



Welcome  
Parents!

Math  
Fluency  
Workshop

3rd grade



*We're delighted to have you  
here!*

*Please put your child's name  
and teacher's name in the chat  
box.*

*3rd grade*

## Why is developing number sense important?

**Number sense is one of the the foundational building blocks for understanding mathematics.**

Students who struggle in mathematics do not necessarily lack mathematical ability.

Some students simply have not developed a strong number sense on which to build their knowledge. Therefore, number sense must be developed and fostered over time.

With focused and intentional practice, students understand that numbers are meaningful and learn to estimate and determine the reasonableness of answers.

**What does it  
mean to be  
fluent?**

# Mastery Must Focus on Fluency

- Procedural Fluency includes accuracy, efficiency, flexibility, and selection of appropriate strategies.

## Accuracy

The ability to produce mathematically precise answers.

## Efficiency

The ability to produce answers relatively quickly and easily. Students are able to keep track of sub-problems, and make use of intermediate results to solve larger problems.

## Flexibility

The ability to think about a problem in more than one way and to adapt or adjust thinking if necessary.

## Appropriate Strategy Use

The ability to select and apply a strategy that is appropriate for solving the given problem efficiently.

## Fluency Develops in Three Phases

Students progress through each stage: counting, deriving and mastery, as they learn the basic facts in any operation.

**Phase 1: Counting**  
(counts with objects or mentally)


**Phase 2: Deriving**  
(uses reasoning strategies based on known facts)

**Phase 3: Mastery**  
(efficient production of answers)

# Fundamental Ideas

- Mastery Must Focus on Fluency
- Fluency Develops in Three Phases
- Foundational Facts Must Precede Derived Facts
- Timed Tests Do Not Assess Fluency
- Students Need Substantial and Enjoyable Practice





*Addition  
Fluency  
Practice*

*Ms. Neal*

## COUNT ON +1

Count up 1 when adding  
1 to a number.



$$5+1=6$$

## DOUBLES RAP

It's the doubles, baby Let's go! Let's go!  
It's the doubles, baby, and it starts with and

0-0-0, OH!

1-1-2 - OOOH!

2-2-4 - MOOBA!

3-3-6 - KICKS!

4-4-8 - THAT'S GREAT!

5-5-10 - BOOY!

6-6-12 - THAT'S SWEET!

7-7-14 - LET'S HEAR!

8-8-16 - BOO! BOO!

9-9-18 - JOY! BOY!

10-10-20 - THAT'S HOTTY!

## TENS PARTNERS

There are six sets of  
numbers pairs that  
make 10.



$$0+10=10 \quad 3+7=10$$

$$1+9=10 \quad 4+6=10$$

$$2+8=10 \quad 5+5=10$$

## DOUBLES

Add a number to itself  
and that number doubles.



$$5+5=10$$

## DOUBLES +1

Add a number to itself  
and add 1 more.



$$3+3=6$$

so

$$3+4=7$$

## PLUS 0

When you add 0 to a number  
& the number stays the same.



$$5+0=5$$

## COUNT ON +2

Count up 2 when adding  
2 to a number.



$$5+2=7$$

## COUNT ON +3

Count up 3 when adding  
3 to a number.



$$5+3=8$$

## FLIP FLOP

Commutative

Add numbers in any order  
and the sum is the same.



$$5+4=9$$

so

$$4+5=9$$

## PLUS 10

When 10 is added to a  
number, the number in the  
ten-place increases by 1.



$$5+10=15$$

## PLUS 9

Add 10 then  
jump back 1.



$$5+10=15-1$$

so

$$5+9=14$$

## COUNT UP

Count up when adding on  
small numbers: +1, +2, +3.



	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>31</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>41</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>51</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>60</b>
<b>61</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>71</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>81</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>90</b>
<b>91</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>100</b>

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	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>
+10	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>
+10	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>30</b>
+10	<b>31</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>40</b>
+10	<b>41</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>50</b>
+10	<b>51</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>60</b>
+10	<b>61</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>70</b>
+10	<b>71</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>80</b>
+10	<b>81</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>90</b>
+10	<b>91</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>100</b>

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# Adding On a Hundreds Chart

$$54 + 35 = 89$$

1. Start at 54
2. Go down 3 tens
3. Go right 5 ones

41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100



*Subtraction  
Fluency  
Practice*

*Mrs. Stanley*

# Tic Tac Toe

## Subtract 7 Facts

a game for 2 players

**Need:** counters in 2 different colors or symbol cards

Take turns to answer a subtraction fact. If you are correct cover the square with a symbol card or counter in your color. The first player to make 3 in a row vertically, horizontally or diagonally, is the winner.



$11-7$	$13-7$	$9-7$
$14-7$	$16-7$	$12-7$
$8-7$	$15-7$	$10-7$



# Subtraction Tic Tac Toe

## Mixed - Subtract Within 18

a game for 2 players

One player is X's and one is O's. Take turns to answer the subtraction and then place X or O over the subtraction. The first player to create a line of 3 is the winner. The line can go across, down or diagonally.



17-8	16-9	15-12
13-9	17-5	18-4
16-6	14-10	16-11

16-8	18-12	17-9
18-6	15-7	14-6
14-9	13-8	18-11

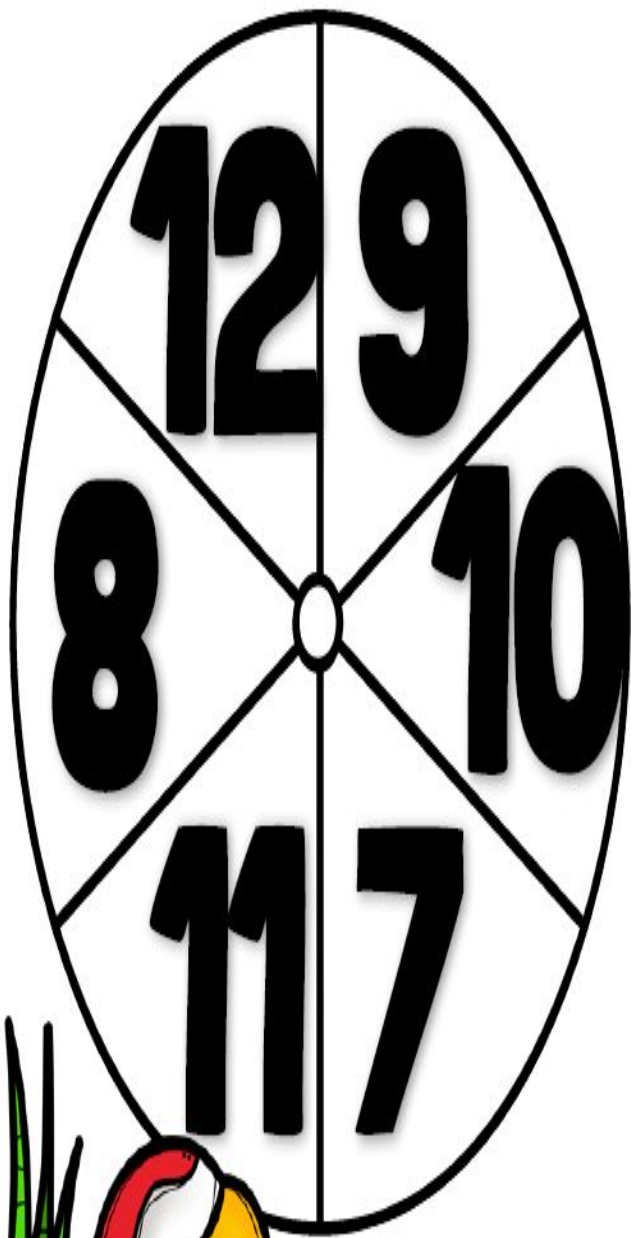
15-13	14-8	13-9
13-11	16-7	18-14
16-10	18-7	15-9

17-3	14-12	13-7
15-6	17-12	18-2
13-10	16-14	14-7

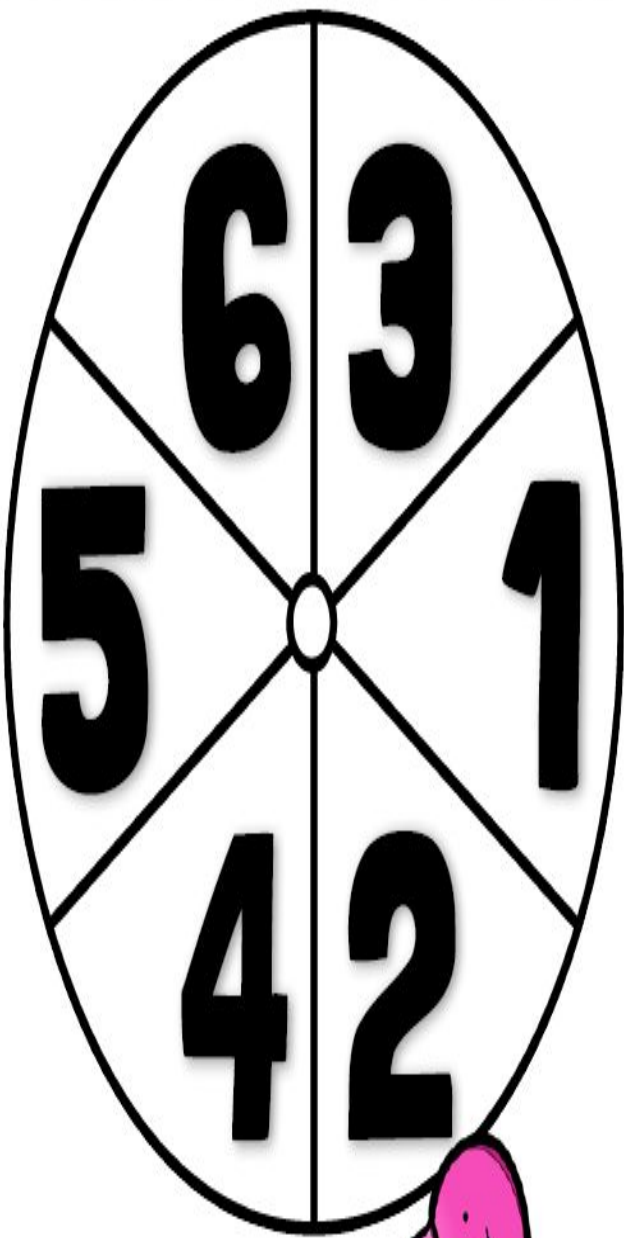
13-12	14-11	18-7
15-5	16-10	14-5
17-13	15-4	13-8

17-6	15-10	16-5
18-8	13-5	17-7
14-7	15-8	18-13





SPINNER



SPINNER




Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# SPIN AND SUBTRACT

Spin Spinner A first. Write the number down. Spin Spinner B next. Write that number down. Complete the subtraction sentence. Write the answer down. Color the even answers blue and the odd answers red.

SPINNER A	MINUS	SPINNER B	EQUALS	DIFFERENCE	SPINNER A	MINUS	SPINNER B	EQUALS	DIFFERENCE
	-		=			-		=	
	-		=			-		=	
	-		=			-		=	
	-		=			-		=	
	-		=			-		=	
	-		=			-		=	
	-		=			-		=	





*Multiplication  
Fluency  
Practice*

*Mrs.  
Edmunds*

# Multiplication Strategies

Facts	Strategy
1	<b>It's just that number</b> $1 \times 5 = 5$
2	<b>Double it!</b> $2 \times 6 \rightarrow 6 + 6 = 12$
3	<b>Double it and Add a Group!</b> $3 \times 7 \rightarrow 7 + 7 = 14 \rightarrow 14 + 7 = 21$
4	<b>Double, Double!</b> $3 \times 7 \rightarrow 7 + 7 = 14 \rightarrow 14 + 14 = 28$
5	<b>Count by 5's that many times!</b> $5 \times 7 \rightarrow 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35$
6	<b>Multiply by 5 and Add a Group!</b> $6 \times 6 \rightarrow 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30 \rightarrow 30 + 6 = 36$
7	<b>Multiply by 5 and Add a Double!</b> $7 \times 4 \rightarrow 5, 10, 15, 20 \rightarrow 20 + 8 = 28$
8	<b>Double, Double, Double!</b> $8 \times 6 \rightarrow 6 + 6 = 12 \rightarrow 12 + 12 = 24 \rightarrow 24 + 24 = 48$
9	<b>Multiply by 10 and Subtract a Group!</b> $9 \times 6 \rightarrow 10 \times 6 = 60 \rightarrow 60 - 6 = 54$
10	<b>Count by 10's or just Add a Zero!</b> $10 \times 4 \rightarrow 10, 20, 30, 40$ or $40 = 40$
11	<b>Multiply by 10 and Add a Group!</b> $6 \times 11 \rightarrow 10 \times 6 = 60 \rightarrow 60 + 6 = 66$
12	<b>Multiply by 10 and Add a Double!</b> $6 \times 11 \rightarrow 10 \times 6 = 60 \rightarrow 60 + 12 = 72$





# Multiplication Dice



Roll two dice. Write or draw the numbers from the dice in the boxes. Multiply the numbers together to find the product. Write the product in the circle.

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline 3 \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 6 \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 18 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

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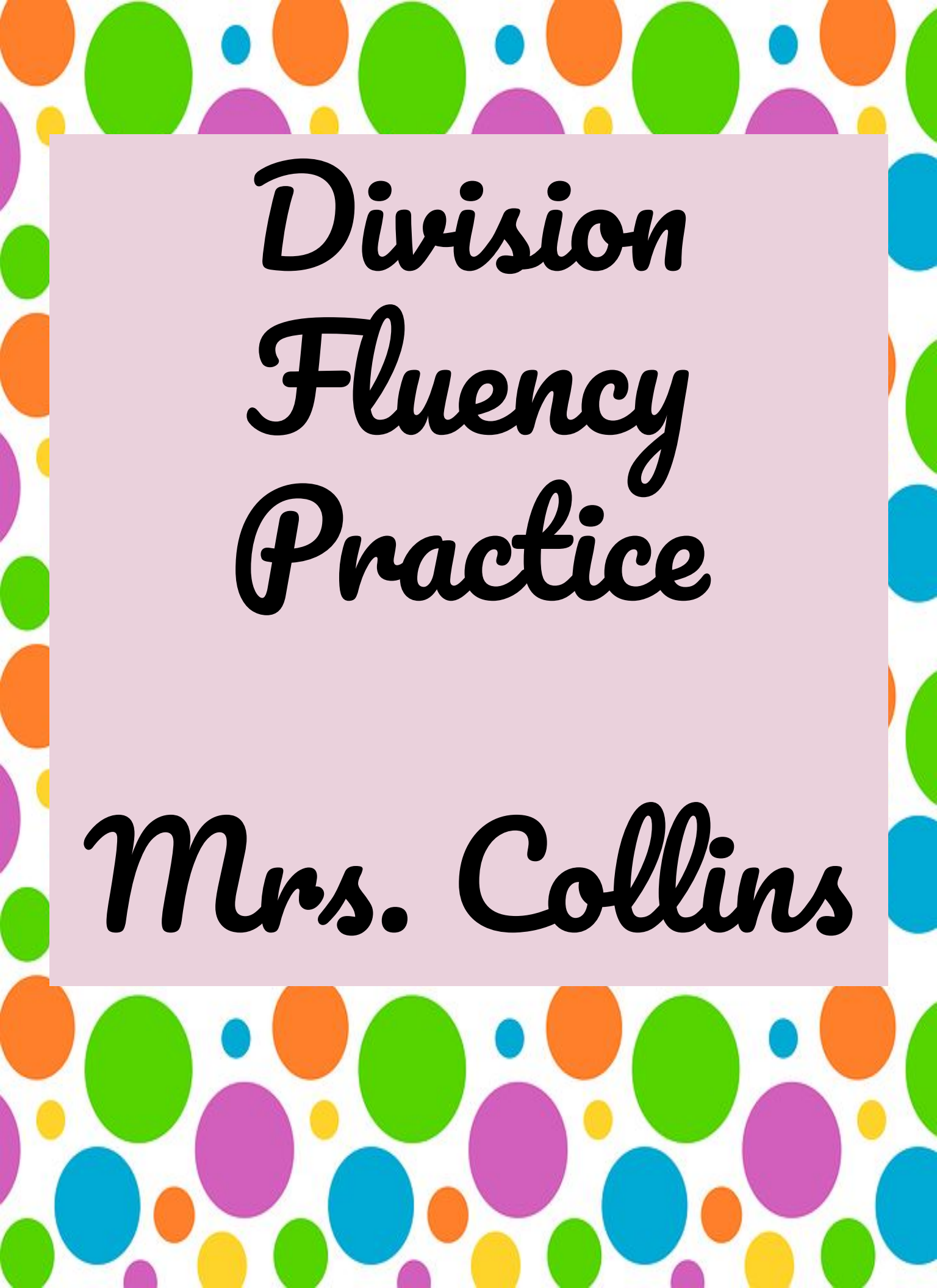
$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \times \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$



*Division  
Fluency  
Practice*

*Mrs. Collins*

# Division Fluency



$\times =$	$\times =$
$\div =$	$\div =$



$\times =$	$\times =$
$\div =$	$\div =$



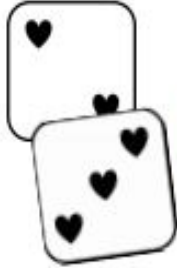
$\times =$	$\times =$
$\div =$	$\div =$



$\times =$	$\times =$
$\div =$	$\div =$



# Division Fluency



## Fact Family Dice Fun



$$\text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \div \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \div \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \div \text{---} = \text{---}$$

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$$\text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

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$$\text{---} \div \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \div \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \div \text{---} = \text{---}$$

$$\text{---} \div \text{---} = \text{---}$$

Thank you for attending 3rd's grade fluency workshop! Survey link provided in the chat box.

If watching after the zoom meeting, please click the image to complete the survey.

