DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2020

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October 5, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Board of Trustees Dietrich School District No. 314 Dietrich, ID 83324

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dietrich School District No. 314 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Governmental Activities Each major fund Aggregate remaining fund information Qualified Opinion Unmodified Opinion Unmodified Opinion

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Dietrich School District No. 314, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the District has implemented GASB No. 75 this year. This has resulted in a restatement of the beginning net position amount on the Statement of Activities.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer's contribution on pages 36 through 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Dietrich School District No. 314's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Independent Auditor's Report Page Three

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated October 5, 2020, on our consideration of the Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting are reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmenta	I Activities
ASSETS <u>CURRENT ASSETS</u> Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Investments Investments - Restricted Net Receivables Inventory <u>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</u>	\$ 16,868 209,206 1,006,991 60,211 95,546 11,953	\$ 1,400,775
TOTAL CONCENT ACCE TO		φ 1, 4 00,775
<u>NONCURRENT ASSETS</u> Long-Term Receivables Net OPEB Asset Capital Assets (Non-depreciated) Capital Assets (depreciated - net)	\$ 2,767 80,529 80,000 4,557,678	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		4,720,974
TOTAL ASSETS		6,121,749
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB Obligations Pension Obligations TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 33,276 354,866	388,142
<u>LIABILITIES</u> <u>CURRENT LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Interest Payable Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	\$	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		367,986
<u>NONCURRENT LIABILITIES</u> Net Pension Liability Lease Payable (net of current portion) Bond Payable (net of current portion)	\$ 414,005 0 2,115,000	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		2,529,005
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,896,991

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

	Governmental Activities			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Sources	\$	189,832		
OPEB Sources		4,654		
Deferred Amount on Net Bond Premium		91,463		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				285,949
NET POSITION				
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$2,	,282,564		
Non-spendable:				
Inventory		11,953		
Restricted for:				
Debt Service		194,121		
Capital Projects		29,910		
Federal and State Programs		42,324		
Unrestricted		766,079		
TOTAL NET POSITION			\$	3,326,951

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Program Revenues			
			Operating	Capital Grants	
Primary Government		Charges for	Grants and	and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction	\$ 1,369,973		\$ 415,012		
Support	99,759		16,749	\$	
General Administrative	301,899				
Custodial/Maintenance	229,796		51,259		
Student Transportation	150,537		186,439		
Non-Instructional - Food Service	148,818	\$ 23,815	111,591		
Debt Service - Interest on Debt	79,648		66,755		
Total Governmental Activities	2,380,430	23,815	847,805	0	
Business-Type Activities None					
Total Business-Type Activities	0	0	0	0	
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,380,430	\$ 23,815	\$ 847,805	<u>\$0</u>	

General Revenue Property Taxes State Formula Support Other State Support Local Revenue Investment Earnings

Total General Revenue

Changes in Net Assets

Net Position - Beginning (Restated)

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and			
	Changes in Net Assets Primary Government		
Governmental	Business-Type		
Activities	Activities	Total	
\$ (954,961)		\$ (954,961)	
(83,010)		(83,010)	
(301,899)		(301,899)	
(178,537)		(178,537)	
35,902		35,902	
(13,412)		(13,412)	
(12,893)		(12,893)	
(1,508,810)		(1,508,810)	
0	\$ 0	0	
(4.500.040)			
(1,508,810)	0	(1,508,810)	
135,431		135,431	
1,355,080		1,355,080	
2,893		2,893	
114,141		114,141	
30,557		30,557	
1,638,102	0_	1,638,102	
129,292	0	129,292	
3,197,659	00	3,197,659	
\$ 3,326,951	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 3,326,951	

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH , IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Investments	\$ 16,868 1,006,991	\$ 15,924	\$ 166,882
Restricted Assets - Investments Property Taxes Receivable Interfund Balances	74		30,601 48,141 59,537
Due From Other Governments	50,098		,
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,074,031	\$ 15,924	\$ 305,161
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Balances	\$ 2,507	\$ 528	
Contracts and Benefits Payable	182,033	8,163	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	184,540	8,691	\$0
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows from Property Taxes	0_		2,767
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0_	0_	2,767
<u>FUND BALANCES</u> Restricted - Special Revenue Funds Restricted - Debt Service Fund Restricted - Capital Projects Fund Unassigned	889,491	7,233	302,094
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u></u>		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	889,491	7,233	302,094
TOTAL LIABILITIES ,DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,074,031	\$ 15,924	\$ 304,861

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

	Capital Project Funds	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$	29,910	\$	26,400	\$	16,868 209,206 1,006,991 60,511 48,215 59,537 50,098
\$	29,910	\$	26,400	\$	1,451,426
¢	50 527	\$	126	\$	3,161
\$	59,537		25,978		59,537 216,174
	59,537		26,104		278,872
					2,767
	0		0		2,767
			296		7,529 302,094
	(29,627)				(29,627) 889,491
	(29,627)		296		1,169,487
\$	29,910	\$	26,400	\$	1,451,126

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH , IDAHO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Food Service Fund	De	bt Service Fund
<u>REVENUES</u> Property Taxes and Penalty and Interest State Foundation Support	\$		\$	137,068
Other State Support/Grants	175,558			66,755
Federal Revenue/Grants	0	\$ 111,591		,
Other Local Revenue	114,141	23,815		
TOTAL REVENUES	1,910,476	135,406		203,823
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional	1,134,226			
Support	80,889			
General Administrative	323,772			
Custodial/Maintenance	232,956			
Student Transportation	138,785	450 445		
Non-Instructional	2,911	153,415		
Capital Expenditures Debt Service - Principal	41,774 0			95,000
Debt Service - Interest and Charges	0			95,000 78,327
Debi Service - Interest and Charges	0			10,521
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,955,313	153,415		173,327
EXCESS REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(44,837)	(18,009)		30,496
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings on Investments Transfers In (Out)	22,807	131		1,903
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	22,807	131		1,903
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(22,030)	(17,878)		32,399
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	911,521	25,111		269,695
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 889,491	\$ 7,233	\$	302,094

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Capital Project Funds	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	¢ 70.000	\$ 137,360 1,620,485
	\$ 79,669 151,720	321,982 263,311 137,956
<u>\$</u> 0_	231,389	2,481,094
	219,578 16,749	1,353,804 97,638 323,772 232,956 138,785 156,326 41,774
24,612 1,321		119,612 79,648
25,933	236,327	2,544,315
(25,933)	(4,938)	(63,221)
		24,841 0
0	0_	24,841
(25,933)	(4,938)	(38,380)
(3,694)	5,234	1,207,867
\$ (29,627)	\$ 296	\$ 1,169,487

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

\$ 1,169,487

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Capital assets (non-depreciated and depreciated) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balances, \$80,000 of land, and \$7,160,085 net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,602,407	\$ 4,637,678	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	2,767	
Supplies purchased are reported as expenditures for fund reporting but are expensed as used for government-wide statements.	11,953	
Interest is recorded when paid for funds but is reported when payable in the current period for government wide statements.	(28,399)	
Amounts resulting from pension liabilities as a result of GASB 68 are not recorded in the fund statements:		
-Deferred Outflows Pension Obligations -Deferred Inflows Pension Sources -Net Pension Liability	354,866 (189,832) (414,005)	
Amounts resulting from OPEB assets as a result of GASB 75 are not recorded in the fund statements:		
-Deferred Outflows OPEB Obligations	33,276	
-Deferred Inflows OPEB Sources -Net OPEB Asset	(4,654) 80,529	
Bond premiums are financial resources to fund statements but are reported as earned for government-wide reporting. Bond premiums of \$114,327 net of amortization of \$22,864.	(91,463)	
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funde:		
not reported in the funds: Current Portion of Long-term Debt	(120,252)	
Capital Leases Outstanding Bonds	0	
Outstanding Bonds	(2,115,000)	
Net Changes		2,157,464
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 3,326,951

Total Governmental Fund Balances

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund Balances	\$ (38,380)
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. - Depreciation \$ (185,890) - Capital Expenditures \$ 42,600	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (1,929)	
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of Net Assets. 119,612	
Proceeds from bond premiums are listed as other financing sources in the funds but are reported as earned in the Statement of Activities - Premium Earned 5,716	
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds. 170,918	
Changes in net OPEB asset and related OPEB source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds. 16,645	
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	
Net Changes	 167,672
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 129,292

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Custodial Funds	
<u>Assets</u> Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	57,932
Total Assets		57,932
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts Payable		0
Total Liabilities		0
Net Position Restricted for Organizations		54,468
Total Net Position	\$	57,932

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Additions	
Dues and Contributions	\$ 141,347
Total Contributions	 141,347
Investment Earnings Interest, Dividends, and Other	
Total Investment Earnings	 -
Total Additions	 141,347
Deductions Student Group Expenditures	 137,883
Total Deductions	 137,883
Net Increase (decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	3,464
Net Position - Beginning	 54,468
Net Position - Ending	\$ 57,932

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. INTRODUCTION

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of Dietrich School District No. 314 are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The District is governed by an elected Board of Trustees which possesses final decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for those decisions. The Board is responsible for approving the budget, establishing spending limitations, funding any deficits, and borrowing funds and/or issuing bonds to finance school system operations and construction. All operations controlled by the Board are included within these financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

B - REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present the District (the primary government) and any component units of the District. As defined by GASB No. 14, component units are legally separate entities that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operating or financial relationships with the District. Based on this definition, the District has no component units.

The District contributes to the multi-employer Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). Persi is administered by the State of Idaho. A ten year history is provided in PERSI's annual report.

The District was established on July 18, 1910, as petitioned to Lincoln County under the laws and regulations of the State of Idaho. Idaho Code 33-301 School Districts Bodies Corporate states that each school district, now or hereafter established, when validly organized and existing, is declared to be a body corporate and politic, and in its corporate capacity, the District may sue and be sued and may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property necessary to its establishment, extension and existence. It shall have authority to issue negotiable coupon bonds and incur such other debt, in the amounts and manner, as provided by law. Title 33 of Idaho statutes dictates the laws that the District must operate under.

C - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District's federal grants, state grants, debt service, capital projects, plant facilities, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The District has no services classified as business-type activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in the Statement of Net Positions.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (local revenue, education foundation support, grants, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (instruction, support, administrative, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs. All interfund activity has been eliminated.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

D - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. *GASBS No. 34* sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District can electively add funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects

Capital Project Funds - The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes only one Capital Project Fund and it is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets with transfers made from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of interest and principle on the general long-term debt of the District. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the District's judgment.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the District in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund maintained by the District is the student body account.

E - MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- 3. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

- Accrual Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.
- 2. Modified Accrual The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F - ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the District.

Investments are carried at fair value except for short-term U.S. Treasury obligations with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 2.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods/services type transactions are classified as "due to/from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivable/payable ." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 7 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end. All interfund activity has been eliminated in the government-wide statement of activity.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, grants, and State foundation funding. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventories

In the government-wide statements, materials, supplies and food commodities are carried in an inventory account at the lower of cost or market and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. Inventories also include plant maintenance, operating, and instructional supplies. In the fund financial statements, inventory items are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to bond proceeds to be used for a capital construction project of the District and to state and federal grants. For expenditures that apply to both restricted and unrestricted resources, the District uses restricted funds first.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts and can represent a reservation of fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements. The District does not use encumbrance accounting. Therefore, there is no reservation of fund balance.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are decreases in net assets that relate to future periods and are reported in a separate section of its government-wide and governmental funds financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources from pension obligations affect the government-wide statements and no deferred outflows effect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s) and is because the District will not recognize the related revenues until a future event occurs. The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources and has only one type of item which occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred property taxes and grants are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The deferred outflows of resources reported in its government-wide financial statements is from pension sources.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. For fund financial statements, the District has maintained a \$500 limit before an item is recorded as a capital expenditure. The limits for the government-wide statements vary and are shown below.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets are not required to be valued and reported on the District's financial statements and the District has not elected to report them. Therefore, the value of any infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003, are not included in these statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation based on its capitalization amount. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization limits by type of asset are as follows:

	Capitalization
Life	Amount
3	\$5,000
5	\$5,000
5	\$5,000
7	\$10,000
40	\$15,000
50	\$50,000
	3 5 5 7 40

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Liability for Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed to accrue 5 days personal leave each year. At the end of the year, the employees are paid for all unused personal days. The days are paid at the rate paid to substitutes and is included in their June pay check. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences has been incurred or recorded at year end.

Vacation and sick days are not allowed to be carried over at the District level. Therefore, there is no liability associated with vacation or sick leave days.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are reported in the deferred inflows of resources section in the statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium of discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense;(expense offset), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Budget</u>

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

- 1. At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.
- 2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.
- 3. The board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.
- 4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

Equity Classifications (Net Position and Fund Balance)

Government-wide Financial Statements

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted net position first unless unrestricted net position will have to be returned because they were not used. Net position on the Statement of Net Position include the following:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - The component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position—Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position—All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Trustees. Formal action is done by making and approving a motion of the Board.

Assigned Fund Balance - Includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. The Board delegates, in Policy 7215, to the Superintendent or designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund.

Unassigned Fund Balance - Includes the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. If the Board chooses not to adopt a policy addressing the order of spending, the default approach of reducing committed, then assigned, then unassigned fund balances will be used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of Idaho Code Sections 33-701 and 67-1210. Under Idaho Code, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposits provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States treasury bill rates.

The classifications of risk associated with cash and investments are concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and custodial credit risk. These are defined as:

Concentration of Credit Risk - The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Interest Rate Risk - The exposure to an unfavorable change in interest rates.

Credit Risk - The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an event that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District does not have formal investment policies to limit the concentration of credit risk or the interest rate risk.

At June 30, 2020, the District had a carrying value of cash deposits of \$284,006 and a bank balance of \$301,994. Based on the above definitions, the District is subject to \$44,057 of concentration of credit risk.

Restricted cash is to be used as follows:	
State and Federal grants	\$ 42,324
Bond & Interest	199,882
Capital Projects (includes Seagraves Grant)	 29,910
Total	\$ 272,116

Fiduciary funds cash balance is \$57,932

Idaho Code authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities and repurchase agreements. The carrying value of investments owned at year end was \$1,067,202 (Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool) which approximates market value. The Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool has no credit rating. There are no sinking fund or reserve funds required.

Investments by the District in the State Treasury Pool are specifically excluded from reporting for custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk by GASB 40.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Restricted investments are to be used as follows:	
Capital Projects	\$ 29,910
Debt Service	 30,301
Total	\$ 60,211

NOTE 3 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED TAX REVENUES

The District's property tax is levied each October on the value listed as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the District. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every five years. The market value for the list of January 1, 2019, upon which the 2019 levy was based was \$68,750,925.

The tax rates assessed, per \$100 of valuation, for the year ended June 30, 2020, and maximum levy rates limited by Idaho Code Section 33-802 are as follows:

		Maximum
Туре	Rate	Rate
General	0.0000	Not Allowed
Tort	0.0001	No Limit
Bond	0.2217	No Limit

At June 30, 2020, the components of taxes receivable are as follows:

Property Tax year	General Fund					Total
2019	\$	74	\$	46,820	\$	46,894
2018		0		1,115		1,115
2017		0		206		206
Tatal	¢	74	¢	40 4 4 4	۴	40.045
<u>Total</u>	Þ	74	\$	48,141	\$	48,215

For fund financial statements, the recognition of revenue on taxes receivable shall not exceed 60 days collection after the June 30, 2020, year end. The collections for the 60 day period have been estimated based on prior years collection percentages. Property taxes uncollected by August 31, 2020, are deferred inflows of resources (deferred revenue). The components of deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Fund	Amount	
Debt Service Fund	\$ 2,767	
<u>Total</u>	\$ 2,767	

For government-wide statements, an allowance for uncollectable taxes is calculated. However, historical information shows that the uncollectable amount is immaterial to these statements and no allowance will be recorded until it becomes a material amount.

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives support from the State of Idaho through the School Foundation Program. Amounts due from federal and state governments at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Source - Description	(General Fund	 ecial ⁄enue	Total
State - Foundation	\$	50,098	\$ 0	\$ 50,098
<u>Total</u>	\$	50,098	\$ 0	\$ 50,098

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

The District controls risk of loss by having adequate insurance coverage. The type and coverage amount is listed below and is believed to be proper to protect the District from any losses:

Workers Compensation Insurance	Limited by State La		
General Liability	\$ 2,000,000		
Building	10,000,000		
Auto	2,000,000		
Errors and Omissions	2,000,000		
Chemical	500,000		

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 145,758
Support	7,112
Administration	4,203
Custodial/Maintenance	5,346
Student Transportation	22,524
Non-Instructional - Food Service	 947
Total	\$ 185,890

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows (beginning amounts restated to reflect GASB 34):

	Primary Government - Governmental Activities				
	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance	Additions Retiremer		Balance	
Non-depreciated assets:					
Land	\$ 80,000			\$ 80,000	
Construction-in-progress	0			0	
Subtotal	80,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	80,000	
Other capital assets:					
Buildings and Improvements	6,013,922			6,013,922	
Library	210,879	7,100		217,979	
Heavy Equipment and Busses	714,592	35,500		750,092	
Equipment	178,092			178,092	
Subtotal	7,117,485	42,600	0	7,160,085	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(1,532,139)	(139,771)		(1,671,910)	
Library	(210,879)	(2,367)		(213,246)	
Heavy Equipment and Busses	(506,599)	(39,562)		(546,161)	
Equipment	(166,900)	(4,190)		(171,090)	
Subtotal	(2,416,517)	(185,890)	0	(2,602,407)	
Net Depreciated Assets	4,700,968	(143,290)	0	4,557,678	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 4,780,968	\$ (143,290)	\$0	\$ 4,637,678	

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers and due to/from for the District for the year ended June 30, 2020, are summarized below:

Purpose	Receiving Fund	Paying Fund	 Amount
Transfers: To cover debt payment expenditures	Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 25,933
Due To/From:			
To cover current expenditures To cover current expenditures	Special Revenue Capital Projects	General Fund General Fund	37,640 34,829

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation which would adversely affect the District. The District has received several federal/state grants for specific purposes that were subject to review and audit of compliance conditions of the programs. Some of these programs require unobligated amounts at September 30, 2020, to be returned. Since this amount is not capable of being measured at year end, no accrual has been recorded. The reports on internal accounting controls and compliance elements are contained on pages 62 to 64. This audit found no elements of non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the individual programs audited.

NOTE 9 - REQUIRED DISCLOSURE - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following nonmajor funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2020:	
Title I-A Local Program	\$ (17,558)
REAP	(9,761)
Special Education—Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	(13,334)
Perkins III - Vocational Technology	(4,568)
Title I-C Migrant Program	(15,285)
Title IV Student Support	(3,166)
Special Education—Grants to States (IDEA, Preschool)	(1,293)
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality	(286)

NOTE 10 - DEBT

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt obligations and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Amount Outstanding Beginning	Issued	Retired	Amount Outstanding Ending
Capital Lease @ 2.65% - Bus 2016 Bond Issue @ 3.25%	\$ 49,864 2,305,000		\$ 24,612 95,000	\$ 25,252 2,210,000
<u>Total</u>	\$ 2,354,864	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 119,612	\$ 2,235,252

The capital leases have no special assessments made for funding of the leases. A special, voter approved, tax assessment is used to pay for the bond debt requirements. See Note 3 for the levy rate and other tax information concerning the debt funding assessment. Bond funds are to be used for the construction/remodel of the school building.

NOTE 10 - DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the bond issue as of June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Bond Principal	Lease Principal	Interest	Total
,		I		
2021	\$ 95,000	\$ 25,252	\$ 74,167	\$ 194,419
2022	100,000		69,588	169,588
2023	105,000		66,538	171,538
2024	110,000		63,288	173,288
2025	110,000		58,888	168,888
2026	115,000		54,388	169,388
2027	120,000		49,688	169,688
2028	125,000		45,256	170,256
2029	130,000		41,113	171,113
2030	135,000		36,806	171,806
2031	140,000		32,338	172,338
2032	145,000		27,706	172,706
2033	150,000		22,913	172,913
2034	150,000		18,038	168,038
2035	155,000		13,081	168,081
2036	160,000		7,963	167,963
2037	165,000		2,681	167,681
Total	\$ 2,210,000	\$ 25,252	\$ 684,436	\$ 2,919,688

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <u>www.persi.idaho.gov.</u>

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2019 was as follows:

48,120
13,536
72,502
134,158

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by stature at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2019 it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. On July 1, 2019 it changed to 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The District's employer contributions required and paid were \$154,280, \$139,081 and \$136,410 for the three years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .0362694 percent,

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$140,125. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	38,476	\$	48,792
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		23,029		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		141,040
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions		-		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		293,361		-
Total	\$	354,866	\$	189,832

\$293,361 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2018 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is 4.8 and 4.8 for the measurement period June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2020	\$ (14,908)
2021	\$ (63,870)
2022	\$ (31,112)
2023	\$ (18,438)
Thereafter - Additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources	\$ -
may impact these numbers.	

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases including inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of pension plan investment expense
Cost of Living (COLA) Adjustments	1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP – 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- · Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions including mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2019 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2019

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return expected for return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2018.

Asset Allocation	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic)	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	3.05%	0.80%
Broad Us Equities	55.00%	8.30%	6.05%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.45%	6.20%
Assumed Inflation - Mean Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		2.25% 1.50%	2.25% 1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.75%	4.50%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.54%	12.54%
		-	-
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.13%	3.77%
Assume Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return,	Net of Invest. Exp.	5.73%	3.37%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of			4.19%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investme Assumed Inflation Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of Inv			4.05% 3.00% 7.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.05%)	Current Discount Rate (7.05%)	1% Increase (8.05%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,250,455	\$ 414,005	\$ (277,712)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <u>www.persi.idaho.gov.</u>

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2020, the District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 12 - EARNINGS ON INVESTMENTS

The components of earnings on investments are:

	Fund Statements		-	Govt-Wide Statements	
Interest Income Amortization of Bond Premium	\$	24,841 0	\$	24,841 5,716	
Net Income	\$	24,841	\$	30,557	

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Dietrich School District #314 contributes to the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (Sick Leave Plan) which is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits that are administered by PERSI that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for the Sick Leave Plan. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Sick Leave Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Board of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Other Post Employment Benefits

Group retiree health, dental, accident, and life insurance premiums may qualify as a benefit. Retirees who have a sick leave account can use their balance as a credit towards these premiums paid directly to the applicable insurance company.

Employer Contributions

The contribution rate for employers are set by statute at .065% of covered compensation for state members. Covered school members contribution rates are set by statute based on the number of sick days offered by the employer. The contribution rate of 1.16% for school members with nine or ten sick days, 1.26% for school members with 11-14 sick days. If a school member has more than 14 days of sick leave then the contribution rate will be set by the PERSI Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually. The District's contributions were \$7,061 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2020, the District reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contributions of all participating Sick Leave employers. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .0840762 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense (expense offset) of \$2,930 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset.

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. The Sick Leave Plan amortizes any net OPEB asset based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Sick Leave Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases including inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of pension plan investment expense

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The health care trend rate is not applicable as the benefit amount a participant will receive is established with a set amount upon retirement thus would have no impact.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Capital Market Assumptions

	Expected Return	Expected Risk	Strategic Normal	Strategic Ranges
Asset Class	Return	T I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Norma	Tranges
Equities			70.00%	66% - 77%
Broad Domestic Equity	9.15%	19.00%	55.00%	50% - 65%
International	9.25%	20.20%	15.00%	10% - 20%
Fixed Income	3.05%	3.75%	30.00%	23% - 33%
Cash	2.25%	0.90%	0.00%	0% - 5%

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

	Expected	Expected	Expected	Expected
<u>Total Fund</u>	Return	Inflation	Real Return	Risk
Actuary	7.00%	3.25%	3.75%	N/A
Portfolio	6.58%	2.25%	4.33%	12.67%
Actuarial Assumptions				
Assumed Inflation - Mean				3.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation				2.00%
Dautfalia Arithmatia Maan Datuma				00.000/

Portfolio Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return 7.5	60%
Assumed Investment Expenses 0.3	5%
Long-Term Expected Geomatric Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses 7.0	5%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of OPEB plan investment expense but without reduction for OPEB plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.05%)	Current Discount Rate (7.05%)	1% Increase (8.05%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (70,910)	<u>\$ (80,529)</u>	\$ (89,677)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020, the District reported payables to the defined benefit OPEB plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Membership in the Sick Leave Insurance Retirement Fund as of June 30, 2019 measurement Date

	State	School
Active Members Retirees and Beneficiaries	16,932.00 5,232.00	33,114.00 6,229.00
	22,164.00	39,343.00

NOTE 14 - MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT

Under federal law, local educational agencies (LEAs) that receive Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B (IDEA-B) funds must maintain local or combined local and state expenditures in each subsequent year of funding. This requirement is called "maintenance of effort" (MOE). Below is the MOE for the District.

	For the year ended June 30,						
Account	 2019		2018		2017		2016
100-521XXX	\$ 52,743	\$	68,243	\$	66,726	\$	63,890
100-522XXX	0		0		0		0
100-616XXX	185		176		202		202
Medicaid Reimbursement	 n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a
Maintenance of Effort	\$ 52,928	\$	68,419	\$	66,928	\$	64,092

Based on theses amounts, the District may be subject to a payback of \$15,491, or a reduction in grant funds of that amount. However, the District believes it can meet MOE based on an exception due to a reduction in salaries

NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Beginning net postion on the statement of activities was restated to \$3,197,659 due to the implementation of GASB 75 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The amount is calculated as follows:

Beginning Balance	\$ 3,105,153
Deferred Outflows - OPEB Obligations	22,579
Net OPEB (Liability) Asset	74,343
Defer Inflow - Employer OPEB Obligation	 (4,416)
Ending Balance	\$ 3,197,659

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 732,300	\$ 732,300	\$ 911,521	\$ 179,221
<u>Resources (Inflows)</u> Local Revenue				
Property Taxes	0	0	292	292
Property Tax Penalty and Interest	0	0	0	0
Other Local Revenue	60,200	60,200	114,141	53,941
Total Local Revenue	60,200	60,200	114,433	54,233
State Revenue				
Base Support Program	1,393,100	1,393,100	1,355,080	(38,020)
Transportation Support	95,100	95,100	78,966	(16,134)
Benefit Apportionment	189,300	189,300	186,439	(2,861)
Other State Support	117,900	117,900	121,406	3,506
Lottery Revenue	47,000	47,000	51,259	4,259
Revenue in Lieu / Ag Replacement Tax	2,800	2,800	2,893	93
Total State Revenue	1,845,200	1,845,200	1,796,043	(49,157)
<u>Other Sources</u> Earnings on Investments	0_	0	22,807	22,807
Total Other Sources	0	0	22,807	22,807
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,637,700	2,637,700	2,844,804	207,104
<u>Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)</u> <u>Instructional</u> <u>Elementary School Program</u>				
Salaries	332,500	332,500	348,280	(15,780)
Benefits	107,400	107,400	104,003	3,397
Supplies	14,800	14,800	19,525	(4,725)
Total Elementary School Program	454,700	454,700	471,808	(17,108)
Secondary School Program				
Salaries	306,500	306,500	354,625	(48,125)
Benefits	101,100	101,100	102,790	(1,690)
Purchased Services	2,000	2,000	5,595	(3,595)
Supplies	12,500	12,500	5,720	6,780
Total Secondary School Program	422,100	422,100	468,730	(46,630)

Continued

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Vocational			/	/
Salaries	\$ 65,100	\$ 65,100	\$ 58,420	\$ 6,680
Benefits	25,100	25,100	13,761	11,339
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0
Supplies	400	400	5,653	(5,253)
Total Vocational	90,600	90,600	77,834	12,766
				<u>,</u>
Special Education				
Salaries	52,300	52,300	38,724	13,576
Benefits	16,400	16,400	13,119	3,281
Supplies	0	0	900	(900)
Total Special Education	68,700	68,700	52,743	15,957
<u>Gifted & Talented</u>				
Salaries	7,600	7,600	3,500	4,100
Benefits	1,600	1,600	706	894
Supplies	0	0	0	0
Capital Purchases	0	0	0	0
Total Gifited & Talented	9,200	9,200	4,206	4,994
Interscholastic	44,400	44,400	00.000	0.470
Salaries	41,400	41,400	38,928	2,472
Benefits	9,700	9,700	11,252	(1,552)
Purchased Services	2,200	2,200	1,864	336
Supplies	1,500	1,500	1,150	350
Capital Purchases	700	700	0_	700
Total Interscholastic	55,500	55,500	53,194	2,306
School Activity				
Salaries	2,500	2,500	1,600	900
Benefits	600	600	474	126
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0
Supplies	<u>0</u>	0	<u>0</u>	0
Total School Activity	3,100	3,100	2,074	1,026

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Summer School	• • • • • • •	* • • • • • •	* • • • • • • •	• -•		
Salaries	\$ 3,600	\$ 3,600	\$ 2,864	\$ 736		
Benefits	800	800	773	27		
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0		
Supplies	300	300	0	300		
Total Summer School	4,700	4,700	3,637	1,063		
Total Instructional	1,108,600	1,108,600	1,134,226	(25,626)		
Support Guidance						
Salaries	17,200	17,200	15,000	2,200		
Benefits	3,500	3,500	4,764	(1,264)		
Purchased Services	2,600	2,600	1,840	760		
Supplies	1,000	1,000	0	1,000		
Total Guidance	24,300	24,300	21,604	2,696		
Special Services						
Purchased Services	1,200	1,200	185	1,015		
Supplies	0	0	0	0		
Total Special Services	1,200	1,200	185	1,015		
Instruction Improvement						
Salaries	13,600	13,600	13,533	67		
Benefits	2,800	2,800	3,777	(977)		
Purchased Services	10,100	10,100	0	10,100		
Supplies	2,000	2,000	0	2,000		
Total Instruction Improvement	28,500	28,500	17,310	11,190		
Educational Media						
Salaries	7,000	7,000	8,103	(1,103)		
Benefits	5,200	5,200	5,506	(306)		
Supplies	1,800	1,800	1,443	357		
Total Educational Media	14,000	14,000	15,052	(1,052)		

	Budgete	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Technology Coordinator	ф О	¢ 0	¢ 0	¢ 0	
Salaries Purchased Services	\$0 2,200	\$0 2,200	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Supplies	2,200 9,500	2,200 9,500	12,046 0	(9,846) 9,500	
Capital Outlay	9,500	9,500	0	9,500	
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	
Total Technology Coordinator	11,700	11,700	12,046	(346)	
Total Support	79,700	79,700	66,197	13,503	
<u>General Administrative</u> Board of Education					
Salaries	5,700	5,700	4,993	707	
Benefits	500	500	382	118	
Purchased Services	8,500	8,500	9,560	(1,060)	
Supplies	2,100	2,100	1,015	1,085	
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	
Total Board of Education	16,800	16,800	15,950	850	
District Administration					
Salaries	36,500	36,500	77,224	(40,724)	
Benefits	22,000	22,000	31,819	(9,819)	
Purchased Services	14,600	14,600	4,934	9,666	
Supplies	1,000	1,000	526	474	
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	
Insurance	28,300	28,300	29,117	(817)	
Total District Administration	102,400	102,400	143,620	(41,220)	
School Administration					
Salaries	108,000	108,000	64,838	43,162	
Benefits	34,100	34,100	21,768	12,332	
Purchased Services	7,400	7,400	4,614	2,786	
Supplies	1,900	1,900	1,174	726	
Total School Administration	151,400	151,400	92,394	59,006	

		ed Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable
Dursing and One metion of	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)
<u>Business Operations</u> Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay	\$ 47,500 15,600 3,700 3,400 0	\$ 47,500 15,600 3,700 3,400 0	\$ 44,360 14,796 9,190 3,462 0	\$ 3,140 804 (5,490) (62) 0
Total Business Operations	70,200	70,200	71,808	(1,608)
<u>Admin. Technology</u> Supplies	0	0_	0	0
Total Admin. Technology	0	0	0	0
Total General Administrative	340,800	340,800	323,772	17,028
<u>Custodial / Maintenance</u> <u>Custodians</u> Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay	36,100 19,200 60,500 12,100 0	36,100 19,200 60,500 12,100 0	41,246 19,433 53,515 11,145 6,274	(5,146) (233) 6,985 955 (6,274)
Total Custodians	127,900	127,900	131,613	(3,713)
<u>Maintenance - Buildings</u> Benefits Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay	0 500 2,500 800	0 500 2,500 800	0 430 1,734 1,440	0 70 766 (640)
Total Maintenance - Buildings	3,800	3,800	3,604	196
Maintenance - Student Occupied Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay Insurance <u>Total Maintenance - Student Occ.</u>	31,400 10,300 400 14,900 0 0 57,000	31,400 10,300 400 14,900 0 0 57,000	21,190 7,927 10,861 18,218 0 0 58,196	10,210 2,373 (10,461) (3,318) 0 0 (1,196)
	57,000	57,000	50,190	(1,190)

Continued

	Budgete	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Maintenance - Grounds			<u>,</u>	<i>`</i>
Purchased Services	\$ 4,200	\$ 4,200	\$ 2,977	\$ 1,223
Supplies	12,600	12,600	7,576	5,024
Capital Outlay	0	0	35,500	(35,500)
Total Maintenance - Grounds	16,800	16,800	46,053	(29,253)
Total Custodial / Maintenance	205,500	205,500	239,466	(33,966)
Security Program				
Purchased Services	4,700	4,700	30,743	(26,043)
Supplies	2,100	2,100	4,521	(2,421)
Total Security Program	6,800	6,800	35,264	(28,464)
Student Transportation School Transportation				
Salaries	62,100	62,100	79,075	(16,975)
Benefits	24,800	24,800	27,698	(2,898)
Purchased Services	15,700	15,700	10,995	4,705
Supplies	23,400	23,400	18,651	4,749
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Total School Transportation	126,000	126,000	136,419	(10,419)
General Transportation				
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0
Supplies	1,000	1,000	2,366	(1,366)
Total General Transportation	1,000	1,000	2,366	(1,366)
			<u>.</u>	<u>, </u>
Total Transportation	127,000	127,000	138,785	(11,785)
Other Support Services				
Purchased Services	19,100	19,100	13,532	5,568
Supplies	0	0	1,160	(1,160)
Total Other Support Services	19,100	19,100	14,692	4,408
Non-Instructional				
Benefits	3,300	3,300	2,911	389
Supplies	0	0	0	0
Total Non-Instructional	3,300	3,300	2,911	389 Continued

	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable	
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)	
Contingency Reserve Interfund Transfers	\$ 717,300 26,000	\$ 717,300 26,000	\$0 0	\$ 717,300 26,000	
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,634,100	2,634,100	1,955,313	678,787	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 3,600	\$ 3,600	\$ 889,491	\$ 885,891	

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				A (B Ba	Actual mounts udgetary sis) (See Note 1)	Fina Fa	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	25,111	\$	(9,889)	
<u>Resources (Inflows)</u> <u>Local Revenue</u> Children Meal Sales Adult Meal Sales Other Local Revenue		20,800 5,600		20,800 5,600		22,867 170 778		2,067 (5,430) 778	
Total Local Revenue		26,400		26,400		23,815		(2,585)	
<u>State Revenue</u> State Revenue		0		0		0		0	
Total State Revenue		0		0		0		0	
Federal Revenue Child Nutrition Reimbursement		98,600		98,600		111,591		12,991	
Total Federal Revenue		98,600		98,600		111,591		12,991	
<u>Other Sources</u> Earnings on Investments Interfund Transfers		0 0		0 0		131 0		131 0	
Total Other Sources		0		0		131		131	
Amounts Available for Appropriations		160,000		160,000		160,648		648	
<u>Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)</u> <u>Non-Instructional</u> Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay		43,100 17,400 0 64,500 0		43,100 17,400 0 64,500 0		62,068 7,181 187 83,979 0		(18,968) 10,219 (187) (19,479) 0	
Total Non-Instructional		125,000		125,000		153,415		(28,415)	
Total Charges to Appropriations		125,000		125,000		153,415		(28,415)	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	7,233	\$	(27,767)	

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY <u>PERSI - BASE PLAN</u> LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

	Employer's		mployer's oportionate		Employer's covered-	Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the
Year Ended	portion of net	•	re of the net		employee	employee	total pension
June 30,	pension liability		sion liability	payroll		payroll	liability
2020	0.0362694%	\$	414,005	\$	1,292,128	32.04%	93.79%
2019	0.0374543%	\$	552,457	\$	1,228,630	44.97%	91.69%
2018	0.0380686%	\$	598,373	\$	1,205,039	49.66%	90.68%
2017	0.0390164%	\$	790,922	\$	1,181,240	66.96%	87.26%
2016	0.0422452%	\$	556,301	\$	1,141,115	48.75%	91.38%
2015	0.0421504%	\$	310,293	\$	1,281,828	24.21%	94.95%
2014	*		*		*	*	*
2013	*		*		*	*	*
2012	*		*		*	*	*
2011	*		*		*	*	*

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2018

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily required	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		ation to the statutorily Contribution required (deficiency)		Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2020	\$ 154,280	\$	154,280	\$	-	\$ 1,292,128	11.94%	
2019	\$ 139,081	\$	139,081	\$	-	\$ 1,228,630	11.32%	
2018	\$ 136,410	\$	136,410	\$	-	\$ 1,205,039	11.32%	
2017	\$ 133,716	\$	133,716	\$	-	\$ 1,181,240	11.32%	
2016	\$ 129,174	\$	129,174	\$	-	\$ 1,141,115	11.32%	
2015	\$ 145,103	\$	145,103	\$	-	\$ 1,281,828	11.32%	
2014	*		*		*	*	*	
2013	*		*		*	*	*	
2012	*		*		*	*	*	
2011	*		*		*	*	*	

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020

* GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB ASSET <u>PERSI - SICK LEAVE</u> LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

						Employer's proportional share of the net	
						OPEB asset as	
		E	mployer's		Employer's	a percentage of	Plan fiduciary net
	Employer's	•	portionate		covered-	its covered-	position as a
Year Ended	portion of net		e of the net		employee	employee	percentage of the
June 30,	OPEB asset	OF	PEB asset		payroll	payroll	total OPEB asset
0000	0.450400000/	^	00 500	•	4 000 740	0 500/	
2020	0.1531062%	\$	80,529	\$	1,238,740	6.50%	138.51%
2019	0.1512122%	\$	74,343	\$	1,228,630	6.05%	135.69%
2018	*		*		*	*	*
2017	*		*		*	*	*
2016	*		*		*	*	*
2015	*		*		*	*	*
2014	*		*		*	*	*
2013	*		*		*	*	*
2012	*		*		*	*	*
2011	*		*		*	*	*

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2019

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - OPEB PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	ı	tatutorily required entribution	rela si r	tributions in ation to the tatutorily equired ntribution		ontribution eficiency) excess		Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
2020	\$	7,061	\$	7,160	\$	(99.00)	\$	1,238,740	0.57%
2019	\$	13,791	\$	13,791	\$	-	\$	1,228,630	1.12%
2018		*		*		*		*	*
2017		*		*	*		*		*
2016		*		*		*		*	*
2015		*		*		*		*	*
2014		*		*		*		*	*
2013		*		*		*		*	*
2012		*		*		*		*	*
2011		*		*		*		*	*

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020

* GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET TO GAAP

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and revenues and expenditures determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America follows:

	General Fund	Food Service
<u>Sources/Inflows of Resources</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 2,844,804	\$ 160,648
<u>Differences - Budget to GAAP</u> The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(911,521)	(25,111)
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting		0
Earnings from investments are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(22,807)	(131)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,910,476</u>	<u>\$ 135,406</u>
<u>Uses/Outflows of Resources</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 1,955,313	\$ 153,415
<u>Differences - Budget to GAAP</u> Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting	0_	0_
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,955,313</u>	<u>\$ 153,415</u>

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - REQUIRED FUND DISCLOSURE

The following funds had excess actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures:

Fund	Budget		Actual		Overage	
Food Service	\$	125,000	\$	153,415	\$	28,415

NOTE 3 - BUDGET PROCESS

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

1) At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.

2) At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.

3) The board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.

4) The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

5) The legal budget is adopted at the function level.

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - PENSION DISCLOSURES

The following information is required to be disclosed as it relates to the pension:

- Changes of benefit terms:	None
 Changes in composition of the population covered by the benefit terms: 	None
- Changes of assumptions:	None

NOTE 5 - OPEB DISCLOSURES

The following information is required to be disclosed as it relates to the pension:

- Changes of benefit terms:	None
- Changes in composition of the population covered by the benefit terms:	Composition has not changed but the rate was only charged for one half of the year.

- Changes of assumptions: None

Gasb 75 was implemented by the District this current fiscal year.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	ocational chnology	ate Basic chnology	ate Drug Free	Title I-A Local Program
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Due From Other Governments	\$ 13,527	\$ 45,252	\$ 8,609	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 13,527	\$ 45,252	\$ 8,609	\$ 0
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Balances	\$ 63 2,181			\$ 8,996 8,562
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 2,244	\$ 0	\$ 0	 17,558
FUND BALANCES Unreserved	 11,283	 45,252	 8,609	 (17,558)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 11,283	 45,252	 8,609	 (17,558)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 13,527	\$ 45,252	\$ 8,609	\$ 0

<u>ASSETS</u> Cash	Title I-C Migrant	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	Special Education - Preschool (IDEA Preschool)	Perkins III - Vocational Technology
Due From Other Governments				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 0	\$ 0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Balances <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$ 7,045 8,240 15,285	\$ 3,094 10,240 13,334	<u>\$ 1,293 </u> 1,293	<u>\$ 4,568</u> 4,568
FUND BALANCES Unreserved	(15,285)	(13,334)	(1,293)	(4,568)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	(15,285)	(13,334)	(1,293)	(4,568)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

	lmp Te	le II-A proving acher uality	icaid tch	Ec Ach	Rural lucation ievement rogram	Audi	o Visual
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Due From Other Governments			 			\$	394
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	394
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Balances <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$	286 286	\$ 0	\$	2,940 6,821 9,761	\$	0
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(286)	 0		(9,761)		394
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(286)	 0		(9,761)		394
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	394

	Title IV Student Support	Music	Total
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Due From Other Governments		\$ 9	\$ 67,791 0
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$9</u>	\$ 67,791
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Balances <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$63 1,722 1,381 3,166	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 126 25,978 41,391 67,495
FUND BALANCES Unreserved	(3,166)	9	296
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	(3,166)	9	296
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$9</u>	\$ 67,791

	Vocational Technology				State Drug Free		Title I-A Local Program	
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State Federal	\$	18,564	\$	56,636	\$	4,469	\$	33,423
TOTAL REVENUES		18,564		56,636		4,469		33,423
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures		17,867		44,919		72		44,986
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		17,867		44,919		72		44,986
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		697		11,717		4,397		(11,563)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers								
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		0		0		0		0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		697		11,717		4,397		(11,563)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		10,586		33,535		4,212		(5,995)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	11,283	\$	45,252	\$	8,609	\$	(17,558)

	Title I-C Migrant			Perkins III - Vocational Technology
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State				
Federal	\$ 40,808	\$ 40,781	\$ 1,829	\$ 2,754
TOTAL REVENUES	40,808	40,781	1,829	2,754
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	44,408 66	43,808	1,939	2,922
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	44,474	43,808	1,939	2,922
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,666)	(3,027)	(110)	(168)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	00	0_	00	00
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,666)	(3,027)	(110)	(168)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(11,619)	(10,307)	(1,183)	(4,400)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (15,285)	\$ (13,334)	<u>\$ (1,293)</u>	\$ (4,568)

	Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality	Medicaid Match	Rural Education Achievement Program	Audio Visual	
<u>REVENUES</u> Local					
State					
Federal	\$ 6,176		\$ 16,761		
TOTAL REVENUES	6,176	\$ 0	16,761	<u>\$</u> 0	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	6,616		18,657		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,616	0	18,657	0	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(440)0	(1,896)	0_	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0_	0	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(440) 0	(1,896)	0	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	154	0	(7,865)	394	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (286	<u>) \$ 0</u>	\$ (9,761)	\$ 394	

	Title IV Student Support	Music	Total
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State Federal	<u>\$ 9,188 </u>		\$0 79,669 151,720
TOTAL REVENUES	9,188	<u>\$</u> 0	231,389
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	10,067		219,578 16,749 0 0 0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,067	0	236,327
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(879)	0_	(4,938)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers			0_
<u>TOTAL OTHER FINANCING</u> SOURCES (USES)	0_	0_	0_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(879)	0	(4,938)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(2,287)	9	5,234
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (3,166)	<u>\$9</u>	<u>\$ 296</u>

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Capital Construction		Plant Facilities		P.F Bus Depreciation	
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Investments Interfund Balances	\$	29,910 1,225				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	31,135	\$	0	\$	0
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Interfund Balances <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$	0	\$	34,829 34,829	\$	<u>25,933</u> 0
<u>FUND BALANCES</u> Restricted: Seagraves Playground Grant Capital Projects		31,135		(34,829)		(25,933)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		31,135		(34,829)		(25,933)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	31,135	\$	0	\$	(25,933)

Bond Construction	Total
	\$0 29,910 <u>1,225</u>
<u>\$0</u>	\$ 31,135
	\$ 0 0 60,762
\$ 0	60,762
0_	0 (29,627)
0	(29,627)
<u>\$0</u>	\$ 31,135

	Capit Constru		Plant Facilities		P.F Bus Depreciation	
<u>REVENUES</u> Other Local Revenue						
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
EXPENDITURES Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest						24,612 1,321
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		0		0		25,933
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		0		0		(25,933)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings on Investments Transfer In (Out) <u>TOTAL OTHER FINANCING</u> <u>SOURCES (USES)</u>		<u>,135</u>		0		0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	31	,135		0		(25,933)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		0	(34	,829)		0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 31	,135	\$ (34	,829)	\$	(25,933)

Bond Construction	Total			
	\$0			
\$ 0	0			
	0 0 0 0 0			
	24,612 1,321			
0	25,933			
0_	(25,933)			
(31,135)	0			
(31,135)	0_			
(31,135)	(25,933)			
31,135	(3,694)			
<u>\$0</u>	\$ (29,627)			

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Student Group	Beginning Balance			• •		Ending ents Balance	
Student Council	\$ 202.08	\$ 362.00	\$ 362.71	\$ 201.37			
General Student Body	φ 202.00 24.00	φ 302.00	534.93	(510.93)			
Yearbook	4,055.38	3,390.00	934.29	6,511.09			
Kindergarten	5.58	0,000.00	001.20	5.58			
First Grade	489.25			489.25			
Second Grade	625.63		31.78	593.85			
Third Grade	412.21		26.45	385.76			
Fourth Grade	610.50		20.10	610.50			
Fifth Grade	316.13		265.34	50.79			
Sixth Grade	331.10		119.67	211.43			
Class of 2019	937.20		650.23	286.97			
Class of 2018	407.65		000.20	407.65			
Class of 2017	472.84			472.84			
Class of 2020	2,324.57	125.00	2,447.15	2.42			
Class of 2021	475.20	1,753.84	1,107.13	1,121.91			
Class of 2022	21.22	.,	.,	21.22			
Class of 2023	187.69			187.69			
Class of 2024	209.81		80.50	129.31			
Class of 2025	0.00	270.33	22.03	248.30			
Auto Collision	0.00	4,960.00	2,886.32	2,073.68			
Future Farmers of America	72.55	341.60	375.00	39.15			
YEA	0.00	841.00	839.37	1.63			
Music Club	2,545.50	911.92	2,097.55	1,359.87			
Ski/Skate	176.70	925.50	735.00	367.20			
Library	1,077.44	1,171.05	2,146.47	102.02			
Robotics	407.88	50.00	, -	457.88			
Science Club	8.15			8.15			
BPA	549.13	380.00	803.59	125.54			
Athletics	6,655.81	91,885.68	80,016.45	18,525.04			
Box Tops/Field Trips	771.04	126.50		897.54			
Team Accounts	12,177.33	14,603.35	23,972.81	2,807.87			
Field Trips	53.84	,	,	53.84			
Tournament	447.45			447.45			
In & Out - Other	(355.84)	4,357.23	4,218.18	(216.79)			
Concessions	4,520.83	12,336.72	9,930.99	6,926.56			
SPED	470.66)	378.58	92.08			
Scholarships	12,781.52	2,555.00	2,900.00	12,436.52			
Total	\$ 54,468.03	\$ 141,346.72	\$ 137,882.52	\$ 57,932.23			

R. MICHAEL BURR

Certified Public Accountant P.O. Box 2229 Twin Falls, ID 83303-2229

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Chairman and Board of Trustees Dietrich School District No. 314 Dietrich, ID 83324 Ocotber 5, 2020

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dietrich School District No. 314, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Dietrich School District No. 314's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated Ocotber 5, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness, 2020-001 and 2020-002. Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page Two

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. I consider none of the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Dietrich School District No. 314's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Dietrich School District No. 314's Response to Findings

Dietrich School District No. 314's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Dietrich School District No. 314's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

MATERIAL WAEKNESSES

FINDING 2020-001: Lack of Segregation of Duties

Condition: Only one person is employed by the District in the accounting department which does not allow for a strict segregation of duties.

Criteria: Segregation of duties is an internal control that should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that one person does not have complete control over the entire

Cause: There are not enough personnel hired to allow for a strict segregation of duties.

Effect: May allow for misstatement of general purpose financial statements and misuse of assets.

Recommendation: Hire additional staff to provide a proper segregation of duties.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation. However, due to a lack of financial resources to pay for the additional staff and other controls currently in place, no action will be taken at this point.

FINDING 2020-002: Failure to Timely and Accurately Reconcile Cash Accounts

Condition: The general and payroll checking accounts were not reconciled with errors being corrected in an timely manner.

Criteria: Cash accounts should be reconciled on a timely basis to ensure accuracy and completeness of cash accounts.

Cause: Failed to realize the importance of the reconcilation and lack of assistance/time in the reconcilation procees.

Effect: Allowed for several errors to go undetected and corrected which caused a misstatement to financial statements prepared monthly for board of governance.

Recommendation: Do bank reconciliations monthly and correct errors when discovered.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

None

NONCOMPLIANCE

none

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Finding 2019-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties

The District believes that this finding applies only to the financial reporting and does not effect the federal award programs. No corrective action was taken.

2019-002 GASB 75 NOT IMPLEMENTED

The District confirms that action was taken during the current year and GASB 75 was implemented.