Basics of Contact Tracing in Schools & School Staff Response

NN HCOC Community Mitigation Team August 2021

Key Questions (and outline)

- 1. What to do if an individual comes to school with symptoms
- 2. What to do if you learn that an individual who tests positive was in school
- 3. What to do if an individual has an exposure
- 4. How do these scenarios differ by vaccinated vs unvaccinated
- 5. What are the testing options

Social Distancing in Schools

School and Classroom Physical Distancing

- Promote at least 3-6 feet apart from one another
- Maintain 6 feet and/or do activities outdoors if increased exertion/breathing

Eating and Lunch Breaks

Masks off, so maintain 6 feet and/or do activities outdoors

Buses

Masks on!

Cohorting

 Groups of students and staff who interact mostly only with each other to prevent potential COVID-19 spread.

Note: School guidelines change frequently; please check the most recent Navajo Nation school guidelines



What to do if an individual comes to school with symptoms

What to do if an individual comes to school with symptoms



Immediately Isolate student

 Notify parents to pick them up and take them home



Advise parent / guardian

- ASAP: Get tested for COVID-19 and notify school of result
- Get clearance letter from health care professional – must provide before returning to school.
- Confirm best phone number to be reached

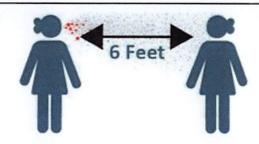


Return to school

- Communicate internally to staff that student cannot attend school without clearance letter
- Allow student to return once clearance letter received

What to do if you learn that an individual who tests positive was in school





What's a "Close Contact"?

- Someone who was within 6 feet of a COVID-19 case for a cumulative total of 15 minutes or more over a 24-hour period (for example, three individual 5-minute exposures for a total of 15 minutes).
- Remember: people can spread COVID-19 starting 2 days before they have any symptoms (or, if no symptoms, 2 days before positive test collected) until they finish isolation. Ask about close contacts during that entire infectious period.

Exception to Close Contact Definition – for Schools:

- Students who were within 3 to 6 feet of an infected student where **both students** were engaged in consistent and correct use of well-fitting masks; and other K–12 school prevention strategies (such as universal and correct mask use, physical distancing, and increased ventilation) were in place in the K–12 school setting.
- This exception only applies to students, not adults

What to do if an individual who tested positive was in school



Investigate

- Gather Key info from student, school staff, and parent
- When did symptoms start?
- Last day at school/work?
- Vaccination status
- Past positive (COVID positive in the last 90 days)?
- Identify all close contacts (work site/classroom, staff & students)



Notify Close Contacts

- If unvaccinated: pick up, take home, and get tested ASAP
- If vaccinated and no symptoms: ok to stay in school; get tested 3-5 days after exposure.
- If vaccinated and symptoms: pick up, take home, and get tested ASAP
- If "past positive": ok to stay in school



Isolate and Quarantine

Positive case and any close contacts who are sent home

- Communicate internally that student cannot attend school without clearance letter
- Student can return once clearance letter received



Reporting

- Local public health authority: provide information on Case and Close Contacts
- Navajo Nation Heath Exposure Portal within 24 hours
- Weekly public notification

What to do if an individual has an exposure (inside or outside of school)

What to do if an individual has an exposure (inside or outside of school)



Advise parent / guardian

- ASAP: Take student home, get tested for COVID-19 and notify school of result
- Get clearance letter from health care professional – must provide before returning to school.
- Confirm best phone number to be reached



If positive test result

• Complete steps in previous slide



Return to school

- Communicate internally to staff that student cannot attend school without clearance letter
- Allow student to return once clearance letter received

How do these scenarios differ by vaccinated vs unvaccinated?

If You are Exposed to Someone with COVID-19



Unvaccinated (or partially vaccinated)

Quarantine for full 14 days after last exposure

Testing recommended

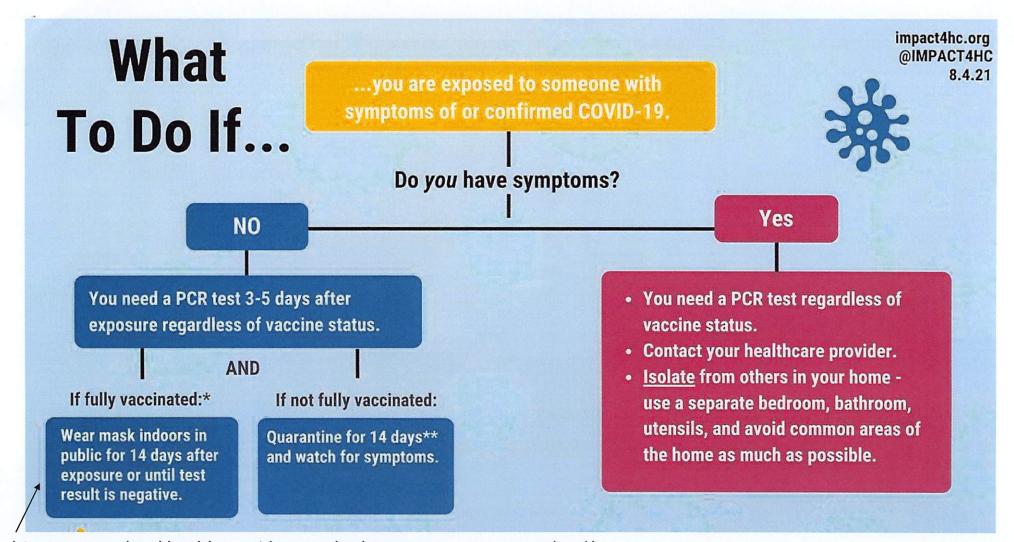


Fully Vaccinated

(2 weeks after 2nd dose Pfizer/Moderna, or 2 weeks after J&J) May be allowed to return to school <u>if they do not have any symptoms</u>

Testing recommended 3-5 days after exposure, or ASAP if symptoms

- Individual recommendations depend on healthcare provider / contact tracing team
- Always require a letter from a health care professional to return to work or school



^{*}Contact your local health provider on whether you can return to school*

Communication tips

Need-to-know

- Reassure all staff / parents that anyone who has been exposed will be notified and oriented on what do to
- For any COVID-19 case, don't need to notify those who were not exposed

Protect confidentiality

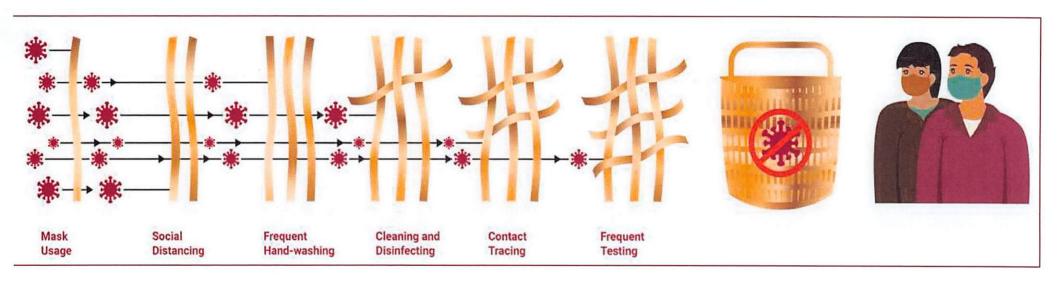
- Don't use names
- For internal communication about clearance letter, don't need to specify if the individuals was a close contact or case
- If someone is diagnosed through school, let them know that school is required to share information with public health authorities; this is in order to make sure that person and people close to them get the resources they need to stay safe



https://keepcalms.com/p/don-t-panic-keep-calm-and-carry-on-learning/

What are the testing options

Testing: Another layer we weave into the basket to keep our schools safe

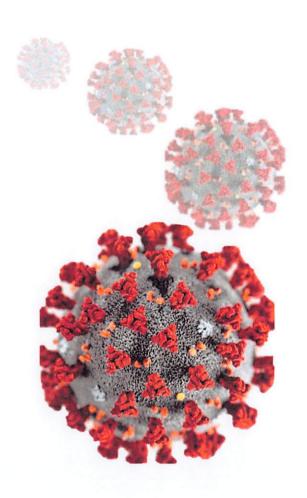


Navajo Nation COVID-19 Safe Schools Framework

Strategy	Setting & Description		Frequency based on transmission level Critical/Very High Substantial Moderate Low	
Screening Testing (Options are in the Additional Information section)	Classroom	Regular testing of teachers, staff, and students	Recommended 1-2x per week for teachers/staff/students	Optional 1x per week for teachers/ staff
	Sports	Low and Intermediate Risk	Recommended 1x per week	Optional 1x per week
		High Risk	Recommended 2x per week	Optional 1x per week

COVID Testing

- Testing can help determine if a person has COVID, but testing is not perfect
 - Positive results: very accurate
 - Negative results: less accurate, may be false negative
- The virus must develop enough in the respiratory system to be detected
- Who should be tested?
 - Anyone with possible COVID symptoms
 - Anyone around someone with COVID
 - Anyone who would like a test



Viral Testing Options

PCR

- Most accurate
- Results in 1-3 days
 - Sometimes can be done in hours depending on lab

Antigen

- Less accurate; more accurate if patient has symptoms
- Results in <1 hour
- May have home testing option in the near future



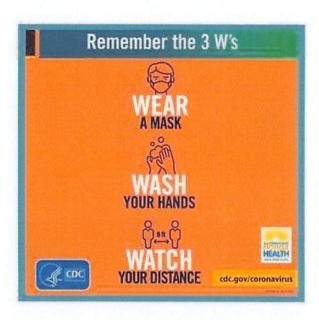




What's the best way to prevent COVID?

Get VACCINATED!





Resources

Navajo HCOC Safe Schools Community of Practice – Wednesdays 3pm

 Join Zoom Meeting <u>https://jh.zoom.us/j/92172260922?pwd=ZWVFSzE1QVN2WmJna0d1WGVtMmloZz09</u>

Navajo Department of Health Safe Schools Framework

- https://www.navajoreopening.navajo-nsn.gov/COVID-19-Safe-Schools-Framework
- https://www.navajoreopening.navajo-nsn.gov/COVID-19-Safe-Schools-Framework/School-Exposures

Johns Hopkins Center for American Indian Health

https://caih.jhu.edu/schoolresources/

Center for Disease Control School Guidance

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/schools-childcare/k-12-guidance.html