Grade 11 NTI Day #10 Chemistry

Please do the following:

- (1) Watch this youtube video: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ysai7aH6jul&list=PL5wpmHJhOEi\_uGl\_V8tbHMe</u> <u>-Ep6qyZh-p&index=3</u>
- (2) Review the slidedeck/presentation (see below). It will match the video presentation above.
- (3) Complete the question sheet below the slidedeck at the end of this document.

If you have any questions, please email me: tyler.hampton@pineville.kyschools.us . This assignment is on Google Classroom. Please turn it in through Google Classroom. While you are there, make sure to sign the sign-in sheet. The assignment is also on the school homepage <a href="https://www.pineville.kyschools.us/">https://www.pineville.kyschools.us/</a>. Go to the tab that says, "NTI". Then go to the appropriate day. However, please turn in the assignment through Google Classroom, even if you access it through the school website.

## Unit: Dimensional Analysis

### Introduction to Dimensional Analysis



Day 1 - Notes

### After today, you should be able to...

- Explain what dimensional analysis is and how it is used in chemistry
- Solve one and two step conversions using dimensional analysis
- Use the appropriate conversion factors to modify base units
- Identify the units used in the SI unit system for length, mass, and volume
- Use prefixes to write conversion factors (ex: centi-)

<u>Dimensional analysis</u>: A method used to convert units.

 Uses "conversion factors" 60 minutes = 1 hour 24 hours = 1 day100 cm = 1 m12 in = 1 ft16 oz = 1 lb



### **Important Measurement Prefixes**

**Base Units** 

DDFFIVE

Mass in grams (g) Volume in liters (L) Length in meters (m)

Prefix	Symbol	Meaning	Example
Mega-	Μ	1,000,000	1Mm = 1,000,000m
Kilo-	k	1,000	1kL=1000L
BASE UNITS			
Deci-	d	0.10	1m = 10dm
Centi-	С	0.010	1L=100cL
Milli-	m	0.0010	1g=1000mg
Micro-	μ	1x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1m=1x10 <sup>6</sup> µm
		- The	えて

## Important Measurement Prefixes

**Base Units** 

Mass in grams (g) Volume in liters (L) Length in meters (m)



## **Steps for Dimensional Analysis**

- 1. Write the "K:" and the "U:" (K is what you KNOW, U is what you are trying to FIND)
- 2. Write out your *plan* (write out the units you are converting from and to and the conversion factors)
- 3. Write your known (put over one)
- 4. Write " x\_\_\_\_\_"
- 5. Write the known units in denominator



## Example

How many feet are equal to 54.7in? *K*: 54.7in "The plan"  $in \rightarrow ft$ 12in = 1ft *U*: ? ft



Example (2 steps) How many kg are equal to 45,000 mg? K: 45,000mg "The plan"  $mg \rightarrow g \rightarrow kg$ U: ? kg



ilure to use Jional Analysis on homework, quizzes, tests, and the like, will result in a <u>ZERO</u> for these assignments.

# Questions? Begin Worksheet #1

#### Day #10 Questions

#### **Multiple-Choice Questions**

- 1. What is dimensional analysis primarily used for in chemistry?
  - a) Measuring the mass of substances
  - b) Converting between units using conversion factors
  - c) Calculating chemical reaction rates
  - d) Measuring the accuracy of experiments
- 2. Which prefix represents 1/1,000th of a unit?
  - a) Centi-
  - b) Milli-
  - c) Micro-
  - d) Deci-
- 3. If there are 1,000 milligrams in a gram, how many grams are in 45,000 milligrams? a) 4.5 g
  - b) 45 g
  - c) 0.045 g
  - d) 450 g

#### **Short Answer Question**

4. Why is it important to always use dimensional analysis in this chemistry class? Provide one example of a situation where it would be necessary.