



Alabama Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Report on the **Pickens County Board of Education** **Pickens County, Alabama**

October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022

Filed: May 12, 2023

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ALABAMA STATE HOUSE

Rachel Laurie Riddle, Chief Examiner



Rachel Laurie Riddle
Chief Examiner

State of Alabama
Department of
Examiners of Public Accounts

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Honorable Rachel Laurie Riddle
Chief Examiner of Public Accounts
Montgomery, Alabama 36130

Dear Madam:

An audit was conducted on the Pickens County Board of Education, Pickens County, Alabama, for the period October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022, by Examiners Raven Braggs and Frances deGraffenried. I, Raven Braggs, served as Examiner-in-Charge on the engagement, and under the authority of the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 41-5A-19, I hereby swear to and submit this report to you on the results of the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads 'Raven Braggs'.

Raven Braggs
Examiner of Public Accounts

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<p>Provides basic information related to the Board, including reports and items required by generally accepted government auditing standards and/or Title 2 U. S. <i>Code of Federal Regulations</i> Part 200, <i>Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)</i> for federal compliance audits.</p>	
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Department of
Examiners of Public Accounts

SUMMARY

**Pickens County Board of Education
October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022**

The Pickens County Board of Education (the “Board”) is governed by a five-member body elected by the citizens of Pickens County. The members and administrative personnel in charge of governance of the Board are listed in Exhibit 14. The Board is the governmental agency that provides general administration and supervision for Pickens County Public Schools, preschool through high school.

This report presents the results of an audit the objectives of which were to determine whether the financial statements present fairly the financial position and results of financial operations and whether the Board complied with applicable laws and regulations, including those applicable to its major federal financial assistance programs. The audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States as well as the requirements of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts under the authority of the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 41-5A-12.

An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements, which means that the Board’s financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, its financial position and the results of its operations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Tests performed during the audit did not disclose any significant instances of noncompliance with applicable state and local laws and regulations.

EXIT CONFERENCE

Board members and administrative personnel, as reflected on Exhibit 14, were invited to discuss the results of this report at an exit conference. Individuals in attendance were Superintendent Jamie Chapman; Chief School Financial Officer Jennifer Shirley; and Board Member Dr. John Brandon. Representing the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts were: Shelley Patrenos, Audit Manager; and Raven Braggs, Examiner-in-Charge.

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Independent Auditor's Report

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Pickens County Board of Education,
Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer
Carrollton, Alabama

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickens County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pickens County Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents as Exhibits 1 through 6.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickens County Board of Education, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in ***Government Auditing Standards***, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (***Government Auditing Standards***). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Pickens County Board of Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Pickens County Board of Education's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and **Government Auditing Standards** will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and **Government Auditing Standards**, we:

- ◆ exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ◆ identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- ◆ obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- ◆ evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- ◆ conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Pickens County Board of Education's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability, the Schedules of the Employer's Contributions, and the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Exhibits 7 through 12), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

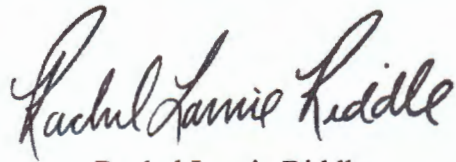
Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Pickens County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Exhibit 13), as required by Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with **Government Auditing Standards**, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2023, on our consideration of the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with **Government Auditing Standards** in considering the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Rachel Laurie Riddle
Chief Examiner
Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

April 26, 2023

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Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position
September 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>	
Cash	\$ 6,401,599.07
Cash with Fiscal Agent	72,123.25
Investments	461,154.38
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable	1,911,002.15
Receivables (Note 4)	961,101.25
Inventories	126,879.16
Capital Assets (Note 5):	
Nondepreciable	2,247,145.89
Depreciable, Net	20,362,129.78
Total Assets	<u>32,543,134.93</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
Employer Pension Contribution	1,873,982.86
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Outflows Related to Net Pension Liability	3,256,000.00
Employer Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Contribution	480,193.00
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Outflows Related to Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability	5,742,710.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>11,352,885.86</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts Payable	78,433.50
Unearned Revenue	178,943.64
Salaries and Benefits Payable	2,162,531.13
Accrued Interest Payable	70,950.07
Long-Term Liabilities (Note 9):	
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year	697,568.44
Portion Due or Payable After One Year	40,449,342.39
Total Liabilities	<u>43,637,769.17</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1,873,242.94
Revenue Received in Advance - Motor Vehicle Taxes	143,822.09
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Inflows Related to Net Pension Liability	6,533,000.00
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Inflows Related to Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability	12,220,127.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 20,770,192.03</u>

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Governmental Activities
<hr/>	
<u>Net Position</u>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 12,677,018.42
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	72,123.25
Capital Projects	303,626.47
Other Purposes	605,443.84
Unrestricted	<u>(34,170,152.39)</u>
 Total Net Position	 <u><u>\$ (20,511,940.41)</u></u>

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenues
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	and Changes in Net Position Total Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction	\$ 14,822,595.48	\$ 384,414.40	\$ 14,332,358.59	\$ 1,664,002.07	\$ 1,558,179.58
Instructional Support	5,093,087.73	115,408.02	4,706,304.33		(271,375.38)
Operation and Maintenance	2,698,724.66	232,081.91	1,923,753.52	538,620.78	(4,268.45)
Auxiliary Services:					
Student Transportation	2,180,300.86	133,534.30	2,027,989.60	121,975.26	103,198.30
Food Service	1,889,948.66	1,591,800.97	179,518.47		(118,629.22)
General Administrative	1,390,219.85	1,542.43	753,915.58	54.58	(634,707.26)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	324,885.05				(324,885.05)
Other Expenses	775,678.95	169,130.32	550,889.80		(55,658.83)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 29,175,441.24</u>	<u>\$ 2,627,912.35</u>	<u>\$ 24,474,729.89</u>	<u>\$ 2,324,652.69</u>	<u>251,853.69</u>
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property Taxes for General Purposes					1,896,701.63
Property Taxes for Specific Purposes					83,383.00
Sales Tax					2,388,156.41
Other Taxes					72,421.47
Investment Earnings					10,260.12
Miscellaneous					894,756.25
Total General Revenues					<u>5,345,678.88</u>
Changes in Net Position					5,597,532.57
Net Position - Beginning of Year					<u>(26,109,472.98)</u>
Net Position - End of Year					<u>\$ (20,511,940.41)</u>

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
September 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash	\$ 2,523,985.26	\$ 2,075,553.51	\$ 1,802,060.30	\$	\$ 6,401,599.07
Cash with a Fiscal Agent				72,123.25	72,123.25
Investments	13,039.34	93,060.95	355,054.09		461,154.38
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable	1,911,002.15				1,911,002.15
Receivables (Note 4)	425,566.43	535,534.82			961,101.25
Due from Other Funds	421,470.06				421,470.06
Inventories		126,879.16			126,879.16
Total Assets	<u>5,295,063.24</u>	<u>2,831,028.44</u>	<u>2,157,114.39</u>	<u>72,123.25</u>	<u>10,355,329.32</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	6,203.87	72,229.63			78,433.50
Due to Other Funds		421,470.06			421,470.06
Unearned Revenues		178,943.64			178,943.64
Salaries and Benefits Payable	2,062,018.17	100,512.96			2,162,531.13
Total Liabilities	<u>2,068,222.04</u>	<u>773,156.29</u>			<u>2,841,378.33</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1,873,242.94				1,873,242.94
Revenue Received in Advance - Motor Vehicle Taxes	143,822.09				143,822.09
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>2,017,065.03</u>				<u>2,017,065.03</u>
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable		126,879.16			126,879.16
Restricted for:					
Debt Service				72,123.25	72,123.25
Capital Projects			870,569.87		870,569.87
Child Nutrition		372,982.77			372,982.77
Other Purposes		105,581.91			105,581.91
Assigned to:					
Capital Projects			1,286,544.52		1,286,544.52
Local Schools		1,348,886.37			1,348,886.37
Other Purposes		103,541.94			103,541.94
Unassigned	1,209,776.17				1,209,776.17
Total Fund Balances	<u>1,209,776.17</u>	<u>2,057,872.15</u>	<u>2,157,114.39</u>	<u>72,123.25</u>	<u>5,496,885.96</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 5,295,063.24</u>	<u>\$ 2,831,028.44</u>	<u>\$ 2,157,114.39</u>	<u>\$ 72,123.25</u>	<u>\$ 10,355,329.32</u>

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

***Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the
Statement of Net Position
September 30, 2022***

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3) \$ 5,496,885.96

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

The Cost of Capital Assets is	\$ 40,792,530.32	
Accumulated Depreciation is	<u>(18,183,254.65)</u>	
		22,609,275.67

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. (1,403,017.14)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. (5,997,224.00)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds and warrants payable, and pension and OPEB liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	\$ 697,568.44	
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Debt	<u>40,449,342.39</u>	
		(41,146,910.83)

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the funds but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Accrued Interest Payable	\$ 70,950.07	
		<u>(70,950.07)</u>

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1) \$ (20,511,940.41)

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
State	\$ 18,562,513.94	\$	\$ 1,736,433.62	\$	\$ 20,298,947.56
Federal	256,220.41	7,191,904.37			7,448,124.78
Local	4,465,479.07	1,758,785.89	86,705.59	680.54	6,311,651.09
Other	109,483.64	8,256.81			117,740.45
Total Revenues	23,393,697.06	8,958,947.07	1,823,139.21	680.54	34,176,463.88
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	12,417,718.64	2,979,428.97	189,632.50		15,586,780.11
Instructional Support	3,765,363.71	1,686,325.81			5,451,689.52
Operation and Maintenance	1,945,457.77	514,779.24	280,796.65		2,741,033.66
Auxiliary Services:					
Student Transportation	2,062,851.88	114,523.65			2,177,375.53
Food Service		2,082,071.60			2,082,071.60
General Administrative	1,176,012.67	323,440.56	250.00		1,499,703.23
Other	360,782.47	433,580.01			794,362.48
Capital Outlay	388,715.57	673,020.49	1,669,795.12		2,731,531.18
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	210,000.00		279,278.13		489,278.13
Interest and Fiscal Charges	218,610.00		99,195.24		317,805.24
Total Expenditures	22,545,512.71	8,807,170.33	2,518,947.64		33,871,630.68
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	848,184.35	151,776.74	(695,808.43)	680.54	304,833.20
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Indirect Cost	171,447.28				171,447.28
Long-Term Debt Issued			471,056.10		471,056.10
Transfers In	60,968.06	634,674.12			695,642.18
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	9,981.86				9,981.86
Transfers Out	(634,674.12)	(60,968.06)			(695,642.18)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(392,276.92)	573,706.06	471,056.10		652,485.24
Net Changes in Fund Balances	455,907.43	725,482.80	(224,752.33)	680.54	957,318.44
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	753,868.74	1,332,389.35	2,381,866.72	71,442.71	4,539,567.52
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,209,776.17	\$ 2,057,872.15	\$ 2,157,114.39	\$ 72,123.25	\$ 5,496,885.96

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit 5) \$ 957,318.44

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense differs from capital outlays in the period.

Capital Outlays	\$ 2,731,531.18	
Depreciation Expense	<u>(908,998.47)</u>	1,822,532.71

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities. 489,278.13

Proceeds from the issuance of debt are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. Issuing long-term debt increases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position but does not affect the Statement of Activities. (471,056.10)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable, Current Year Increase/(Decrease)	\$ 7,079.81	
Compensated Absences, Current Year Increase/(Decrease) in Noncurrent Portion	20,281.50	
Pension Expense, Current Year Increase/(Decrease)	(639,137.63)	
OPEB Expense, Current Year Increase/(Decrease)	<u>(1,601,155.00)</u>	2,212,931.32

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Donated Assets	\$ 586,528.07	
		<u>586,528.07</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2) \$ 5,597,532.57

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Pickens County Board of Education (the “Board”) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board is governed by a separately elected board composed of five members elected by the qualified electors of the County. The Board is responsible for the general administration and supervision of the public schools for the educational interests of the County (with the exception of cities having a city board of education).

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that the financial reporting entity consist of the primary government and its component units. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements present the Board (a primary government).

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity’s financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no component units which should be included as part of the financial reporting entity of the Board.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Board does not allocate indirect expenses to the various functions. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as a nonmajor fund in the Other Governmental Fund column.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

- ◆ **General Fund** – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Board. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Board primarily receives revenues from the Education Trust Fund (ETF) and local taxes. Amounts appropriated from the ETF were allocated to the school board on a formula basis.
- ◆ **Special Revenue Fund** – This fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Various federal and local funding sources are included in this fund. Some of the significant federal funding sources include the federal funds that are received for Special Education, Title I, COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund, and the Child Nutrition Program in addition to various smaller grants, which are required to be spent for the purposes of the applicable federal grants. Also included in this fund are the public and non-public funds received by the local schools which are generally not considered restricted or committed.
- ◆ **Capital Projects Fund** – This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Also include in this fund are Alabama Department of Education appropriations which are restricted to their use.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The Board reports the following fund in the other governmental fund column:

- ◆ **Debt Service Fund** – This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest and the accumulation of resources for principal and interest payments maturing in future years.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. General long-term debt issued and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balances

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, obligations of any state of the United States, general obligations of any Alabama county or city board of education secured by the pledged of the three-mill school tax and certificates of deposit. The Board's investments consisted of certificates of deposit that are reported at cost. Amounts held and invested by fiscal agents are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables

Millage rates for property taxes are levied at the first regular meeting of the County Commission in February of the initial year of the levy. Property is assessed for taxation as of October 1 of the preceding year based on the millage rates established by the County Commission. Property taxes are due and payable the following October 1 and are delinquent after December 31. Amounts receivable, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, are recorded for the property taxes levied in the current year. However, since the amounts are not available to fund current year operations, the revenue is deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year when the taxes are both due and collectible and available to fund operations.

Intergovernmental receivables include amounts due from grantors for grants issued for specific programs and taxes from local governments.

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

4. Restricted Assets

Certain funds received from the State Department of Education for capital projects and improvements, as well as certain resources set aside for repayment of debt, included in cash and cash equivalents and in cash with fiscal agent on the financial statements are considered restricted assets because they are maintained separately, and their use is limited. The Public School Capital Projects, Fleet Renewal, Bond Issue Payments, Bonds and Warrants, and Qualified Zone Academy Bonds proceeds are restricted for use in various construction projects and the purchase of school buses. The Debt Service Fund is used to report resources set aside to pay the principal and interest on debt as it becomes due.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Major outlays of capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful life. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 1	N/A
Buildings	\$50,000	25 – 50 years
Building Improvements	\$50,000	5 – 30 years
Equipment and Furniture	\$ 5,000	5 – 20 years

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources increase net position, similar to assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

8. Compensated Absences

The Board has a standard leave policy for its full-time employees as to vacation leave.

The vacation leave policy of the Board consists of the following: Vacation leave is available to twelve-month employees only. Vacation time is posted at the end of each year for the previous year and must be taken within the following year. After the first full year's employment, time is computed as follows:

- ◆ Non-teaching professional employees after 5 years' employment – three weeks (15 days) annual vacation.
- ◆ Non-professional employees with fewer than five years' employment – two weeks (10 days) annual vacation; non-professional employees after five years' employment – three weeks (15 days) annual vacation.
- ◆ Twelve-month teaching personnel – three weeks annual vacation.

If employment is terminated during the contract year, the employee is entitled to a pro-rata share of vacation time to the date of termination.

As of September 30, 2022, the liability for accrued vacation leave is expected to be liquidated within one year.

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources are defined as an acquisition of net position/fund balances by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources decrease net position/fund balances, similar to liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position is reported on the government-wide financial statements and is required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following categories:

- ◆ **Net Investment in Capital Assets** – Capital assets minus accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets plus or minus any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to those assets or related debt. Any significant unspent related debt proceeds and any deferred outflows or inflows at year-end related to capital assets are not included in this calculation.

- ◆ **Restricted** – Constraints imposed on net position by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

- ◆ **Unrestricted** – The net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted portion of net position. Assignments and commitments of unrestricted net position should not be reported on the face of the Statement of Net Position.

Fund balance is reported in governmental funds in the fund financial statements under the following five categories:

- A. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples of nonspendable fund balance reserves for which fund balance shall not be available for financing general operating expenditures include inventories, prepaid items, and long-term receivables.

- B. Restricted fund balances consist of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- C. Committed fund balances consist of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by formal action or resolution of the Board, which is the highest level of decision-making authority, before the end of the fiscal year and that require the same level of formal action to remove or modify the constraint.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

- D. Assigned fund balances consist of amounts that are intended to be used by the Board for specific purposes. The Board or its designee makes determination of the assigned amounts of fund balance. Such assignments may not exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund. Assigned fund balances require the same level of authority to remove the constraint.
- E. Unassigned fund balances include all spendable amounts not constrained in the other classifications. This portion of the total fund balance in the General Fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, restricted amounts are considered to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

11. Minimum Fund Balance Policies

The Board recognizes that the establishment and maintenance of adequate fund reserves is necessary to avoid disruption in the educational programs in the schools. The Superintendent or Chief School Financial Officer will inform the Board, before the Board votes on a budget or budget amendment, if the approval of the budget or budget amendment will prevent the establishment or maintenance of a one-month's operating balance. A one-month's operating balance shall be determined by dividing the General Fund expenditures and fund transfers out by 13. In determining the General Fund expenditures and fund transfers out, the proposed budget or budget amendment, shall be used.

E. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (the "Plan") financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized as revenues when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

F. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust") financial statements are prepared by using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Trust and additions to/deductions from the Trust's fiduciary net position. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Subsequent events were evaluated by management through the date the financial statements were issued.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund with the exception of salaries and benefits, which are budgeted only to the extent expected to be paid rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Also, ad valorem taxes and sales taxes in the General Fund are budgeted only to the extent expected to be received rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Capital Projects Fund adopts project-length budgets. All other governmental funds adopt budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before October 1 of each year, each county board of education shall prepare and submit to the State Superintendent of Education the annual budget to be adopted by the County Board of Education. The Superintendent or County Board of Education shall not approve any budget for operations of the school for any fiscal year which shall show expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available plus any balances on hand.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits and Investments

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Board will not be able to cover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Board’s deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Program (SAFE Program). The SAFE Program was established by the Alabama Legislature and is governed by the provisions contained in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Sections 41-14A-1 through 41-14A-14. Under the SAFE Program all public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasurer’s Office. Under this program, financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that financial institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). If the securities pledged fail to produce adequate funds, every institution participating in the pool would share the liability for the remaining balance.

All of the Board’s investments were in certificates of deposit. These certificates of deposit are classified as “Deposits” in order to determine insurance and collateralization. However, they are classified as “Investments” on the financial statements.

B. Cash with Fiscal Agent

As of September 30, 2022, the Board’s cash with fiscal agent was invested as follows:

Investments	Maturities	Rating	Fair Value
Federated Treasury Obligations	Unknown	AAAm	\$72,122.25
Assured Guaranty Municipal Bond Insurance Policy	Unknown	AA	1.00
Total			\$72,123.25

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increased interest rates.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The credit rating, if applicable and available, is presented in the table of investments. The Board does not have a formal investment policy that addresses its investment choices.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to cover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Board does not have an investment policy that limits the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government’s investment in a single issuer. The Board does not have a formal policy which places limits on the amount the Board may invest in any one issuer.

Fair Value Measurement

The Board categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 72, ***Fair Value Measurement and Application***. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investment Type	Total	Fair Market Value Hierarchy		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Federated Treasury Obligations	\$72,122.25	\$	\$72,122.25	\$
Assured Guaranty Municipal Bond Insurance	1.00			1.00
Total	\$72,123.25	\$	\$72,122.25	\$1.00

Note 4 – Receivables

On September 30, 2022, receivables for the Board’s individual major funds are as follows:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
Receivables:			
Sales Tax	\$188,455.24	\$	\$188,455.24
Intergovernmental	62,013.19	535,534.82	597,548.01
Other	175,098.00		175,098.00
Total Receivables	\$425,566.43	\$535,534.82	\$961,101.25

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance 10/01/2021	Additions/ Reclassifications (*)	Deletions/ Reclassifications (*)	Ending Balance 09/30/2022
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 719,843.93	\$	\$	\$ 719,843.93
Construction in Progress	726,683.52	1,156,866.69	(356,248.25)	1,527,301.96
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	<u>1,446,527.45</u>	<u>1,156,866.69</u>	<u>(356,248.25)</u>	<u>2,247,145.89</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements – Exhaustible		1,586,690.14		1,586,690.14
Buildings and Building Improvements	28,690,817.30			28,690,817.30
Equipment and Furniture	7,359,741.32	930,750.67	(22,615.00)	8,267,876.99
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>36,050,558.62</u>	<u>2,517,440.81</u>	<u>(22,615.00)</u>	<u>38,545,384.43</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements – Exhaustible		(31,733.82)		(31,733.82)
Buildings and Building Improvements	(11,713,509.21)	(523,467.66)		(12,236,976.87)
Equipment and Furniture	(5,583,361.97)	(353,796.99)	22,615.00	(5,914,543.96)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(17,296,871.18)</u>	<u>(908,998.47)</u>	<u>22,615.00</u>	<u>(18,183,254.65)</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>18,753,687.44</u>	<u>1,608,442.34</u>		<u>20,362,129.78</u>
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 20,200,214.89</u>	<u>\$2,765,309.03</u>	<u>\$(356,248.25)</u>	<u>\$ 22,609,275.67</u>
(*) Included in the Additions and Deletions Columns is a \$356,248.25 reclassification of assets from Construction in Progress to Land Improvement – Exhaustible. Also, included in Land Improvement – Exhaustible is a donated asset in the amount of \$586,528.07.				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	Current Year Depreciation Expense
Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$488,508.56
Instructional Support	500.00
Operations and Maintenance	36,642.10
Auxiliary Services:	
Food Service	77,211.02
Student Transportation	266,863.04
General Administrative	11,343.07
Other	27,930.68
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	<u>\$908,998.47</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note 6 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan, (the "Plan"), was established as of September 15, 1939, pursuant to the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Title 16, Chapter 25 (Act Number 419, Acts of Alabama 1939), for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in its Board of Control which consists of 15 trustees. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25-2, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

B. Benefits Provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Benefits for TRS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. TRS members who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

Act Number 2012-377, Acts of Alabama, established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service up to 80% of their average final compensation. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits are calculated and paid to the beneficiary based on the member's age, service credit, employment status and eligibility for retirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

C. Contributions

Covered Tier 1 covered members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation.

Effective October 1, 2021, the covered Tier 2 members contribution rate increased from 6% to 6.2% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Effective October 1, 2021, the covered Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters' contribution rate increased from 7% to 7.2% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute.

Participating employers' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2022, was 12.43% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.32% of annual pay for Tier 2 members. These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$1,873,982.86 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2022, the Board reported a liability of \$18,848,000.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. The Board's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. On September 30, 2021, the Board's proportion was 0.200075%, which was an increase of 0.001675% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Board recognized pension expense of \$1,243,000.00. On September 30, 2022, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 873,000.00	\$1,098,000.00
Changes of assumptions	1,978,000.00	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		4,449,000.00
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	405,000.00	986,000.00
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,873,982.86	
Total	\$5,129,982.86	\$6,533,000.00

The \$1,873,982.86 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30, 2023	\$ (489,000.00)
2024	\$ (462,000.00)
2025	\$(1,056,000.00)
2026	\$(1,270,000.00)
2027	\$ 0.00
Thereafter	\$ 0.00

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2021, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return (*)	7.45%
Projected Salary Increases	3.25% - 5.00%
(*) Net of pension plan investment expense	

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience for the TRS based upon participant data as of September 30, 2020. The Board of Control accepted and approved these changes in September 2021 which became effective at the beginning of fiscal year 2021.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teacher tables with the following adjustments, projected generationally using scale MP-2020 adjusted by 66-2/3% beginning with the year 2019:

Group	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	Teacher Retiree – Below Median	Male: +2, Female: +2	Male: 108% ages<63, 96% ages>67; Phasing down 63-67 Female: 112% ages <69 98%> age 74 Phasing down 69-74
Beneficiaries	Contingent Survivor Below Median	Male: +2, Female: None	None
Disable Retirees	Teacher Disability	Male: +8, Female: +3	None

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (*)
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.80%
U. S. Large Stocks	32.00%	8.00%
U. S. Mid Stocks	9.00%	10.00%
U. S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	12.00%	9.50%
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00%	11.00%
Alternatives	10.00%	9.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.50%
Cash	5.00%	2.50%
Total	100.00%	

(*) Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.00%.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

G. Sensitivity of the Board’s Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Board’s proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.45%, as well as what the Board’s proportionate share of the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.45%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
Board’s Proportionate Share of Collective Net Pension Liability	\$27,742,000	\$18,848,000	\$11,356,000

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement Number 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2021. The auditor’s report on the Schedule of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and accompanying notes detail by employer and in aggregate information needed to comply with GASB Statement Number 68 as of September 30, 2021, along with supporting schedules is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note 7 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust") is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that administers healthcare benefits to the retirees of participating state and local educational institutions. The Trust was established under the Alabama Retiree Health Care Funding Act of 2007 which authorized and directed the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB) to create an irrevocable trust to fund postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees participating in the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Plan (PEEHIP). Active and retiree health insurance benefits are paid through PEEHIP. In accordance with GASB, the Trust is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama (the "State") and is included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The PEEHIP was established in 1983 pursuant to the provisions of the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-4, (Act Number 83-455, Acts of Alabama) to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for active and retired employees of state and local educational institutions which provide instruction at any combination of grades K-14 (collectively, eligible employees), and to provide a method for funding the benefits related to the Plan. The four-year universities participate in the plan with respect to their retired employees and are eligible and may elect to participate in the plan with respect to their active employees. Responsibility for the establishment of the health insurance plan and its general administration and operations is vested in the PEEHIB. The PEEHIB is a corporate body for purposes of management of the health insurance plan. The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-4, provides the PEEHIB with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years for the plan. All assets of the PEEHIP are held in trust for the payment of health insurance benefits. The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS) has been appointed as the administrator of the PEEHIP and, consequently, serves as the administrator of the Trust.

B. Benefits Provided

PEEHIP offers a basic hospital medical plan to active members and non-Medicare eligible retirees. Benefits include inpatient hospitalization for a maximum of 365 days without a dollar limit, inpatient rehabilitation, outpatient care, physician services, and prescription drugs.

Active employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees who do not have Medicare eligible dependents can enroll in a health maintenance organization (HMO) in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan. The HMO includes hospital medical benefits, dental benefits, vision benefits, and an extensive formulary. However, participants in the HMO are required to receive care from a participating physician in the HMO plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The PEEHIP offers four optional plans (Hospital Indemnity, Cancer, Dental, and Vision) that may be selected in addition to or in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan or HMO. The Hospital Indemnity Plan provides a per-day benefit for hospital confinement, maternity, intensive care, cancer, and convalescent care. The Cancer Plan covers cancer disease only and benefits are provided regardless of other insurance. Coverage includes a per-day benefit for each hospital confinement related to cancer. The Dental Plan covers diagnostic and preventative services, as well as basic and major dental services. Diagnostic and preventative services include oral examinations, teeth cleaning, x-rays, and emergency office visits. Basic and major services include fillings, general aesthetics, oral surgery not covered under a Group Medical Program, periodontics, endodontics, dentures, bridgework, and crowns. Dental services are subject to a maximum of \$1,250 per year for individual coverage and \$1,000 per person per year for family coverage. The Vision Plan covers annual eye examinations, eyeglasses, and contact lens prescriptions.

PEEHIP members may opt to elect the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan as their hospital medical coverage in lieu of the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan. The PEEHIP Supplemental Plan provides secondary benefits to the member's primary plan provided by another employer. Only active and non-Medicare retired members and dependents are eligible for the PEEHIP Supplemental Medical Plan. There is no premium required for this plan, and the plan covers most out-of-pocket expenses not covered by the primary plan. The plan cannot be used as a supplement to Medicare, the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan, or the State or Local Governmental Plans administered by the State Employees' Insurance Board (SEIB).

Effective January 1, 2017, Medicare eligible members and Medicare eligible dependents covered on a retiree contract were enrolled in the United Healthcare (UHC) Group Medicare Advantage plan for PEEHIP retirees. Effective January 1, 2020, Humana Group Medicare Advantage plan replaced the UHC contract. The Medicare Advantage and Prescription Drug Plan (MAPDP) is fully insured by Humana and members are able to have all of their Medicare Part A (hospital insurance), Part B (medical insurance), and Part D (prescription drug coverage) in one convenient plan. With the MAPDP plan for PEEHIP, retirees can continue to see their same providers with no interruption and see any doctor who accepts Medicare on a national basis. Retirees have the same benefits in and out-of-network and there is no additional retiree cost share if a retiree uses an out-of-network provider and no balance billing from the provider.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

C. Contributions

The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-8, and the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-8.1, provide the PEEHIB with the authority to set the contribution requirements for plan members and the authority to set the employer contribution requirements for each required class, respectively. Additionally, PEEHIB is required to certify to the Governor and the Legislature, the amount, as a monthly premium per active employee, necessary to fund the coverage of active and retired member benefits for the following fiscal year. The Legislature then sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill.

For employees who retired after September 30, 2005, but before January 1, 2012, the employer contribution of the health insurance premium set forth by the PEEHIB for each retiree class is reduced by 2% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year of service over 25 subject to adjustment by the PEEHIB for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree.

For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the PEEHIB for each retiree class is reduced by 4% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year over 25, subject to adjustment by the PEEHIB for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree. For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, who are not covered by Medicare, regardless of years of service, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by PEEHIB for each retiree class is reduced by a percentage equal to 1% multiplied by the difference between the Medicare entitlement age and the age of the employee at the time of retirement as determined by PEEHIB. This reduction in the employer contribution ceases upon notification to PEEHIB of the attainment of Medicare coverage.

D. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At September 30, 2022, the Board reported a liability of \$12,213,417.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. The Board's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating PEEHIP employers. At September 30, 2021, the Board's proportion was .236382%, which was an increase of .008954% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Board recognized OPEB income of \$1,123,938.00 with no special funding situations. At September 30, 2022, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ 288,970.00	\$ 4,249,070.00
Changes of assumptions	4,349,691.00	4,734,025.00
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		380,979.00
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,104,049.00	2,856,053.00
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	480,193.00	
Total	\$6,222,903.00	\$12,220,127.00

The \$480,193.00 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending September 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30, 2023	\$(2,150,121)
2024	\$(1,687,810)
2025	\$(1,777,872)
2026	\$ (400,792)
2027	\$ (179,578)
Thereafter	\$ (281,244)

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Projected Salary Increases (*)	3.25% - 5.00%
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return (**)	7.00%
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Measurement Date	2.29%
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Prior Measurement Date	2.25%
Projected Year for Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) to be Depleted	2051
Single Equivalent Interest Rate the Measurement Date	3.97%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate the Prior Measurement Date	3.05%
Initial Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.50%
Medicare Eligible	(***)
Ultimate Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50% in 2028
Medicare Eligible	4.50% in 2025

(*) Includes 2.75% wage inflation.
(**) Compounded annually, net of investment expense, and includes inflation.
(***) Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through plan year 2022.

The rates of mortality are based on the Pub-2010 Public Mortality Plans Mortality Tables, adjusted generationally based on scale MP-2020, with an adjustment of 66-2/3% to the table beginning with the year 2019. The mortality rates are adjusted forward and/or back depending on the plan and group covered, as shown in the table below:

Group	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Active Members	Teacher Employee – Below Median	None	65%
Service Retirees	Teacher Retiree – Below Median	Male: +2, Female: +2	Male: 108% ages<63, 96% ages>67; Phasing down 63-67 Female: 112% ages <69 98%> age 74; Phasing down 69-74
Disable Retirees	Teacher Disability	Male: +8, Female: +3	None
Beneficiaries	Teacher Contingent Survivor Below Median	Male: +2, Female: None	None

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The decremental assumptions used in the valuation were selected based on the actuarial experience study prepared as of September 30, 2020, submitted to and adopted by the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama Board on September 13, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) were based on the September 30, 2020 valuation.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is to be reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every five years, in conjunction with similar analysis for the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama. Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation), as developed for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments is determined based on the allocation of assets by asset class and by the mean and variance of real returns.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (*)
Fixed Income	30.00%	4.40%
U. S. Large Stocks	38.00%	8.00%
U. S. Mid Stocks	8.00%	10.00%
U. S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	15.00%	9.50%
Cash	5.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	
(*) Geometric mean, includes 2.5% inflation		

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate, also known as the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), as described by GASB Statement Number 74, used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2021, was 3.97%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at the prior measurement date was 5.50%. Premiums paid to the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board for active employees shall include an amount to partially fund the cost of coverage for retired employees. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions will be made at the current contribution rates. Each year, the State specifies the monthly employer rate that participating school systems must contribute for each active employee. Currently, the monthly employer rate is \$800 per non-university active member. Approximately, 12.990% of the employer contributions were used to assist in funding retiree benefit payments in 2021, and it is assumed that the 12.990% will increase at the same rate as expected benefit payments for the closed group until reaching an employer rate of 20.000%. It is assumed the \$800 rate will increase with inflation at 2.50% starting in 2024. Retiree benefit payments for University members are paid by the Universities and are not included in the cash flow projections. The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid.

Therefore, the projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2119. The long-term rate of return is used until the assets are expected to be depleted in 2051, after which the municipal bond rate is used.

G. Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates and in the Discount Rates

The following table presents the Board's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.50% Decreasing to 3.50% for Pre-Medicare, Known Decreasing to 3.50% for Medicare Eligible)	Current Healthcare Trend Rate (6.50% Decreasing to 4.50% for Pre-Medicare, Known Decreasing to 4.50% Medicare Eligible)	1% Increase (7.50% Decreasing to 5.50% for Pre-Medicare, Known Decreasing to 5.50% for Medicare Eligible)
Board's Proportionate Share of Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$9,583,534	\$12,213,417	\$15,601,766

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The following table presents the Board’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the discount rate of 3.97%, as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.97%)	Current Discount Rate (3.97%)	1% Increase (4.97%)
Board’s Proportionate Share of Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$15,023,043	\$12,213,417	\$9,959,787

H. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is in the Trust’s financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement Number 74 Report for PEEHIP prepared as of September 30, 2021. Additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

Note 8 – Short-Term Debt

In December 2021, the Board approved a short-term note payable for covering operational needs of the Board. The proceeds were repaid January 2022.

Short-term activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Proceeds	Repaid	Ending Balance
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
General Fund	\$	\$1,400,000.00	\$(1,400,000.00)	\$

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt

During fiscal year 2015, the Board, as part of a pooled bond issuance with other school systems within the State of Alabama, issued Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2015-C in anticipation of their Public School Fund allocations, which are received from the Alabama Department of Education. The Alabama Department of Education withholds the required debt service payments from the Board’s Public School Fund allocation. The proceeds from these bonds provided funds for the upgrade of technology, technology infrastructure and building of a new career center. In the event of default, whether due to failure to comply with terms and conditions of the Bonds or failure to pay amount due on the Bonds, the Alabama Public School and College Authority (the “Authority”) may (1) withhold all leveraged funds due to the Board until full compliance with the terms and (2) file suit to compel performance of the obligations of the Board under the bond agreement.

During fiscal year 2021, the Board, as part of a pooled bond issuance with other school systems within the State of Alabama, issued Series 2020-C Capital Improvement Pool Refunding Bonds. The proceeds are to be used for refunding a portion of the Series 2015-C Capital Improvement Pool Bonds. The Board’s obligation is paid solely from the Board’s portion of the Public School Funds received from the State of Alabama.

During fiscal year 2016, the Board issued Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2016. These Warrants are being issued to provide funds needed to acquire, construct and equip various capital improvements to certain of the public school facilities operated by the Board and to pay issuance expenses.

On August 5, 2016, the Board entered into a long-term note from direct borrowing for the purchase of buses, in the amount of \$987,135.00 with an interest rate of 2.290%.

On February 10, 2020, the Board entered into a long-term note from direct borrowing for the purchase of buses in the amount of \$980,749.00 with an interest rate of 3.710%. In the event of default, the financial institution may demand full payment of the loan.

On August 18, 2022, the Board entered into a long-term note from direct borrowing for the purchase of buses in the amount of \$471,056.10 with an interest rate of 3.240%. In the event of default, the financial institution may demand full payment of the loan.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The following is a summary of long-term debt obligations for the Board for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Debt Outstanding 10/01/2021	Issued/ Increased	Repaid/ Decreased	Debt Outstanding 09/30/2022	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Notes from Direct Borrowings:					
2020 School Buses	\$ 898,234.44	\$	\$ (85,164.03)	\$ 813,070.41	\$ 88,943.80
2022 School Buses		471,056.10		471,056.10	40,561.12
2016 School Buses	522,189.91		(100,158.06)	422,031.85	101,956.07
Total Notes from Direct Borrowings	<u>1,420,424.35</u>	<u>471,056.10</u>	<u>(185,322.09)</u>	<u>1,706,158.36</u>	<u>231,460.99</u>
Bonds and Warrants:					
Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2016	6,885,000.00		(210,000.00)	6,675,000.00	215,000.00
Capital Improvement Pool Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-C	768,131.86		(13,804.94)	754,326.92	13,804.94
Capital Improvement Pool Bonds Series 2015-C	876,923.07		(80,151.10)	796,771.97	84,065.93
Total Bonds and Warrants	<u>8,530,054.93</u>		<u>(303,956.04)</u>	<u>8,226,098.89</u>	<u>312,870.87</u>
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	132,955.08	20,281.50		153,236.58	153,236.58
Net Pension Liability	24,541,000.00		(5,693,000.00)	18,848,000.00	
Net OPEB Liability	14,759,761.00		(2,546,344.00)	12,213,417.00	
Total Other Liabilities	<u>39,433,716.08</u>	<u>20,281.50</u>	<u>(8,239,344.00)</u>	<u>32,920,811.94</u>	<u>384,697.57</u>
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$49,384,195.36</u>	<u>\$491,337.60</u>	<u>\$(8,728,622.13)</u>	<u>\$41,146,910.83</u>	<u>\$697,568.44</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The following is a schedule of debt service requirements to maturity:

Fiscal Year Ending	Notes from Direct Borrowings School Buses		Capital Improvement Pool Bonds, Series 2015-C	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
September 30, 2023	\$ 231,460.99	\$ 55,840.47	\$ 84,065.93	\$ 33,342.28
2024	238,447.18	48,854.28	88,392.86	29,139.00
2025	245,709.36	41,592.10	92,719.78	24,719.36
2026	253,078.28	34,027.63	97,458.79	20,083.36
2027	149,255.95	26,286.14	102,197.80	15,210.42
2028-2032	588,206.60	51,045.60	331,936.81	20,541.30
2033-2037				
2038-2042				
2043-2044				
Totals	\$1,706,158.36	\$257,646.22	\$796,771.97	\$143,035.72

Pledged Revenues

The Board, as part of a pooled bond issuance with other school systems within the State of Alabama, issued Capital Improvement Pool Bonds, Series 2015-C, in anticipation of their Public School Fund allocations, which are received from the Alabama Department of Education. The proceeds were provided for the upgrade of technology, technology infrastructure and building of a new career center. Future revenues in the amount of \$939,807.69 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the bonds at September 30, 2022. Public School funds in the amount of \$685,828.00 were received by the Board during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Pledged funds in the amount of \$117,500.94 were used to pay principal and interest on the warrants during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The Capital Improvement Pool Bonds, Series 2015-C, will mature in fiscal year 2035.

The Board issued Special Tax School Warrant, Series 2016, which is pledged to be repaid from proceeds of sales taxes received by the Board. The proceeds were provided for the need to acquire, construct and equip various capital improvements to certain of the public school facilities operated by the Board and to pay issuance expenses. Future revenue in the amount of \$9,471,250.00 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the bonds at September 30, 2022. Sales tax funds in the amount of \$2,380,118.36 were received by the Board during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Pledged funds in the amount of \$428,610.00 were used to pay principal and interest on the warrants during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2016, will mature in 2044.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Special Tax School Warrants, Series 2016		Capital Improvement Pool Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-C		Total Principal and Interest Requirements to Maturity
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
\$ 215,000.00	\$ 214,300.00	\$ 13,804.94	\$ 15,852.60	\$ 863,667.21
220,000.00	210,000.00	13,804.94	15,776.26	864,414.52
225,000.00	205,600.00	14,010.99	15,669.84	865,021.43
230,000.00	201,100.00	14,217.03	15,540.80	865,505.89
235,000.00	196,500.00	14,217.03	15,376.58	754,043.92
1,300,000.00	859,000.00	292,170.32	71,068.36	3,513,968.99
1,570,000.00	578,400.00	392,101.67	18,795.20	2,559,296.87
1,855,000.00	294,000.00			2,149,000.00
825,000.00	37,350.00			862,350.00
\$6,675,000.00	\$2,796,250.00	\$754,326.92	\$168,079.64	\$13,297,268.83

The Board issued Series 2020-C Capital Improvement Pool Refunding Bonds which are pledged to be repaid from its allocation of public school funds received from the State of Alabama. The proceeds are to be used for refunding a portion of the Series 2015-C Capital Improvement Pool Bonds and for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of school facilities. Future revenues in the amount of \$922,406.56 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the bonds at September 30, 2022. Public School funds in the amount of \$664,386.98 were received by the Board during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Pledged funds in the amount of \$29,706.28 were used to pay principal and interest on the bonds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The Series 2020-C bonds will mature in fiscal year 2035.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note 10 – Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board has insurance for its buildings and contents through the State Insurance Fund (SIF) part of the State of Alabama, Department of Finance, Division of Risk Management, which operates as a common risk management and insurance program for state owned properties and county boards of education. The Board pays an annual premium based on the amount of coverage requested. The SIF is self-insured up to \$3.5 million per occurrence and purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of \$3.5 million. Errors and omissions insurance is purchased from the Alabama Trust for Boards of Education (ATBE), a public entity risk pool. The ATBE collects the premiums and purchases excess insurance for any amount of coverage requested by pool participants in excess of the coverage provided by the pool. Employee health insurance is provided through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Fund (PEEHIF), administered by the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB). The Fund was established to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions and is self-sustaining. Monthly premiums for employee and dependent coverage are determined annually by the plan's actuary and are based on anticipated claims in the upcoming year, considering any remaining fund balance on hand available for claims. The Board contributes a specified amount monthly to the PEEHIF for each employee of state educational institutions. The Board contribution is applied against the employees' premiums for the coverage selected and the employee pays any remaining premium.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Board's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Board employees who are injured while on the job are entitled to salary and fringe benefits of up to ninety working days in accordance with the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-1-18.1(d). Any unreimbursed medical expenses and costs which the employee incurs as a result of an on-the-job injury may be filed for reimbursement with the State Board of Adjustment.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note 11 – Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Interfund Receivables	
	General Fund	Total
Interfund Payables:		
Special Revenue Fund	\$421,470.06	\$421,470.06
Totals	\$421,470.06	\$421,470.06

Interfund Transfers

The amounts of interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Transfers Out		
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Totals
Transfers In:			
General Fund	\$	\$60,968.06	\$ 60,968.06
Special Revenue Fund	634,674.12		634,674.12
Totals	\$634,674.12	\$60,968.06	\$695,642.18

The Board typically used transfers to fund ongoing operating subsidies, to service debt, and to recoup certain expenditures paid on-behalf of the local schools.

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Required Supplementary Information

***Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022***

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.200075%	0.198400%	0.213864%	0.208633%	0.207050%	0.209103%	0.209623%	0.212065%
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$18,848,000.00	\$24,541,000.00	\$23,647,000.00	\$20,744,000.00	\$20,350,000.00	\$22,637,000.00	\$21,938,000.00	\$19,265,000.00
Employer's covered payroll during the measurement period (*)	\$14,500,767.05	\$14,099,938.56	\$14,067,018.24	\$13,960,649.30	\$13,671,193.48	\$13,244,282.25	\$13,253,921.82	\$13,453,487.35
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	129.98%	174.05%	168.10%	148.59%	148.85%	170.92%	165.52%	143.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective pension liability	76.44%	67.72%	69.85%	72.29%	71.50%	67.93%	67.51%	71.01%

(*) Employer's covered payroll during the measurement period is the total covered payroll (See GASB Statement Number 82).
For fiscal year 2022, the measurement period is October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the Employer's Contributions - Pension
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,873,982.86	\$ 1,741,845.23	\$ 1,713,806.40	\$ 1,712,222.92	\$ 1,675,899.84	\$ 1,620,885.06	\$ 1,571,866.96	\$ 1,546,843.11
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,873,982.86	\$ 1,741,845.23	\$ 1,713,806.40	\$ 1,712,222.92	\$ 1,675,899.84	\$ 1,620,885.06	\$ 1,571,866.96	\$ 1,546,843.11
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Board's covered payroll	\$15,569,111.01	\$14,500,767.05	\$14,099,938.56	\$14,067,018.24	\$13,960,649.30	\$13,671,193.48	\$13,244,282.25	\$13,253,921.82
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.04%	12.01%	12.15%	12.17%	12.00%	11.86%	11.87%	11.67%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

***Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability
Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022***

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Board's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0.236382%	0.227428%	0.273985%	0.265907%	0.260030%
Board's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 12,213,417.00	\$ 14,759,761.00	\$ 10,336,818.00	\$ 21,854,169.00	\$ 19,313,543.00
Board's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period (*)	\$ 14,500,767.05	\$ 14,099,938.56	\$ 14,067,018.24	\$ 13,960,649.30	\$ 13,671,193.48
Board's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	84.23%	104.68%	73.48%	156.54%	141.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective OPEB liability	27.11%	19.80%	28.14%	14.81%	15.37%

(*) Employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period is the total covered-employee payroll.
For fiscal year 2022, the measurement period is October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the Employer's Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)
Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 480,192.71	\$ 411,153.00	\$ 450,057.00	\$ 779,803.00	\$ 657,172.00
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 480,192.71	\$ 411,153.00	\$ 450,057.00	\$ 779,803.00	\$ 657,172.00
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,569,111.01	\$ 14,500,767.05	\$ 14,099,938.56	\$ 14,067,018.24	\$ 13,960,649.30
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.08%	2.84%	3.19%	5.54%	4.71%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

***Notes to Required Supplementary Information
for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022***

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, are summarized below.

Assumption	Description
Price Inflation	2.50%
Investment Return	7.00%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Mortality Rates (Pre-Retirement, Post-Retirement Healthy and Disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 Public Mortality Plans Mortality Tables. For future mortality improvement, generational mortality improvement scale MP-2020, with an adjustment of 66-2/3% to the table beginning in year 2019.
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates of retirement at most ages and extended retirement rates at age 80.
Withdrawal Rates	Changed from age-based table broken down by service bands to a pure service-based table. Used a liability weighted methodology in analyzing rates.
Disability Rates	Lowered rates of disability retirement at most ages.
Salary Increases	No change to total assumed rates of salary increases, but increased merit salary scale by 0.25% to offset the recommended decrease in the wage inflation assumption by 0.25%

In 2019, the anticipated rates of participation, spouse coverage, and tobacco use were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Recent Plan Changes

Beginning in plan year 2021, the Medicare Advantage Plan with Prescription Drug Coverage (MAPD) plan premium rates exclude the Affordable Care Act (ACA) Health Insurer Fee which was repealed on December 20, 2019.

Effective January 1, 2017, Medicare eligible medical and prescription drug benefits are provided through the Medicare Advantage Plan with Prescription Drug Coverage (MAPD).

The Health Plan is changed each year to reflect the Affordable Care Act (ACA) maximum annual out-of-pocket amounts.

***Notes to Required Supplementary Information
for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022***

Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer’s Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) were calculated as of September 30, 2018, which is three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period	23 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.75%
Medicare Eligible (*)	5.00%
Ultimate Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Year of Ultimate Trend Rate	2026 for Pre-Medicare Eligible 2024 for Medicare Eligible
Optional Plans Trend Rate	2.00%
Investment Rate of Return	5.00%, including inflation
(*) Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through plan year 2019.	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis
	Original	Final			
Revenues					
State	\$ 16,435,788.00	\$ 18,156,480.02	\$ 18,562,513.94	\$	\$ 18,562,513.94
Federal	1,500.00	1,500.00	256,220.41		256,220.41
Local	4,370,084.00	4,370,084.00	4,452,873.25 (1)	12,605.82	4,465,479.07
Other	50,000.00	50,000.00	109,483.64		109,483.64
Total Revenues	<u>20,857,372.00</u>	<u>22,578,064.02</u>	<u>23,381,091.24</u>	<u>12,605.82</u>	<u>23,393,697.06</u>
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	11,781,788.63	12,850,068.08	12,451,215.01 (2)	33,496.37	12,417,718.64
Instructional Support	3,346,393.11	3,350,393.11	3,804,748.30 (2)	39,384.59	3,765,363.71
Operation and Maintenance	1,354,836.00	1,754,836.00	1,950,461.09 (2)	5,003.32	1,945,457.77
Auxiliary Services:					
Student Transportation	1,955,915.00	1,955,915.00	2,049,049.97 (2)	(13,801.91)	2,062,851.88
General Administrative	1,154,999.00	1,154,999.00	1,176,282.62 (2)	269.95	1,176,012.67
Other	303,678.00	303,678.00	364,160.36 (2)	3,377.89	360,782.47
Capital Outlay	250,000.00	504,684.00	388,715.57		388,715.57
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement			210,000.00		210,000.00
Interest and Fiscal Charges			218,610.00		218,610.00
Debt Issuance Costs/Other Debt Services	432,700.00	432,700.00			
Total Expenditures	<u>20,580,309.74</u>	<u>22,307,273.19</u>	<u>22,613,242.92</u>	<u>67,730.21</u>	<u>22,545,512.71</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>277,062.26</u>	<u>270,790.83</u>	<u>767,848.32</u>	<u>80,336.03</u>	<u>848,184.35</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Indirect Cost	364,471.10	374,852.56	171,447.28		171,447.28
Transfers In	18,054.00	18,054.00	60,968.06		60,968.06
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			9,981.86		9,981.86
Transfers Out	(634,674.16)	(634,674.16)	(634,674.12)		(634,674.12)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(252,149.06)</u>	<u>(241,767.60)</u>	<u>(392,276.92)</u>		<u>(392,276.92)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	24,913.20	29,023.23	375,571.40	80,336.03	455,907.43
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		2,653,158.52	2,653,158.52 (3)	(1,899,289.78)	753,868.74
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$ 24,913.20</u>	<u>\$ 2,682,181.75</u>	<u>\$ 3,028,729.92</u>	<u>\$ (1,818,953.75)</u>	<u>\$ 1,209,776.17</u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Explanation of Differences Between Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis and Actual Amounts GAAP Basis:

The Board budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting with the following exceptions:

(1) The Board budgets ad valorem and sales taxes only to the extent expected to be received, rather than on the modified accrual basis (GAAP).	\$ 12,605.82
(2) The Board budgets salaries and benefits only to the extent expected to be paid, rather than on the modified accrual basis (GAAP).	<u>67,730.21</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance - Budget to GAAP	<u>\$ 80,336.03</u>
(3) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing the Board's budget. The amount differs from the fund balance reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Exhibit 5) because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as those described above.	

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022***

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis
	Original	Final			
Revenues					
Federal	\$ 12,493,404.00	\$ 16,476,124.98	\$ 7,191,904.37	\$	\$ 7,191,904.37
Local	2,289,602.00	2,289,602.00	1,758,785.89		1,758,785.89
Other	30,500.00	30,500.00	8,256.81		8,256.81
Total Revenues	14,813,506.00	18,796,226.98	8,958,947.07		8,958,947.07
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	5,631,867.09	6,983,533.67	2,979,428.97		2,979,428.97
Instructional Support	2,243,686.49	3,165,590.16	1,686,325.81		1,686,325.81
Operation and Maintenance	1,153,246.00	1,403,620.06	514,779.24		514,779.24
Auxiliary Services:					
Student Transportation	292,035.00	290,638.91	114,523.65		114,523.65
Food Service	2,127,591.96	1,967,591.96	2,090,440.51	(1) 8,368.91	2,082,071.60
General Administrative	544,913.91	793,820.72	323,440.56		323,440.56
Other	740,533.60	1,374,596.44	433,580.01		433,580.01
Capital Outlay	2,398,939.91	3,185,742.11	673,020.49		673,020.49
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	1,000.00	1,000.00			
Total Expenditures	15,133,813.96	19,166,134.03	8,815,539.24	8,368.91	8,807,170.33
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(320,307.96)	(369,907.05)	143,407.83	8,368.91	151,776.74
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	674,186.16	674,186.16	634,674.12		634,674.12
Transfers Out	(57,566.00)	(57,566.00)	(60,968.06)		(60,968.06)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	616,620.16	616,620.16	573,706.06		573,706.06
Net Change in Fund Balances	296,312.20	246,713.11	717,113.89	8,368.91	725,482.80
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	722,973.28	1,424,533.40	1,424,533.40	(2) (92,144.05)	1,332,389.35
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,019,285.48	\$ 1,671,246.51	\$ 2,141,647.29	\$ (83,775.14)	\$ 2,057,872.15

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Explanation of Differences Between Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis and Actual Amounts GAAP Basis:

The Board budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting with the following exceptions:

- (1) The Board budgets salaries and benefits only to the extent expected to be paid, rather than on the modified accrual basis (GAAP).

\$ 8,368.91

Net Change in Fund Balance - Budget to GAAP

\$ 8,368.91

- (2) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing the Board's budget. The amount differs from the fund balance reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Exhibit 5) because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as those described above.

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Supplementary Information

***Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022***

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Total Federal Expenditures
<u>U. S. Department of Agriculture</u>			
<u>Passed Through Alabama Department of Education</u>			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N.A.	\$ 423,362.31
National School Lunch Program:			
Cash Assistance	10.555	N.A.	1,111,880.52
COVID - 19 Cash Assistance			52,603.98
Non-Cash Assistance - Commodities	10.555	N.A.	129,811.72
Sub-Total National School Lunch Program			<u>1,294,296.22</u>
Sub-Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,717,658.53
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	N.A.	8,054.82
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	N.A.	1,624.83
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			<u>1,727,338.18</u>
<u>U. S. Department of Education</u>			
<u>Passed Through Alabama Department of Education</u>			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N.A.	1,185,392.65
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	N.A.	662,244.09
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	N.A.	13,057.62
Emergency Relief (Idea, Part B Program) Fund	84.027X		54,062.95
Sub-Total Special Education Cluster			<u>729,364.66</u>
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N.A.	66,365.00
Rural Education	84.358	N.A.	60,247.29
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	N.A.	12,984.17
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	N.A.	188,919.38
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	N.A.	98,037.52
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund:			
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	84.425D	N.A.	2,881,995.94
COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund (GEER)	84.425C	N.A.	8,913.00
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER III)	84.425U	N.A.	484,585.74
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	N.A.	2,881.25
Sub-Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund			<u>3,378,375.93</u>
Total U. S. Department of Education			<u>5,719,686.60</u>
Sub-Total Forward			\$ 7,447,024.78

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Total Federal Expenditures
Sub-Total Brought Forward			\$ 7,447,024.78
<u>Social Security Administration</u>			
<u>Passed Through Alabama Department of Education</u>			
Social Security - Disability Insurance	96.001	N.A.	1,100.00
Total Social Security Administration			<u>1,100.00</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 7,448,124.78</u>

N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable

The accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

***Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures
of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022***

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the “Schedule”) includes the federal award activity of the Pickens County Board of Education under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Pickens County Board of Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Pickens County Board of Education

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the *Uniform Guidance* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 – Indirect Cost Rate

The Pickens County Board of Education has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the *Uniform Guidance*.

Additional Information

Board Members and Administrative Personnel
October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022

Board Members		Term Expires
Hon. Annie Jackson	Chairman	November 2024
Hon. Debbie Holley	Deceased	November 4, 2021
Hon. Frankie Spencer	Member	November 2024
Hon. Gene Dawkins	Member	November 2024
Hon. Sam Wiggins	Vice-Chairman	November 2024
Hon. Dr. John Brandon	Member	November 2024
<u>Administrative Personnel</u>		
Hon. Jamie Chapman	Superintendent	December 2024
Jennifer Shirley	Chief School Financial Officer	Indefinite

***Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With
Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Pickens County Board of Education,
Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer
Carrollton, Alabama

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in ***Government Auditing Standards*** issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (***Government Auditing Standards***), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickens County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pickens County Board of Education's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

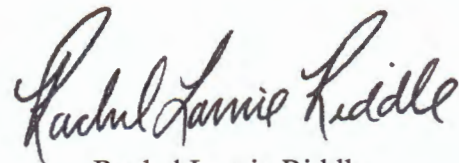
***Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With
Government Auditing Standards***

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Pickens County Board of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under ***Government Auditing Standards***.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with ***Government Auditing Standards*** in considering the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Rachel Laurie Riddle
Chief Examiner

Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

April 26, 2023

***Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required
by the Uniform Guidance***

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Pickens County Board of Education,
Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer
Carrollton, Alabama

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Pickens County Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the ***OMB Compliance Supplement*** that could have a direct and material effect on the Pickens County Board of Education's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2022. The Pickens County Board of Education's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Examiner's Results Section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Pickens County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on the Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in ***Government Auditing Standards*** issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (***Government Auditing Standards***); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U. S. ***Code of Federal Regulations*** Part 200, ***Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)***. Our responsibilities under those standards and the *Uniform Guidance* are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Pickens County Board of Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Pickens County Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Pickens County Board of Education's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Pickens County Board of Education's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, ***Government Auditing Standards***, and the *Uniform Guidance* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Pickens County Board of Education's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, ***Government Auditing Standards***, and the *Uniform Guidance*, we

- ◆ exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ◆ identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Pickens County Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- ◆ obtain an understanding of the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pickens County Board of Education's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

***Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required
by the Uniform Guidance***

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance


A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

***Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required
by the Uniform Guidance***

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Rachel Laurie Riddle
Chief Examiner
Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

April 26, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Examiner's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the audited financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

_____ Yes X No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

_____ Yes X None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

_____ Yes X No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

_____ Yes X No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

_____ Yes X None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR 200.516(a) of the *Uniform Guidance*?

_____ Yes X No

Identification of major federal programs:

Assistance Listing Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U and 84.425W	COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B programs:

\$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

_____ Yes X No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (GAGAS)

No matters were reportable.

Section III – Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reportable.