

PRE-PARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION FORM (PPE)

The IHSAA Pre-participation Physical Evaluation (PPE) is the first and most important step in providing for the well-being of Indiana's high school athletes. The form is designed to identify risk factors prior to athletic participation by way of a thorough medical history and physical examination. The IHSAA, under the guidance of the Indiana State Medical Association's Committee on Sports Medicine, requires that the PPE Form be signed by a physician (MD or DO), nurse practitioner or physician assistant holding a license to practice in the State of Indiana. In order to assure that these rigorous standards are met, both organizations endorse the following requirements for completion of the PPE Form:

- 1. The most current version of the IHSAA PPE Form must be used and may not be altered or modified in any manner.
- 2. The PPE Form must be signed by a physician (MD or DO), nurse practitioner or physician assistant only after the medical history is reviewed, the examination performed, and the PPE Form completed in its entirety. No pre-signed or pre-stamped forms will be accepted.

3. SIGNATURES

- The signature must be hand-written. No signature stamps will be accepted.
- The signature and license number must be affixed on page three (3).
- \Box The parent signatures must be affixed to the form on pages two (2) and five (5).
- The student-athlete signature must be affixed to pages two (2) and five (5).

4. Distribution

- ☐ History Form retained by Physician/Healthcare Provider
- ☐ Examination Form and Consent and Release Form signed and returned to member school.

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Your cooperation will help ensure the best medical screening for Indiana's high school athletes.

PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL

4th Edition, American Academy of Pediatrics

Form is retained by physician/healthcare provider.				
Name:		Date of birth	*	
Date of examination:	······································	Grade:		
Sex assigned at birth (F, M, or interse	x):	How do you ide:	ntify your gender? (F,	M, or other):
List past and current medical conditi	ons.			
Have you ever had surgery? It yes, lis	t all past sur	gical procedures		
Medicines and supplements: List all	current presc	riptions, over-th	ne-counter medicines,	and supplements
				* *
Do you have any allergies? If yes, please list all your allergies (ie. Medicines, pollens, food, stinging insects).				
Are your required vaccinations current?				
Patient Health Questionnaire Version 4 (PH	Q-4)			
Overall, during the last 2 weeks, how often h	ave you been b	othered by any of tl	he following problems? (C	Circle Response.)
	Not at all		Over half the days	
Feeling nervous, anxious, or on edge	0	1	2	3
Not being able to stop or control worrying		- 1	2	3
Little interest or pleasure in doing things	0	1	2	3 .
Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless	0	1	2	3
(A sum of ≥ 3 is considered positive on either subscale [questions 1 and 2, or questions 3 and 4] for screening purposes.)				

GENERAL QUESTIONS (Explain "Yes" answers at the end of this form. Chale questions if you don't know the answer.)	Yes	No
Do you have any concerns that you would like to discuss with your provider?		
2. Has a provider ever denied or restricted your participation in sports for any reason?		
3. Do you have any ongoing medical issues or recent illness?		
HEARTHEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOU	Yes	No
4. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out during or after exercise?		
5. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure in your chest during exercise?		
6. Does your heart ever race, flutter in your chest, or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?		
7. Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems?		
8. Has a doctor ever requested a test for your heart? For example, electrocardiography (ECG) or echocardiography.		

	HEARTHEAUTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOU. (CONTINUED) 9. Do you get light-headed or feel shorter of breath than your friends during exercise?	Yes	No
l	10. Have you ever had a seizure?	***************************************	
	HEART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR FAMILY	Yes	No
	11. Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or had an unexpected or unex- plained sudden death before age 35 years (including drowning or unexplained car crash)?		
	12. Does anyone in your family have a genetic heart problem such as hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), Marfan syndrome, arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), long QT syndrome (LQTS), short QT syndrome (SQTS), Brugada syndrome, or catecholaminergic poly-morphic ventricular tachycardia (CPVT)?		
	13. Has anyone in your family had a pacemaker or an implanted defibrillator before age 35?		

BONE AND JOINT QUESTIONS	2X65 / 1X10	MEDICAL QUESTIONS (CONTINUED)	N
14. Have you ever had a stress fracture or an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, joint, or tendon that caused you to miss a practice or game?		25. Do you worry about your weight?	
15. Do you have a bone, muscle, ligament, or joint njury that bothers you?		26. Are you trying to or has anyone recommended that you gain or lose weight?	
MEDICAL QUESTIONS	Yes No	27. Are you on a special diet or do you avoid certain types of food and food groups?	
16. Do you cough, wheeze, or have difficulty oreathing during or after exercise?		28. Have you ever had an eating disorder	
7. Are you missing a kidney, an eye, a testicle males), your spleen, or any other organ?		GEMAMBES ONLY 29. Have you ever had a menstrual period?	Ϋ́Υ
8. Do you have groin or testicle pain or a painful oulge or hernia in the groin area?		30. How old were you when you had your first menstrual period?	************
9. Do you have any recurring skin rashes or rashes hat come and go, including herpes or methicillinesistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)?		31. When was your most recent menstrual period?	
O. Have you had a concussion or head injury that aused confusion, a prolonged headache, or nemory problems?		32. How many periods have you had in the past 12 months?	
.1. Have you ever had numbness, tingling, veakness in your arms or legs, or been unable to nove your arms or legs after being hit or falling?		Explain "Yes" answers here.	
22. Have you ever become ill while exercising in the heat?			
23. Do you or does someone in your family have sickle cell trait or disease?			***************************************
24. Have you ever had or do you have any problems with your eyes or vision?			

No

I hereby state that, to the best of my knowledge, my answers to the questions on this form are complete and correct.

Signature of athlete:	-
Signature of parent or guardian:	
Date:	

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PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

Signature of Health Care Professional

(Physical examination must be performed on or after April 1 by a health care professional holding an unlimited license to practice medicine, a nurse practitioner or a physician assistant to be valid for the following school year.) Rule 3-10. Valid April 1, 2023-May 31, 2024 _ Date of Birth _ IHSAA Member School PHYSICIAN REMINDERS 1. Consider additional questions on more sensitive issues • Do you feel stressed out or under a lot of pressure? · Do you ever feel sad, hopeless, depressed, or anxious? • Do you feel safe at your home or residence? · Have you ever tried cigarettes, chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip? • During the last 30 days, did you use chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip? Do you drink alcohol or use any other drugs? Have you ever taken anabolic steroids or use any other appearance/performance supplement? Have you ever taken any supplements to help you gain or lose weight or improve your performance? · Do you wear a seat belt, use a helmet, and use condoms? 2. Consider reviewing questions on cardiovascular symptoms (questions 5-14) Height Weight Male Female Pulse Vision R 20/ L 20/ Corrected? Y MEDICAL NORMAL • Marfan stigmata (kyphoscoliosis, high-arched palate, pectus excavatum, arachnodactyly, arm span > height, hyperlaxity, myopia, MVP, aortic insuffiency Eyes/ears/nose/throat · Pupils equal · Hearing Lymphnodes · Murmurs (auscultation standing, supine, +/- Valsalva) · Location of point of maximal impuluse (PMI) Pulses Simultaneous femoral and radial pulses Lungs Abdomen Genitourinary (males only) HSV, lesions suggestive of MRSA, tinea corporis Neurologic MUSCUROSKELETAT Neck Knee Back Leg/ankle Shoulder/arm Foot/toes Elbow/forearm Functional Wrist/hand/fingers · Duck-walk, single leg hop Hip/thigh Cleared for all sports without restriction Cleared for all sports without restriction with recommendations for further evaluation or treatment for III Not cleared Pending further evaluation For any sports Reason Recommendations I have examined the above-named student and completed the preparticipation physical evaluation. The athlete does not present apparent clinical contraindications to practice and participate in the sport(s) as outlined above. A copy of the physical exam is on record in my office and can be made available to the school at the request of the parents. If conditions arise after the athlete has been cleared for participation, the physician may rescind the clearance until the problem is resolved and the potential consequences are completely explained to the athlete (and parents/guardians). Name of Health Care Professional (print/type) Address License #



, MD, DO, PA, or NP (Circle one)

PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION IHSAA ELIGIBILITY RULES



INDIVIDUAL ELIGIBILITY RULES (Grades 9 through 12)

ATTENTION ATHLETE: Your school is a member of the IHSAA and follows established rules. To be eligible to represent your school in interschool athletics, you:

- 1. must be a regular bona fide student in good standing in the school you represent; must have enrolled not later than the fifteenth day of the current semester.
- 2. must have completed 10 separate days of organized practice in sald sport under the direct supervision of the high school coaching staff preceding date of participation in interschool contests. (Excluding Girls Golf SeeRule 101)
- 3. must have received passing grades at the end of their last grading period in school in at least seventy percent (70%) of the maximum number of full credit subjects (or the equivalent) that a student can take and must be currently enrolled in at least seventy percent (70%) of the maximum number of full credit subjects (or the equivalent) that a student can take. Semester grades take precedence.
- 4. must not have reached your twentieth birthday prior to or on the scheduled date of the IHSAA State Finals in a sport.
- 5. must have been enrolled in your present high school last semester or at a junior high school from which your high school receives its students . . .
 - ... unless you are entering the ninth grade for the first time.
 - ... unless you are transferring from a school district or territory with a corresponding bona fide move on the part of your parents.
 - ... unless you are a ward of a court; you are an orphan, you reside with a parent, your former school closed, your former school is not accredited by the state accrediting agency in the state where the school is located, your transfer was pursuant to school board mandate, you attended in error a wrong school, you transferred from a correctional school, you are emancipated, you are a foreign exchange student under an approved CSIET program. You must have been eligible from the school from which you transferred.
- 6. must not have been enrolled in more than eight consecutive semesters beginning with grade 9.
- must be an amateur (have not participated under an assumed name, have not accepted money or merchandise directly
 or indirectly for athletic participation, have not accepted awards, gifts, or honors from colleges or their alumni, have not
 signed a professional contract).
- 8. must have had a physical examination between April 1 and your first practice and filed with your principal your completed Consent and Release Certificate.
- 9. must not have transferred from one school to another for athletic reasons as a result of undue influence or persuasion by any person or group.
- 10. must not have received in recognition of your athletic ability, any award not approved by your principal or the IHSAA.
- 11. must not accept awards in the form of merchandise, meals, cash, etc.
- 12. must not participate in an athletic contest during the IHSAA authorized contest season for that sport as an individual or on any team other than your school team. (See Rule 15-1a) (Exception for outstanding student-athlete See Rule 15-1b)
- 13. must not reflect discredit upon your school nor create a disruptive influence on the discipline, good order, moral or educational environment in your school.
- 14. students with remaining eligibility must not participate in tryouts or demonstrations of athletic ability in that sport as a prospective post-secondary school student-athlete. Graduates should refer to college rules and regulations before participating.
- 15. must not participate with a student enrolled below grade 9.
- 16. must not, while on a grade 9 junior high team, participate with or against a student enrolled in grade 11 or 12.
- 17. must, if absent five or more days due to Illness or injury, present to your principal a written verification from a physician licensed to practice medicine, stating you may participate again. (See Rule 3-11 and 9-14.)
- must not participate in camps, clinics or schools during the IHSAA authorized contest season. Consult your high school
 principal for regulations regarding out-of-season and summer.
- 19. girls shall not be permitted to participate in an IHSAA tournament program for boys where there is an IHSAA tournament program for girls in that sport in which they can qualify as a girls tournament entrant.

This is only a brief summary of the eligibility rules.

You may access the IHSAA Eligibility Rules (By-Laws) at www.ihsaa.org
Please contact your school officials for further information and before participating outside your school.

PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION

CONSENT & RELEASE CERTIFICATE



I. STUDENT ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND RELEASE CERTIFICATE

Indianapolis, IN 46240-0650

DLC: 3/2/2023

- A. I have read the IHSAA Eligibility Rules (next page or on the back) and know of no reason why I am not eligible to represent my school in athletic competition.
- B. If accepted as a representative, I agree to follow the rules and abide by the decisions of my school and the IHSAA.
- C. I know that athletic participation is a privilege. I know of the risks involved in athletic participation, understand that serious injury, illness and even death, is a possible result of such participation, and choose to accept such risks. I voluntarily accept any and all responsibility for my own safety and welfare while participating in athletics, with full understanding of the risks involved, and agree to release and hold harmless my school, the schools involved and the IHSAA of and from any and all responsibility and liability, including any from their own negligence, for any injury, illness or claim resulting from such athletic participation and agree to take no legal action against my school, the schools involved or the IHSAA because of any accident or mishap involving my athletic participation.
- D. I consent to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of courts in Marion County, Indiana for all claims and disputes between and among the IHSAA and me, Including but not limited to any claims or disputes involving Injury, eligibility or rule violation.
- E. I give the IHSAA and its assigns, licensees and legal representatives the irrevocable right to use my picture or image and any sound recording of me, in all forms and media and in all manners, for any lawful purposes.

	I HAVE READ THIS CAREF	LLY AND KNOW IT CONTAINS A RELEASE PROVISION. (to be signed by student)	
	Date:	Student Signature: (X)	
		Printed:	
II. P	ARENT/GUARDIAN/EM	NCIPATED STUDENT CONSENT, ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND RELEASE CERTIFICATE	
A. B. C. D.	the following Intersche Boys Sports: Baseball, Girls Sports: Basketbal Unified Sports: Unified Undersigned understa Undersigned consents scholastic and attenda Undersigned knows of illness and even death welfare while participa school, the schools inv injury or claim resultin any accident or mishal Undersigned consents the IHSAA and me or t Undersigned gives the	f a student, a guardian of a student or an emancipated student, hereby gives consent for the student to participated sports not marked out: asketball, Cross Country, Football, Golf, Soccer, Swimming & Diving, Tennis, Track & Field, Volleyball, Wrestling, Cross Country, Golf, Gymnastics, Soccer, Softball, Swimming & Diving, Tennis, Track & Field, Volleyball, Wrestling lag Football, Unified Track & Field Is that participation may necessitate an early dismissal from classes. Is the disclosure, by the student's school, to the IHSAA of all requested, detailed financial (athletic or otherwise), a records of such school concerning the student. Ind acknowledges that the student knows of the risks involved in athletic participation, understands that serious in a possible result of such participation and chooses to accept any and all responsibility for the student's safety are in athletics. With full understanding of the risks involved, undersigned releases and holds harmless the student ved and the IHSAA of and from any and all responsibility and liability, including any from their own negligence, for from such athletic participation and agrees to take no legal action against the IHSAA or the schools involved becannolving the student's athletic participation. In the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of courts in Marion County, Indiana for all claims and disputes between and estudent, Including but not limited to any claims or disputes involving injury, eligibility, or rule violation. ISAA and its assigns, licensees and legal representatives the irrevocable right to use any picture or Image or sound all forms and media and in all manners, for any lawful purposes.	njury, nd nt's or any use of
		quate family insurance coverage.	
	☐ The student has fo	tball insurance through school.	
	Company:	Policy Number:	
(t	o be completed and signed by	parents/guardians, emancipated students; where divorce or separation, parent with legal custody must sign) Parent/Guardian/Emancipated Student Signature:	
		Printed:	
	Date:	Parent/Guardian Signture: (X)	
		Printed:	
Indian	ENT & RELEASE CERTIFICA a High School Athletic Ass North Meridian St., P.O. Bo	iation, Inc.	

File In Office of the Principal Separate Form Required for Each School Year

SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST

A Fact Sheet for Parents

FACTS

Sudden cardiac arrest is a rare, but tragic event that claims the lives of approximately 500 athletes each year in the United States. Sudden cardiac arrest can affect all levels of athletes, in all sports, and in all age levels. The majority of cardiac arrests are due to congenital (inherited) heart defects. However, sudden cardiac arrest can also occur after a person experiences an illness which has caused an inflammation to the heart or after a direct blow to the chest.

WARNING SIGNS

There may not be any noticeable symptoms before a person experiences loss of consciousness and a full cardiac arrest (no pulse and no breathing).

Warning signs can include a complaint of:

- Chest Discomfort
- Unusual Shortness of Breath
- Racing or Irregular Heartbeat
- Fainting or Passing Out

EMERGENCY SIGNS - Call EMS (911)

If a person experiences any of the following signs, call EMS (911) immediately:

- If an athlete collapses suddenly during competition
- If a blow to the chest from a ball, puck or another player precedes an athlete's complaints of any of the warning signs of sudden cardiac arrest
- If an athlete does not look or feel right and you are just not sure

How can I help my child prevent a sudden cardiac arrest?

Daily physical activity, proper nutrition, and adequate sleep are all important aspects of lifelong health. Additionally, parents can assist student athletes prevent a sudden cardiac arrest by:

- Ensuring your child knows about any family history of sudden cardiac arrest (onset of heart disease in a family member before the age of 50 or a sudden, unexplained death at an early age)
- Ensuring your child has a thorough preseason screening exam prior to participation in an organized athletic activity
- Asking if your school and the site of competition has an automatic defibrillator (AED) that is close by and properly maintained
- Learning CPR yourself
- Ensuring your child is not using any non-prescribed stimulants or performance enhancing drugs
- Being aware that the inappropriate use of prescription medications or energy drinks can increase risk
- Encouraging your child to be honest and report symptoms of chest discomfort, unusual shortness of breath, racing or irregular heartbeat, or feeling faint

What should I do if I think my child has warning signs that may lead to sudden cardiac arrest?

- 1. Tell your child's coach about any previous events or family history
- 2. Keep your child out of play
- 3. Seek medical attention right away

Developed and Reviewed by the Indiana Department of Education's Sudden Cardiac Arrest Advisory Board (1-7-15)

SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST

A Fact Sheet for Student Athletes

FACTS

Sudden cardiac arrest can occur even in athletes who are in peak shape. Approximately 500 deaths are attributed to sudden cardiac arrest in athletes each year in the United States. Sudden cardiac arrest can affect all levels of athletes, in all sports, and in all age levels. The majority of cardiac arrests are due to congenital (inherited) heart defects. However, sudden cardiac arrest can also occur after a person experiences an illness which has caused an inflammation to the heart or after a direct blow to the chest. Once a cardiac arrest occurs, there is very little time to save the athlete, so identifying those at risk before the arrest occurs is a key factor in prevention.

WARNING SIGNS

There may not be any noticeable symptoms before a person experiences loss of consciousness and a full cardiac arrest (no pulse and no breathing).

Warning signs can include a complaint of:

- Chest Discomfort
- Unusual Shortness of Breath
- · Racing or Irregular Heartbeat
- Fainting or Passing Out

EMERGENCY SIGNS - Call EMS (911)

If a person experiences any of the following signs, call EMS (911) immediately:

- If an athlete collapses suddenly during competition
- If a blow to the chest from a ball, puck or another player precedes an athlete's complaints of any of the warning signs of sudden cardiac arrest
- If an athlete does not look or feel right and you are just not sure

How can I help prevent a sudden cardiac arrest?

Daily physical activity, proper nutrition, and adequate sleep are all important aspects of lifelong health. Additionally, you can assist by:

- Knowing if you have a family history of sudden cardiac arrest (onset of heart disease in a family member before the age of 50 or a sudden, unexplained death at an early age)
- Telling your health care provider during your pre-season physical about any unusual symptoms of chest discomfort, shortness of breath, racing or irregular heartbeat, or feeling faint, especially if you feel these symptoms with physical activity
- Taking only prescription drugs that are prescribed to you by your health care provider
- Being aware that the inappropriate use of prescription medications or energy drinks can increase your risk
- Being honest and reporting symptoms of chest discomfort, unusual shortness of breath, racing or irregular heartbeat, or feeling faint

What should I do if I think I am developing warning signs that may lead to sudden cardiac arrest?

- Tell an adult your parent or guardian, your coach, your athletic trainer or your school nurse
- 2. Get checked out by your health care provider
- 3. Take care of your heart
- Remember that the most dangerous thing you can do is to do nothing

CONCUSSION SPORTS

A FACT SHEET FOR CILLERS

Concussion facts:

- A concussion is a brain injury that affects how your brain works.
- A concussion is caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body.
- A concussion can happen even if you haven't been knocked out.
- If you think you have a concussion, you should not return to play on the day of the injury and not until a health care professional says you are OK to return to play.

What are the symptoms of a concussion?

Concussion symptoms differ with each person and with each injury, and they may not be noticeable for hours or days. Common symptoms include:

- Headache
- Confusion
- Difficulty remembering or paying attention
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Feeling irritable, more emotional, or "down"
- Nausea or vomiting
- Bothered by light or noise
- Double or blurry vision
- Slowed reaction time
- Sleep problems
- Loss of consciousness

During recovery, exercising or activities that involve a lot of concentration (such as studying, working on the computer, or playing video games) may cause concussion symptoms to reappear or get worse.

What should I do if I think I have a concussion?

DON'T HIDE IT. REPORT IT. Ignoring your symptoms and trying to "tough it out" often makes symptoms worse. Tell your coach, parent, and athletic trainer if you think you or one of your teammates may have a concussion. Don't let anyone pressure you into continuing to practice or play with a concussion.

GET CHECKED OUT. Only a health care professional can tell if you have a concussion and when it's OK to return to play. Sports have injury timeouts and player substitutions so that you can get checked out and the team can perform at its best. The sooner you get checked out, the sooner you may be able to safely return to play.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR BRAIN. A concussion can affect your ability to do schoolwork and other activities. Most athletes with a concussion get better and return to sports, but it is important to rest and give your brain time to heal. A repeat concussion that occurs while your brain is still healing can cause long-term problems that may change your life forever.

How can I help prevent a concussion?

Every sport is different, but there are steps you can take to protect yourself.

- Follow your coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Practice good sportsmanship at all times.

If you think you have a concussion:

Don't hide it. Report it. Take time to recover.

It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

For more information, visit www.cdc.gov/Concussion.



CONCUSSION SPORTS

A FACT SHEET FOR FAILENIS

What is a concussion?

A concussion is a type of traumatic brain injury. Concussions are caused by a bump or blow to the head. Even a "ding," "getting your bell rung," or what seems to be a mild bump or blow to the head can be serious.

You can't see a concussion. Signs and symptoms of concussion can show up right after the injury or may not appear or be noticed until days or weeks after the injury. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms yourself, seek medical attention right away.

What are the signs and symptoms of a concussion?

If your child has experienced a bump or blow to the head during a game or practice, look for any of the following signs of a concussion:

SYMPTOMS REPORTED BY ATHLETE

- Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or blurry vision
- Sensitivity to light
- Sensitivity to noise
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Concentration or memory problems
- Confusion
- Just "not feeling right" or "feeling down"

SIGNS OBSERVED BY PARENTS/GUARDIANS

- Appears dazed or stunned
- Is confused about assignment or position
- Forgets an instruction
- Is unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily
- Answers questions slowly
- Loses consciousness (even briefly)
- Shows mood, behavior, or personality changes

How can you help your child prevent a concussion or other serious brain injury?

- Ensure that they follow their coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Encourage them to practice good sportsmanship at all times.
- Make sure they wear the right protective equipment for their activity. Protective equipment should fit properly and be well maintained.
- Wearing a helmet is a must to reduce the risk of a serious brain injury or skull fracture.
 - However, helmets are not designed to prevent concussions. There is no "concussion-proof" helmet.
 So, even with a helmet, it is important for kids and teens to avoid hits to the head.

What should you do if you think your child has a concussion?

SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION RIGHT AWAY. A health care professional will be able to decide how serious the concussion is and when it is safe for your child to return to regular activities, including sports.

KEEP YOUR CHILD OUT OF PLAY. Concussions take time to heal. Don't let your child return to play the day of the injury and until a health care professional says it's OK. Children who return to play too soon—while the brain is still healing—risk a greater chance of having a repeat concussion. Repeat or later concussions can be very serious. They can cause permanent brain damage, affecting your child for a lifetime.

TELL YOUR CHILD'S COACH ABOUT ANY PREVIOUS CONCUSSION. Coaches should know if your child had a previous concussion. Your child's coach may not know about a concussion your child received in another sport or activity unless you tell the coach.

If you think your teen has a concussion:
Don't assess it yourself, Take him/her out of play.
Seek the advice of a health care professional.

It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

For more information, visit www.cdc.gov/Concussion.



SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND SIGNATURE FORM FOR PARENTS AND STUDENTS

Student's Name (Please Print):		
Activity Participating In (Current and P	otential):	
School:	Grade:	
IC 20-34-8 requires schools to distribu parents on the nature and risk of sudd continuing to participate in physical acmust also include information about ebenefits of testing.	den cardiac arrest (SCA) to students, in ctivities while experiencing warning si	ncluding the risks of gns of SCA. These sheets
	ven the information sheet, and both r ormation to the student's coach or ba	nust sign and return a and leader. Applicable
IC 20-34-8 states that a student who is the activity and may not return to the permission from a parent for the stud permission must be replaced by a writ	e activity until the coach or band leade lent to resume particlpation. Within to	er has received verbal
Parent - please read the SCA Fact Sheer read the SCA Fact Sheet for Students. child sign this form and have your child sign this form the sign thin this form and have your child sign this form the sign thin this form the sign that th	After reading these fact sheets, plea	se ensure that you and your
I, as a student participating in an athle read the SCA Fact Sheet for Students. continuing to participate if I am exper	I understand the warning signs of SC	g band, have received and A, including the risks of
(Signature of Student	Athlete)	(Date)
I, as the parent of the above-named sunderstand the nature and risk of SCA experiencing warning signs of SCA.	tudent, have received and read the S A, including the risks of continuing to	CA Fact Sheet for Parents. I participate after
(Signature of Parent or	r Guardian)	(Date)

CONCUSSION ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND SIGNATURE FORM FOR PARENTS AND STUDENT ATHLETES

Student Athlete's Name (Please Print):	
Sport Participating In (Current and Potential):	
School:	Grade:
IC 20-34-7 requires schools to distribute information sheets to info their parents on the nature and risk of concussion and head injury risks of continuing to play after concussion or head injury.	orm and educate student athletes and to student athletes, including the
This law requires that each year, before beginning practice for an i athlete and the student athlete's parents must be given an inform return a form acknowledging receipt of the information to the stud	ation sheet, and both must sign and
IC 20-34-7 states that an interscholastic student athlete, in grades concussion or head injury in a practice or game, shall be removed may not return to play until the student athlete has received a wricare provider trained in the evaluation and management of concustwenty-four hours have passed since the injury occurred.	from play at the time of injury and tten clearance from a licensed health
Parent/Guardian - please read the Concussion Fact Sheet for Parenathlete has received and read the Concussion Fact Sheet for Stude please ensure that you and your student athlete sign this form and this form to his/her coach.	ents. After reading these fact sheets,
As a student athlete, I have received and read the Concussion Fact the nature and risk of concussion and head injury to student athle to play after concussion or head injury.	
(Signature of Student Athlete)	(Date)
I, as the parent or legal guardian of the above-named student, have Fact Sheet for Parents. I understand the nature and risk of concustabletes, including the risks of continuing to play after concussion	ssion and head injury to student
(Signature of Parent or Guardian)	(Date)