FRANKSTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Frankston Independent School District Name of School District	Anderson County	001-904 Co Dist. Number					
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached	annual financial report	ts of the above-named school district were					
reviewed and (check one) approved disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2021, at a meeting							
of the Board of Trustees of such school district	on the 13 th day of De	cember, 2021.					
Dustin Holladay		Junior Mascorro					
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Board President					
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the aud (attach list as necessary)	ditor's report, the reas	con(s) for disapproving it is (are):					

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401 West State Highway 6 Waco, Texas 76710

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Frankston Independent School District Frankston, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Frankston Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Frankston Independent School District, as of August, 31 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.





Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in the notes to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2021 the District adopted new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Frankston Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2021 on our consideration of Frankston Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Frankston Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Frankston Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas December 13, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Frankston Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the District's Basic Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the 2021 school year by \$878,037.
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$4,505,100, an increase of \$389,808 over the prior year.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$284,304 less than budgeted for the General Fund.

USING THIS REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The primary purpose of the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, consideration should be given to non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reflects only governmental activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities).

Governmental funds — Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

We will present both current and prior year data and discuss significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

TABLE 1
CONDENSED SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities					
		2021		2020		
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$	6,541,307	\$	5,945,398		
Capital assets	_	14,198,538	_	14,997,428		
Total assets	_	20,739,845	_	20,942,826		
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflow related to debt refunding Deferred outflow related to TRS		146,200 2,173,097		- 2,704,710		
Total deferred outflows of	-	2,173,037	_	2,704,710		
resources	_	2,319,297	_	2,704,710		
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities		18,544,902		20,553,044		
Other liabilities	_	2,068,167	_	1,471,829		
Total liabilities	_	20,613,069	_	22,024,873		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflow related to TRS	_	3,324,110	_	2,272,226		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		860,352		846,458		
Restricted		308,738		658,656		
Unrestricted	<u>(</u>	2,047,127)	(2,154,677)		
Total net position	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>878,037</u>)	\$ <u>(</u>	649,563)		

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased to (\$884,522) from (\$649,563). Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, increased to (\$2,047,127) from (\$2,154,677).

TABLE 2
CONDENSED SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			
		2021		2020
REVENUES				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	71,165	\$	173,444
Operating grants and contributions		1,804,560		1,642,786
General revenues:				
Property taxes - general purposes		2,847,446		2,729,757
Property taxes - debt service		772,191		897,640
Grants and contributions not restricted		5,667,328		6,497,500
Investment earnings		3,423		59,171
Miscellaneous		29,043		15,661
Total revenues		11,195,156	_	12,015,959
EXPENSES				
Instruction		5,696,065		5,968,022
Instructional resources and media services		85,292		63,053
Curriculum and staff development		34,875		231,627
School leadership		621,171		619,094
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		230,737		245,455
Health services		133,386		142,359
Student (pupil) transportation		192,993		156,398
Food service		518,337		613,551
Extracurricular activities		1,015,540		1,056,482
General administration		527,913		575,457
Facilities maintenance and operations		1,293,103		1,209,619
Data processing services		289,165		357,595
Security and monitoring service		48,466		66,921
Debt service - interest on long-term debt		303,936		500,511
Debt service - bond issuance cost and fees		171,896		1,700
Payments to fiscal agents		187,514		196,644
Other intergovernmental charges		73,241	_	64,097
Total expenses		11,423,630		12,068,585
Increase/(Decrease) in net position before				
inflows/outflows and special items	(228,474)	(52,626)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	(649,56 <u>3</u>)		357,009
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		_	(953,946)
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	878,037)	\$ <u>(</u>	649,563)

The District's total revenues and expenses decreased by \$820,803 and \$644,955 respectively.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At August 31, 2021, the District had \$14,198,538 net of depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long Term Liabilities

At August 31, 2021, the District had \$18,544,902 in long-term liabilities outstanding. This is a decrease of \$2,008,142 in long-term liabilities from August 31, 2020.

The primary reason for this decrease is the regularly scheduled payments on the District's outstanding bonds.

Additional information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2022 budget and tax rates. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are 8,912,286, a decrease of 5.4% from the final 2021 budget of \$9,424,554. Property taxes decreased to a total of \$.9737 for M&O and \$0.2853 for I&S, for a total tax rate of \$1.259. If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary General Fund balance will remain unchanged by the close of 2022. The District will continue to monitor enrollment figures and tax collections and will implement spending cuts if significant decreases occur in either.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Frankston Independent School District at 100 Perry Street, or P.O. Box 428, Frankston, Texas 75763. The phone number is 903-876-2556.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AUGUST 31, 2021

Control Codes		G	overnmental Activities
1110 1120 1220 1230 1240 1290	Cash and cash equivalents Current investments Property taxes receivable (delinquent) Allowance for uncollectible taxes Due from other governments Other receivables, net Capital assets:	\$	320,061 4,948,505 428,805 217,073) 1,058,676 2,333
1510 1520 1530 1000	Land Buildings, net Furniture and equipment, net Total assets		81,180 13,970,593 146,765 20,739,845
1701 1705 1706 1700	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on debt refunding Deferred outflows related to NPL Deferred outflows related to OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources		146,200 1,051,899 1,121,198 2,319,297
2110 2140 2160 2180 2501 2502 2540 2545 2000	LIABILITIES Accounts payable Interest payable Accrued wages payable Due to other governments Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total liabilities		144,399 15,555 530,039 863,542 514,632 13,356,745 2,245,954 2,942,203 20,613,069
2605 2606 2600	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to NPL Deferred inflows related to OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	_	477,200 2,846,910 3,324,110
3200 3820 3850 3870 3900 3000	Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Federal and state programs Debt service Campus activities Unrestricted Total net position	<u>(</u> \$(860,352 6,485 274,412 27,841 2,047,127) 878,037)
3000	rotal fiet position	Ψ <u>\</u>	0,0,007

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

			1		rogram evenues 3
Data					
Control				C	Charges
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	for	Services
	Primary government:				
	Governmental activities:				
11	Instruction	\$	5,696,065	\$	-
12	Instructional resources and media services		85,292		-
13	Curriculum and staff development		34,875		-
23	School leadership		621,171		-
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		230,737		-
33	Health services		133,386		-
34	Student (pupil) transportation		192,993		-
35	Food service		518,337		47,624
36	Extracurricular activities		1,015,540		23,541
41	General administration		527,913		-
51	Facilities maintenance and operations		1,293,103		-
52	Security and monitoring services		48,466		-
53	Data processing services		289,165		-
72	Debt Service - interest on long-term debt		303,936		-
73	Debt Service - bond issuance costs and fees		171,896		-
93	Payments to fiscal agent/member districts of SSA		187,514		-
99	Other intergovernmental charges	_	73,241		
	[TP] Total primary government	\$	11,423,630	\$	71,165

General revenues:

	Taxes:
MT	Property taxes, levied for general purposes
DT	Property taxes, levied for debt service
GC	Grants and contributions not restricted
ΙE	Investment earnings
MI	Miscellaneous local and intermediate revenue
TR	Total general revenues
CN	Change in net position
NB	Net position, beginning
NE	Net position, ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
	4		6					
	Operating Grants and	Primary Gov. Governmental						
	<u>ontributions</u>		Activities					
\$	1,003,603	\$(4,692,462)					
-	51,389	(33,903)					
	2,792	(32,083)					
	44,440 15,957	(576,731) 214,780)					
	9,946	(123,440)					
	4,381	(188,612)					
	369,733	(100,980)					
	26,529 26,870	(965,470) 501,043)					
	78,766	(1,214,337)					
	-	(48,466)					
	139,661	(149,504)					
	30,493	(273,443)					
	-	(171,896) 187,514)					
		(73,241)					

\$ 1,804,560 **\$**(9,547,905)

	2,847,446 772,191 5,667,328 3,423 29,043
	9,319,431
(228,474
(649,563
\$(878,037

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2021

Data			10		20				Total
Control Codes			Conoral		ECCED III	Co	Other vernmental	Go	vernmental Funds
Codes	ASSETS		General	_	ESSER III		verimentai		ruiius
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	268,709	\$	_	\$	51,352	\$	320,061
1120	Investments - current	4	4,596,931	7	_	Ψ	351,574	4	4,948,505
1220	Property taxes - delinquent		334,976		-		93,829		428,805
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(169,574)		-	(47,499)	(217,073)
1240	Due from other governments	•	527,380		249,148	`	282,148	•	1,058,676
1260	Due from other funds		474,678		-		-		474,678
1290	Other receivables		2,333	_					2,333
1000	Total assets	_	6,035,433	_	249,148		731,404		7,015,985
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts payable		113,763		-		30,636		144,399
2140	Interest Payable		-		-		9,901		9,901
2160	Accrued wages payable		398,961		16,710		114,368		530,039
2170	Due to other funds		-		232,438		242,240		474,678
2180	Due to other governments		843,675	_			19,867		863,542
2000	Total liabilities	_	1,356,399	_	249,148		417,012		2,022,559
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2601	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		173,934		-		49,138		223,072
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources		173,934	_	-		49,138		223,072
	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal and state programs		-		-		6,485		6,485
3480	Retirement of long-term debt		-		-		230,928		230,928
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3510	Construction		625,000		-		-		625,000
3545	Campus activity		-				27,841		27,841
3600	Unassigned fund balance		3,880,100	_					3,880,100
3000	Total fund balances	_	4,505,100	_		_	265,254	_	4,770,354
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
4000	resources and fund balances	\$	6,035,433	\$_	249,148	\$	731,404	\$	7,015,985

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AUGUST 31, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	4,770,354
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		14,198,538
2 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Losses on refunding of bonds and the premium on issuance of bonds payable are netted against the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(13,730,831)
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportion share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$1,051,899, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$477,200, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$2,245,954. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(1,671,255)
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportion share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$1,121,198, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$2,846,910, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$2,942,203. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(4,667,915)
5 Uncollected property taxes and penalties and interest are reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds balance sheet, but are recognized as revenue in the statement of activities.		223,072
19 Net position of governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	878,037)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data			10		20				Total
Control							Other	G	overnmental
Codes			General	E	SSER III	Go	overnmental		Funds
I	REVENUES								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	2,947,004	\$	-	\$	893,926	\$	3,840,930
5800	State program revenues		6,078,070		-		86,860		6,164,930
5900	Federal program revenues	_		_	249,148	_	918,614		1,167,762
5020	Total revenues	_	9,025,074	_	249,148	_	1,899,400		11,173,622
ı	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		4,628,568		249,148		378,711		5,256,427
0012	Instructional resources and media services		10,809		-		51,389		62,198
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		33,895		-		-		33,895
0023	School leadership		580,338		-		-		580,338
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		224,133		-		-		224,133
0033	Health services		130,257		-		-		130,257
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		150,196		-		-		150,196
0035	Food service		2,540		-		409,742		412,282
0036	Extracurricular activities		692,299		-		51,960		744,259
0041	General administration		513,014		-		-		513,014
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		1,218,011		-		36,869		1,254,880
0052	Security and monitoring services		48,466		-		-		48,466
0053	Data processing services		141,985		-		139,409		281,394
0071	Principal on long-term debt		-		-		490,000		490,000
0072	Interest on long-term debt		-		-		339,524		339,524
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees		-		-		171,896		171,896
0093	Payments to fiscal agent/member districts of SSA		187,514		-		-		187,514
	Intergovernmental:								
0099	Other Intergovernmental	_	73,241	_	-				73,241
6030	Total expenditures	_	8,635,266	_	249,148		2,069,500		10,953,914
1100 I	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	389,808	_		(170,100)		219,708
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
7901	Refunding bonds issued		-		-		7,850,000		7,850,000
7916	Premium on issuance of bonds		-		-		690,715		690,715
8940	Payment to bond refunding escrow agent		-		-	(8,719,466)	(8,719,466)
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_	-	(178,751)	(178,751)
1200 I	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	_	389,808	_		(348,851)		40,957
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	4,115,292	_		_	614,105		4,729,397
3000 1	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$_	4,505,100	\$		\$	265,254	\$	4,770,354

FRANKSTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful live as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

798,890)

40,957

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.

58,163)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in treatment of long-term debt and related items.

704,339

GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$172,089. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$164,414. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$186,429. The net result is a decrease in the change in net position.

178,754)

GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$59,611. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$57,977. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense increased the change in net position by \$60,403. The net result is an decrease in the change in net position.

62,037

Change in net position of governmental activities

228,474)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ <u>129,982</u> <u>129,982</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Unearned revenues Total liabilities	5,055 5,041 10,096
NET POSITION Restricted for: Indivduals, organizations and other governments Total net position	119,886 \$119,886

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Custodial <u>Fund</u>
ADDITIONS Investment earnings: Interest, dividends, and other Total investments earnings	\$ <u>3</u>
Collections from student groups	137,954
Total additions	137,957
DEDUCTIONS Payments on-behalf of student groups Total deductions	124,246 124,246
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	13,711
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	33
PRIOD PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	106,142
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$119,886

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AUGUST 31, 2021

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Frankston Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a sevenmember Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. There are no component units included within the reporting entity. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Frankston Independent School District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenue.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the District, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories – governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenue and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the accounting period in which it becomes both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenue available if it is collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenue from local sources consists primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenue and state aid revenue received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenue is recorded as revenue when received in cash because it is generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenue until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund and is always reported as a major fund. It accounts for all financial resources expect those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **ESSER III Fund** accounts for the federal stimulus funds granted through the American Rescue Plan Act to address learning loss and disproportionate impact of the coronavirus on certain student subgroups. This is not a budgeted fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for resources restricted to, or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Custodial Fund – The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in Custodial funds. The District's Custodial Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and highly liquid investments such as certificates of deposits, money market funds, local government investment pools, Treasury bills, and commercial paper that have a maturity from time of purchase of three months or less.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid by February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Delinquent taxes not paid by August 31 are subject to penalty and interest charges plus delinquent collection fees for attorney costs. Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible taxes are periodically reviewed and written off by the District as provided by specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

The assessed value of the property tax roll on January 1, 2020 upon which the levy for the 2020-2021 fiscal year was based, was \$278,581,298. The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2021 to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$1.0547 and \$.2858 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.3405 per \$100 valuation. Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2021 were 96.7% of the year end adjusted tax levy. As of August 31, 2021, property taxes receivable totaled \$334,976 and \$93,829 for the General and Debt Service Funds respectively.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Vehicles	10
Furniture and equipment	7-20

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as current year debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the financial statements as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District had the following deferred outflows of resources:

- Deferred outflows of resources for deferred loss on debt refunding Results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price.
- Deferred outflows of resources for pension Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow the results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions and contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.
- Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions and contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB in the next fiscal year.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District had two items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflow of resources for unavailable revenues Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, for unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of revenues in the period that the amounts become available. During the current year, the District recorded deferred inflow of resources as unavailable revenues, property taxes with the General Fund and Debt Service Fund respectively.
- Deferred inflow of resources for pensions Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions and changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions.

• Deferred inflow of resources for OPEB – Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions and changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefit Pension Plan

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are
 either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be
 maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are
 not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent
 to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can
 be expressed by the School Board or by other officials to whom the Board has delegated
 the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. When it is appropriate
 for fund balances to be assigned, the Board delegates the responsibility to assign funds to
 the Superintendent or his/her designees.

Unassigned: This classification is the residual classification for the general fund. The
classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that
has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general
fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Net positions represent the difference between assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities. Net position investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The amount of state foundation revenue a school district earns for a year can and does vary until the time final values for each of the factors in the formula become available. Availability can be as late as midway into the next fiscal year. It is at least reasonably possible that the foundation revenue estimates as of August 31, 2021, will change.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (I) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar - weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

State statutes and Board policy authorize the District to invest in I) Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities as permitted by Government Code 2256.009.; 2) Certificates of deposit and share certificates as permitted by Government Code 2256.0; 3) Fully collateralized repurchase agreements permitted by Government Code 2256.01 4) A securities lending program as permitted by Government code 2256.0115.; 5) Banker's acceptances as permitted by Government Code 2256.012.; 6) Commercial paper as permitted by Government Code 2256.013.; 7) No load money market mutual funds and no load mutual funds as permitted by Government Code 2256.014.; 8) A guaranteed investment contract as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds, provided it meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by Government Code 2256.015.; and 9) Public funds investment pools as permitted by Government Code 2256.016.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted an investment policy. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies. The risks that the District may be subject are:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits, including checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit, may not be returned to it.

The funds of the District must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-today basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. During 2020-2021 the District's combined deposits were fully insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities pledged to the District and held by the District's agent.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Any investment that is both uninsured and unregistered is exposed to custodial credit risk if the investment is held by the counterparty, or if the investment is held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the investor government. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk occurs when potential purchasers of debt securities do not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates rise. Investments with interest rates that are fixed for longer periods are likely to be subject to more variability in their fair values as a result of future changes in interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration risk is defined as positions of five percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. This is the issuer of the underlying investment, and not a pool. This does not apply to U.S. Government securities.

<u>Investments - Cash Equivalents</u>

The District's investments - cash equivalents at August 31, 2021, are shown below:

			Weighted Average
Investment Type	Cost	Fair Value	Maturity (Days)
First Public / Lone Star Investment Pool	\$ 3,620,519	\$ 3,620,519	45
Texas Class	1,336,346	1,336,346	53
Total, net	\$ <u>4,956,865</u>	\$ <u>4,956,865</u>	

The investment pools used by the District are organized under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. The investment pools are public funds investment pools created to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds in authorized short-term investments.

The District's investment in investment pools, which are exempt from regulation by the Securities and Exchange Commission, have as one of their objectives the maintenance of a stable net asset value of \$1.00. The book value of the position in the pools is the same as the number of the shares in each pool; the fair value of a share should approximately equal the book value of a share.

In accordance with state law and the District's investment policy, investments in investment pools must be rated at least AAA or have an equivalent rating, and obligations of states, agencies, counties and cities must be rated at least A or its equivalent. As of August 31, 2021, the District's investments in investment pools met or exceeded the ratings criteria.

B. Due From Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Receivables from Other Governments.

						Other				
		General		ESSER III		ESSER III		/ernmental		Total
State entitlements	\$	527,380	\$	-	\$	-	\$	527,380		
Other state grants		-		-		18,297		18,297		
Federal grants	_	-	_	249,148		263,851	_	512,999		
Total	\$_	527,380	\$	249,148	\$	282,148	\$	1,058,676		

C. Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2021, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental	\$ <u>474,678</u>
Total		\$ <u>474,678</u>

D. Receivables

Receivables at August 31, 2021, were as follows:

		Other						
_	General		ESSER III Governmental		ESSER III Governmental			Total
_								
Property taxes, net \$	165,402	\$	-	\$	46,330	\$	211,732	
Other governments	527,380		249,148		282,148		1,058,676	
Other receivables	2,333	_		_		_	2,333	
Total, net	695,115	\$_	249,148	\$	328,478	\$_	1,272,741	

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2021, is as follows:

	Ending			Ending
	Balance			Balance
	8/31/2020	Increases	Decreases	8/31/2021
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ <u>81,180</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>81,180</u>
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	81,180			81,180
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	25,235,182	_	<u>-</u>	25,235,182
Furniture and equipment	2,528,690		(98,762)	2,429,928
Total capital assets, being depreciated	27,763,872		(98,762)	27,665,110
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(10,556,208)	(708,381)	-	(11,264,589)
Furniture and equipment	<u>(2,291,416</u>)	<u>(86,651</u>)	94,904	<u>(2,283,163</u>)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(12,847,624</u>)	(795,032)	94,904	<u>(13,547,752</u>)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	14,916,248	(795,032)	(3,858)	14,117,358
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ <u>14,997,428</u>	\$ <u>(795,032</u>)	\$ <u>(3,858</u>)	\$ <u>14,198,538</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction	\$	314,974
Instructional resources and media services		20,827
Curriculum and instructional staff development		175
School leadership		25,849
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		1,327
Student transportation		41,460
Food services		97,568
Extracurricular activities		260,045
General administration		4,606
Facilities maintenance and operations		23,926
Data processing services	_	4,275
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	795,032

F. Long-term Debt

During the year ended August 31, 2021, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Beginning		Ending	Due Within	
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 13,631,275	\$ 7,850,000	\$(8,676,275)	\$ 12,805,000	\$ 455,000
Accretion payable	349,774	37,217	(386,991)	-	-
Premium on bonds	435,294	690,715	(59,632)	1,066,377	59,632
Total	\$ <u>14,416,343</u>	\$ <u>8,577,932</u>	\$ <u>(9,122,898</u>)	\$ <u>13,871,377</u>	\$ <u>514,632</u>

Long-term Obligation Activity

Changes in long-term obligations for the period ended August 31, 2021 are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Interest Current Year	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/2021	Amounts Due Within One Year
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2011 - Private					
Placement	1.45% - 2.45% \$	8,300,000	\$ 14,383	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000
Unlimited Tax School Building					
Bonds, Series 2012	.40% - 4.00%	8,996,275	147,700	-	-
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2.0% - 3.0%	4,555,000	120,238	4,555,000	_
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds,	2.070 3.070	1,333,000	120,230	1,555,000	
Series 2021	4.0% - 5.0%	7,850,000	57,204	7,850,000	55,000
Total			\$ <u>339,525</u>	\$ <u>12,805,000</u>	\$ <u>455,000</u>

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31,2021 are as follows:

Private Placement			
Year Ending			Total
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2022	400,000	4,900	404,900
Total	\$	\$ <u>4,900</u>	\$ <u>404,900</u>
Year Ending			Total
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2022	55,000	316,876	371,876
2023	465,000	307,876	772,876
2024	480,000	292,401	772,401
2025	500,000	276,301	776,301
2026	515,000	259,576	774,576
2027-2031	2,785,000	1,087,521	3,872,521
2032-2036	3,225,000	646,733	3,871,733
2037-2041	3,615,000	259,950	3,874,950
2042	765,000	7,650	772,650
Total	\$ <u>12,405,000</u>	\$ <u>3,454,884</u>	\$ <u>15,859,884</u>

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2021.

The District's outstanding Unlimited Tax Building Bonds, Series 2011 contain a provision that in an event of default, any registered owner of the obligations is entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from court of proper jurisdiction requiring the School to make a payment.

The District's outstanding Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, and Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2021, contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts will be paid from the corpus of the Texas Permanent School Fund. The District's outstanding bonds contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due.

In April 2021, the District issued Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 in the amount of \$7,850,000, for the purpose of refunding a portion of existing bonds at a present value savings. The issuance includes \$7,130,000 of current interest bonds with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5% and \$720,000 Term Bonds with an interest rate of 4%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$7,555,000 of Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2012 that had interest rates ranging from .4 - 4%.

G. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

	Contribution Rates		
	2020		2021
Active Employee	7.7%		7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%		7.5%
Employers	7.5%		7.5%
2020 Employer Contributions		\$	172,089
2020 Member Contributions			414,294
2020 NECE On-behalf Contributions			321,019

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

• When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

 All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.5 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2020, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation, which was rolled forward to August 31, 2020, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumption used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2019. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 14, 2019.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2020 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation ¹	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ²	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	3.90%	0.99%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	5.10%	0.92%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.60%	0.83%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.70%	1.41%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	-0.70%	-0.05%
Absolute Return	0.00%	1.80%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	1.90%	0.11%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.60%	1.02%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.00%	6.00%	0.42%
Commodities	0.00%	0.80%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	3.00%	0.30%
Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	-1.50%	-0.03%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	-1.30%	0.08%
Inflation Expectation			2.00%
Volatility Drag ³			-0.67%
Expected Return	100.00%		7.33%

¹⁾ Target allocations are based on the FY2020 policy model.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	6 Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	_	l% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 3,463,220	\$ 2,245,954	\$	1,256,951

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$2,245,954 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 2,245,954
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 4,166,993
Total	\$ 6,412,947

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

²⁾ Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2020).

³⁾ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0041935011% which was an decrease of .0004406822% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$852,040 and revenue of \$501,197 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources]	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	4,101	\$	62,679
Changes in actuarial assumptions		521,141		221,586
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		45,468		-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		309,100		192,935
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the				
the measurement date		172,089		
Total as of August 31, 2020	\$	1,051,899	\$ <u></u>	477,200

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension	
Year Ended August 31,	Expense		
2022	\$	143,522	
2023		149,804	
2024	120,125		
2025		43,892	
2026	(45,149)	
Thereafter	(9,584)	

H. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans</u>

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for the average retiree with Medicare Parts A&B coverage.

		TRS-Care Monthly Premium R		.etirees		
	Medicare			Medicare		
Retiree* Retiree and Spouse Retiree* and Children Retiree and Family	\$	135 529 468 1,020	\$	200 689 408 999		

^{*} or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates					
	2020	2021			
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%			
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%			
Employers	0.75%	0.75%			
Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%			
Current fiscal year employer contributions		\$ 59,611			
Current fiscal year member contributions		34,973			
2020 measurement year NECE on-behalf contributions		79,048			

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$230.8 million in fiscal year 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2019 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2020:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wages Inflation
Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recent published scale (U-MP).

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date August 31, 2019, rolled forward to August 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Discount Rate 2.33% as of August 31, 2019
Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery

of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted

claims costs.

Payroll Growth Rate 3.00%

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% Healthcare Trend Rates 4.25% to 9.00%

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and

50% after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to

discontinue coverage at age 65.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.33% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an decrease of .3 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able to* make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2020 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.33%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

		1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.33%)		Discount Rate (2.33%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.33%)	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability:	\$	3,530,637	\$	2,942,203	\$	2,477,425	

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed 8.5% rate used.

	Current Healthcare Cost 1% Decrease Trend Rate 1% Increase					
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability:	\$	2,403,403	\$	2,942,203	\$	3,659,809

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$2,942,203 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total	\$	6,895,819
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	т	3,953,616
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB obligation	\$	2,942,203

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled to August 31, 2020, and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was .0077396832% which was an decrease of .0012386059% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50 percent to 40 percent. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.
- The ultimate health care trend rate assumption was lowered from 4.50 percent to 4.25 percent as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Term Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(29,878) and revenue of \$(27,452) for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 154,053	\$ 1,346,503
Changes in actuarial assumptions	181,473	807,944
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	956	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share		
of contributions	725,105	692,463
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 59,611	 <u>-</u> _
Total as of fiscal year-end	\$ 1,121,198	\$ 2,846,910

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Pension	Expense Amount
2022	\$(280,679)
2023	(280,807)
2024	(280,883)
2025	(280,863)
2026	(202,275)
Thereafter	(459.816)

I. Negative Operating Grants and Contributions - Statement of Activities

Expense activity is required to be recorded by districts who are participants in cost-sharing pension and OPEB benefit plans with a special funding situation where non-employer contributing entities (NECE) also participate in contributions to the plans. TRS-retirement and TRS-care benefit plans are both cost-sharing plans with special funding situations. Therefore, on-behalf expense activity of the NECE must be recorded at the government-wide level of reporting on the Statement of Activities in accordance with GASB 68 and 75.

During the year under audit, the NECE expense was negative due to changes in actuarial assumptions within the TRS-care plan. The accrual for the proportionate share of that expense was a negative on-behalf revenue and negative on-behalf expense. This resulted in a decrease to revenue for operating grants and contributions on the Statement of Activities. According to guidance provided directly from GASB, this is the correct reporting.

Following are the effects on the Statement of Activities as a result of the negative on-behalf accruals recorded:

			Operating
			Grants and
	Operating	Negative	Contributinos
	Grants and	On-Behalf	(excluding on-
	Contributions	Accruals	behalf accruals)
11-Instruction	\$ 1,003,603	\$(17,544)	\$ 1,021,147
12-Instructional resources and media services	51,389	-	51,389
13-Curriculum and staff development	2,792	(152)	2,944
23-School leadership	44,440	(2,423)	46,863
31-Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	15,957	(870)	16,827
33-Health services	9,946	(542)	10,488
34-Student transportation	4,381	(239)	4,620
35-Food service	369,733	(367)	370,100
36-Extracurricular activities	26,529	(1,447)	27,976
41-General administration	26,870	(1,465)	28,335
51-Facilities maintenance and operations	78,766	(2,321)	81,087
53-Data processing services	139,661	(82)	139,743
72-Debt Service - interest on long-term debt	30,493		30,493
	\$ <u>1,804,560</u>	\$ <u>(27,452</u>)	\$ <u>1,832,012</u>

J. Health Care

During the year ended August 31, 2021, employees of the Frankston Independent School District were covered by the state sponsored health insurance plan. The District paid premiums of \$351 per employee to the plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents.

All premiums were paid to TRS-ActiveCare, the statewide health coverage program for public education employees administered by Aetna. The Plan was authorized by Article 3 .51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract between the District and TRS ActiveCare is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions. Latest financial statements for Aetna are available for the most recent year and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

K. School District Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description. The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site at www.trs.state.tx.us, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

L. Medicare Part D - On-behalf Payments

The Medicare Prescription Drug Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments of \$24,174, \$24,235 and \$18,080 were recognized for the years ended August 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively, as equal revenues and expenditures.

M. Self-Insured Workers' Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2021 the Frankston Independent School District was a participant in the East Texas Educational Insurance Association's Workers' Compensation Self-insurance Joint Fund pursuant to Texas Labor Code Annotated Chapter 504 and Texas Government Code Ch. 791 (the Interlocal Cooperation Act).

The Board of Trustees of the plan and the plan supervisor, Claims Administrative Services, Inc., shall establish the proportionate contribution of each participant annually upon the actual loss experience and claims of the District, the experience rating modification of the District, the pro-rata costs or savings to the plan from the loss experience of all participants, and all reasonable and necessary administrative expenses of the plan. The proportionate contributions of all participants shall be combined into a self-insurance joint fund.

The District paid a fixed cost of \$17,285, to the plan supervisor for administration of claims, loss control, record keeping, and the cost of excess insurance. The loss fund maximum set aside in a separate account for claims not covered by excess insurance was established to be \$53,167 for the fiscal year. The self-insurance retention maximum was \$225,000.

During the fiscal year, the District paid net claims of \$7,358 covering plan periods ending August 31, 2021 and has accrued \$44,607 as a liability for unpaid claims determined by the claims administrator.

N. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the granter agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the granter agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2021 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

O. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. During fiscal year 2021 the district purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

P. Joint Venture Shared Service Arrangement

The District participates in a shared services arrangement for special education services with other districts. Although a portion of the shared services arrangement is attributable to the District's participation, The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. The District made payments to the fiscal agent of \$187,514.

Q. Prior Period Adjustment

In the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 relating to the presentation of fiduciary activities, the District adjusted the beginning net position of the custodial fund. The beginning balance of the custodial fund was established to be \$106,142, being presented as a prior period adjustment in Exhibit E-2.

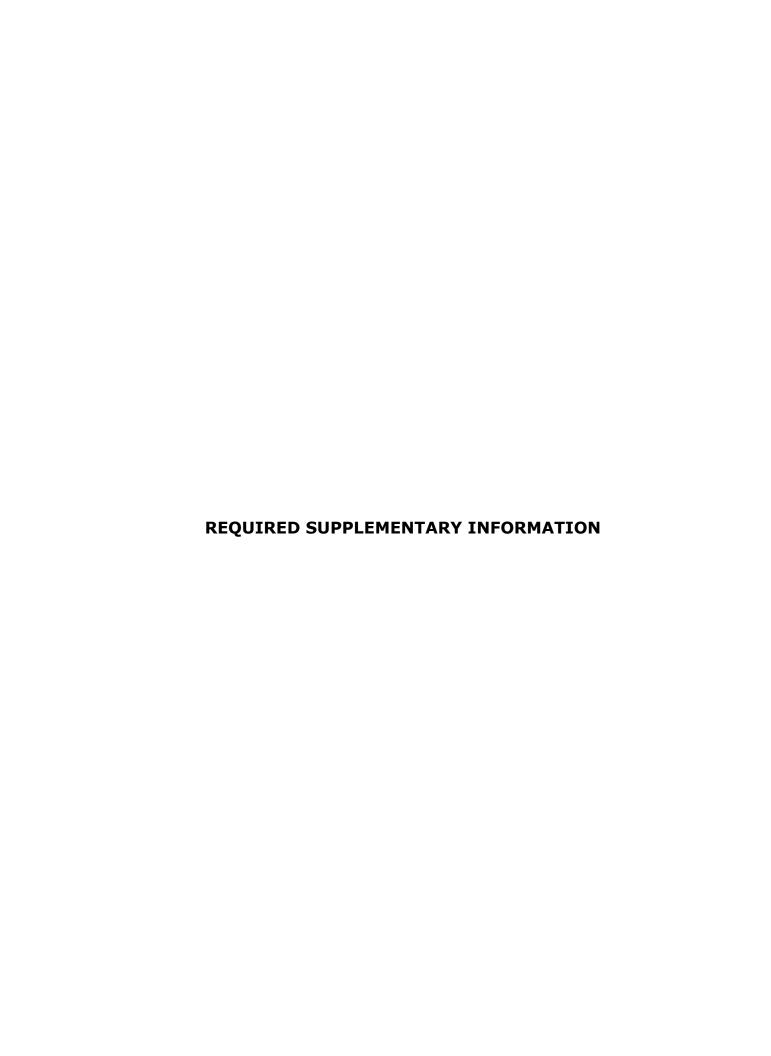
R. New Accounting Standards

Significant new accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) not yet implemented by the District including the following:

Statement No. 87, Leases – This Statement will improve the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities previously classifies as operating leases. It establishes a single mode for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financing the right to use an underlying asset. Under the Statement a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resource, enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities. This Statement will become effective for the District in fiscal year 2022.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements - This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset-an intangible asset-and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. This Statement will become effective for the District in fiscal year 2024.

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control Codes			Budgeted Original	d An	nounts Final	(Actual Amounts (GAAP Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	2,958,863	\$	2,958,863	\$	2,947,004	\$(11,859)
5800	State program revenues		6,465,691	_	6,350,515	_	6,078,070	(272,445)
5020	Total revenues	_	9,424,554	-	9,309,378	_	9,025,074	(284,304)
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		5,307,983		4,969,483		4,628,568		340,915
0012	Instructional resources and media sources		18,000		18,000		10,809		7,191
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		30,962		34,462		33,895		567
0023	School leadership		559,158		612,158		580,338		31,820
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		224,224		244,224		224,133		20,091
0033	Health services		118,012		129,012		130,257	(1,245)
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		231,700		201,700		150,196		51,504
0035	Food services		6,000		6,000		2,540		3,460
0036	Extracurricular activities		667,239		748,239		692,299		55,940
0041	General administration		515,860		550,360		513,014		37,346
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		1,104,256		1,304,756		1,218,011		86,745
0052	Security and monitoring services		60,000		60,000		48,466		11,534
0053	Data processing services		163,470		163,470		141,985		21,485
0093	Payments to fiscal agent/member districts		187,514		187,514		187,514		-
	Intergovernmental:								
0099	Other Intergovernmental		80,000	_	80,000		73,241		6,759
6030	Total expenditures		9,274,378	_	9,309,378		8,635,266		674,112
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF								
	REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		150,176	_		_	389,808	_	389,808
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		150,176	_	-	_	389,808		389,808
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		4,115,292	_	4,115,292	_	4,115,292	_	
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	4,265,468	\$_	4,115,292	\$	4,505,100	\$	389,808

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Plan Year Ended August 31,	2020	2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0041935%	0.0046342%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,245,954	\$ 2,408,993
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	 4,166,993	 3,647,521
Total	\$ 6,412,947	\$ 6,056,514
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,215,145	\$ 4,744,924
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	43.07%	50.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.54%	75.24%

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

 2018	2017		2017		2015			2014
0.0043031%		0.0037660%		0.0039846%		0.0034661%		0.0018533%
\$ 2,368,505	\$	1,204,149	\$	1,505,711	\$	1,225,220	\$	495,042
 4,067,505		2,464,593	_	2,981,871	_	2,907,732	_	2,512,646
\$ 6,436,010	\$	3,668,742	\$_	4,487,582	\$_	4,132,952	\$_	3,007,688
\$ 4,625,348	\$	4,487,649	\$	4,410,996	\$	4,171,570	\$	4,092,956
51.21%		26.83%		34.14%		29.37%		12.09%
73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Fiscal Year Ended August 31,		2021		2020
Contractually required contribution	\$	172,089	\$	114,687
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(</u>	172,089)	<u>(</u>	114,687)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,379,780	\$	5,215,145
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3.20%		2.20%

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

	2019		2018	<u>2018</u> <u>2017</u> <u>201</u>			2016	2015		
\$	127,873	\$	125,416	\$	122,574	\$	124,684	\$	104,547	
(127,873)	(125,416)	<u>(</u>	122,574)	<u>(</u>	124,684)	(104,547)	
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
\$	4,714,243	\$	4,670,348	\$	4,487,649	\$	4,410,996	\$	4,171,570	
	2.71%		2.69%		2.73%		2.83%		2.51%	

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Plan Year Ended August 31,		2020	2019			2018	2017		
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.0	07739683%	0.0	008978289%	0.0	007888446%	0.0	007409871%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	2,942,203	\$	4,245,944	\$	3,938,773	\$	3,222,275	
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		3,953,616		5,641,908		4,008,445		3,515,959	
Total	\$_	6,895,819	\$_	9,887,852	\$	7,947,218	\$_		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,215,145	\$	4,744,924	\$	4,625,348	\$	4,487,649	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		56.42%		89.48%		85.16%		71.80%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		4.99%		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%	

Note: Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Fiscal year Ended August 31,		2021		2020	2019		2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	59,611	\$	75,455	\$	38,065	\$	37,834
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(</u>	59,611)	<u>(</u>	75,455)	<u>(</u>	38,065)	<u>(</u>	37,834)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_		\$_	-	\$_		\$_	_
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,379,780	\$	5,215,145	\$	4,714,193	\$	4,670,348
Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		1.11%		1.45%		0.81%		0.81%

Note: Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AUGUST 31, 2021

Budgetary Information

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, the National School and Breakfast Lunch Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The District presented the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule as required supplementary information. The Debt Service Fund and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program Fund budgetary comparison schedules are presented as required TEA schedules.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The opening budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted by a motion to adopt by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year.
- 4. Each budget is controlled at the organizational level by the administration, appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations at the revenue and expenditure function /object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Expenditures Over Appropriations

The District exceeded appropriations in the General Fund in function 33 as noted on Exhibit G-1. These excess expenditures over appropriations were funded with overages in other functions.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control	ntrol		211 SEA I, A nproving	Ι	224 DEA - Part B	240 National Breakfast and		255 ESEA II, A Training and	
Codes	ASSETS	Bas	ic Program		Formula	Lunc	h Program	ĸ	ecruiting
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	4		4		4	1,200	\$	
1110	Investments - current	\$	-	\$	-	\$	83,860	Þ	_
1220	Property taxes - delinquent		_		_		-		_
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes		_		_		_		_
1240	Due from other governments		67,013		26,875		14,961		24,664
1000	Total assets		67,013	_	26,875		100,021	_	24,664
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts payable		_		_		25,038		51
2140	Interest Payable		-		-		-		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		11,178		4,708		19,899		2,242
2170	Due to other funds		55,835		22,167		48,599		22,371
2180	Due to other governments			_	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
2000	Total liabilities		67,013	_	26,875		93,536		24,664
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2601	Unavailable revenue - property taxes				-		-		-
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources			_	_		-		-
	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal and state programs		-		-		6,485		-
3480	Retirement of long-term debt		-		-		-		-
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Committed for campus activitites		-	_			-		
3000	Total fund balances			_	<u> </u>		6,485		<u> </u>
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
4000	resources and fund balances	\$	67,013	\$_	26,875	\$	100,021	\$	24,664

266 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relie		276 Instructional Continuity	277 Coronavirus Relief Fund	281ESSER II	289 ESEA, Title IV, Part A	410 State Textbook Fund	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	_ _	-	- -	-	-	-	
28,950	15,225	-	-	76,341	-	28,119	
28,950	15,225			76,341		28,120	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	76,341	-	-	
28,950	15,225	-	-	-	-	28,120	
28,950	15,225			76,341		28,120	
				<u> </u>			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
\$\$	\$ <u>15,225</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$	\$	\$\$	

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2021

			429		461		599		Total
Data			Other Campus		•				
Control			State		Activity		Debt	Nonmajor	
Codes	ASSETS		Grants		Funds	. —	Service	Gov	ernmental
1110		4		4	22 200	4	16,763	+	E1 2E2
1110	Cash and cash equivalents Investments - current	\$	- 3,788	\$	33,388	\$	263,926	\$	51,352 351,574
1220	Property taxes - delinquent		5,766		_		93,829		93,829
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes		_		_	(47,499)	1	47,499)
1240	Due from other governments		_		_	(-	(282,148
1000	Total assets	_	3,788	_	33,388	_	327,019		731,404
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts payable		_		5,547		_		30,636
2140	Interest Payable		_		-		9,901		9,901
2160	Accrued wages payable		-		-		-		114,368
2170	Due to other funds		3,788		-		17,185		242,240
2180	Due to other governments		<u> </u>	_			19,867		19,867
2000	Total liabilities	_	3,788	_	5,547	_	46,953		417,012
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2601	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		49,138		49,138
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-	_	-	_	49,138		49,138
	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
			-		-		-		6,485
3450	Retirement of long-term debt Committed Fund Balance:		-		-		230,928		230,928
3545					27,841				27,841
	Committed for campus activitites	_		-		_	220.020	-	
3000	Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			-	27,841	_	230,928		265,254
4000	resources and fund balances	\$	3,788	\$_	33,388	\$_	327,019	\$	731,404

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

		211	224	240	255	
Data		ESEA I, A		National	ESEA II, A	
Contro		Improving	IDEA - Part B,	Breakfast and	Training and	
Codes		Basic Program	Formula	Lunch Program	Recruiting	
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	
5800	State program revenues	-	-	7,279	- 10 553	
5900	Federal program revenues	212,548	51,844	361,324	19,552	
5020	Total revenues	212,548	51,844	416,227	19,552	
	EXPENDITURES					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	161,159	51,844	-	19,552	
0012	Instructional resources and media services	51,389	-	-	-	
0035	Food service	-	-	409,742	-	
0036	Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-	-	-	-	
0053	Data processing services	-	-	-	-	
0071	Principal on long-term debt	-	-	-	-	
0072	Interest on long-term debt	-	-	-	-	
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees					
6030	Total expenditures	212,548	51,844	409,742	19,552	
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			6,485		
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
7911	Proceeds from debt issuance	_	_	_	_	
7916	Premium on issuance of bonds	_	_	_	_	
8949	Other Uses	_	_	_	_	
7080						
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)		<u></u> _			
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	6,485	-	
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING					
3000	FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	\$	\$6,485	\$	

266 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	270 ESEA VI, Pt B Rural & Low Income	276 Instructional Continuity	277 Coronavirus Relief Fund	281 ESSER II	289 ESEA, Title IV, Part A	410 State Textbook Fund
\$ - 2,143 152,357 154,500	\$ - - 15,225 	\$ - - 10,500 10,500	\$ - - 4,653 4,653	\$ - - 76,341 - - 76,341	\$ - 14,270 14,270	\$ - 46,945 - 46,945
25,167 - - - 36,869 92,464 - - - 154,500	15,225 - - - - - - - - 15,225	10,500 - - - - - - - - - 10,500	4,653 - - - - - - - - - 4,653	76,341 - - - - - - - - - 76,341	14,270 - - - - - - - - 14,270	- - - - 46,945 - - - 46,945
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>				
- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

ъ.			429		461		599		Total
Data Control			Other State		Campus Activity		Debt		Nonmajor
Codes			Grants		Funds		Service		overnmental
Codes	REVENUES		Grants		i ulius		Service		overnmental
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$	59,499	\$	786,803	\$	893,926
5800	State program revenues		-		-		30,493	Ċ	86,860
5900	Federal program revenues		_	_					918,614
5020	Total revenues	_		_	59,499	_	817,296	_	1,899,400
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		-		-		-		378,711
0012	Instructional resources and media services		-		-		-		51,389
0035	Food service		-		-		-		409,742
0036	Extracurricular Activities		-		51,960		-		51,960
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		-		-		-		36,869
0053	Data processing services		-		-		-		139,409
0071	Principal on long-term debt		-		-		490,000		490,000
0072	Interest on long-term debt		-		-		339,524		339,524
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees			_		_	171,896	_	171,896
6030	Total expenditures	_		_	51,960	_	1,001,420	_	2,069,500
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			_	7,539	(_	184,124)	<u>(</u>	170,100)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
7911	Proceeds from debt issuance		-		-		7,850,000		7,850,000
7916	Premium on issuance of bonds		-		-		690,715		690,715
8949	Other Uses		_	_	-	(8,719,466)	(8,719,466)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	_		_		(_	178,751)	(178,751)
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		7,539	(362,875)	(348,851)
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	-	_	20,302	_	593,803	_	614,105
3000	FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	_	\$_	27,841	\$	230,928	\$	265,254



SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECIEVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	1	2	3 Net Assessed/ Appraised
Last Ten Years Ended	Tax R	ates	Value for School
August 31,	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purpose
2012 and prior years	various	various	various
2013	1.040000	0.430000	270,220,976
2014	1.170000	0.300000	256,029,748
2015	1.170000	0.360000	255,062,886
2016	1.170000	0.400000	236,757,448
2017	1.170000	0.400000	226,659,866
2018	1.170000	0.400000	229,195,545
2019	1.170000	0.369100	233,869,419
2020	1.068300	0.351600	260,316,290
2021	1.054700	0.285800	273,360,686

10	20	31	32		40	50		
Beginning Balance 09/01/20	Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Total Collections	Debt Service Total Collections	Ad	Entire Year's Adjustments		Ending Balance 08/31/21	
80,589	-	2,714	402	(3,545)	\$	73,928	
22,435	-	1,400	579	(874)		19,582	
24,627	-	2,858	733	(1,146)		19,890	
27,080	-	3,048	938	(1,034)		22,060	
31,403	-	4,162	1,423	(1,719)		24,099	
29,993	-	4,319	1,477	(1,078)		23,119	
39,197	-	5,744	1,964	(438)		31,051	
64,609	-	7,526	2,374	(2,938)		51,771	
103,904	-	22,030	7,251	(12,690)		61,933	
	3,664,400	2,788,974	755,749	(18,305)		101,372	
\$ <u>423,837</u>	\$ <u>3,664,400</u>	\$ <u>2,842,775</u>	\$ <u>772,890</u>	\$ <u>(</u>	43,767)	\$	428,805	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL - NATIONAL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

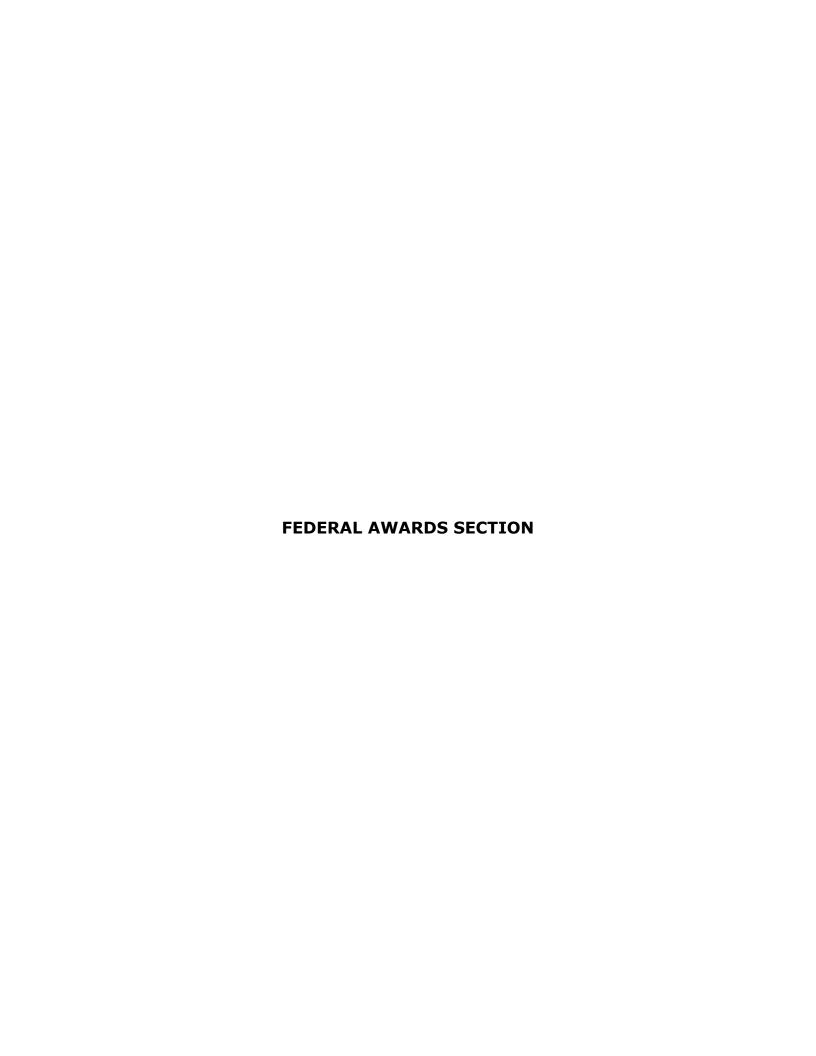
Data							Actual		ance With al Budget
Control			Budgeted	Am	nounts		Amounts	Po	sitive or
Codes			Original		Final	(G	AAP Basis)	(N	egative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	47,624	\$(77,376)
5800	State program revenues		10,300		10,300		7,279	(3,021)
5900	Federal program revenues	_	301,000		301,000	_	361,324		60,324
5020	Total revenues		436,300		436,300		416,227	(20,073)
	EXPENDITURES								
0035	Food services	_	455,258		455,258	_	409,742		45,516
6030	Total expenditures		455,258		455,258		409,742		45,516
	·								
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(18,958)	<u>(</u>	18,958)	_	6,485		25,443
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(18,958)	(18,958)		6,485		25,443
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_		_		_			
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	18,958)	\$ <u>(</u>	18,958)	\$_	6,485	\$	25,443

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

D . I.							A		ariance With
Data			Dudaska				Actual		inal Budget
Control			Budgeted	ı Am		. ,,	Amounts	Positive or	
Codes			Original		Final	((GAAP Basis)		(Negative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	897,220	\$	897,220	\$	786,803	\$(110,417)
5800	State program revenues	_	23,000		23,000	_	30,493		7,493
5020	Total revenues	-	920,220		920,220	_	817,296	(102,924)
	EXPENDITURES								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on long-term debt		490,000		490,000		490,000		-
0072	Interest on long-term debt		428,520		428,520		339,524		88,996
0073	Bond issuance cost and fees		1,700		1,700		171,896	(170,196)
6030	Total expenditures	_	920,220	_	920,220	_	1,001,420	(81,200)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
7911	Proceeds from debt issuance		-		-		7,850,000	(7,850,000)
7916	Premium on issuance of bonds		-		-		690,715	(690,715)
8949	Other Uses		-		-	(8,719,466)	•	8,719,466
	Total other financing sources (uses)					(178,751)	_	178,751
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-	(362,875)		362,875
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	593,803		593,803	_	593,803		593,803
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	593,803	\$	593,803	\$_	230,928	\$	956,678

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Trustees Frankston Independent School District Frankston, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Frankston Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Frankston Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon December 13, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Frankston Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Frankston Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Frankston Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Frankston Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas December 13, 2021





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Frankston Independent School District Frankston, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Frankston Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Frankston Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2021. Frankston Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Frankston Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Frankston Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Frankston Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Frankston Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended August 31, 2021.

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Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Frankston Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Frankston Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal and state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Frankston Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas December 13, 2021

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	(2) Federal	(3)	(4)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the Texas Education Agency			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	714020	\$ 17,645
School Breakfast Program	10.553	714021	107,923
National School Lunch Program	10.555	713020	22,957
National School Lunch Program	10.555	713021	181,529
Total Passed through the Texas Education Agency			330,054
Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			
National School Lunch Program - Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	161009A	29,897
National School Lunch Program - USDA Emergency Operational Cost	10.555	00793	1,373
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			31,270
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			361,324
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			361,324
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
Passed Through the Texas Education Agency COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	24 040	21/2	4.652
Total ALN Number 21.019	21.019	N/A	4,653
			4,653
Total Passed through the Texas Education Agency			4,653
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			4,653
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through the Texas Education Agency			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	S010A200043	212,548
Total ALN Number 84.010A			212,548
IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	1660001161920600	51,844
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			51,844
Title V, B SP2, RLIS	84.358B	S358B200043	15,225
Total ALN Number 84.358B			15,225
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	S367A200041	19,552
Total ALN Number 84.367A			19,552
Instructional Continuity	84.377A	S377A160044	10,500
Total ALN Number 84.377A			10,500
Title IV, Part A, Subpart I	84.424A	S424A200045	14,270
Total ALN Number 84.424A			14,270
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)	84.425D	S425D200042	152,357
COVID-19 - ESSER III	84.425U	S425U210042	249,148
Total ALN Number 84.425			401,505
Total Passed through the Texas Education Agency			725,444
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			725,444
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,091,421
ISTAL EXPENDITURES OF PEDERAL AWARDS			Ψ 1,031,421

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Frankston Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles,* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounted presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. National School Lunch Program noncash commodities are recorded at their estimated market value at the time of donation. The District has elected not to use 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance, and none of the federal awards expended by the District were provided to subrecipients. Presented below is a reconciliation of federal revenues:

Federal revenues per the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds (Exhibit C-3) \$ 1,167,762

COVID-19 - ESSER II Funds recognized but not yet approved (76,341)

Federal expenditures per the Schedule of

Expenditures of Federal Awards (Exhibit K-1)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditors' report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Material noncompliance material to financial

statements noted?

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR 200.516(a)? None

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number(s): Name of Federal Program or Cluster:

10.553 and 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

84.425 ESSER

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None reported

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None reported

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

None