024	(92,596)
2025	(103,251)
2026	(27,978)
Thereafter	(9,904)
	\$ (410,097)

14. Other Postemployment Benefits - Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the School Division are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program upon employment. This multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS or System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

All full-time, salaried permanent (non-professional) employees of the School Division are automatically covered by the VRS multiple-employer, agent defined Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program upon employment. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the School Division are automatically covered by the VRS multiple-employer, cost-sharing Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program. The plans are administered by VRS, along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death. The specific information about each plan, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out below:

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM

Eligible Employees – The Group Life Insurance Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program, including the following employers that do not participate in VRS for retirement:

- City of Richmond
- City of Portsmouth
- City of Roanoke
- City of Norfolk
- Roanoke City School Board

Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts – The benefits payable under the Group Life Insurance Program have several components.

- <u>Natural Death Benefit</u> The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.
- Accidental Death Benefit The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.
- Other Benefit Provisions In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include:
 - Accidental dismemberment benefit
 - Safety belt benefit
 - Repatriation benefit
 - o Felonious assault benefit
 - Accelerated death benefit option

Reduction in Benefit Amounts – The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the Group Life Insurance Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1st following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1st until it reaches 25% of its original value.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM (Continued)

Minimum Benefit Amounts and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) – For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, there is a minimum benefit payable under the Group Life Insurance Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,616 as of June 30, 2021.

POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM

Eligible Employees – The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993, for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan.

Benefit Amounts – The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- <u>At Retirement</u> For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u> For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly health insurance credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- No health insurance credit for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM

Eligible Employees – The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993, for retired teacher employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

 Full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (Continued)

Benefit Amounts – The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- At Retirement For teachers and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u> For teachers and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the VLDP, the monthly benefit is either:
 - o \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or
 - \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly health insurance credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit OPEB plan:

Inactive members or their beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	29
Active members	65
Total covered employees	94

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the Group Life Insurance Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Program was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions from the School Division for non-professional employees were \$6,844 and \$6,682 for the years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, respectively. Employer contributions from the School Division for professional employees were \$128,493 and \$123,607 for years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, respectively.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

The contribution requirement for active employees in the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 0.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Division were \$8,587 and \$7,533 for years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, respectively.

The contribution requirement for active employees in the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 1.21% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Division were \$287,218 and \$284,600 for years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Net OPEB Liability

Under the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program, the School Division's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Under the Group Life Insurance Program, the School Division non-professional employees and School Division professional employees reported liabilities of \$103,968, and \$1,923,334, respectively, for their proportionate shares of the Group Life Insurance Program net OPEB liability. Under the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program, the School Division reported a liability of \$3,528,848 for its proportionate share of the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2020, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

At June 30, 2020, the proportions of the Group Life Insurance Program for the School Division non-professional employees and School Division professional employees were 0.00623% and 0.11525%, respectively, as compared to 0.00634% and 0.11726%, respectively, at June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2020, the proportion of the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program for the School Division was 0.27051%, as compared to 0.27380% at June 30, 2019.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

The net OPEB liabilities for the Group Life Insurance Program and the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GAAP, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, net OPEB liability amounts are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Group Life Insurance OPEB Program		Em	Teacher ployee HIC EB Program
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,523,937	\$	1,448,676
Plan fiduciary net position		1,855,102		144,160
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,668,835	\$	1,304,516
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		52.64%		9.95%

The total OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GAAP in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation

The total OPEB liability for each plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

2 50%

imatori	2.30 /0
Salary increases, including inflation Teachers Locality – General employees Locality – Hazardous Duty employees	3.50% - 5.95% 3.50% - 5.35% 3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates - Teachers:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Disability Rates Adjusted rates to better match experience
- Salary Scale No change
- Discount Rate Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality rates - General Employees:

Largest Ten Locality Employers:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to age 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits - Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates - General Employees: (Continued)

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest Ten Locality Employers:

- Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Disability Rates Lowered disability rates
- Salary Scale No change
- Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 20%
- Discount Rate Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers:

- Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Disability Rates Lowered disability rates
- Salary Scale No change
- Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 14% to 15%
- Discount Rate Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

14. Other Postemployment Benefits - Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates – Hazardous Duty Employees:

Largest Ten Locality Employers:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to age 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to age 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest Ten Locality Employers:

- Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered retirement rates at older ages
- Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service vear
- Disability Rates Increased disability rates
- Salary Scale No change
- Line of Duty Disability Increased rate from 60% to 70%
- Discount Rate Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers:

- Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
- Withdrawal Rates Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Disability Rates Adjusted rates to better match experience
- Salary Scale No change
- Line of Duty Disability Decreased rate from 60% to 45%
- Discount Rate Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return of each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	* Expected arithme	7.14%	

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75%, which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020, on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net positions were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liabilities.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	L	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan duciary Position (b)		Net OPEB iability (a) - (b)
School Division - Political Subdivision HIC						
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	140,086	\$	68,790	\$	71,296
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		4,133		-		4,133
Interest		8,927		-		8,927
Changes in benefit terms		955		-		955
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(10,631)		-		(10,631)
Contributions - employer		-		7,533		(7,533)
Net investment income		-		1,341		(1,341)
Benefit payments		(15,662)		(15,662)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(116)		116
Other changes		-		(1)		1
Net changes		(12,278)		(6,905)		(5,373)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	127,808	\$	61,885	\$	65,923

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Division's proportionate shares of the Group Life Insurance Program net GLI OPEB liability, the School Division's Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability, and the School Division's proportionate share of the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net OPEB liabilities would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Net OPEB Liability (Rounded to nearest thousa						
	1% Decrease		Current		1%		
				Discount		Increase	
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)		(7.75%)		
Group Life Insurance (Non-Professional)	\$	136,674	\$	103,968	\$	77,408	
Group Life Insurance (Professional)		2,528,370		1,923,334		1,431,988	
Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit		78,136		65,923		55,366	
Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit		3,950,177		3,528,848		3,170,748	

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Division non-professional employees and School Division professional employees recognized Group Life Insurance OPEB expense of \$3,203 and \$65,830, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Division recognized Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense of \$905 and Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense of \$274,262. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates for the Group Life Insurance Program and the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program, a portion of the OPEB expense for these plans was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2021, the City and School Division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program and Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program OPEB from the following sources:

 		ed Inflows esources
\$ 6,669	\$	935
3,123		-
5,200		2,171
1,102		5,957
6,844		-
\$ 22,938	\$	9,063
of R	3,123 5,200 1,102 6,844	of Resources of Resources \$ 6,669 \$ 3,123 5,200 1,102 6,844

14. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

		rred Outflows Resources		rred Inflows Resources
School Division - Professional GLI			,	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	123,364	\$	17,275
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on program investments		57,775		-
Changes in assumptions		96,189		40,160
Changes in proportion		1,884		44,682
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		128,493		-
Total	\$	407,705	\$	102,117
School Division - Political Subdivision HIC				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	18,568
Net difference between projected and actual	·			,
earnings on program investments		1,490		-
Changes in assumptions		2,113		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		8,587		-
Total	\$	12,190	\$	18,568
School Division - Teacher Employee HIC				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	47,125
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on program investments		15,638		-
Changes in assumptions		69,760		19,281
Changes in proportion		18,074		107,726
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		287,218		-
Total	\$	390,690	\$	174,132

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended	GLI	GLI GLI		Teacher		
June 30,	Non-Professional	Professional	Subdivision HIC	Employee HIC		
2022	\$ 805	\$ 21,455	\$ (8,931)	\$ (14,728)		
2023	1,687	37,771	(3,783)	(13,178)		
2024	2,246	53,652	(2,092)	(13,698)		
2025	2,078	54,774	(159)	(9,611)		
2026	221	9,476	-	(6,534)		
Thereafter	(6)	(33)	-	(12,911)		
	\$ 7,031	\$ 177,095	\$ (14,965)	\$ (70,660)		

14. Other Postemployment Benefits - Group Life Insurance & Health Insurance Credit (Continued)

Payables to the OPEB Plans

At June 30, 2021, \$1,604, and \$31,704 were payable to the System under the Group Life Insurance Program from the School Division non-professional employees and School Division professional employees, respectively, for contributions related to the June 2021 payroll.

At June 30, 2021, \$814 and \$28,576 were payable to the System under the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program and the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Program, respectively, from the School Division for contributions related to the June 2021 payroll.

Program Plan Data

Information about the Group Life Insurance Program, the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program, and the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Annual Report. A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

15. Summary of Other Postemployment Benefit Elements

A summary of the other postemployment benefit financial statement elements is as follows:

	Scho	ool Division
OPEB Expense		
Retiree Health Plan	\$	20,337
VRS Retirement Plan - GLI		3,203
VRS Retirement Plan - HIC		905
VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - GLI		65,830
VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - HIC		274,262
Total OPEB Expense	\$	364,537
Net OPEB Liability		
Retiree Health Plan	\$	65,966
VRS Retirement Plan - GLI		103,968
VRS Retirement Plan - HIC		65,923
VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - GLI		1,923,334
VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - HIC		3,528,848
Total OPEB Liability	\$	5,688,039

15. Summary of Other Postemployment Benefit Elements (Continued)

Difference Outflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 11,428 Retiree Health Plan - GLI (6,669 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 123,364 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on program investments 3,123 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 2,113 VRS Retirement Plan - HIC 2,113 VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - GLI 5,7775 VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - GLI 5,500 Changes in assumptions 61,273 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 1,490 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 1,490 VRS Retirement Plan - HIC 1,490 VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - GLI 1,490 VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - GLI 1,102 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 1,804 VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - GLI 1,804 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 8,587 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 8,587 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 287,218 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 287,218 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI 280,502 VRS Retirement Plan - GLI	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	School	Division
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School Division	VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - HIC		287,218
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VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - GLI 44,682 VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - HIC 107,726			
VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - HIC 107,726			
<u> </u>			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 786,678			
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	786,678

16. Commitments and Contingencies

Construction Commitments

The School Division was engaged in the following significant construction projects at year-end:

	Spent to Date	Remaining Contract
Salem High School Renovation	\$ 17,860,137	\$ 9,014,209
Andrew Lewis Middle School Roof Replacement	305,415	209,185
	\$ 18,165,552	\$ 9,223,394

Special Purpose Grants

Special purpose grants are subject to audit to determine compliance with their requirements. School Division officials believe that if any refunds are required, they will be immaterial.

Management of Food Services

In July 2014, the School Division engaged Aramark Educational Services, L.L.C., to provide management services for the school food programs pursuant to the federal school nutrition programs. The initial agreement has concluded, and the School Division has entered a new agreement with Aramark for a period of one year with options for four additional one-year renewals by mutual written agreement, which is currently in place through June 30, 2021. Beginning on July 1, 2020, Aramark received a flat fee of \$7,725 per month for ten months for general and administrative expenses and a flat fee of \$2,060 per month for ten months for management services.

17. Jointly Governed Organizations

Roanoke Valley Governor's School

The Counties of Bedford, Botetourt, Craig, Franklin and Roanoke and the Cities of Roanoke and Salem jointly participate in a regional education program focusing on science, technology, engineering and mathematics operated by Roanoke Valley Governor's School (RVGS). RVGS is governed by a seven member board, with one member from each participating locality. The School Division has control over budget and financing only to the extent of representation by the one board member appointed. Each locality's financial obligation is based on their proportionate share of students attending RVGS. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Division remitted \$51,865 for services. Financial statements may be obtained from RVGS at 2104 Grandin Road, Roanoke, Virginia 24015.

18. Accounting Change and Restatement

In fiscal year 2021, the School Division adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The criteria focused generally on whether a government controlled the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship existed. The statement described the following four fiduciary funds, which should be reported if applicable: pension and other employee benefit trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds.

Adoption of GASB Statement No. 84 resulted in the School Division reporting a special revenue fund in its governmental funds' statements for the School Activity Fund (Activity Fund) and including the Activity Fund in its governmental activities. The Activity Fund accounts for all funds received from extracurricular school activities, such as entertainment, athletic contests, club dues, etc., and from school-sponsored activities of the School Division that involve school personnel, students, or property. This change required a restatement of the School Division's beginning net position. Comparative prior year information, to the extent presented, has not been restated because the necessary information is not available.

18. Accounting Change and Restatement (Continued)

The following is a summary of the restatement of the School Division's beginning net position resulting from the adoption of GASB Statement No. 84:

	Activity Fund	Governmental Activities		
Beginning fund balance/net postion, as previously reported	\$ -	\$	20,599,735	
Recognition of Activity Fund in accordance with GASB				
Statement No. 84	607,835		607,835	
Beginning fund balance/net position, as restated	\$ 607,835	\$	21,207,570	

19. New Accounting Standards

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, but Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, postponed the effective date of certain provisions of Statement No. 87 by eighteen months. Management has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adoption of the standard and is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact of adoption.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, but Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, postponed the effective date of certain provisions of Statement No. 91 by one year. Management has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adoption of the standard and is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact of adoption.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Some provisions of this statement are effective upon issuance, and other provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2020. Management has not completed the process of evaluating the full impact that will result from adoption of the standard and is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact of adoption.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate. The provisions of this statement related to the removal of the London Interbank Offered Rate are effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All other provisions of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adoption of the standard and is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact of adoption.

19. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

The GASB has issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). This statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Management has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adoption of the standard and is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact of adoption.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. This statement defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement, establishes that a subscription-based information technology arrangement results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability, provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a subscription-based information technology arrangement, and requires note disclosures regarding a subscription-based information technology arrangement. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Management has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adoption of the standard and is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact of adoption.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The first objective of this statement is to increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform. The second objective of this statement is to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or other postemployment plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary financial statements. The third objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through these plans. Some provisions of this statement are effective immediately, and some provisions of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management has not completed the process of evaluating the full impact that will result from adoption of the standard and is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact of adoption.

20. COVID-19 Impact

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) announced a global health emergency due to a new strain of coronavirus (the COVID-19 outbreak) and the risks to the international community as the virus spread globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The School Division is heavily dependent on appropriations from the City of Salem. The City's operations are heavily dependent on the ability to raise taxes, assess fees, and access the capital markets. Additionally, access to grants and contracts from federal and state governments may decrease or may not be available depending on appropriations. The outbreak has had a material adverse impact on economic and market conditions, triggering a period of global economic slowdown. This situation has depressed the tax bases and other areas in which the City received revenue during fiscal year 2021. As such, the City's and, thus, the School Division's financial condition and liquidity was negatively impacted for fiscal year 2021.

20. COVID-19 Impact (Continued)

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude the pandemic will have on the School Division's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the School Division is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Non-Professional Staff

Plan Year

61,480 697,591 (264,987) (3,812) (264,987) 204,501 101.80% 145,676 323,812 (89,382)4,464,677 5,052,257 4,758,374 4.962.875 97,271 587,580 2014 (270,236) 154,616 228,863 (270,236) (3,202)(45,142)(42,245)100.83% 337,943 4,962,875 93,028 132,051 107,479 5,159,736 59,073 5,052,257 5,117,491 2015 s (300,945) (3,256)(182,245) (300,945) 5,159,736 5,092,291 99.73% 86,505 13,928 92,100 58,188 (37) (67,445)124,227 347,691 5,117,491 5,106,219 2016 တ s 8 (39,860)(23,501) (334,040) (334,040)(3,661)(535)61,318 (300,017)51,554 105.80% 120,806 69,149 5,106,219 608,458 5,475,385 345,744 5.175.368 383,094 5.092,291 2017 130,240 350,464 (177,270) (337,479) (3,562) 109.82% 61,121 399,866 (34,045)5,475,385 5,646,387 (505,064)(337,479)51,406 (320)5,175,368 171,002 5,141,323 2018 S S S (314,833) (3,796) (81,471) (435,809)108.13% (314,833)40,178 130,680 217,542 57,762 369,207 148,287 134,293 5,141,323 348,873 5,646,387 5,794,674 358,865 2019 (342,849) (342,849) (3,871) 106.91% (195,286)110,040 (365,440)119,513 350,152 39,178 58,791 138,839) 5,358,865 5.290.395 5,794,674 5,655,835 2020 s တ S Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Differences between expected and actual experience Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Net pension liability (asset) - ending Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending Total pension liability - ending Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employee Changes in assumptions Contributions - employer Administrative expense Net investment income Fotal pension liability Service cost Interest Other

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2021 (plan year 2020) is the seventh year for this presentation, only six additional years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

(7.27%)

(3.56%)

1.19%

(25.20%)

(42.54%)

(40.03%)

(34.42%)

Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of

Covered payroll

covered payroll

1,229,675

S

1,185,071

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1,173,248

S

1,190,624

S

1,187,206

S

1,088,835

S

1,061,734

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The amounts presented have a measurement date (plan year) of the previous fiscal year end

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30	De	ctuarially termined ntribution	Re Ac De	tributions in elation to ctuarially etermined intribution	D	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
		(a)		(b)		(a-b)	 (c)	(b/c)
School Division	n (Non	-Professiona	al Staff)				
2021	\$	19,987	\$	19,987	\$	-	\$ 869,000	2.30%
2020*		39,178		39,178		-	1,061,734	3.69%
2019**		40,178		40,178		-	1,088,835	3.69%
2018		51,406		51,406		-	1,187,206	4.33%
2017		51,554		51,554		-	1,190,624	4.33%
2016		92,100		92,100		-	1,173,248	7.85%
2015		93,028		93,028		-	1,185,071	7.85%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2021 is the seventh year for this presentation, only six additional years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*} Revised to reflect actual amounts as shown in the VRS actuarial report rather than estimated amounts used in the prior year ACFR.

^{**} Prior to 2019, VRS contributions were made over twelve months for all employees, regardless of contract term. In fiscal year 2019, the School Division began contributing to VRS over each employee's contract term. For employees with contract terms less than twelve months, contributions and covered payroll recognized in fiscal year 2019 include amounts accrued for July and August of 2018, in addition to the full annual amount for fiscal year 2019.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

5 1. V	Employer's	Ρ	Employer's roportionate		Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary
Plan Year	Proportion of	_	Share of the	0	as a % of	Net Position as a
Ended	the Net Pension	ľ	let Pension	Covered	Covered	% of the Total
June 30	Liability		Liability	 Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
			(a)	(b)	(a/b)	
School Divisi	on (Professional S	taff)				
2020	0.27321%	\$	39,759,230	\$ 23,135,236	171.86%	71.47%
2019	0.27613%		36,340,277	22,568,718	161.02%	73.51%
2018	0.28140%		33,092,000	22,299,761	148.40%	74.81%
2017	0.27878%		34,284,000	21,639,120	158.44%	72.92%
2016	0.28026%		39,276,000	21,368,521	183.80%	68.28%
2015	0.28555%		35,941,000	21,230,718	169.29%	70.68%
2014	0.29170%		35,251,000	19,575,450	180.08%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2021 (plan year 2020) is the seventh year for this presentation, only six additional years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The amounts presented have a measurement date (plan year) of the previous fiscal year end.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Contractually Required Required Contribution				entribution eficiency Excess)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll			
		(a)		(b)		(a-b) (c)			(b/c)	
School Division (Professional Staff)										
2021	\$	3,841,661	\$	3,841,661	\$	-	\$	23,114,687	16.62%	
2020*		3,627,605		3,627,605		-		23,135,236	15.68%	
2019**		3,538,775		3,538,775		-		22,568,718	15.68%	
2018		3,639,321		3,639,321		-		22,299,761	16.32%	
2017		3,172,295		3,172,295		-		21,639,120	14.66%	
2016		3,004,414		3,004,414		-		21,368,521	14.06%	
2015		3,078,454		3,078,454		-		21,230,718	14.50%	

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^{**} Prior to 2019, VRS contributions were made over twelve months for all employees, regardless of contract term. In fiscal year 2019, the School Division began contributing to VRS over each employee's contract term. For employees with contract terms less than twelve months, contributions and covered payroll recognized in fiscal year 2019 include amounts accrued for July and August of 2018, in addition to the full annual amount for fiscal year 2019.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021			2020		2019		2018		2017
Total OPEB liability										
Service cost	\$	72.888	\$	74.370	\$	73.179	\$	71.941	\$	67.235
Interest	Ψ	139,914	Ψ	136,316	Ψ	158.451	Ψ	151,536	Ψ	145,477
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(51,503)		-		17,662		-		-
Effect of assumption changes		69,553		(16,279)		(255,288)		-		-
Benefit payments		(139,150)		(136,057)		(151,400)		(136,054)		(125,858)
Net change in total OPEB liability		91,702		58,350		(157,396)		87,423		86,854
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,148,109		2,089,759		2,247,155		2,159,732		2,072,878
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,239,811	\$	2,148,109	\$	2,089,759	\$	2,247,155	\$	2,159,732
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	236,285	\$	233,192	\$	248,535	\$	233,189	\$	211,531
Net investment income		480,434		44,595		59,924		105,580		116,176
Benefit payments		(139,150)		(136,057)		(151,400)		(136,054)		(125,858)
Administrative expense		(2,294)		(2,100)		(1,894)		(1,717)		(1,579)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		575,275		139,630		155,165		200,998		200,270
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,598,570		1,458,940		1,303,775		1,102,777		902,507
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	2,173,845	\$	1,598,570	\$	1,458,940	\$	1,303,775	\$	1,102,777
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	65,966	\$	549,539	\$	630,819	\$	943,380	\$	1,056,955
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
OPEB liability		97.05%		74.42%		69.81%		58.02%		51.06%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	24,787,563	\$	23,962,730	\$	23,962,730	\$	23,076,891	\$	23,076,891
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.27%		2.29%		2.63%		4.09%		4.58%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		30.01%		3.05%		4.59%		9.52%		12.79%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2021 is the fifth year for this presentation, only four additional years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

There have been no significant changes to the benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	tributions in elation to					Contributions as a % of
	Α	ctuarially	Α	ctuarially	С	ontribution		Covered	Covered
Year Ended	De	etermined	De	etermined	[Deficiency		Employee	Employee
June 30	Co	ontribution	Co	ontribution		(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
		(a)		(b)	(a-b)		(c)		(b/c)
2021	\$	92,108	\$	236,285	\$	(144,177)	\$	24,787,563	0.95%
2020		120,718		233,192		(112,474)		23,962,730	0.97%
2019		114,675		248,535		(133,860)		23,962,730	1.04%
2018		140,801		233,189		(92,388)		23,076,891	1.01%
2017		136,700		211,531		(74,831)		23,076,891	0.92%

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Notes to Schedule:

There have been no significant changes to the benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll
Amortization period	Closed over 28 years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Investment rate of return	6.50%
Projected long-term salary increases	3.00%

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Plan Year							
		2020	2019		2018			2017
Total HIC OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	4,133	\$	3,643	\$	2,543	\$	2,412
Interest		8,927		9,771		11,059		10,832
Changes of benefit terms		955		-		-		· <u>-</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience		(10,631)		(9,720)		(20,255)		-
Changes in assumptions		-		2,818		-		370
Benefit payments		(15,662)		(12,020)		(11,482)		(9,254)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability		(12,278)		(5,508)		(18,135)		4,360
Total HIC OPEB liability - beginning		140,086		145,594		163,729		159,369
Total HIC OPEB liability - ending	\$	127,808	\$	140,086	\$	145,594	\$	163,729
	_							
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	7,533	\$	7,318	\$	8,875	\$	8,704
Net investment income		1,341		4,257		4,693		6,952
Benefit payments		(15,662)		(12,020)		(11,482)		(9,254)
Administrative expense		(116)		(90)		(108)		(109)
Other		(1)		(5)		(359)		359
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(6,905)		(540)		1,619		6,652
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		68,790		69,330		67,711		61,059
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	61,885	\$	68,790	\$	69,330	\$	67,711
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	65,923	\$	71,296	\$	76,264	\$	96,018
Net OPEB liability - ending	φ	05,925	Ψ	7 1,290	φ	70,204	φ	90,010
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								
OPEB liability		48.42%		49.11%		47.62%		41.36%
Covered payroll	\$	1,276,780	\$	1,240,339	\$	1,286,232	\$	1,261,449
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of								
covered payroll		5.16%		5.75%		5.93%		7.61%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2021 (plan year 2020) is the fourth year for this presentation, only three additional years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The amounts presented have a measurement date (plan year) of the previous fiscal year end.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30	Re	tractually equired ntribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Contribution Required Deficiency Contribution (Excess)					Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
		(a)		(b)	(a-b)			(c)	(b/c)
2021	\$	8,587	\$	8,587	\$	-	\$	1,262,794	0.68%
2020*		7,533		7,533		-		1,276,780	0.59%
2019**		7,318		7,318		-		1,240,339	0.59%
2018		8,875		8,875		-		1,286,232	0.69%

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^{**} Prior to 2019, VRS contributions were made over twelve months for all employees, regardless of contract term. In fiscal year 2019, the School Division began contributing to VRS over each employee's contract term. For employees with contract terms less than twelve months, contributions and covered payroll recognized in fiscal year 2019 include amounts accrued for July and August of 2018, in addition to the full annual amount for fiscal year 2019.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY GLI AND TEACHER EMPLOYEE HIC PROGRAMS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

						Employer's Share							
			Employer's			of the Net							
	Employer's		oportionate			OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary						
Plan Year	Proportion of		hare of the			as a % of	Net Position as a						
Ended	the Net OPEB	1	Net OPEB		Covered	Covered	% of the Total						
June 30	Liability		Liability		Payroll	Payroll	OPEB Liability						
			(a)		(b)	(a/b)							
School Division - Group Life Insurance Program (Non-Professional Staff)													
2020	0.00623%	\$	103,968	\$	1,285,000	8.09%	54.64%						
2019	0.00634%		103,169		1,243,077	8.30%	52.00%						
2018	0.00676%		102,000		1,286,154	7.93%	51.22%						
2017	0.00687%		103,000		1,268,277	8.12%	48.86%						
School Division - Group Life Insurance Program (Professional Staff)													
2020	0.11525%	\$	1,923,334	\$	23,770,577	8.09%	52.64%						
2019	0.11726%		1,908,133		22,986,731	8.30%	52.00%						
2018	0.11861%		1,801,000		22,553,654	7.99%	51.22%						
2017	0.11835%		1,781,000		21,829,358	8.16%	48.86%						
School Division - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program													
2020	0.27051%	\$	3,528,848	\$	23,716,667	14.88%	9.95%						
2019	0.27380%		3,584,308		22,965,750	15.61%	8.97%						
2018	0.27878%		3,540,000		22,545,854	15.70%	8.08%						
2017	0.27639%		3,506,000		21,812,560	16.07%	7.04%						

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2021 (plan year 2020) is the fourth year for this presentation, only three additional year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

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CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS GLI AND TEACHER EMPLOYEE HIC PROGRAMS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30 School Divisio	Co	ntractually dequired ntribution (a) oup Life Insu	R Co F Co	tributions in elation to entractually Required entribution (b) Program (No	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b) n-Professional Sta		nff)	Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (b/c)		
2021 2020* 2019** 2018	\$	6,844 6,682 6,464 6,688	\$	6,844 6,682 6,464 6,688	\$	- - -	\$	1,267,407 1,285,000 1,243,077 1,286,154	0.54% 0.52% 0.52% 0.52%		
School Divisio	n - Gro	up Life Insu	rance	Program (Pro	ofessio	onal Staff)					
2021 2020* 2019** 2018	\$	128,493 123,607 119,531 117,279	\$	128,493 123,607 119,531 117,279	\$	- - -	\$	23,795,000 23,770,577 22,986,731 22,553,654	0.54% 0.52% 0.52% 0.52%		
School Division - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program											
2021 2020* 2019** 2018	\$	287,218 284,600 275,589 277,314	\$	287,218 284,600 275,589 277,314	\$	- - -	\$	23,737,025 23,716,667 22,965,750 22,545,854	1.21% 1.20% 1.20% 1.23%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2021 is the fourth year for this presentation, only three additional years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

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CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

There have been no actuarially material changes to the VRS benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest Ten – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Updated mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Updated withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered rates of disability retirement
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty Disability rates from 14% to 20%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Largest Ten – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Updated mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages
- Updated withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Increased disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty disability rates from 60% to 70%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension and HIC OPEB

All Others (Non-Ten Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Updated mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Updated withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Increased Line of Duty disability rate from 14% to 15%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

All Others (Non-Ten Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Updated mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Increased retirement rate at age 50 and lowered rates at older ages
- Updated withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Updated disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Lowered Line of Duty rate from 60% to 45%
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension and HIC OPEB

Teacher cost-sharing pool

- Updated mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Updated withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Updated disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the School Division's annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School Division's overall health. The information included in this section is not audited.

	Pages
Financial Trends	108 - 112
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	nd how the School Division's
Revenue Capacity	113 - 116
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Sch The schedules also include information about the City's most significan taxes, as the City provides significant revenues to the School Division.	
Debt Capacity	117 - 118
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the a levels of outstanding debt and ability to issue additional debt in the future because the City incurs significant debt for the School Division's use.	
Demographic and Economic Information	119 - 120
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to be environment in which the School Division operates and to help make other governments.	
Operating Information	121 - 127
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the	ne reader understand how the

activities it performs.

information in the School Division's financial report relates to the services the School provides and the

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION NET POSITION (DEFICIT) BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Sovernmental Activities				(7)			2			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 60,234,738 \$ 46,748,373	\$ 46,748,373	\$ 42,906,415	\$ 43,173,063	\$ 45,092,573	\$ 46,530,313	\$ 48,121,333	\$ 49,441,566	\$ 49,201,420	\$ 37,836,389
	365,440	965,614	650,756	537,062		78,138	78,474		•	
	(24,507,178)	(27,114,252)	(28, 122, 133)	(32,351,599)	(28,646,696)	(31,510,148)	(35,459,054)	3,972,118	758,035	2,749,702
Fotal School Division net position	\$ 36,093,000	\$ 20,599,735	\$ 15,435,038	\$ 11,358,526	\$ 16,445,877	\$ 15,098,303	\$ 12,740,753	\$ 53,413,684	\$ 49,959,455	\$ 40,586,091

Source: City of Salem Finance Department (1) In 2021, the School Division implemented GASB Statement No. 84 requiring the reporting of the activity fund within governmental activities. (2) In 2018, the School Division implemented GASB Statement No. 75 requiring recognition of net OPEB liabilities. (3) In 2015, the School Division implemented GASB Statement No. 68 requiring recognition of net pension liabilities. (4) In 2014, the School Division segregated health insurance into an internal service fund.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			l) i					
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
	(1)			(2)				(3)		
Expenses										
Central administration	\$ 2,085,923	\$ 2,016,415	\$ 1,783,674	\$ 1,596,030	\$ 1,652,209	\$ 1,593,894	\$ 1,695,545	\$ 1,879,992	\$ 1,920,910	\$ 1,563,224
Centralized instruction costs	3,567,700	4,075,157	3,840,082	3,518,687	3,543,531	3,473,872	3,636,537	3,879,440	3,548,842	3,328,048
Instructional costs	39,488,999	37,077,981	33,908,535	34,871,104	32,458,269	30,933,478	32,699,399	33,968,213	32,389,924	30,692,441
Attendance and health services	1,126,855	1,147,452	978,529	1,010,606	1,005,378	936,415	981,451	879,534	893,663	872,551
Transportation	1,762,900	1,472,764	1,500,881	1,524,848	1,408,400	1,348,170	1,463,135	1,413,079	1,446,627	1,338,768
Food services	1,960,853	1,848,960	1,792,273	1,794,237	1,756,692	1,675,156	1,973,317	1,597,475	1,616,530	1,666,673
Federal and state grants programs	•	•	•		1,970,034	1,844,532	1,969,993	2,953,551	2,172,018	3,066,792
Non-departmental		•	•		•	•	•		548,520	220,000
Capital lease interest	1,212	900'9	7,106	493	6,383	10,612	•	•		
Total governmental activities	\$ 49,994,442	\$ 47,644,735	\$ 43,811,080	\$ 44,316,005	\$ 43,800,896	\$ 41,816,129	\$ 44,419,377	\$ 46,571,284	\$ 44,537,034	\$ 43,078,497
Program revenues										
Charges for services:										
Central administration	ا ده	, ↔	, ⇔	, ⇔	\$ 26,251	\$ 33,158	\$ 20,106	\$ 19,524	\$ 20,787	' ₩
Centralized instruction	218,111	166,551	166,262	209,937	546,197	510,968	587,734	623,222	478,675	478,551
Instructional	783,482	910,778	1,000,374	945,598	174,200	179,915	175,813	191,751	177,925	192,476
Food services	62,276	569,747	845,340	836,801	841,634	815,618	759,141	832,642	867,703	903,493
Operating grants and contributions	12,922,879	10,758,674	9,818,437	9,540,263	8,605,485	8,197,005	8,119,815	8,956,887	8,122,841	7,810,425
Capital grants and contributions		•	17,438	14,400	156,367	49,773	5,174	7,000	7,000	•
Total governmental activities	\$ 13,986,748	\$ 12,405,750	\$ 11,847,851	\$ 11,546,999	\$ 10,350,134	\$ 9,786,437	\$ 9,667,783	\$ 10,631,026	\$ 9,674,931	\$ 9,384,945
Net expense	\$ (36,007,694)	\$ (36,007,694) \$ (35,238,985)	\$ (31,963,229)	\$ (32,769,006)	\$ (33,450,762)	\$ (32,029,692)	\$ (34,751,594)	\$ (35,940,258)	\$ (34,862,103)	\$ (33,693,552)
General revenues and other changes in net position										
Payments from City of Salem	\$ 34,606,636	\$ 25,341,148	\$ 21,026,377	\$ 20,170,298	\$ 19,760,242	\$ 19,739,512	\$ 19,151,270	\$ 25,103,243	\$ 30,295,228	\$ 18,471,653
State aid	16,116,582	14,952,136	14,891,728	14,222,573	14,075,825	13,757,083	13,916,982	13,144,693	13,133,752	13,237,358
Other	169,906	110,398								
Total governmental activities	\$ 50,893,124	\$ 40,403,682	\$ 36,039,741	\$ 34,516,265	\$ 34,798,336	\$ 34,387,242	\$ 34,023,089	\$ 39,026,535	\$ 44,235,467	\$ 32,347,983
Change in net position	\$ 14,885,430	\$ 14,885,430 \$ 5,164,697	\$ 4,076,512	\$ 1,747,259	\$ 1,347,574	\$ 2,357,550	\$ (728,505)	\$ 3,086,277	\$ 9,373,364	\$ (1,345,569)

Notes:

Source: City of Salem Finance Department

(1) In 2021, the School Division implemented GASB Statement No. 84 requiring the reporting of the activity fund within governmental activities.

(2) Beginning in 2018, the School Division included expenses for federal and state grants programs in the instructional costs function.

(3) In 2014, the School Division segregated health insurance into an internal service fund.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Notes:</u>
Source: City of Salem Finance Department
(1) In 2021, the School Division implemented GASB Statement No. 84 requiring the reporting of the activity fund within governmental activities.
(2) In 2014, the School Division segregated health insurance into an internal service fund.

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Revenues General Fund Intergovernmental: City of Salem Commonwealth of Virginia Federal Government	\$ 20,222,585 24,348,690 3,113,287 762,036	\$ 20,499,426 22,563,977 1,747,379 1,176,398	\$ 21,026,377 21,878,266 1,708,244 1,281,640	\$ 20,170,298 21,067,259 1,648,522 1,252,037	\$ 19,760,242 20,052,041 1,705,496	\$ 19,739,512 19,491,109 1,631,925 1,607,634	\$ 19,151,270 19,455,460 1,761,396 1,594,590	(2) \$ 19,622,043 19,452,863 1,838,411 1,600,220	\$ 20,776,428 18,505,940 1,978,488 1,472,793	\$ 18,471,653 17,791,888 2,454,719 1,293,847
Total General Fund	\$ 48,446,598	\$ 45,987,180	\$ 45,894,527	\$ 44,138,116	\$ 43,209,208	\$ 42,470,180	\$ 41,962,716	\$ 42,513,537	\$ 42,733,649	\$ 40,012,107
Cafeteria Fund Intergovernmental: Commonwealth of Virginia Federal Government Other: Charges for services Other Total Cafeteria Fund	\$ 18,084 1,559,400 62,276 10,632 \$ 1,650,392	\$ 38.054 1,361,400 569,747 12,859 \$ 1,982,060	\$ 29,478 1,094,177 845,340 8,018 8,018	\$ 28.674 1,016,458 836,801 29,886 \$ 1,911,819	\$ 24,710 899,020 841,634 17,531 \$ 1,782,895	\$ 21,590 809,467 815,617 7,121 \$ 1,653,795	\$ 24.581 795,360 759,141 143,900 \$ 1,722,982	\$ 25,893 784,413 832,642 12,876 \$ 1,655,824	\$ 28,076 744,089 867,703 11,083 \$ 1,650,951	\$ 27,570 773,605 903,493 27,251 \$ 1,731,919
Capital Projects Fund Intergovernmental: City of Salem Other: Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 14,384,051	\$ 4,841,722	 Ф	 	 Ф	 Ф Ф	\$ 5,174 \$ 5,174	\$ 5,481,200 7,000 \$ 5,488,200	\$ 9,518,800 7,000 \$ 9,525,800	υ υ
Activity Fund Other. Charges for services Other Total Activity Fund	338,627 63,788 \$ 402,415									
Expenditures General Fund Current: Central administration Centralized instruction costs Instructional costs	\$ 2,040,621 3,554,076	\$ 2,007,754 4,074,573	\$ 1,734,048 4,053,997	\$ 1,587,712 3,768,680	\$ 1,608,371 3,795,451	\$ 1,593,852 3,687,727	\$ 1,658,908 3,832,984	\$ 1,756,494 3,711,762	\$ 1,664,724 3,499,585	\$ 1,414,020 3,008,025
Salem High School	10,812,614	10,504,638	10,516,395	10,459,247	10,090,056	10,048,013	9,976,964	9,965,723	10,119,284	9,380,598
Andrew Lewis Middle School G.W. Carver Elementary School	7,582,656 3,869,788	7,343,857 3,779,518	7,133,729 3,734,148	7,110,842 3,694,139	6,985,732 3,525,927	3,473,543	3,590,403	6,765,055 3,634,528	6,780,842 3,497,209	6,078,634 3,342,917
West Salem Elementary School South Salem Elementary School	3,489,273 3,239,527	3,592,948 3,210,750	3,570,397 3,193,441	3,383,487 3,248,699	3,019,223 2,984,447	2,999,504 2.946,511	3,013,001 2,985,015	3,167,012 3,006,075	3,142,102 2,990,425	2,951,348 2,984,114
East Salem Elementary School	3,836,461	3,764,485	3,902,247	3,778,488	3,634,861	3,543,633	3,472,215	3,185,659	3,281,198	3,153,029
Regional Program Federal and state grants programs	798,101	695,930 2 114 568	736,901	743,403	754,116	733,930	698,011	616,896	743,384	2 824 695
Attendance and health services	1,148,003	1,136,256	1,088,768	1,085,034	1,049,120	1,001,682	988,485	889,226	893,663	838,160
Transportation	1,567,746	1,390,916	1,577,945	1,410,894	1,317,610	1,269,037	1,269,076	1,529,625	1,282,845	1,297,167
Non-departmental	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	548,520	250,000
Capital lease debt service: Principal Interest	99,919	95,293	104,768	137,071	131,405	142,981				
Total General Fund	\$ 45,623,101	\$ 43,720,961	\$ 43,466,111	\$ 42,383,221	\$ 41,039,691	\$ 40,108,384	\$ 40,213,091	\$ 41,202,467	\$ 40,647,729	\$ 37,522,707

(CONTINUED)

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			ם	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	AL YEARS					
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Expenditures Cafeteria Fund	4 1 852 256	4 AOS		4 1 700 337	θ		(1)	4 615 700	4 4 6 4 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	A 688 711
r ood services Total Cafeteria Fund	\$ 1,852,256	\$ 1,895,820	\$ 1,842,020	\$ 1,792,337	37 \$ 1,739,573	9 69	\$ 1,871,733	\$ 1,615,499	\$ 1,616,530	\$ 1,688,711
Capital Projects Fund Capital projects Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 15,785,194 \$ 15,785,194	\$ 6,199,149 \$ 6,199,149	\$ 2,270,996	\$ 719,859 \$ 719,859	59 \$ 1,085,321 59 \$ 1,085,321	\$ 1,219,802	\$ 1,335,621 \$ 1,335,621	\$ 4,297,458 \$ 4,297,458	\$ 13,588,552 \$ 13,588,552	\$ 1,717,361 \$ 1,717,361
Activity Fund Instructional costs Total Activity Fund	\$ 329,147 \$ 329,147									
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures General Fund (201,864) Cafeteria Fund (201,864) Capital Projects Fund (1,401,143) Activity Fund 73,268	der) expenditures \$ 2,823,497 (201,864) (1,401,143) 73,268 \$ 1,293,758	\$ 2,266,219 86,240 (1,357,427) \$ 995,032	\$ 2,428,416 134,993 (2,270,996) \$ 292,413	\$ 1,754,895 119,482 (719,859) \$ 1,154,518	32 2.169,517 32 43,322 39 (1,085,321) 18 \$ 1,127,518	\$ 2,361,796 (19,622) (1,219,802) (1,219,802) \$ 1,122,372	\$ 1,749,625 (148,751) (1,330,447) \$ 270,427	\$ 1,311,070 40,325 1,190,742 \$ 2,542,137	\$ 2,085,920 34,421 (4,062,752) \$ (1,942,411)	\$ 286,989 43,208 (1,717,361) \$ (1,387,164)
Other financing sources (uses) General Fund Transfers out Total General Fund	\$ (1,857,816)	\$ (2,402,801) \$ (2,402,801)	\$ (984,463) \$ (984,463)	\$ (1,426,201) \$ (1,426,201)	(1) \$ (2,200,827) (1) \$ (2,200,827)	(591,607)	\$ (926,492) \$ (926,492)	\$ (1,773,406) \$ (1,773,406)	\$ (968,000)	\$ (2,720,313) \$ (2,720,313)
<u>Cafeteria Fund</u> Transfers in Total Cafeteria Fund		· · ·	· · ·	φ φ	φ φ	φ φ		У	· · ·	\$ 15,000 \$ 15,000
Capital Projects Fund Issuance of capital leases Transfers in Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,857,816 \$ 1,857,816	\$ 2,402,801	\$ 299,980 984,463 \$ 1,284,443	\$ 1,426,201 \$ 1,426,201	\$ - 2,200,827 31 \$ 2,200,827	\$ 411,457 \$ 591,607 \$ 1,003,064	\$ 926,492	\$ 1,773,406 \$ 1,773,406	\$ 968,000	\$ 2,705,313 \$ 2,705,313
Activity Fund Transfers in Total Activity Fund	У									
Net change in fund balances General Fund Cafeteria Fund Capital Projects Fund Activity Fund	\$ 965,681 (201,864) 456,673 73,268 \$ 1,293,758	\$ (136,582) 86,240 1,045,374 \$ 995,032	\$ 1,443,953 134,993 (986,553) \$ 592,393	\$ 328,694 119,482 706,342 \$ 1,154,518	94 \$ (31,310) 82 43,322 42 1,115,506 8 \$ 1,127,518	(19,622) (19,622) (216,738) (216,738) (3, 1,533,829)	\$ 823,133 (148,751) (403,955) \$ 270,427	\$ (462,336) 40,325 2,964,148 \$ 2,542,137	\$ 1,117,920 34,421 (3,094,752) \$ (1,942,411)	\$ (2,433,324) 58,208 987,952 \$ (1,387,164)
Capital outlay Ratio of debt service expenditures to non- capital expenditures	\$ 15,845,173 0.22%	\$ 6,290,605	\$ 2,559,481	\$ 525,195	35 \$ 831,774 2% 0.31%	1 \$ 1,133,365	\$ 1,202,283	\$ 3,831,996	\$ 13,367,244 0.59%	\$ 1,830,225 0.61%

<u>Notes:</u>
Source: City of Salem Finance Department
(1) In 2021, the School Division implemented GASB Statement No. 84 requiring the reporting of the activity fund within governmental activities.
(2) In 2014, the School Division segregated health insurance into an internal service fund.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION MAJOR REVENUE SOURCES GENERAL FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City of	Sal	em	Commonwea	lth o	of Virginia
			Increase			Increase
Fiscal Year	Revenue		(Decrease)	Revenue		(Decrease)
2021	\$ 20,222,585	\$	(276,841)	\$ 24,348,690	\$	1,784,713
2020	20,499,426		(526,951)	22,563,977		685,711
2019	21,026,377		856,079	21,878,266		811,007
2018	20,170,298		410,056	21,067,259		1,015,218
2017	19,760,242		20,730	20,052,041		560,932
2016	19,739,512		588,242	19,491,109		35,649
2015	19,151,270		(470,773)	19,455,460		2,597
2014	19,622,043		(1,154,385)	19,452,863		946,923
2013	20,776,428		2,304,775	18,505,940		714,052
2012	18,471,653		51,653	17,791,888		921,361

Note:

Source: City of Salem Finance Department

TABLE 6 UNAUDITED

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION CHARGES FOR SERVICES REVENUE - FOOD SALES CAFETERIA FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			I	ncrease
Fiscal Year	F	ood Sales	(E	Decrease)
2021	\$	62,276	\$	(507,471)
2020		569,747		(275,593)
2019		845,340		8,539
2018		836,801		(4,833)
2017		841,634		26,017
2016		815,617		56,476
2015		759,141		(73,501)
2014		832,642		(35,061)
2013		867,703		(35,790)
2012		903,493		(18,860)

Note:

Source: City of Salem Finance Department

CITY OF SALEM, VIRGINIA
ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Total	ble Direct		Rate	,315 \$1.54	,905 1.54	,782 1.51	563 1.50	017 1.51	919 1.50	,133 1.50		,987 1.47	,036 1.48
	Total Taxable	Assessed	Value	\$ 2,808,194,315	2,701,785,905	2,600,807,782	2,549,817,563	2,501,620,017	2,451,813,919	2,428,048,133	2,413,737,695	2,393,085,987	2,375,288,036
mes	Direct	Тах	Rate	\$1.20	1.20	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18
Mobile Homes		Assessed	Value	\$ 827,954	758,822	749,392	816,174	984,368	1,059,063	1,195,515	1,249,050	1,431,949	1,668,743
vice ion	Direct	Тах	Rate	\$1.20	1.20	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18
Public Service Corporation		Assessed	Value	\$ 64,324,330	60,840,085	53,418,469	51,247,569	44,507,648	41,308,358	40,513,445	41,408,575	42,281,759	37,468,284
d Tools	Direct	Тах	Rate	\$3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20
Machinery and Tools		Assessed	Value	\$ 99,551,587	98,084,487	91,646,255	97,999,444	89,186,639	91,322,128	91,977,805	91,226,535	84,169,172	90,287,324
perty	Direct	Тах		\$3.40			3.25						
Personal Property		Assessed	Value	\$ 346,874,881	319,099,250	310,426,127	306,890,700	312,495,313	295,173,346	282,311,121	276,846,201	267,755,307	267,877,285
ø	Direct	Tax	Rate	\$1.20	1.20	1.18		1.18					
Real Estate		Assessed	Value	\$ 2,296,615,563	2,223,003,261	2,144,567,539	2,092,863,676	2,054,446,049	2,022,951,024	2,012,050,247	2,003,007,334	1,997,447,800	1,977,986,400
		Fiscal	Year	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012

<u>Note:</u> Source: City of Salem Finance Department Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

CITY OF SALEM, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

					Supplemental			
			Collected wi	d within the	Assessments &			
Calendar Year	Taxes Levied		Calendar Year of the Levy	of the Levy	Exonerations	Collections in	Total Collections to Date	ons to Date
Ended	for the			Percentage	Levied in	Subsequent		Percentage
December 31,	Calendar Year		Amount	of Levy	Subsequent Years	Years	Amount	of Levy
2021	\$ 40,322,441	ᡐ	38,719,642	%60.96	-	٠ \$	\$ 38,719,642	96.03%
2020	38,547,607		35,634,651	92.44%	51,777	2,499,401	38,134,052	98.79%
2019	36,274,839		35,191,478	97.01%	172,045	1,148,336	36,339,814	99.71%
2018	35,837,963		34,375,408	95.92%	(347,531)	1,060,430	35,435,838	89.85%
2017	35,253,119		34,012,836	96.48%	(71,996)	1,131,776	35,144,612	%06.66
2016	33,896,364		32,608,317	96.20%	(19,524)	1,217,875	33,826,192	89.85%
2015	33,407,499		31,903,905	92.50%	(62,546)	1,330,715	33,234,620	%29.66
2014	32,905,743		31,229,276	94.91%	(83,736)	1,552,138	32,781,414	88.66
2013	32,537,416		30,854,728	94.83%	64,769	1,686,852	32,541,580	99.81%
2012	32,672,916		31,351,991	%96:36	32,561	1,324,898	32,676,889	99.91%

<u>Notes:</u> Source: City of Salem Finance Department In 2020, the due date for the second half of Real Estate and Personal Property was extended to June 30th due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

CITY OF SALEM, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2021			2012	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Lewis-Gale Medical Center LLC (1)	\$65,076,200	1	2.76%	\$ 36,118,600	1	1.82%
Yokohama Industries	14,410,100	2	0.61%	16,142,400	3	0.81%
Lowes/VALO LLC	14,056,900	3	0.60%	12,462,800	4	0.63%
Spartan Square	12,017,800	4	0.51%	8,737,700	8	0.44%
Carter Machinery/Carthy Corp/Mount Sinai	11,770,100	5	0.50%	7,586,000	10	0.38%
U.S. Food Service, Inc.	10,903,500	6	0.46%	10,524,500	6	0.53%
General Electric	9,344,200	7	0.40%	10,665,400	5	0.54%
TKC CCXXIX LLC	9,308,200	8	0.39%			
Chateau Riviera Apartments	9,104,800	9	0.39%	9,190,500	7	0.46%
Salem Terrace	8,700,900	10	0.37%	8,690,500	9	0.44%
Lewis-Gale Clinic/HRT				22,095,300	2	1.11%

Note:

Source: City of Salem Real Estate Valuation Department

(1) In 2018, Lewis-Gale Medical Center LLC acquired the assets of Lewis-Gale Hospital HCA and Lewis Gale Clinic/HRT.

CITY OF SALEM, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 Activities General Obligation Bonds	 Activities General Obligation Bonds	G	Total Primary overnment	Capital Lease bligation
	 (1)			_	_
2021	\$ 57,250,371	\$ 35,559,482	\$	92,809,853	\$ 43,589
2020	60,686,620	39,296,513		99,983,133	99,520
2019	32,910,038	40,780,877		73,690,915	121,467
2018	30,897,265	41,669,640		72,566,905	198,016
2017	33,916,905	45,723,894		79,640,799	271,203
2016	36,971,375	49,665,950		86,637,325	341,175
2015	34,681,163	47,663,394		82,344,557	-
2014	37,640,582	49,258,943		86,899,525	-
2013	32,625,067	50,697,384		83,322,451	-
2012	25,470,726	53,677,900		79,148,626	-

Fiscal Year	, 	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Population	ided Debt er Capita	Р	er Capita ersonal ncome	Percentage of Bonded Debt Per Capita to Per Capita Personal Income
		(2)		(3)			(3)	
2021	\$	2,808,194,315	3.30%	25,346	\$ 3,662	\$	53,489	7.00%
2020		2,701,785,905	3.70%	25,301	3,952		52,248	8.00%
2019		2,600,807,782	2.83%	25,643	2,874		49,860	6.00%
2018		2,549,817,563	2.85%	25,862	2,806		48,384	6.00%
2017		2,501,620,017	3.18%	25,549	3,117		48,047	6.00%
2016		2,451,813,919	3.53%	25,432	3,407		45,577	7.00%
2015		2,428,048,133	3.39%	25,483	3,231		43,418	7.00%
2014		2,413,737,695	3.60%	25,299	3,435		42,288	8.00%
2013		2,393,085,987	3.48%	25,267	3,298		40,688	8.00%
2012		2,375,288,036	3.33%	25,145	3,148		39,866	8.00%

Notes:

Source: City of Salem Finance Department

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements in the City of Salem's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The report may be obtained from the City of Salem Finance Department, P.O. Box 869, Salem, VA 24153.

The City is independent from any county, town, or other political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia. There is no overlapping general obligation debt or taxing powers.

- (1) Outstanding debt for School Division is included with Governmental Activities.
- (2) See Table 7 for actual value of taxable property.
- (3) See Table 12 for population and per capita personal income.

CITY OF SALEM, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Amount of Debt	Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	ï	
Assessed Value of		Debt Limit 10% of	Total General		RVRA	Net Debt	Legal	Net Debt Applicable to Limit as
Real Property		Assessed Value	Obligation Bonds	Enterprise Bonds	Supported Debt	Applicable to Limit	Debt	a Percent of Debt Limit
(1)				(2)		(3)		
\$ 2,360,939,893	9,893	\$ 236,093,989	\$ 92,809,853	\$ (35,559,482)	\$ (585,396)	\$ 56,664,975	\$ 179,429,014	24.00%
2,283,843,346	3,346	228,384,335	99,983,133	(39,296,513)	(789,921)	59,896,699	168,487,636	26.23%
2,197,986,008	6,008	219,798,601	73,690,915	(40,780,877)	(998,082)	31,911,956	187,886,645	14.52%
2,144,111,245	1,245	214,411,125	72,566,905	(41,669,640)	(1,209,879)	29,687,386	184,723,739	13.85%
2,098,953,697	3,697	209,895,370	79,640,799	(45,723,894)	(1,425,312)	32,491,593	177,403,777	15.48%
2,064,259,382	9,382	206,425,938	86,637,325	(49,665,950)	•	36,971,375	169,454,563	17.91%
2,052,563,692	3,692	205,256,369	82,344,557	(47,663,394)	•	34,681,163	170,575,206	16.90%
2,044,415,909	5,909	204,441,591	86,899,525	(49,258,943)		37,640,582	166,801,009	18.41%
2,039,729,559	9,559	203,972,956	83,322,451	(50,697,384)		32,625,067	171,347,889	15.99%
2,015,454,684	4,684	201,545,468	79,148,626	(53,677,900)	ı	25,470,726	176,074,742	12.64%

lotes:

Source: City of Salem Finance Department

(1) Includes real estate and public service corporation assessments from Table 7.

⁽²⁾ The Enterprise Fund bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City but are expected to be paid from the revenue and receipts of the Enterprise Funds.

⁽³⁾ The School Division debt is included in the amount of debt applicable to limit.

CITY OF SALEM, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year		Tot	al Personal Income	er Capita ersonal	Public School	Unemployment
Ended	Population	(ln	Thousands)	ncome	Enrollment	Rate
(1)	(2)		(3)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2021	25,346	\$	6,391,212	\$ 53,489	3,756	4.0%
2020	25,301		6,254,966	52,248	3,882	7.7%
2019	25,643		5,962,802	49,860	3,872	2.9%
2018	25,862		5,785,780	48,384	3,889	3.4%
2017	25,549		5,758,037	48,047	3,843	4.1%
2016	25,432		5,435,865	45,577	3,751	4.0%
2015	25,483		5,159,100	43,418	3,797	5.2%
2014	25,299		4,984,547	42,288	3,770	5.2%
2013	25,267		4,789,030	40,688	3,823	6.6%
2012	25,145		4,672,291	39,866	3,867	6.5%

Notes:

- (1) Population, public school enrollment and unemployment rate figures are based on fiscal years ending June 30. Per capita personal income figures are as of November 2020.
- (2) Population is based on intercensal estimates of the resident population for counties of Virginia: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010. U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. Population for 2012 through 2021 was obtained from U.S. Census Bureau Population Estimates Program.
- (3) Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). Total personal income reported is for Roanoke County and the City of Salem. No data is available for the City of Salem only. Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates.
- (4) Director of Business, School Division
- (5) Virginia Employment Commission

CITY OF SALEM, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2021			2012	
Employer	Employees	Dank	Percentage of Total City	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment (1)	Employees	Kalik	Employment (1)
Veterans Administration Medical Center	1,734	1	9.39%	1,950	1	8.71%
Lewis-Gale Hospital HCA	1,248	2	6.76%	1,445	2	6.46%
Yokohama Industries	660	3	3.57%	940	3	4.20%
City of Salem Schools	576	4	3.12%	587	6	2.62%
City of Salem	482	5	2.61%	508	7	2.27%
Roanoke College	441	6	2.39%	476	8	2.13%
Integer	420	7	2.27%			
Carter Machinery	407	8	2.20%	368	10	1.64%
Kroger	388	9	2.10%			
US Foodservice	354	10	1.92%	443	9	1.98%
General Electric				804	4	3.59%
Virginia Department of Transportation				782	5	3.49%

Notes:

Source: City of Salem Economic Development Department, Virginia Employment Commission

(1) Calculated using data provided by Virginia Employment Commission

MEMBERSHIP AND PER PUPIL SPENDING CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Somposite Index		0.3641	0.3715	0.3715	0.3704	0.3704	0.3695	0.3695	0.3628	0.3628	0.3516
State Average Per Pupil Expenditures	(2)	A/N	\$13,241	12,931	12,548	12,171	11,745	11,523	11,242	11,257	10,969
Salem Per Pupil Expenditures	(2)	N/A	\$11,571	11,349	11,038	11,017	10,858	10,844	11,057	10,640	10,447
Special Education Child Count December 1	(4)	621	622	584	586	527	514	528	202	517	501
Average Daily Attendance March 31	(3), (8)	3,581	3,652	3,676	3,709	3,625	3,585	3,636	3,628	3,634	3,686
Average Daily Membership June 30	(2), (7)	3,743	3,860	3,876	3,906	3,818	3,752	3,813	3,796	3,816	3,841
Membership June 30	(1)	3,756	3,882	3,872	3,889	3,843	3,751	3,797	3,772	3,820	3,863
Average Daily Membership March 31	(1)	3,694	3,810	3,836	3,872	3,775	3,716	3,774	3,761	3,779	3,839
Membership September 30	(1)	3,834	3,931	3,962	3,953	3,852	3,808	3,815	3,799	3,816	3,867
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 (6)	2013 (6)	2012

Census Count (including special education count) used as Basis for State Sales Tax Allocation (5)

4,389 4,393 4,429 4,317 4,285 4,364 4,361 4,446 4,411 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2013 2013

Notes:

N/A Not available

(1) Superintendent's Annual Report Table 1 and Virginia Department of Education website (excludes part-time students)

- (2) Superintendent's Annual Report Table 15 (2012-2020) (3) Superintendent's Annual Report Table 8 (2012-2020)
- (4) Director of Student Services and Virginia Department of Education website (5) Weldon Cooper Center at the University of Virginia will estimate school age population in Virginia. The latest estimate is as of July 1, 2020.
 - (6) Figures for 2013 and 2014 were adjusted to match the Superintendent's Annual Reports for those school years.(7) End of year financial verification report(8) Spring student record collection

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION
VIRGINIA STANDARDS OF LEARNING (SOL) TEST RESULTS
PERCENT OF STUDENTS WITH PASSING SCORES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		222	2			2	2	7107		7010	2	CI 07	2	3	† 0 †	7	2013	7107	7
SALEM	∀	SALEM	××	SALEM	٨	SALEM	∀	SALEM	*	SALEM	∀	SALEM	*	SALEM	8	SALEM	\$	SALEM	8
64	19	*	*	80	71	77	72	81	75	83	92	85	75	28	69	83	72	96	98
9	24	*	*	98	82	80	73	83	75	98	77	82	74	75	29	28	9	83	64
n/a	n/a	*	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	93	98	94	87	96	87
/a	n/a	*	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	88	83	95	84	96	06
22	99	*	*	2.2	75	77	9/	84	6/	84	77	84	77	26	20	82	20	96	88
89	26	*	*	83	83	83	62	88	81	91	83	88	84	98	80	87	74	22	20
n/a	n/a	*	*	80	81	87	82	87	87	83	87	93	87	92	82	94	87	94	83
2	99	*	*	2.2	28	83	80	83	81	88	81	83	6/	82	73	84	73	91	83
n/a	n/a	*	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	71	71	8	87	93	87
63	51	*	*	88	81	83	77	78	26	79	26	82	26	9/	73	74	69	69	29
22	20	*	*	6/	42	82	62	6/	62	83	81	98	79	81	73	75	75	94	88
71	69	*	*	83	77	26	80	82	78	82	77	84	92	80	73	80	73	06	89
22	45	*	*	71	78	71	62	77	82	88	82	80	83	73	9/	9/	77	99	74
n/a	n/a	*	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	83	81	91	83	82	81
99	71	*	*	80	62	80	81	88	82	87	82	91	81	82	9/	83	74	94	88
42	42	*	*	20	28	92	69	74	71	84	72	82	72	74	92	89	61	29	28
n/a	n/a	*	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	84	81	77	82	82	84
77	69	*	*	77	9/	26	77	81	9/	82	22	81	22	72	20	77	71	92	83
n/a	n/a	*	*	28	20	77	73	77	73	78	71	9/	72	72	20	80	71	92	88
22	43	*	*	75	77	63	71	72	74	69	73	86	74	77	29	72	61	29	09
n/a	n/a	*	*	6/	82	82	98	87	87	87	87	92	98	83	83	83	82	92	84
62	28	*	*	84	28	87	78	88	6/	87	26	87	78	82	74	82	9/	92	95
91	81	*	*	91	98	91	87	91	87	91	83	91	83	93	06	95	83	92	94
n/a	n/a	*	*	v	81	82	84	87	84	88	83	88	83	06	84	88	20	92	93
61	63	*	*	83	98	82	81	88	82	83	83	06	82	81	26	81	9/	81	22
92	78	*	*	86	91	93	83	86	06	66	83	86	87	81	82	8	9/	84	69
82	73	*	*	83	83	80	22	91	78	98	80	06	80	98	77	73	9/	84	74
72	29	*	*	91	81	84	81	93	82	26	84	93	83	91	83	87	83	26	06
73	99	*	*	98	83	83	82	90	82	88	84	92	84	88	83	91	83	26	95
90	25	*	*	91	88	93	88	96	88	86	88	100	88	92	87	26	98	66	93
n/a	n/a	*	*	82	80	95	82	93	82	92	84	86	82	93	82	91	84	26	84
n/a	n/a	*	*	22	81	83	84	92	87	92	98	94	87	96	98	91	82	95	82
n/a	n/a	*	*	83	80	82	82	98	83	88	98	88	98	88	98	06	n/a	88	n/a
n/a	n/a	*	*	72	89	89	84	92	86	91	98	6	87	96	87	92	98	96	85

<u>Notes:</u> Source: Virginia Department of Education website; www.doe.virginia.gov

n/a: not applicable
< = A group below state definition for personally identifiable results
* Virginia Governor Ralph Northam issued Executive Order Fifty-Three closing all K-12 schools for the remainder of the 19-20 school year. No SOL testing took place.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST (SAT) SCORES LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended	Number of Students Who Took	Combine	d Score for Verbal	and Math
June 30	SATs	Salem	Virginia	National
2021	98	1,149	1,151	1,160
2020	157	1,134	1,116	1,051
2019	171	1,099	1,112	1,039
2018	173	1,108	1,095	1,044
2017	157	1,080	1,288	1,264
2016	123	1,047	1,029	981
2015	148	1,046	1,028	987
2014	148	1,046	1,033	1,010
2013	159	1,036	1,030	1,010
2012	169	1,031	1,022	1,010

Note:

Source: Director of Instruction and Innovation

TABLE 17 UNAUDITED

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION ACCREDITATION STATUS 2020-2021 SCHOOL YEAR

School Name	Virginia Accreditation Status
Salem High School	Fully Accredited
Andrew Lewis Middle School	Fully Accredited
G.W. Carver Elementary School	Fully Accredited
West Salem Elementary School	Fully Accredited
South Salem Elementary School	Fully Accredited
East Salem Elementary School	Fully Accredited

Note:

Source: Director of Instruction and Innovation

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT POSITIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Positions	2021	2020	2019			2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Board Member	5.0	5.0	5.0			5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Administrator	9.7	9.1	9.1			9.5	10.3	9.7	9.6	8.0
Principal	0.9	0.9	0.9			0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Assistant Principal	8.5	8.5	9.5			9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Teachers	312.3	307.7	306.6			302.1	307.1	309.6	315.1	308.0
Instructional Assistants	91.2	74.3	71.6			65.1	54.3	49.7	51.5	75.0
Secretary/Specialist	24.8	24.9	22.8			21.4	21.8	25.2	23.8	21.7
Attendance & Health	10.9	10.5	10.3			10.5	10.6	10.6	10.3	14.0
Transportation	30.0	30.6	30.0			26.2	27.1	31.4	31.5	31.1
Maintenance	39.6	39.3	38.0			37.3	38.5	39.3	41.0	41.5
Technology	10.7	10.7	10.8	10.8	9.6	9.7	10.0	8.8	9.0	11.0
School Nutrition	2.0	0.9	10.8			20.0	27.0	28.8	28.1	29.1
Total	553.7	532.6	530.5			521.8	526.7	533.1	540.1	559.4

<u>Note:</u> Source: Annual School Report

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION TEACHER SALARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Degree	Level	2021		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Bachelors	Minimum	\$42,119	\$42,714	\$42,000	\$42,000	\$42,000	\$42,000	\$42,000	\$41,000	\$41,000	\$40,796
	Maximum	64,697	65,613	64,516	63,469	61,710	60,328	60,179	59,736	60,482	57,771
Masters	Minimum	45,905	46,554	45,776	45,776	45,776	45,776	45,720	44,647	44,647	44,236
	Maximum	70,155	71,182	69,958	68,494	66,035	64,104	63,899	63,383	64,129	61,211
Doctorate	Minimum	47,732	48,406	47,597	47,597	47,597	47,597	47,514	46,406	46,406	45,896
	Maximum	72,788	73,818	72,584	70,919	68,122	65,925	65,693	65,142	65,888	62,871
Average Salary		\$59,494	\$58,760	\$57,980	\$58,418	\$57,387	\$55,776	\$55,352	\$55,115	\$56,206	\$54,492
Virginia Average Salary		n/a	\$60,265	\$58,714	\$56,861	\$56,351	\$54,891	\$54,486	\$53,818	\$52,942	\$52,093

<u>Note:</u> Source: Salary Scales and Annual School Report

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION - GENERAL FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2013 2012	6,494 \$ 1,664,724 \$ 1,414,020 4.26% 4.10% 3.77%	11,762 3,499,585 3,008,025 9.01% 8.61% 8.02%	40,948 30,554,444 27,890,640 73.64% 75.17% 74.33%	19,226 893,663 838,160 2.16% 2.20% 2.23%	9,625 1,282,845 1,297,167 3.71% 3.16% 3.46%	4,412 2,203,948 2,824,695 7.22% 5.42% 7.53%	- 548,520 250,000 0.00% 1.35% 0.67%	%00.0 %00.0 %00.0	%00.0 %00.0 %00.0 *-	÷ + 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1
2015 2014	1,658,908 \$ 1,75 4.13%	3,832,984 3,711,762 9.53% 9.01%	30,504,728 30,340,948 75.86% 73.64%	988,485 889,226 2.46% 2.16%	1,269,076 1,529,625 3.16% 3.71%	1,958,910 2,974,412 4.87% 7.22%	. 0.00%	. 0.00%	0.00%	¢ 40 213 004
2016	\$ 1,593,852 \$ 3.97%	3,687,727 9.19%	30,374,830 75.73%	1,001,682 2.50%	1,269,037 3.16%	2,027,663 5.06%	- 0:00%	142,981 0.36%	10,612 0.03%	\$ 40 400 204 B
2017	\$ 1,608,371 3.92%	3,795,451 9.25%	30,994,362 75.52%	1,049,120	1,317,610 3.21%	2,142,407 6 5.22%	°00.0	131,405 6 0.32%	965 % 0.00%	\$ 44 020 E04
2018	3 \$ 1,587,712 % 3.75%	7 3,768,680 % 8.89%	34,387,919 % 81.14%	3 1,085,034 % 2.56%	5 1,410,894 % 3.33%	- 0.00%	- 0.00%	3 137,071 % 0.32%	5,911 % 0.01%	\$ 40 000 004
2019	1 \$ 1,734,048 % 3.99%	4,053,997 9.33%	1 34,906,585 % 80.31%	1,088,768 2.50%	3.63%	°00.0 %	- 0.00%	3 104,768 % 24.00%	. 0.00%	\$ 10 AGE 111
2020	\$ 2,007,754 6 4.59%	4,074,573 9.32%	35,006,694 80.07%	1,136,256 2.60%	1,390,916 3.18%	°00.0	°00.0 °	95,293	9,475	¢ 42 720 064
2021	\$ 2,040,621 4.47%	3,554,076 7.79%	37,207,887 81.55%	1,148,003 2.52%	1,567,746 3.44%	- s	- 0.00%	99,919 0.22%	4,849 0.01%	¢ 4E 602 404
, in the state of	runcuon Current: Central administration	Centralized instruction costs	Instructional costs:	Attendance and health services	Transportation	Federal and state grants programs	Non-departmental	Capital lease debt service: Principal	Interest	Total constitution

<u>Notes:</u> Source: City of Salem Finance Department (1) Beginning in 2018, the School Division included expenditures for federal and state grants programs in the instructional costs function.

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

School / Statistic	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
East Salem Elementary (1962) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	56,308 500 382	56,308 500 406	56,308 500 397	56,308 500 387	56,308 500 413	56,308 500 419	56,308 500 416	53,714 500 414	53,714 500 403	53,714 500 410
G W Carver Elementary (1939) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	83,000 600 429	83,000 600 431	83,000 600 422	83,000 600 431	83,000 600 462	83,000 600 461	83,000 600 444	83,000 600 423	83,000 600 427	83,000 600 482
South Salem Elementary (2013) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	88,000 600 363	88,000 600 401	88,000 600 419	88,000 600 420	88,000 600 397	88,000 600 394	88,000 600 412	88,000 600 408	88,000 600 409	49,000 450 427
West Salem Elementary (1952) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	73,000 450 392	73,000 450 460	73,000 450 426	73,000 450 439	73,000 450 427	73,000 450 396	73,000 450 423	73,000 450 406	73,000 450 426	73,000 450 413
Andrew Lewis Middle (1933) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	183,000 1,000 927	183,000 1,000 916	183,000 1,000 942	183,000 1,000 914	183,000 1,000 893	183,000 1,000 898	183,000 1,000 901	183,000 1,000 924	183,000 1,000 905	183,000 1,000 878
Salem High School (1977) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	220,812 1,400 1,268	220,812 1,400 1,258	220,812 1,400 1,281	220,812 1,400 1,278	220,812 1,400 1,188	220,812 1,400 1,170	220,812 1,400 1,187	220,812 1,400 1,191	220,812 1,400 1,215	220,812 1,400 1,249
Central Administration Office (1958) Square feet	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000
AIIMS Alternative Education Center (1965) Square feet	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500

<u>Note:</u> Source: City of Salem School Division Business Office

COMPLIANCE SECTION

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal ALN Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
1 Togram of Ciuster Title	Humber	Humber		LAPERIURURES	Jubrecipients
Department of Agriculture					
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services					
Child Nutrition Cluster					
Food Distribution - Commodities	10.555	-	\$ 161,705		
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	-	2,754		
Department of Labor					
Western Virginia Workforce Development Board					
WIOA Cluster					
WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	-	1,009		
Total WIOA Cluster				\$ 1,009	
Goodwill Industries of the Valleys	47.070		000	000	
Reentry Employment Opportunities	17.270	-	868	868	
Department of Treasury					
Virginia Department of Education					
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	SLT0218	663,128	663,128	
Department of Education					
Virginia Department of Education					
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States 2019	84.002	V002A190047	33,325		\$ 8,388
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States 2020	84.002	V002A200047	295,657	328,982	145,400
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 2019	84.010	S010A190046	154,512		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 2020	84.010	S010A200046	456,617	611,129	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	04.007	110074400407	145 226		
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) 2019 Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) 2020	84.027 84.027	H027A190107 H027A200107	145,336 691,802		
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA, Part B) 2020 Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) 2020		H173A200107	17,149		
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) 2021	84.173	H173A200112	1,442		
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	04.173	11173A210112	1,442	855,729	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants					
to States (Perkins IV) 2019	84.048	V048A190046	1,807		
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants					
to States (Perkins IV) 2020	84.048	V048A200046	52,552	54,359	
English Language Acquisition State Grants 2019	84.365	S365A190046	7,631	_	
English Language Acquisition State Grants 2020	84.365	S365A200046	13,525	21,156	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 2019	84.367	S367A190044	50,831		
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 2020	84.367	S367A200044	39,308	90,139	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants 2019	84.424	S424A190048	1,710		
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants 2020	84.424	S424A200048	35,469	37,179	
Education Stabilization Fund C - GEER 2020	84.425C	S425C200042	34,594		
Education Stabilization Fund D - ESSERF 2020	84.425D	S425D200008	328,547	400.070	
Education Stabilization Fund D - ESSER II 2021	84.425D	S425D210008	46,237	409,378	
<u>Department of Health and Human Services</u> Virginia Department of Health					
Child Nutrition Cluster (continued)					
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	202020N85034 1	224,911		
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	202120N11994 1	336,766		
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	202121N10994 1	80,415		
COVID-19 Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	202121N11994 1	752,849		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			. 52,510	1,559,400	
Goodwill Industries of the Valleys					
Affordable Care Act (ACA)					
Health Profession Opportunity Grants	93.093	90FX0038-01-01	8,962	8,962	
,				<u>-</u>	
Virginia Department of Education	00.550	04041/4.	04 000	04.005	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2101VATANF	31,269	31,269	-
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 4,672,687	\$ 153,788

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVISION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2021

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1: Basis of Accounting

This schedule was prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Note 2: Nonmonetary Assistance

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards at the fair market value of the food commodities disbursed. As of June 30, 2021, the City of Salem School Division (School Division) had food commodities in inventory of \$103,662.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

The School Division did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

Note 4: Reporting Information

This Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is part of the overall Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the City of Salem, Virginia (City). The City and the School Division have a combined federal audit, and the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City includes reporting for the combined federal audit. The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report may be obtained from the City of Salem, Finance Department, 114 North Broad Street, Salem, VA 24153.

Note 5: Outstanding Loan Balances

At June 30, 2021, the School Division had no outstanding loan balances requiring continuing disclosure.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of the City of Salem School Division Salem, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Salem School Division (the "School Division"), a component unity of the City of Salem, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Division's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Division's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Division's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Division's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Division's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 18, 2021

CITY OF SALEM SCHOOL DIVSION

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2021

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the School Division's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia:
Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act

State Agency Requirements: Education