

Implementation Manual

2022 - 2023 Leslie Presley MTSS Coordinator

Manual Revisions

Leslie Presley	8/3/2021
,	
Leslie Presley	9/3/2022

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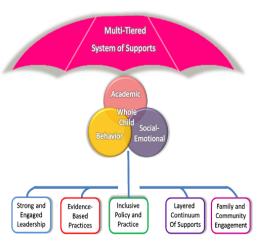


Southwest Georgia STEM Charter (SGSC) School uses a Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (MTSS) framework that recognizes the joint influence of academic, social, and behavioral needs on a child's overall educational performance.

Multi-Tiered System of Supports

A Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS) is a prevention framework that provides support matched to the unique needs of students in order to

maximize achievement and reduce behavior problems. The essential components of this whole-child approach include <u>screening</u>, <u>progress monitoring</u>, <u>multi-level prevention</u>, <u>and data-based decision-making</u>. When all the essential components are implemented as intended, results include sustained academic improvement, decreased inappropriate special education services, and reduced grade retention. Federal and state legislation (i.e., ESSA and HB740) emphasize the importance of providing tiered systems for



support and the use of evidence-based interventions for all students to meet grade-level standards. MTSS is being implemented through Georgia's Tiered System of Supports for Students.

Key Terms

<u>Framework</u> – intended plan or model for articulating teaching/learning activities, assessment/tests, processes, and desired results that can maximize student achievement.

 Multi-Tiered Prevention System – a schoolwide framework with systems and resources designed to provide support matched to student need to maximize student achievement and reduce poor behavioral

outcomes.

- Student Support Team (SST) a multi-disciplinary team which utilizes a problem-solving
 process to investigate the educational needs of students who are experiencing academic and/or
 social/behavioral difficulties. SST, which is required in every Georgia public school, uses a
 data-driven process to plan individualized supports and interventions and to assess their own
 effectiveness.
- Response to Intervention (RTI) is a practice of academic and/or behavioral interventions
 designed to provide early, effective assistance to underperforming students. Research-based
 interventions are implemented and frequent progress monitoring is conducted to assess student
 response and progress. The student's response is used as feedback to more accurately target

- interventions. When students do not make progress, increasingly more individualized interventions are introduced.
- <u>Data-Based Decision Making</u> a process for setting/evaluating goals; the ongoing process of analyzing and evaluating student data to inform educational decisions.
- At Risk- students who have poor learning and/or behavioral outcomes. Also, students who are in jeopardy of being retained or students who may not be on track to graduate.
- <u>Acceleration</u> interventions that are implemented to increase the speed at which students acquire skills.

Assessment – the collection of information about student performance in a specific area.

- <u>Benchmark</u> measures that are used to determine student progress and to guide instruction. For example, measures may assess a specific skill such as number of correct words read per minute (reading fluency).
- **Screening** conducted to identify students who may need additional instruction or help so that early intervention can occur. These are typically brief and usually administered with all students at a grade level (Universal Screening).
- Progress Monitoring scientifically based practice that is used to assess students' academic
 and behavioral performance and evaluate the effectiveness of instruction. Progress monitoring is
 not the same as monitoring progress. Progress monitoring is used for students who have been
 verified as "at risk".

<u>Best Practices</u> – evidence-based teaching strategies that generate positive student response.

- <u>Evidence-Based Practices</u> an educational practice or strategy that has factual evidence for results.
- <u>Differentiated Instruction</u> recognizing and responding to students' varying interests, readiness levels, and learning needs.
- <u>Interventions</u>—instruction, supplemental to the general education curriculum, that is based on student need; and is made of evidence-based instructional strategies and techniques.
- **Evidence-Based Intervention** an intervention for which data from scientific, rigorous research studies have demonstrated or validated the results.
- <u>Fidelity of Implementation</u> the accurate and consistent delivery of instruction or assessment in the way it was designed or prescribed according to research findings and/or developers' specifications.

MTSS is aimed at addressing the needs of all learners — struggling through advanced — by providing a continuum of support and intervention. This school improvement initiative is designed to support better educational outcomes — increasing graduation rates and ensuring that our students are college- and career-ready.

Main Elements of MTSS

Screening

Purpose: identify students who are at risk of academic failure or behavior problems

Focus: conducted for ALL students

Tools: Involved brief assessments that are valid, reliable, and evidence based

Timeframe: Administered 3 times a year- Fall, Winter, Spring

Tells us:

Is our core curriculum, Tier 1, working?

Is instruction effective?

Which students are in need of additional assessment and interventions?

Interventions

Purpose: to improve educational outcomes for all students.

Focus: provided to students that are identified as "at-risk" based on multiple screening measures

Tools: use of scientifically research based interventions to address students' needs.

Progress Monitoring

Purpose: assesses effectiveness of interventions

Focus: students identified "at-risk"

Tools: involves brief assessments that are valid, reliable, and evidence based

Timeframe: students are assessed at regular intervals i.e. weekly, bi-weekly, monthly

Tells us:

Are students meeting short term or long term goals?

Are students progressing at an acceptable rate?

Does the instruction or intervention need to be changed?

<u>Data Based Decision</u> <u>Making</u>

A student's performance is assessed with the data obtained, and the interventions and decisions are made based on that data. Data analysis takes place at all levels of MTSS implementation. Established routines and procedures for making decisions.



Tier 1- all students participate in a standards-based classroom environment. Universal screening helps teachers identify students who will need more individualized assistance. Progress monitoring allows teachers to assess the effectiveness of instruction and to differentiate their assistance based on the instructional and/or behavioral needs of the students. Progress monitoring is conducted using formative assessment data, analysis of student work and behavioral data. When a variety of Tier 1 strategies are utilized and the student is not showing significant improvement, this should be the trigger that activates the school's MTSS plan to bring more focused attention and more intensive instructional assistance that comprises Tier 2.

Tier 2 is characterized by the addition of more concentrated small-group or individual interventions that target specific needs and essential skills. All Tier 2 Interventions must be research proven and aligned to the needs of the student and resources of the school. Interventions may involve an increase in intensity, frequency, and duration of the strategies utilized in Tier 1, or they may be entirely different based on information shared among staff members. Implementation of individualized Tier 2 interventions, as indicated in the written plan, is vital in order to see a change in student performance. Progress monitoring becomes more frequent and is required to determine the effectiveness of those interventions. If the interventions are implemented as planned, and the progress monitoring data reveals minimal to no change in student performance, the MTSS Committee will recommend moving to Tier 3.

Tier 3 - The MTSS committee reviews Tier 2 intervention(s) and progress monitoring data to determine the need for a change in the intervention type and/or frequency at which the student receives the intervention(s). If changes in intervention type(s) and/or frequency indicate inadequate progress, the MTSS committee will recommend appropriate post-SST options.

This framework:

- improves response times and helps educators rapidly respond to student needs, and
- aligns teams, helping to streamline information and resources necessary to improve student learning.

Essential Components to Improve Outcomes for Students

- ALL students are screened to identify those who may be at risk for poor academic or behavioral outcomes.
- Instruction and intervention is delivered utilizing evidence-based Best Practices and instructional fidelity is high.
- Progress monitoring provides information that allows teachers to better target student needs and appropriately match instruction, resources, and supports.
- Teams are focused on prevention to make data-based decisions that ensure all students are continuing to improve.
- Educators and families must work together to prevent poor outcomes for all students and ensure students have the tools to be successful.
- Everyone is involved in the process (parents, teachers, administrators, community members etc.).

Parents play a critical role in supporting what their children are learning in school. Research shows that the more parents are involved in student learning, the higher the student achievement. As with all aspects of education, parents play a major role in the MTSS process. Strong parent communication and active engagement in all steps of the process and in all decisions regarding adjustments to your student's curriculum and needs will accelerate your child's success.

Parents Can:

- Frequently communicate with your child's teacher(s).
- Attend school functions such as parent-teacher conferences.
- Monitor and assist with your child's homework assignments.
- Find out what skills and knowledge your child is expected to learn.
- Attend team meetings. Remember the importance of your voice in your child's education.
- Ask school team members the following questions:
 - What are the targeted supports that my child's school is using if he/she is struggling in the classroom?
 - How will I be informed of the progress my child is making?
 - What happens if my child is not making progress?
- Practice and reinforce any strategies or educational plans at home

- We assess students for the purpose of identifying who needs additional support.
- We want to prevent failure by catching potential challenges early.
- Teachers implement interventions for specific skills and do frequent checks on the student's progress.
- We work collaboratively to maximize student achievement and appropriate behavior.

MTSS Procedures at Southwest Georgia STEM Charter School

Tier 1: Instructional Support for all students focusing on mastery of the Georgia Standards of Excellence Curriculum (GSE). Instructional support includes the implementation of differentiated instructional strategies and research-based practices. Student progress will be monitored using formative assessment data, analysis of student work and behavioral data. Students who fall below established criteria will be considered for Tier 2.

ALL students will have the following Universal Screeners administered 3 times a year:

Kindergarten: MAP Reading, MAP Math, MAP Science

1st: MAP Reading, MAP Math, Map Science

2nd: MAP Reading, MAP Math, MAP Science

3rd-5th: MAP Reading, MAP Math, Progress Learning for Social Studies (5th

Grade only)

6th-11th: MAP for ELA, MAP for Math, Progress Learning for Science (6th grade through 11th grade).

Tier 2: If a student is **not** progressing, as indicated by at least 3 pre-referral interventions and data, and is at risk according to assessments and/or discipline referrals, then that student will move to Tier 2. The following procedures will be followed in the event that the student(s) is/are not making adequate progress:

- 1. The general education teacher will submit the Google Tier 2 Referral Form. He/she will have a conversation with the MTSS Coordinator regarding the referral. The general education teacher will schedule a meeting with the appropriate team members to discuss differentiated instructional strategies implemented and student performance.
- 2. The general education teacher will have the Screening Permission/Tier 2 Notification Letter signed by the parent prior to this meeting.
- 3. After this letter is signed, the general education teacher will submit the letter to the MTSS Coordinator, to perform the hearing/vision screening.



Forms to Complete for Tier 2 Placement

- Screening Permission/Tier 2 Notification Letter (General Education Teacher)
- 2. Tier 2 Meeting minutes (MTSS Coordinator)
- 3. MTSS Tier 2 Implementation Plan (MTSS Coordinator/ General Education Teacher)
- 4. Placement for Tier 2 Form (MTSS Coordinator/Teacher)

Once a student is placed into Tier 2, there may be more in depth assessments completed to pinpoint what skill(s) the student is missing.

Assessments: GLOSS &/or IKAN (Georgia Numeracy Project), Running Records (Leveled Literacy Intervention) &/or other informal assessments focusing on suspected deficit area.

Once the needs have been established, research-based interventions will be implemented by the teacher during small groups or WIN (what I need). There must be at least 2 different interventions for the identified area of weakness. Each intervention MUST be implemented for at least 3-4 weeks over a 6-8 week period.

Intervention Implementation: small group, 2 times a week, 10-20 minutes

Progress monitoring: once every other week using the Tier 2 Intervention Documentation located in the MTSS Google Classroom

Additional Programs to Assess and Intervene for Tier 2: MAP reading, MAP math, Progress Learning.

If progress monitoring data indicates that there are 4 points below the trend line, the teacher must let the MTSS Coordinator know. All information, such as data, charts, and examples of student work, will be kept in a folder in the general education classroom after the Tier 2 meeting. The MTSS Coordinator will be actively monitoring the MTSS Implementation Plan conducted by the general education teacher. The general education teacher will communicate with the parent(s) and MTSS Coordinator regarding student performance/progress. If a student is not progressing after 6 weeks of Tier 2 interventions, and is still at risk according to assessment, discipline referrals, and/or other data, then the Tier 3 Referral Google Form must be completed and submitted to the MTSS Coordinator.



Forms to Complete for Tier 3 Placement

- 1. Tier 3 Google Referral Form (Teacher)/Parent Notification Letter (MTSS Coordinator)
- 2. MTSS Process Initial Referral Form (General Education Teacher)
- 3. Parent Notification Letter for MTSS Tier 3 Referral & Student Background Information (MTSS Coordinator)
- 4. Tier 3 Meeting Notes (MTSS Coordinator)
- 5. Analyzed Work Sample (General Education Teacher)
- 6. Communication Checklist (If applicable, General Education Teacher)
- 7. T3 Intervention Plan & Documentation (General Education Teacher & MTSS Coordinator)

Tier 3: After a Tier 3 meeting is scheduled by the MTSS Coordinator, the MTSS Committee will meet to participate in a problem solving process to guide the design of individualized interventions that best fit the student. During Tier 3 meetings, the team will analyze work samples, all previous interventions, progress monitoring data, assessments, discipline referrals, analyzed work samples, and/or other criteria to determine which research-based interventions to implement. There must be 1 intervention for the identifiable area of weakness. This intervention is implemented over a 6 week period, but if the student is not making progress by week 3-4, the intervention must change to a new one that addresses that area of weakness. In Tier 3, the intervention **cannot** be computer-based.

Intervention Implementation: Individual or small group (2-4 students), 3 times a week, 15-30 minutes over a 6 week period.

Progress monitoring: Once every week using the Tier 3 Intervention Documentation located in the MTSS Google Classroom. It is the General Education Teacher's responsibility to make sure that the student is receiving the interventions that the committee has deemed appropriate. All information, such as data, charts, and examples of student work, will be kept in the MTSS Coordinator's office at the beginning of the Tier 3 process. The MTSS Coordinator will be monitoring the Implementation Plan to ensure that interventions are being implemented with fidelity. If a student is not progressing after 6 weeks of interventions, and is still at risk according to assessment, discipline referrals, and/or other criteria, then the referral packet will be submitted to the Special Education department within 5 days of the committee decision to refer. **Programs Used To Assess & Intervene for Tier 3:** MAP, Progress Learning, Lexia, IXL Diagnostic

2022-2023 BENCHMARK ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE

Beginning of the Year Benchmark Schedule

August 22, 2022: MAP Reading Assessment

August 23, 2022: MAP Math Assessment

August 24, 2022: MAP Science Assessment

August 25, 2022: MAKE UP MAP Testing

August 29, 2022: Progress Learning - Social Studies (5th - 11th Only)

August 30, 2022: Progress Learning - Science (6th - 11th Only)

Middle of the Year Benchmark Schedule

December 8, 2022: Progress Learning - Social Studies (5th - 11th Only)

December 9, 2022: Progress Learning - Science (6th - 11th Only)

December 12, 2022: MAP Reading Assessment

December 13, 2022: MAP Math Assessment

December 14, 2022: MAP Science Assessment

December 15, 2022: MAKE UP MAP Testing

End of the Year Benchmark Schedule

April 17, 2023: MAP Reading Assessment

April 18, 2023: MAP Math Assessment

April 19, 2023: MAP Science Assessment

April 20, 2023: MAKE UP MAP Testing

April 21, 2022: Progress Learning - Social Studies (5th - 11th Only)

April 24, 2023: Progress Learning - Science (6th - 11th Only)

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Ginger Almon, School Leader

Placement for Tier 2	
Date:	
Student Name:	
Grade Level:	
Referring Teacher Name:	
Reason(s) for Tier 2 Referral:	
The student has received 3 or more discipline referrals. Total this school year:	al number of discipline referrals
\square The student was retained the previous school year.	
\square Student was placed into Tier 2 last year/ Transferred to school 2	ool with current placement as Tier
□ 3 rd - 8 th Grade: Georgia Milestones:Reading developing learners)	Math (beginning and
☐ Kindergarten - 3 rd Grade: DIBELS Score: Area awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension -cir	
☐ Kindergarten: STAR Early Literacy Score:	
☐ Kindergarten: STAR Early Numeracy Score:	
□1 st Grade - 9 th Grade: STAR Reading Grade Equivalency: _	(at least one grade level below)
☐ 1 st Grade - 9 th Grade: STAR Math Grade Equivalency:	(at least one grade level below)
☐ Grades: Reading Math (60% or below)	
USA Test Prep: Reading Benchmark Math Benchmark	mark (50% or below)
Other Measure(s):	
General Education Teacher Signature M	TSS Coordinator Signature

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Ginger Almon, School Leader

Parent Notification Letter For Multi	-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS)- Tier 2 Referral
Date:	
Dear Parent of	
School students are consistently assessed and time. Regular education interventions (extra not meeting expected levels of achievement	tudent achievement, all Southwest Georgia STEM Charter I monitored to measure their progress in the curriculum over a support) will be provided as needed to all students who are at in reading, math, behavior, and speech. This system of udent needs is called Response to Intervention (RTI).
Your child has been referred to receive Tier 2 in Reading Math Behavior	interventions based on the following area(s) of concern:
Through data analysis and knowledge of rese	been scheduled for earch-based intervention, we hope to develop a successful RTI e a productive school year. Parental input is considered very l and invited.
	I am asking for permission, as part of the RTI process, to are that these factors are not interfering with your child's
We appreciate your support of our efforts. If	you have any questions, please contact me at 229-679-5555.
Sincerely,	
Leslie Presley	
Student Name:	
Yes, I agree for the hearing/vision screenings to be conducted.	No, I do not agree for the hearing/vision screenings to be conducted
Yes, I will attend the meeting. contact me with the results.	No, I cannot attend the meeting. Please
Parent/Guardian Signature	Date

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Ginger Almon, School Leader

Tier 2 Meeting Agenda

<u>Introductions</u> – All introduce themselves, their role and/or relationship with the student and state at least one strength of the student. Parents need to hear good things about their child before problems are discussed. This sets a positive tone for the meeting.

Purpose of the Meeting Discussed
Describe academic/behavior problem
Present Baseline Data for each area
Discuss the appropriate academic/behavior grade level expectation
Discuss any other factors contributing to difficulties (home, social). Seek parent input .
Develop Strategies
Identify reasonable short-term goal to reach identified standard
Review Research Based Interventions available
Select Intervention-related to identified areas of concern as well as specific student need
Determine schedule of intervention
Determine who will be responsible for conducting the intervention
Determine the assessment used to progress monitor
Schedule a Follow Up meeting Date and Time
All team members sign meeting notes
Dismiss

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Ginger Almon, School Leader

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	MTSS Meeting Minutes
Student's Name:	Date:
Members Present (Signature requir	red)
	4
2	5
3	6
Recommendations have beenSu	uccessfulUnsuccessful1st Meeting
Meeting Notes:	
-	
Meeting Decision:	
Problem resolved, exit to Tier	1.
Progress made but problem no	t resolved:Remain Tier 2Move to Tier 3
All members in Agreement	
Other (Specify)	

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Ginger Almon, School Leader

MTSS Tier 2 Impleme	entation Plan
Date: Student Name:	
Grade Level: Referring Teacher Name:	
Research-Based Intervention(s):	
Description of Research-Based Intervention(s):	
Frequency of Research-Based Intervention(s) (Incl and tracking, days of the week and times each day)	<u> </u>
Progress Monitoring Tool(s):	
Interventions must be implemented with Fidelity . Finstruction in the manner in which it was designed or intervention integrity or treatment integrity which often	prescribed. Other related terms to fidelity are
Teacher Signature	MTSS Coordinator Signature

Tier 2 Reading Intervention Documentation

			W	ill particip	ate in			
	(student na	ime)					(intervention)	
a group	with	other st	udents. Th	ne interver	ntion will t	ake place	for	minutes,
	times	s per week	. The inter	vention w	rill target t	he area of		
phonics	fluency		other	·				
Data	Collection	ı						
s	Assessme	nt Used:						_
seline	Date:	Date:	Date:	_ Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	_ Date:
	ering the d	ata collected ark at a reaso	*	_	ides adequa	te support fo	or student to 1	nove
no,	another in	vention will stervention v						

Tier 2 Writing Intervention Documentation

			W	ill particip	oate in			
	(student na	ame)					(intervention)	
n a group	with	other st	udents. T	he intervei	ntion will t	ake place	for	_minutes,
	times	s per week	. The inte	rvention w	vill target t	he area of		
phonics	fluency		ner	·				
Data	Collection	1						
	Assessme	ent Used: _						
es								
Baseline	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:
Concl								
		lata collecte ark at a reas			ndes adequa	te support fo	or student to	move
yes	s, the interv	vention will	be continue	ed				
no,	another in	ntervention vof support w	will be tried	l				

Tier 2 Math Intervention Documentation

			w	ill particip	oate in			
	(student na	ame)					(intervention)	
a grou	p with	other s	tudents. T	he intervei	ntion will t	ake place	for	_minutes,
	times	s ner week	The inte	rvention w	vill target f	he area of		
		F	-,		8			
counting	computation		problem solvin					
Data	Collection	1						
	Assessme	ent Used: _						
es								
Baseline T	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:
Conc	lusion							
Consid	dering the d				ides adequa	te support fo	or student to	move
toward	i a benchma	ark at a reas	onable rate	of speed?				
I — -			be continue					
		itervention of support v	will be tried					

Tier 2 Behavior Intervention Documentation

	(student na		''	m particip		(in	tervention)	
a groui	o with	other s	tudents. T	he interver	ntion will t	ake place for	r	minutes.
				rvention w		_		-
					_•			
ocial skills	task comple	tion followin	ng directions/ru	les other				
Data	Collection	1						
s	Assessme	nt Used: _						
eline	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:
Consid	_	ata collecteark at a reas		_	ides adequa	te support for	student to	move

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Ginger Almon, School Leader

2114111111111, 24218111 2722	
Phone: 229-679-2018/229-345-3033	3

Placement for Tier 3	
Date:	
Student Name:	
Grade Level:	
Referring Teacher Name:	
Reason(s) for Tier 3 Referral:	
Tier 2 research-based interventions were not successful (documented in yellow folder)	
Student has received 3 or more discipline referrals. Total number of discipline referrals the school year:	ıis
Student was retained the previous school year.	
Student was placed into Tier 3 last year/ Transferred to school with current placement as 3	Tie
3 rd - 8 th Grade: Georgia Milestones:ReadingMath (beginning and developing learners)	
Kindergarten - 3 rd Grade: DIBELS Score: Area(s) of weakness: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension -circle the areas of weakness.	
☐ Kindergarten: STAR Early Literacy Score:	
☐ Kindergarten: STAR Early Numeracy Score:	
☐ 1 st Grade - 9 th Grade: STAR Reading Grade Equivalency: (at least one grade level bel	ow)
1st Grade - 9th Grade: STAR Math Grade Equivalency: (at least one grade level below)	
Grades: Reading Math (60% or below)	
USA Test Prep: Reading Benchmark Math Benchmark (50% or below)	
Other Measure(s):	
Teacher Signature MTSS Coordinator Signature Parent/Guardian Signature	,

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Ginger Almon, School Leader

Multi	-Tiered System of Su	pports (MTSS) Proces	ss Initial Referral Form
Date:	•	., ,	
Student:	Birt	th Date:	
Homeroom Teacher: _		Curre	nt Grade:
Has the student been re	tained? Yes □ No □	If so, what grade(s):	
Is the student taking me	edication? Yes 🗆 No	o \square If so, what?	hat?hearing aids?
Is the student: excessi	vely tardy? Yes □	No □ excessive	ely absent? Yes □ No □
Does the student receiv	*	anguage □ OT □ ous Special Education	
**Please attach copy	of last of report card	**	
If applicable, please inc	clude most recent thre	e years' data of the fo	llowing:
GKIDS: Baseline	_ End of the year:		e student level reports attached
Grade/Year: Rd	g/ELA Math g/ELA Math	n Science	Soc. Stud Soc. Stud Soc. Stud
READING DATA			
MAP RIT: Fall MAP Percentile: Fall _		Spring	
Other measures:			
MATH DATA			

MAP RIT/Percentile: 1.___/___ 2.___/___ 3. ___/___ 4. ___/___

Other measures: OTHER DATA				
Science Data: MAP RIT/Percentile: 1/ 2/ 3/				
Other measures:				
Social Studies Data: Progress Learning: 1/ 2/ 3/				
Other measures:				
Please check any that apply: Behavioral Characteristics tense				
Relations with Others				
\square outgoing; good-natured \square communicates \square assumes leadership roles easily \square patient				
\square has few friends \square seeks attention \square enjoys group activities \square tactful				
\square reacts positively to praise \square jealous \square physically aggressive \square plays alone				
\Box independent \Box high degree of conformity to peer group expectations				
☐ refuses to follow leadership of others				
Attention ☐ listens carefully ☐ waits for complete instructions before beginning task				
\square inattentive to most instructions \square begins to work impulsively w/o listening to instruction				
\square seems to understand most instructions				
Parents were notified of concerns on by, and method of contact (check): \Box phone \Box letter \Box in person \Box Other				
(Please attach appropriate documentation).				
Additional Comments:(if handwriting this form please check here and use the back):				
Student Data Form Completed by: Date:				
Date rec'd by MTSS Coordinator: Action taken:				

Date Completed:

Primary Language:

Southwest Georgia STEM Charter School

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ID#

Teacher:

Name of Student:

School:

Ginger Almon, School Leader

Communication Skills – Teacher Tool

Grade:

Date of Birth:

Age:

ESOL: Yes/No

Oral Expression	Adequate*	Inadequate
Can be understood when speaking		(Provide example below)
Makes sense in conversation		
Uses age-appropriate vocabulary		
Grammar and sentence structure are as mature as peers		
Speaks in complete sentences most of the time		
Relates events in proper sequence		
Verbally interacts with peers in social situations		
Responses to questions are appropriate		
Shows no difficulty remembering words while speaking		
Describes and provides information orally		
Listening Comprehension		
Attends to language based activities		
Follows oral directions		
Understands what is said		
Remembers spoken information		
Discriminates between words and sounds that are similar		
Usually does not need repetition to understand		
Is able to tune out noise distractions		
Articulation/Voice/Fluency of Speech		
Speech is easily understood		
Speech sound production is similar to that of peers		
Speech sound errors do not affect reading and spelling		
Speaks fluently without excessive repetition or pause		
Speaks at appropriate rate		
Voice quality/pitch appropriate for age and sex		
Speaking volume is appropriate		
*Describe and provide examples for items checked as inadequa	te: (Use back if more space	e is required.)
How do areas noted as inadequate affect the student in the class	ssroom?	

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Parent/Guardian Signature

Ginger Almon, School Leader

Parent Notification Letter For Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS) – Tier 3 Referral
Date:
Dear Parent of,
As you recall, your child has been receiving Tier 2 interventions (extra support) in the classrooms based on their needs. Though research-based interventions have been implemented, there has not been adequate growth to meet the expected levels of achievement.
Your child has been referred to receive Tier 3 interventions based on the following area(s) of concern: $\square_{\text{Reading}} \square_{\text{Math}} \square_{\text{Behavior}} \square_{\text{Speech}}$
A Student Support Team (SST) meeting consisting of parents, teachers, administrators, and others has been scheduled for Through data analysis and knowledge of research-based intervention, we hope to develop a successful RTI Implementation Plan to help your child have a productive school year. Parental input is considered very important and your attendance is appreciated and invited.
In preparation for the scheduled meeting, I am asking for you to complete the attached Student Background Information form so we will have as much information about your child as possible when developing his/her MTSS Implementation Plan.
We appreciate your support of our efforts. If you have any questions, please contact me at <u>229-345-3033</u> or <u>lpresley@sowegastemcharter.org</u>
Sincerely,
Leslie Presley
MTSS Coordinator
Student Name:
Yes, I will attend the meeting. No, I will not be able to attend the meeting. Please contact me with the results.

Date

185 Pecan Street | P.O. Box 300 Shellman, Georgia 39886 Phone: 229-345-3033

Ginger Almon, School Leader

	Student Background Information	
Student's Name:	Birth-date:	
Mother's Name:	Father's Name:	
Student Lives with:	□ Both Parents □ Mother □ Father □ Other	
	Developmental History	
Birth: Full term □	Premature Post-due date Birth Weight	
Were there any prob	blems during pregnancy, at delivery, or after delivery?	
Were developmenta	al milestones met within average ranges (i.e. first words, sitting and pulling up,	- walking, toileting
List student's major	r injuries, illnesses, operations, or disorders/syndromes:	
	g medication? No □ Yes □ (indicate names and doses)	
	ical or medical conditions present?	_
Did your child atter	nd pre-school or daycare? No Yes (Include Name)	
How did your child	react when he/she started school?	
	Current Concerns	_
What are your main	n concerns with your child's functioning in school?	_
Does your child dis Yes □ No □ (if no	splay average ability to play, work, follow directions, or communicate with others, please explain)	ers?

Have there been changes in his/her levels of success, effort, or ability? No \square Yes \square (if so, explain)				
How does your child respond to correction and discip	pline at home?			
How does your child get along with his/her siblings?				
Does your child get along with other children in the	neighborhood? Yes □ No □			
How much time is generally spent each night comple	eting homework?			
List some of your child's strengths and weaknesses:				
Strengths:				
Weaknesses:				
Has your child received any services outside of the scounseling, evaluation, social worker, etc.) No ☐ Ye Behavioral Characteristics in the Home Setting (chec	is \square (if so, which services and approximate date)			
□ easily discouraged □ has extreme or unusual fears □ does not sleep well □ is overly dependent for age □ complains that others don't like him/her □ is considerate of others □ has tantrums □ is abusive toward others □ is overactive □ controls temper □ destructive □ wets bed □ often sad	☐ is self-confident ☐ has short attention span ☐ has sudden mood changes ☐ walks in sleep ☐ is generally happy ☐ sucks thumb/fingers ☐ does not eat well ☐ disobedient ☐ daydreams a lot ☐ stays to him/herself ☐ abusive to animals ☐ holds grudges ☐ unmotivated			
Information provided by:	Relationship:			
Signatura	Doto			

Analyzed Work Samples

Must be for the area(s) the student has demonstrated as a weakness. Only problematic areas require work samples and observation. If the teacher indicates problems in 3 areas, there should be work samples from 3 areas.

Incomplete student work/papers are not valid samples of what the student has difficult doing. In order to assess a student's ability, you must see his/her responses and analyze their work. Incomplete pages document that the students has difficulty with work habits but not necessarily that the student has difficulty finding the main idea, subtracting numbers, writing a paragraph or identifying words, etc...

The number of analyzed work samples is determined by the general education teacher. Quality is preferred over quantity.

Teacher written commentary explaining the following: date of assignment, instructions for completing the assignment, length of time, if extra time was provided, independent/group activity, and any other helpful information.

How does this student's work compare to an average student? Considering, the time it takes to complete, amount of support needed, any modifications made, and overall quality of work. Comparative work samples should only have the identified student's name; all other names should be marked out.

Complete the content specific Work Sample Analysis Form and attach work samples

Basic Reading Skills Work Sample Analysis

Name:		Date:
This Work Sample is	Pre-Intervention	Post-Intervention
Directions: Choose a work sam demonstrates the deficits in the this form for each sample include	area. Please attach the work	e area of concern and sample(s). You must complete
Objective of Lesson:		
Grade Level of Assignment:	Below Grade Level G	rade Level
Instruction: Individual	Small Group Whole Gr	oup
Task Presentation: Visua	al Auditory Tact	ile
Response Expected: Ora	Written Other:	
Is the student lacking prerequis No Yes, specify:		
Is there a pattern in the errors r No Yes, specify:		
Are there factors which hinder programmer No Yes, specify:	orogress?	
Check those that apply to this s	specific work sample(s).	
Has difficulty with sound-symDoes not discriminate between	ze letters and letter order (reve	_
Fails to demonstrate word at	tack skills (e.g., phonics, conte reverses letters, words, or sou	•

Has not mastered sight words	
Fails to recognize words on grade level	
Does not read independently	
Does not accurately read new words in context after they have been introduced by the	teacher
Difficulty with phonic skills when reading (i.e., fails to sound out words correctly or blend sound	s into words)
Can read words correctly in one context but not in another	
Cannot read fluently; overly relies on pointing with a finger, holding the book close	se, etc.
Has not mastered reading silently without inappropriate sub-vocalizing	
Does not read orally and silently at about the same rate as peers	
Does not read and scan fluently; has excessive omissions, substitutions,loses h	is/her place
Has not mastered frequently used, irregular words (especially th- and wh- words	3)

Adapted from McCartney, S. & Wendling, A. (1987), Learning disability intervention manual. Columbia, MO: Hawthorne Educational Svs.

Reading Comprehension Work Sample Analysis

ention
and must complete
n reading) v to finish on time)

Fails to comprehend the meaning of words in the reading vocabulary
Understands what is read to him/her, but not what he/she reads silently
Does not recall facts after reading orally
Does not accurately comprehend statements w/ conditional words only, never, always, eithe
or, etc.
Fails to correctly answer comprehension questions from reading activities
Cannot find a main idea statement accurately
Cannot infer meaning beyond the text.
Does not correctly use textural elements such as headings, subheadings, introductions,
summaries, graphic presentations, indexes, etc.

Mathematics Calculation Work Sample Analysis

Name:		Date:
This Work Sample is _	Pre-Intervention	Post-Intervention
	nple(s) that best represents the a e area. Please attach the work s ided.	
Objective of Lesson:		
	Below Grade Level G	
Instruction: Individual	Small Group Whole	e Group
Task Presentation: Visu	al Auditory Tactile	
Response Expected: Ora	I WrittenOther:	
Is the student lacking prerequipment. No Yes, specify:	site skills?	
Is there a pattern in the errors No Yes, specify:	made?	
Are there factors which hinder No Yes, specify:	progress?	
Check those that apply to this	specific work sample(s).	
Has not mastered the elem	nents of numerals (i.e., rote count	ting, recognizing and/or writing
Does not comprehend place Has not mastered basic mastered	ce value athematical facts for grade level	
Does not remember math	facts	
Does not work math problems as quickly as classmates		

Confuses operational signs when working math problems
Fails to change from one math operation to another
Works math problems left to right instead of right to left
No use of columns when working problems (e.g., puts numbers in wrong columns, adds
across columns, etc.)
Fails to follow necessary steps in math problems (e.g., does steps in the wrong order, omits
a step, etc.)
Cannot correctly complete operations that require multiple steps (e.g., long division or
subtraction with regrouping)
Cannot estimate and evaluate an answer that is approximately correct
Fails to correctly solve math problems requiring addition
Fails to correctly solve math problems requiring subtraction
Fails to correctly solve math problems requiring regrouping
Fails to correctly solve math problems requiring multiplication
Fails to correctly solve math problems requiring division
Fails to correctly solve math problems involving fractions or decimals

Mathematical Reasoning Work Sample Analysis

name:		Date:
This Work Sample is _	Pre-Intervention	Post-Intervention
	sample(s) that best represents the the area. Please attach the work cluded.	
Objective of Lesson:		
Grade Level of Assignment:	Below Grade LevelGra	ade LevelAbove Grade Level
Instruction:Individual	Small GroupWhole	Group
Task Presentation:Vi	sualAuditoryTactile	;
Response Expected:0	OralWrittenOther:	
Is the student lacking preredNoYes, specify:	quisite skills?	
Is there a pattern in the erro NoYes, specify:	ors made?	
Are there factors which hindNoYes, specify:	ler progress?	
Check those that apply to the	nis specific work sample(s).	
problem Cannot identify the num Cannot express the equ Cannot solve life-related	omprehend key words that identificated elements to be used in solvivalent parts of fractions, percent problems involving time, money, nate response to everyday problems	ving a word problem ages, and decimals , and measurement
Cannot state the functio	n and use of measurement terms	s to solve problems

_Cannot solve basic problems involving geometry
_Has difficulty solving math word problems
_Does not understand abstract math concepts without concrete examples (i.e., must have
manipulatives in order to work math problems)
_Falls to correctly solve problems involving money
_Fails to correctly solve problems using measurement Does not understand the concept of
time

Listening Comprehension Work Sample Analysis

Name:		Date:
This Work Sample is	Pre-Intervention	Post-Intervention
		the area of concern and ork sample(s). You must complete this
Objective of Lesson:		
Grade Level of Assignment	:Below Grade Level	Grade LevelAbove Grade Level
Instruction:Individual	Small GroupWr	nole Group
Task Presentation:Vi	sualAuditoryT	-actile
Response Expected:O	ralWrittenOther:	
Is the student lacking prereNoYes, specify:	quisite skills?	
Is there a pattern in the erro	ors made?	
Are there factors, which hinNoYes, specify:	der progress?	
Check only the descriptors	that apply to this specific work	sample(s) attached.
Attends more successfu Has difficulty attending to Unable to follow approp Does not hear all of what not," etc.)		alking
environment		,

Unsuccessful in activities requiring listening (e.g., games, following oral directions	, etc.)
Needs oral questions and directions frequently repeated (e.g., student says, "I do	ı't
understand," needs constant reminders, etc.)	
Has trouble detecting humor or sarcasm in the verbal expression of others	
Cannot identify age appropriate vocabulary through picture cues	
Has difficulty differentiating speech sounds heard (e.g., cannot tell the difference between the control of	etween
/ch/ and /sh/ sounds, similar vowel sounds, similar consonant sounds, rhyming w	ords etc.)
Demonstrates poor comprehension of sentences when presented with picture stin	nuli
Unable to sequence pictures to demonstrate an understanding of orally presented	l material
Unable to respond appropriately to wh- questions following oral presentation of a	story
Unable to verbally paraphrase sentences or stories presented orally	

Written Expression Work Sample Analysis

Name: Date:
This Work Sample isPre-InterventionPost-Intervention
Directions: Choose a work sample(s) that best represents the area of concern and demonstrates the deficits in the area. Please attach the work sample(s). You must complete this form for each sample included.
Objective of Lesson:
Grade Level of Assignment:Below Grade LevelGrade Level
Instruction:IndividualSmall GroupWhole Group
Task Presentation:VisualAuditoryTactile
Response Expected:OralWrittenOther:
Is the student lacking prerequisite skills? NoYes, specify:
Is there a pattern in the errors made?NoYes, specify:
Are there factors, which hinder progress? NoYes, specify:
Check only the descriptors that apply to this specific work sample(s) attached.
Demonstrates poor motor coordination and motor fluencyReverses letters and numbers when writingFails to form letters correctly when printing or writingUses inappropriate letter size when writingUses inappropriate spacing between words or sentences when writingFails to write within a given space (e.g., writes off of the page, does not write on a line, etcIs unable to copy letters, words, sentences, and numbers from a model at close distance(e.g., cannot copy from a textbook)

rails to use spelling rules (e.g., it before the except after to rules for changing words to	
plural form, etc.)	
Has difficulty with phonetic approaches to spelling	
Has difficulty spelling words that do not follow the spelling rules	
Does not use word-endings correctly when spelling or omits them (e.g., -ed, -ing, -ly, etc.)	ı
Spells words correctly in one context, but not in another (e.g., can spell the word on a quiz	Z
but not in a sentence, cannot spell the word from dictation but can spell it correctly in	
sentence, etc.)	
Requires continued drill and practice in order to learn spelling words	
Unable to generate ideas orally	
Does not compose complete sentences or express complete thoughts when writing	
Omits, adds, or substitutes words when writing	
Fails to correctly organize writing activities (e.g., cannot sequence events, cannot develop) a
paragraph, uses incorrect word order, etc.)	
Cannot write a single sentence from a sentence starter	
Cannot write a single sentence from a visual stimulus	
Cannot write a single sentence from a word	
Cannot write a single sentence from a topic	
Cannot write a paragraph from a visual stimulus	
Cannot write a paragraph following a verbal rehearsal of content with the teacher	
Cannot write a paragraph from a topic sentence	
Cannot write a paragraph from a topic	
Does not use descriptive words (adjectives, adverbs) in writing	
Fails to use capitalization correctly in writing	
Fails to use punctuation correctly in writing	
Demonstrates poor sentence structure in writing	
Does not use appropriate subject-verb agreement in writing	
Fails to use verb tenses correctly in writing	

Oral Expression Work Sample Analysis

Name:	Date:
This Work Sample isPre-Intervention	Post-Intervention
Directions: Choose a work sample(s) that best represents the ademonstrates the deficits in the area. Please attach observation	
Objective of Lesson:	
Grade Level of Assignment:Below Grade Level	
Instruction:IndividualSmall GroupWhole	Group
Task Presentation:VisualAuditoryTacti	ile
Response Expected:OralWrittenOther:	
Is the student lacking prerequisite skills?NoYes, specify:	
Is there a pattern in the errors made?NoYes, specify:	
Are there factors, which hinder progress?NoYes, specify:	
Check only the descriptors that apply, with an example. Demonstrates a limited speaking vocabulary Has poor age-appropriate vocabulary development Does not respond in complete sentences (example?) Unable to carry on conversation with peers and adults Unable to communicate ideas adequately with verbal states Does not formulate sentences or stories related to stimuli	ments (is dependent on gestures)
Unable to relate experiences or stories in sequential order are provided	when visual stimuli or word cues
Cannot provide verbal labels for common objects in school Has difficulty with word retrieval (has difficulty "finding" word Adapted from McCartney, S. & Wendling, A. (1987), Learning disability intervention me	ds to describe intent

Services

185 Pecan Street | P.O. Box 300 Shellman, Georgia 39886 Phone: 229-679-5555 / 229-345-3033

Ginger Almon, School Leader

Tier 3 Meeting Agenda

<u>Introductions</u> – All introduce themselves, their role and/or relationship with the student and state at least one strength of the student. Parents need to hear good things about their child before problems are discussed. This sets a positive tone for the meeting.

Introductions
Purpose of the Meeting Discussed
Review academic/behavior problem
Present Tier 2 interventions & progress monitoring
Discuss any other factors contributing to difficulties (home, social). Seek parent input .
Use Background Data form for information
Develop Strategies
Identify reasonable short-term goal to reach identified standard
Review Research Based Interventions available
Select Intervention-related to identified areas of concern from and specific student need
Determine schedule of intervention
Determine who will be responsible for conducting the intervention
Determine the assessment used to progress monitor
Schedule a Follow Up meeting Date and Time
All team members sign meeting notes
Dismiss

185 Pecan Street | P.O. Box 300 Shellman, Georgia 39886

Ginger Almon, School Leader

Tier 2 Meeting #	Tier 3 Meeting #
Student's Name:	Date:
Members Present (Signature required)	
ı. <u> </u>	4
2	_ 5
	6
Recommendations have beenSuccess	fulUnsuccessful1st Meeting
Meeting Notes:	
Meeting Decision:	
Problem resolved, exit to Tier 1.	
Progress made but problem not resol	lved:Remain Tier 2Move to Tier 3
All members in Agreement	

Tier 3 Intervention Plan & Documentation

Student:				Co1	ncern:			
Goal: Increase to								
1. Interver	ntion:							
2. By Whom:								
	4. Individual or Small Group (Size): 5. Location:							
6. Length (of Session:_							
Data	Collection							
	Assessmei	nt Used:						
ores								_
Baseline	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:
ı	ention Stat olem Resolv		о Т2					
Prol	olem not re	solved, pro	gress is bei		ontinue Inte	erventions		
I	Problem not resolved- change intervention Adequate progress not made- refer to Administrator for review							

185 Pecan Street | P.O. Box 300 Shellman, Georgia 39886 Phone: 229-345-3033

Ginger Almon, School Leader

Phone: 229-345-3033	<i>5</i>
To the Parent(s)/Guardians of:	
The Georgia Department of Education has develop Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS), to help a academic/behavioral setting. Tier 1 involves all stud Tier 2 students receive interventions in one or more speech/language or behavioral. Tier 3 students receive child has been receiving academic/behavioral/speech	any student who has difficulty in the lents in the general education classroom. of the following areas: academic, ive more intensive interventions. Your
This letter is to inform you that your child has mad was placed back into Tier 2 on(Date)	
If you have any questions, please call your child's t	
Intervention Provider's Name	Date
Please sign and return as soon as possible.	
I have been notified that my child has exited Tier 3	and has returned to Tier 2.
Child's Name	Date
Parent's Signature	

185 Pecan Street | P.O. Box 300 Shellman, Georgia 39886 Ginger Almon, School Leader Phone: 229-345-3033 To the Parent(s) /Guardian(s) of: The Georgia Department of Education has developed a problem solving approach, called the Pyramid of Interventions, to work with any child who has difficulty in the academic/behavioral setting. The pyramid is divided into three tiers. Tier 1 includes all students in the general education classroom. Tier 2 students receive interventions in one or more of the following areas: academic, speech/language, or behavioral. Tier 3 students receive more intense interventions. Your child has been receiving academic and/or behavioral and/or speech/language interventions. This letter is to inform you that your child has made progress and has exited Tier 2. He/she was placed back into Tier 1 on _____ for (Date) (Skill Area) If you have any questions, please call your child's teacher at ____ (Phone Number) Intervention Provider's Name ______Date _____ Please sign and return as soon as possible. I have been notified that my child has exited Tier 2 and has been placed back into Tier 1 of the Pyramid of Interventions Child's Name _____ Date ____

Parent's Signature

Universal Best Practice Strategies Tier 1 Emphasis on major points, Opportunity to respond orally, Provide students with review outlines, Teach students to recognize signal words (sum, difference, a key feature, above all), Use visual aids and cues, Provide auditory aids, Provide an opportunity for students to verbalize steps, Provide adequate wait time, Allow paired working arrangements, Establish relevancy and a purpose for learning by relating to previous experience, Provide concrete experiences, Immediate feedback, Positive reinforcement of behavior, Check on progress often, especially during the first few minutes of the task, Provide written backup for oral directions, Have student repeat directions, Provide examples, Highlight, underline, number, Pre-teach vocabulary, Write schedules, timelines and calendars, Give rules for class discussions, Teach memory skills, Provide structure by defining the roles within the group, the tasks to be performed, Provide positive reinforcement often, Provide experiences for a frame of reference, Use brainstorming, role playing, simulation, Cues for task completion, Allow breaks, Provide repetition of key concepts

Visual Learner Best Practices

Visual learners need to see, watch, and observe. Their eyes are the keys to learning.

Color coding, Visual patterns of words, Graphics, pictures, and written key words to support auditory information, Gestures and cues to support auditory information, Charts, Webs, Outlines, Story maps, Diagrams, Flashcards, Maps, Modeling, Sequencing information, Teach the student visualize acronyms, Encourage the student to keep an assignment log

Auditory Learner Best Practices

Auditory learners benefit from hearing information.

Verbal instruction, Subvocalize while reading, Lecture, Discussion, Brainstorming, Oral reports, Creative dramatics, Phonics, Poetry, Self-talk, Verbalize the steps needed, Audio, Listening centers, Partner activities, Oral activities prior to independent work, Sub-vocalization while reading to self, Teach the student to talk through task, Provide auditory and rhyming cues, Use mnemonic devices for retention of skills, Use oral tasks occasionally and require oral responses

Kinesthetic Learner Best Practices

These learners learn by doing, touching, and direct involvement.

Hands-on activities, Project, Manipulatives, Performance/acting out experiences, Crafts, Drawing, Construction, Computers, Tap/clap syllables, Number lines, Touch the student while talking, Let student run

errands, pass out papers, When possible, allow student to move around the room as part of the learning experience, Have student chart own progress, Keep the work period short and gradually lengthen

Tier 2 Intervention Strategies Best Practices

Special projects in lieu of assignments, Provide students with review outlines, Teach students to recognize signal words (sum, difference, a key feature, above all). Shorten verbal instruction, Refer to visual aides, Provide auditory aides. Provide an opportunity for student to verbalize steps. Provide adequate wait time. Simplify vocabulary, Allow peer tutoring/paired working arrangements, Allow oral exams, open book exams, open note exams, exams of reduced length, Preteach content (school or home), Establish relevancy and a purpose for learning by relating to previous experience. Provide concrete experience, Immediate feedback, Provide positive reinforcement often, Check on progress often especially during the first few minutes of the task, Peer tutor, Provide a checklist for each step of the task, Have student repeat directions, Look directly at student, Use fewer words, Provide examples, Highlight, underline, number, Pre-teach vocabulary, Use larger print, Write schedules, timelines, calendars, Provide checklists, Provide closure along the way (chunking). Provide make-up time, Provide prompts/cues, Have students make notes to self. Teach memory skills, Provide structure by defining the roles within the group, the tasks to be performed, Provide positive reinforcement often. Have student close eyes and visualize information. Give explanations in small, distinct steps. Assign responsibility or position of leadership. Provide variety of work within assignment. Reduce number of new ideas. Provide experiences for a frame of reference. Use formats low on writing (multiple choice, etc.), Use graph paper, Use brainstorming, role playing, simulation, Have student dictate work to someone else, Have student prepare only notes or outline, Preferential seating/ personal work space, Study carrel, Headphones to eliminate noise, Visual cues, Cues for task completion, Teacher proximity, Allow student to subvocalize while reading, Touch the student, Extend time requirements, Assign tasks in workable chunks/ tailor assignments, Allow break, Allow movement, Visual timer, Provide repetition of key concepts, Lower readability/difficulty level, Large Print, More White Space, Highlighted texts and materials, Audio, Manipulatives, Change the format, Look at the visual design, Provide visual clues

Strategy vs Intervention vs Accommodation vs Modification

Strategy	<u>Intervention</u>	<u>Accommodation</u>	<u>Modification</u>	
What? A loosely defined collective term that is often used interchangeably with the word "intervention"; however strategies are generally considered effective instructional and behavioral practices rather than a set of prescribed instructional procedures, systematically implemented. (GaDOE RTI Manual)	What? Targeted instruction that is based on student needs. Interventions supplement the general education curriculum. Interventions are a systematic compilation of well researched or evidence based specific instructional strategies and techniques. (GaDOE RTI Manual) Strategies can become interventions if it includes step-by-step descriptions so it can be implemented consistently and replicated by others.	What? A change made to the teaching or testing procedures in order to provide a student with access to information and to create an equal opportunity to demonstrate knowledge and skills. (Stetson and Associates training) Accommodations are designed to provide equity, not advantage. Accommodations level the playing field.	What? A change in WHAT the student is expected to learn and/or demonstrate. While a student may be working on modified course content, the subject area remains the same as the rest of the class. (Stetson and Associates training) Alterations that change, lower, or reduce learning expectations. (GADOE RTI Manual) Since the curriculum is changed, modifications are usually only available to students on the GAA	
Examples Cooperative learning groups • Identifying Similarities and Differences • Advanced Organizers • Extra practice	Examples Check-in / Check Out Program • Repeated Reading • Wilson Reading Program • Mystery Motivator - Targeted instruction based on progress monitoring,	Examples Seat near the teacher • Use of a word bank for test • Small group testing • Extended time for assignments and/or tests • Allow to write answers in the test book • Provide with an extra set of textbooks at home	Examples Grade level peers are expected to learn multiplication and division while the student with a disability is only expected to learn to count to 100.	
As a part of: Good classroom instruction – best practices	As a part of: MTSS Plans Behavior Intervention Plans	As a part of: MTSS Plans IEP Classroom Accommodations Section • 504 Accommodation Plan	As a part of: IEP – used if student is on an alternate curriculum	