DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Board of Trustees Dietrich School District No. 314 Dietrich, ID 83324 September 10, 2015

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dietrich School District No. 314 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Management has not adopted a methodology for reporting other postemployment benefits under the guidelines of GASB 45 in the government-wide statements and, accordingly, has not considered the need to record a liability for such benefits. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that an adequate liability be provided for postemployment benefits, which would increase the liabilities and decrease fund balance and change the revenues in the government-wide statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net position, and expenses of the government-wide statements is not reasonably determinable.

Qualified Opinion

In my opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the government-wide activities of Dietrich School District No. 314, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Dietrich School District No. 314, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, the beginning net position has been restated due to the effects of implementing GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. My opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer's contibution on pages 35 through 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Dietrich School District No. 314's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u> Page Three

The combining and individual financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated September 10, 2015, on our consideration of the Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities			
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Net Receivables Inventory	\$ 84,943 915,972 159,735 11,953			
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		\$ 1,172,603		
NONCURRENT ASSETS Long-Term Receivables Investments - Restricted Capital Assets (non-depreciated) Capital Assets (depreciated - net)	\$ 2,139 1,624,512 80,000 2,287,434			
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		3,994,085		
TOTAL ASSETS		5,166,688		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Obligations TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 170,932	170,932		
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Interest Payable Current Portion of Long-Term Debt TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 10,382 199,649 806 17,277	228,114		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Net Pension Liability Lease Payable (net of current portion) Bond Payable (net of current portion)	\$ 310,293 17,731 1,947,000			
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		2,275,024		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,503,138		

		Governmental Activities			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Sources	\$	427,155			
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				427,155	
NET POSITION					
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$	384,620			
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects		2,765			
Debt Service		1,701,848			
Federal and State Programs		24,815			
Unrestricted		293,279	_		
TOTAL NET POSITION			\$	2,407,327	

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Program Revenues				
			Operating			al Grants
Primary Government		Charges f	or G	Grants and		and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Co	ntributions	Cont	ributions
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 1,454,947	\$ 3	1 \$	186,511		
Support	252,852			32,450		
General Administrative	420,665					
Custodial/Maintenance	181,895					
Student Transportation	156,898			65,545		
Non-Instructional - Food Service	178,871	23,43	9	113,936		
Debt Service - Interest on Debt	37,049			58,408		
Total Governmental Activities	2,683,177	23,47	<u> </u>	456,850	\$	0
Business-Type Activities						
None						
Total Business-Type Activities	0		<u> </u>	0		0
T. I. I. D					_	
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,683,177	\$ 23,47	<u> </u>	456,850	\$	0

General Revenue

Property Taxes State Formula Support Other State Support Local Revenue Investment Earnings

Total General Revenue

Changes in Net Assets

Net Position - Beginning (Restated)

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Changes in Net Assets			
	Primary Government		
Governmental	Business-Type		
Activities	Activities		Total
\$ (1,268,405)		\$	(1,268,405)
(220,402)			(220,402)
(420,665)			(420,665)
(181,895)			(181,895)
(91,353)			(91,353)
(41,496)			(41,496)
,			21,359
21,359			21,339
(0.000.057)			(0.000.057)
(2,202,857)			(2,202,857)
			_
0	\$ 0		0
(2,202,857)	0		(2,202,857)
(, , , ,			(, , , ,
02.007			02.907
92,807			92,807
1,507,525			1,507,525
222,770			222,770
36,415			36,415
64,039			64,039
1,923,556	0		1,923,556
·			
(279,301)	0		(279,301)
(270,001)	· ·		(270,001)
2,686,628	0		2,686,628
2,000,020			2,000,020
¢ 2.407.227	¢ ^	æ	2 407 227
\$ 2,407,327	\$ 0	\$	2,407,327

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 37,208 915,968		\$ 44,974	
Property Taxes Receivable Interfund Balances Due From Other Governments	85,947	\$ 68,596	32,362 291,566	
Restricted Assets - Investments			1,624,512	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,039,123	\$ 68,596	\$ 1,993,414	
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable	\$ 7,353			
Interfund Balances Contracts and Benefits Payable	293,787 183,928	\$ 9,319		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	485,068	9,319	\$ 0	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			2.420	
Deferred Inflows from Property Taxes			2,139	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0	0	2,139	
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted - Special Revenue Funds Restricted - Debt Service Fund Restricted - Capital Projects Fund		59,277	1,991,275	
Unassigned	554,055			
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	554,055	59,277	1,991,275	
TOTAL LIABILITIES ,DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,039,123	\$ 68,596	\$ 1,993,414	

Capital Projects Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2,761 4			\$	84,943 915,972 32,362
20,647	\$	43,565		380,809 129,512 1,624,512
\$ 23,412	\$	43,565	9	3,168,110
	\$	3,029 87,022 6,402	\$	10,382 380,809 199,649
\$ 0		96,453	_	590,840
			_	2,139
 0		0	_	2,139
23,412		(52,888)		6,389 1,991,275 23,412
 			_	554,055
 23,412		(52,888)	_	2,575,131
\$ 23,412	\$	43,565	9	3,168,110

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

DEVENUE O	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
REVENUES Property Taxes and Penalty and Interest State Foundation Support	\$ 1,740 1,573,071		\$ 94,330
Other State Support/Grants	255,880		58,408
Federal Revenue/Grants		\$ 113,936	
Other Local Revenue	31,282	23,439	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,861,973	137,375	152,738
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional	940,362		
Support	218,426		
General Administrative	347,875		
Custodial/Maintenance	161,138		
Student Transportation	123,775		
Non-Instructional	12,931	151,729	
Capital Expenditures	22,008	5,834	
Debt Service - Principal			
Debt Service - Interest and Charges			35,795
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,826,515	157,563	35,795
EXCESS REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	35,458	(20,188)	116,943
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Earnings on Investments	1,670		62,369
Transfers In (Out)	(64,179)		·
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(62,509)	0	62,369
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(27,051)	(20,188)	179,312
(5.132.1) 2.11 2.11 511 511 51	(=1,001)	(20,100)	170,012
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	581,106	79,465	1,811,963
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 554,055	\$ 59,277	\$ 1,991,275

	Other	Total
Capital	Governmental	Governmental
Projects Fund	Funds	Funds
		\$ 96,070
		1,573,071
	\$ 33,827	348,115
	152,023	265,959
\$ 2,747	2,417	59,885
2,747	188,267	2,343,100
2,171	100,207	2,040,100
	186,548	1,126,910
	2,766	221,192
		347,875
148		161,286
		123,775
		164,660
	2,450	30,292
19,055	,	19,055
1,494		37,289
20,697	191,764	2,232,334
(47.050)	(2.407)	440.766
(17,950)	(3,497)	110,766
		64,039
64,179		0 1,000
<u> </u>		
64,179	0	64,039
40.000	(0.407)	474.005
46,229	(3,497)	174,805
(22,817)	(49,391)	2,400,326
(==,+:.)	(13,001)	
\$ 23,412	\$ (52,888)	\$ 2,575,131

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES **JUNE 30, 2015**

T-4-1	0	Cond Dalaman
Total	Governmental	Fund Balances

\$ 2,575,131

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Capital assets (non-depreciated and depreciated) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balances, \$80,000 of land and \$4,175,148 net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,887,714.

\$ 2,367,434

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

2.139

Supplies purchased are reported as expenditures for fund reporting but are expensed as used for government-wide statements.

11,953

Interest is recorded when paid for funds but is reported when payable in the current period for government wide statements.

(806)

170,932

(427, 155)

Amounts resulting from pension liabilities as a result of GASB 68 are not recorded in the fund statements:

-Deferred Outflows Pension Obligations -Deferred Inflows Pension Sources -Net Pension Liability (310,293)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Capital Leases (35,008)**Outstanding Bonds** (1,947,000)

Net Changes (167,804)

Net Position of Governmental Activities 2,407,327

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314

DIETRICH, IDAHO

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund Balances			\$ 174,805
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. - Depreciation - Capital Expenditures	\$	(97,392) 22,008	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(3,263)	
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of Net Assets.		19,055	
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.		(394,754)	
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	_	240_	
Net Changes			 (454,106)

\$ (279,301)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Agenc Funds	-
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 55,7	785
<u>Total Assets</u>	55,,	785
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Student Groups	55,	785_
Total Liabilities	55,	785
Total Net Position	\$	0

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. INTRODUCTION

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of Dietrich School District No. 314 are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The District is governed by an elected Board of Trustees which possesses final decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for those decisions. The Board is responsible for approving the budget, establishing spending limitations, funding any deficits, and borrowing funds and/or issuing bonds to finance school system operations and construction. All operations controlled by the Board are included within these financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

B-REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present the District (the primary government) and any component units of the District. As defined by GASB No. 14, component units are legally separate entities that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operating or financial relationships with the District. Based on this definition, the District has no component units.

The District was established on July 18, 1910, as petitioned to Lincoln County under the laws and regulations of the State of Idaho. Idaho Code 33-301 *School Districts Bodies Corporate* states that each school district, now or hereafter established, when validly organized and existing, is declared to be a body corporate and politic, and in its corporate capacity may sue and be sued and may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property necessary to its establishment, extension and existence. It shall have authority to issue negotiable coupon bonds and incur such other debt, in the amounts and manner, as provided by law. Title 33 of Idaho statutes dictates the laws that the District must operate under.

C - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District's federal grants, state grants, debt service, capital projects, plant facilities, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The District has no services classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (local revenue, education foundation support, grants, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (instruction, support, administrative, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs. All interfund activity has been eliminated.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

D - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. *GASBS No. 34* sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District can electively add funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects

Capital Project Funds - The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes only one Capital Project Fund and it is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets with transfers made from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of interest and principle on the general long-term debt of the District. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the District's judgment.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the District in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund maintained by the District is the student body account.

E - MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- 3. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

- Accrual Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements
 and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of
 accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues,
 including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have
 been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses
 are recognized when incurred.
- 1. Modified Accrual The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

F - ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the District.

Investments are carried at fair value except for short-term U.S. Treasury obligations with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 2.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods/services type transactions are classified as "due to/from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivable/payable." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 7 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end. All interfund activity has been eliminated in the government-wide statement of activity.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, grants, and State foundation funding. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

<u>Inventories</u>

In the government-wide statements, materials, supplies and food commodities are carried in an inventory account at the lower of cost or market and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. Inventories also include plant maintenance, operating, and instructional supplies. In the fund financial statements, inventory items are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to bond proceeds to be used for a capital construction project of the District and to state and federal grants. For expenditures that apply to both restricted and unrestricted resources, the District uses restricted funds first.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts and can represent a reservation of fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements. The District does not use encumbrance accounting. Therefore, there is no reservation of fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are decreases in net assets that relate to future periods and are reported in a separate section of its government-wide and governmental funds financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources from pension obligations affect the government-wide statements and no deferred outflows effect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s) and is because the District will not recognize the related revenues until a future event occurs. The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources and has only one type of item which occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred property taxes and grants are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The deferred outflows of resources reported in its government-wide financial statements is from pension sources.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. For fund financial statements, the District has maintained a \$500 limit before an item is recorded as a capital expenditure. The limits for the government-wide statements vary and are shown below.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003.

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets are not required to be valued and reported on the District's financial statements and the District has not elected to report them. Therefore, the value of any infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003, are not included in these statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation based on its capitalization amount. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization limits by type of asset are as follows:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

		Capitalization
<u>Description</u>	Life	Amount
Aggregate Cost of Library Books	3	\$5,000
Automobiles	5	\$5,000
Office and Light-weight Equipment	5	\$5,000
Heavy Equipment	7	\$10,000
Buildings and Improvements	40	\$15,000
Infrastructure	50	\$50,000

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Liability for Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed to accrue 5 days personal leave each year. At the end of the year, the employees are paid for all unused personal days. The days are paid at the rate paid to substitutes and is included in their June pay check. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences has been incurred or recorded at year end.

Vacation and sick days are not allowed to be carried over at the District level. Therefore, there is no liability associated with vacation or sick leave days.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are reported in the deferred inflows of resources section in the statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium of discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budget

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

- At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.
- 2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.
- 3. The board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.
- 4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

Equity Classifications (Net Position and Fund Balance)

Government-wide Financial Statements

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted net position first unless unrestricted net position will have to be returned because they were not used. Net position on the Statement of Net Position include the following:

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - The component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position—Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position—All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Trustees.

Assigned Fund Balance - Includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance - Includes the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of Idaho Code Sections 33-701 and 67-1210. Under Idaho Code, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposits provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States treasury bill rates.

The classifications of risk associated with cash and investments are concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and custodial credit risk. These are defined as:

Concentration of Credit Risk - The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Interest Rate Risk - The exposure to an unfavorable change in interest rates.

Credit Risk - The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District does not have formal investment policies to limit the concentration of credit risk or the interest rate risk.

At June 30, 2015, the District had a carrying value of cash deposits of \$140,728 and a bank balance of \$143,818. Based on the above definitions, the District is subject to \$612 of concentration of credit risk.

Idaho Code authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities and repurchase agreements. The carrying value of investments owned at year end was \$2,540,484(\$915,972 Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool and \$1,624,512 Zions Bank - Dreyfus Treasury Cash Management Account) which approximates market value. The Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool has no credit rating.

The \$1,624,512 invested with Zions Bank is a sinking fund required by the QZAB bond obtained by the District. Amounts are deposited into the account and are restricted by bond covenants to be used strictly for the retirement of the QZAB bond and interest. Funds are invested in obligations of the U.S. government and do not require disclosure of credit quality ratings.

Investments by the City in the State Treasury Pool are specifically excluded from reporting for custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk by GASB 40.

NOTE 3 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED TAX REVENUES

The District's property tax is levied each October on the value listed as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the District. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every five years. The market value for the list of January 1, 2014, upon which the 2014 levy was based was \$42,629,287.

The tax rates assessed, per \$100 of valuation, for the year ended June 30, 2015, and maximum levy rates limited by Idaho Code Section 33-802 are as follows:

Maximum

Rate	Rate
0.0000	Not Allowed
0.2067	No Limit
	0.0000

NOTE 3 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED TAX REVENUES (Continued)

At June 30, 2015, the components of taxes receivable are as follows:

Property Tax year	neral und	De	bt Service Fund	Total
2013	\$ 0	\$	31,171	\$ 31,171
2012	0		778	778
2011	 0		413	 413
<u>Total</u>	\$ 0	\$	32,362	\$ 32,362

For fund financial statements, the recognition of revenue on taxes receivable shall not exceed 60 days collection after the June 30, 2015, year end. The collections for the 60 day period have been estimated based on prior years collection percentages. Property taxes uncollected by August 31, 2015, are deferred inflows of resources (deferred revenue). The components of deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Fund	Amount
General Fund	\$ 0
Debt Service Fund	 2,139
<u>Total</u>	\$ 2,139

For government-wide statements, an allowance for uncollectable taxes is calculated. However, historical information shows that the uncollectable amount is immaterial to these statements and no allowance will be recorded until it becomes a material amount.

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives support from the State of Idaho through the School Foundation Program. Amounts due from federal and state governments at June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	(General		Special	
Source - Description		Fund	F	Revenue	 Total
State - Foundation	\$	85,947		_	\$ 85,947
State - Other Support			\$	7,193	7,193
Federal - Grant Awards				36,372	 36,372
<u>Total</u>	\$	85,947	\$	43,565	\$ 129,512

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The District controls risk of loss by having adequate insurance coverage. The type and coverage amount is listed below and is believed to be proper to protect the District from any losses:

Workers Compensation Insurance	Limited by State Law
General Liability	\$ 2,000,000
Building	9,289,854
Auto	2,000,000
Umbrella	5,000,000

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows (beginning amounts restated to reflect GASB 34):

,	Primary Government - Governmental Activities				
	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	
Non-depreciated assets:					
Land	\$ 80,000			\$ 80,000	
Construction-in-progress	0			0	
Subtotal	80,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	80,000	
Other capital assets:					
Buildings and Improvements	3,340,164	22,008		3,362,172	
Library	210,879			210,879	
Heavy Equipment and Busses	442,370			442,370	
Equipment	159,727			159,727	
Subtotal	4,153,140	22,008	0	4,175,148	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(1,091,403)	(74,890)		(1,166,293)	
Library	(205,156)	(2,862)		(208,018)	
Heavy Equipment and Busses	(356,992)	(15,028)		(372,020)	
Equipment	(136,771)	(4,612)		(141,383)	
Subtotal	(1,790,322)	(97,392)	0	(1,887,714)	
Net Depreciated Assets	2,362,818	(75,384)	0	2,287,434	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 2,442,818	\$ (75,384)	\$ 0	\$ 2,367,434	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 65,354
Support	14,291
Administration	2,388
Student Transportation	 15,359
Total	\$ 97,392

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers and due to/from for the District for the year ended June 30, 2015, are summarized below:

Purpose	Receiving Fund	Paying Fund	Amount
Transfers:			
To cover bus depreciation	Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 64,179
Due To/From:			
To cover current expenditures	Special Revenue	Food Service	68,596
To cover current expenditures	Special Revenue	Capital Proj.	18,426
To cover current expenditures	General Fund	Capital Proj.	2,221
To cover current expenditures	General Fund	Debt Service	291,566

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation which would adversely affect the District. The District has received several federal/state grants for specific purposes that were subject to review and audit of compliance conditions of the programs. Some of these programs require unobligated amounts at September 30, 2015, to be returned. Since this amount is not capable of being measured at year end, no accrual has been recorded. The reports on internal accounting controls and compliance elements are contained on pages 58 to 59. This audit found no elements of non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the individual programs audited.

NOTE 9 - DEBT

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt obligations and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Amount Outstanding Beginning	Issued	Retired	Amount Outstanding Ending
Capital Lease @ 5.12% - Bus Capital Lease @ 2.65% - Bus Bond Issue @ 1.69%	\$ 2,223 51,840 1,947,000		\$ 2,223 16,832	\$ 0 35,008 1,947,000
<u>Total</u>	\$ 2,001,063	\$ 0	\$ 19,055	\$ 1,982,008

The bond is a "Qualified Zone Academy" Bond as described in Internal Revenue Code Section 1397E(d)(4). The facility must meet certain criteria in order to qualify and the District must adopt a curriculum designed for the new job market and a comprehensive science program with laboratory and equipment. Curriculum must be reviewed to monitor the progress of the programs. Also, payments will be made for \$115,000.00 to a sinking fund that will be used to pay the principal at maturity.

NOTE 9 - DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the bond issue as of June 30, 2015, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Bond Principal	F	Lease Principal	Interest		Total	
2016 2017	\$ 1,947,000	\$	17,277 17,731	\$	33,163 32,708	50,440 1,997,439	
<u>Total</u>	\$ 1,947,000	\$	35,008	\$	65,871	\$ 2,047,879	

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	40,776
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11,504
Active plan members	66,223
Total	118.503

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2014 it was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. The District's employer contributions required and paid were \$145,103, \$138,531 and \$123,175 for the three years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At July 1, 2014, the District's proportion was .0421504 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of (\$94,749). At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$	38,518
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	25,829		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			388,637
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions	-		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	145,103		
Total	\$ 170,932	\$	427,155

\$145,103 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2015.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2013 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 is 5.6 years.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2015	\$ (99,918)
2016	\$ (99,918)
2017	\$ (99,918)
2018	\$ (99,918)
2019	\$ (1,655)
Thereafter	\$ -

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	4.5 – 10.25%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2014 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2014.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

			Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income Broad US Equities Developed Foreign Equities	Barclays Aggregate Wilshire 5000 / Russell 3000 MSCI EAFE	30.00% 55.00% 15.00%	0.80% 6.90% 7.55%
Assumed Inflation - Mean Assumed Inflation - Standard Devia Deviation	tion		3.25% 2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return Portfolio Standard Deviation			8.42% 13.34%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Rate Assumed Investment Expenses	of Return		7.50% 0.40%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	n, Net of Investment Expenses		7.10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,077,557	\$ 310,293	\$ (327,527)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2015, the District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 11 - REQUIRED DISCLOSURE - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following nonmajor funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2015:

Title I-A Local Program	\$ (31,762)
Title I-C Migrant	(2,850)
REAP	(17,713)
Special Education—Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	(11,477)
Special Education—Preschool (IDEA Preschool)	(933)
Perkins III	(1,631)
Title IV-A Drug Free Schools	(720)
Plant Facility - Bus Depreciation	(20,549)

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Dietrich School District No. 314 has not implemented *Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45. Statement 45* is an accounting and financial reporting provision requiring government employers to measure and report the liabilities associated with other postemployment benefits (OPEB) other than pensions. Reported OPEBs may include postretirement medical, dental, pharmacy, vision, life, long-term disability and long-term care benefits that are not associated with a pension plan. Typically an actuary (or actuaries) with both pension and health experience must perform the calculations following generally accepted actuarial methods. *GASB 45* was instigated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in July, 2004, because of the growing concern over the potential magnitude of government employer obligations for postemployment benefits.

Plan Description

The District participates in a postretirement health insurance program administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). PERSI administers the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund which collects salary-based contributions for state and school employees while employed and pays insurance premiums at retirement based on a portion of the accumulated balance of their unused sick leave.

Funding Policy

Payment to the Fund is done monthly and is based on a percentage of salary. The percentage is determined by PERSI and reported and paid by the District on a monthly basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Any OPEB costs is due to the increase in annual premiums of current employees due to the retired employees being placed in the same pool for the determination of current year premiums. Due to the high cost of obtaining actuarial prepared information and the small benefit it would provide, the District has determined that the implementation of *GASB 45* is not cost effective for the District. Therefore, the District has not reported the OPEB cost or the net OPEB obligation in the general fund. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, fund balances, and revenues of the general fund is not reasonably determinable.

NOTE 13 – RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

The beginning net position as previously reported has been restated due to the requirements of implementing GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27. The restatement is as follows:

Beginning Net Position as reported June 30, 2014		\$	2,858,390
Net Pension Liability as Reported by PERSI at July 1, 2014	\$ (310,293))	
Deferred Outflows - 2014 Fiscal Year Pension Contributions	 138,531	_	
Net Change Required			(171,762)
Net Position as Restated July 1, 2014		\$	2,686,628

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	Budgeted	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Original	- I iiiai	11010 1)	(Gillavolasio)	
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 0	\$ 581,100	\$ 581,106	\$ 6	
Resources (Inflows) Local Revenue Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest Other Local Revenue	23,272	5,200 39,100	1,594 146 31,282	1,594 (5,054)	
Other Local Nevertue	25,212	39,100	31,202	(7,818)	
Total Local Revenue	23,272	44,300	33,022	(11,278)	
State Revenue Base Support Program Transportation Support Benefit Apportionment Other State Support	1,293,223 72,000 177,672 227,252	1,323,300 65,400 181,300 242,800	1,326,081 65,545 181,445 245,325	2,781 145 145 2,525	
Lottery Revenue	9,810	10,600	10,555	(45)	
Revenue in Lieu / Ag Replacement Tax	0	0	0	0	
Total State Revenue	1,779,957	1,823,400	1,828,951	5,551	
Other Sources Earnings on Investments Proceeds from Sale of Personal Property	1,400 800	1,900	1,670	(230)	
Total Other Sources	2,200	1,900	1,670	(230)	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,805,429	2,450,700	2,444,749	(5,951)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Instructional Elementary School Program	050 550	070.000	074.400	274	
Salaries Benefits	256,550 83,752	279,900 91,200	271,186 89,403	8,714 1,797	
Purchased Services	03,732	200	192	1,797	
Supplies	6,700	4,700	4,577	123	
Total Elementary School Program	347,002	376,000	365,358	10,642	

	Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable	
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)	
Secondary School Program					
Salaries	\$ 280,821	327,900	\$ 291,746	\$ 36,154	
Benefits	76,840	86,100	86,164	(64)	
Purchased Services	1,000	2,500	2,490	10	
Supplies	3,000	4,900	4,807	93	
Total Secondary School Program	361,661	421,400	385,207	36,193	
Exceptional Child Program					
Salaries	49,732	36,600	39,240	(2,640)	
Benefits	14,784	14,100	11,431	2,669	
Total Exceptional Child Program	64,516	50,700	50,671	29	
Preschool Preschool					
Salaries	0	0	0	0	
Benefits	0	0	0	0	
Total Preschool	0	0	0	0	
Vocational					
Salaries	75,417	80,100	70,625	9,475	
Benefits	25,512	27,200	23,671	3,529	
Supplies	4,111	2,700	2,084	616	
Total Vocational	105,040	110,000	96,380	13,620	
<u>Extracurrricular</u>					
Salaries	31,945	30,000	23,807	6,193	
Benefits	4,068	5,300	5,031	269	
Purchased Services	1,912	1,900	1,912	(12)	
Supplies	670_	0	0	0	
Total Extracurricular	38,595	37,200	30,750	6,450	
<u>Interscholastic</u>					
Salaries	16,408	16,400	9,263	7,137	
Benefits	4,922	5,800	2,733	3,067	
Total Interscholastic	21,330	22,200	11,996	10,204	

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Total Instructional	\$ 938,144	\$ 1,017,500	\$ 940,362	\$ 77,138		
Support						
Guidance						
Salaries	46,253	51,200	39,513	11,687		
Benefits	13,880	13,800	9,385	4,415		
Purchased Services	1,861	1,800	1,721	79		
Supplies	141	100	58_	42		
Total Guidance	62,135	66,900	50,677	16,223		
Special Services						
Purchased Services	126,000	110,000	108,150	1,850		
Total Special Services	126,000	110,000	108,150	1,850		
Educational Media						
Salaries	6,817	6,700	5,822	878		
Benefits	1,000	1,000	446	554		
Supplies	3,812	3,700	3,676	24		
Total Educational Media	11,629	11,400	9,944	1,456		
Technology Coordinator						
Salaries		1,700	8,914	(7,214)		
Benefits		500	1,044	(544)		
Purchased Services	21,300	21,900	26,467	(4,567)		
Supplies	14,000	13,300	13,230	70		
Total Technology Coordinator	35,300	37,400	49,655	(12,255)		
Total Support	235,064	225,700	218,426	7,274		

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable	
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)	
General Administrative Board of Education					
Salaries	\$ 5,272	\$ 6,100	\$ 5,567	\$ 533	
Benefits	1,299	1,800	1,737	63	
Purchased Services	6,492	1,100	1,706	(606)	
Supplies	1,100	1,100	1,093	7	
Total Board of Education	14,163	10,100	10,103	(3)	
District Administration					
Salaries	92,000	97,500	93,668	3,832	
Benefits	23,685	23,400	23,845	(445)	
Purchased Services	13,435	14,000	14,716	(716)	
Supplies	4,218	5,800	5,393	407	
Insurance	14,984	38,600	38,522	78	
Total District Administration	148,322	179,300	176,144	3,156	
School Administration					
Salaries	22,500	102,900	78,344	24,556	
Benefits	9,621	31,400	28,775	2,625	
Purchased Services	4,446	900	1,778	(878)	
Supplies	2,535	600	1,651	(1,051)	
Total School Administration	39,102	135,800	110,548	25,252	
Business Operations					
Salaries	90,104	42,700	40,305	2,395	
Benefits	31,713	16,500	9,858	6,642	
Purchased Services	0	0	368	(368)	
Supplies	0	600	549	51	
Total Business Operations	121,817	59,800	51,080	8,720	
Total General Administrative	323,404	385,000	347,875	37,125	

	Budgeted Amounts				A (B Ba	Actual amounts udgetary usis) (See	Fina Fa	ance With I Budget -
	0	riginal		Final		Note 1)	(Unt	avorable)
<u>Custodial / Maintenance</u> <u>Custodians</u>	•		•					0.400
Salaries	\$	26,040	\$	29,300	\$	26,862	\$	2,438
Benefits		8,100		9,000		8,828		172
Purchased Services		224		8,500		7 200		8,500
Supplies		8,500		_		7,299		(7,299)
Total Custodians		42,864		46,800		42,989		3,811
Maintenance - Buildings		•						
Salaries		0		800		0		800
Benefits Purchased Services		0		1,000 200		1.036		1,000
		0 0		200		1,936 0		(1,736)
Supplies		0		<u> </u>		0		0
Total Maintenance - Buildings		0		2,000		1,936		64
Maintenance - Student Occupied								
Salaries		43,952		28,800		30,005		(1,205)
Benefits		14,425		9,500		9,401		99
Purchased Services		32,840		39,900		40,638		(738)
Supplies		24,877		30,400		32,061		(1,661)
Total Maintenance - Student Occ.		116,094		108,600		112,105		(3,505)
Maintenance - Grounds								
Salaries		4,000		500		405		95
Benefits		1,000		100		45		55
Purchased Services		4,000		3,300		3,056		244
Supplies		1,159		300		602		(302)
Total Maintenance - Grounds		10,159		4,200		4,108		92
Total Custodial / Maintenance		169,117		161,600		161,138		462
Security Program								
Purchased Services		1,340		300		1,000		(700)
Supplies		4,000		700		0		700
Total Security Program		5,340		1,000		1,000		0

	_	d Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	Original	Final	Note 1)			
Student Transportation						
School Transportation						
Salaries	\$ 31,147	\$ 71,100	\$ 54,938	\$ 16,162 		
Benefits	4,363	16,200	15,425	775		
Purchased Services	18,131	14,000	13,783	217		
Supplies	24,580	16,000	17,100	(1,100)		
Insurance	6,982	16,600	16,535	65		
Total School Transportation	85,203	133,900	117,781	16,119		
General Transportation						
Purchased Services	1,800	6,000	2,872	3,128		
Supplies	10,191	0,000	3,122	(3,122)		
Сирриса	10,101		0,122	(5,122)		
Total General Transportation	11,991	6,000	5,994	6		
Total Transportation	97,194	139,900	123,775	16,125		
Other Support Services						
Purchased Services	0	4,800	2,813	1,987		
Supplies	9,514	9,600	9,118	482		
Total Other Support Services	9,514	14,400	11,931	2,469		
Non-Instructional						
Salaries	0	0	0	0		
Benefits	0	0	0	0		
Supplies	0	0	0	0		
Total Non-Instructional	0	0	0	0		
Total Non-instructional						
Contingency Reserve	0	427,700	0	427,700		
Capital Outlay	0	13,700	22,008	(8,308)		
Interfund Transfers	35,552	64,200	64,179	21		
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,813,329	2,450,700	1,890,694	560,006		
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ (7,900)	\$ 0	\$ 554,055	\$ 554,055		

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 79,465	\$ 79,465	
Resources (Inflows) Local Revenue Children Meal Sales	25,000	22,700	19,230	(3,470)	
Adult Meal Sales	25,000	22,700	3,459	3,459	
Other Local Revenue	14,000	800	750	(50)	
Total Local Revenue	39,000	23,500	23,439	(61)	
Federal Revenue	04.000	400 =00	440.000	44.400	
Child Nutrition Reimbursement	81,000	102,500	113,936	11,436	
Total Federal Revenue	81,000	102,500	113,936	11,436	
Other Sources Interfund Transfers	3,000	0	0	0	
Total Other Sources	3,000	0	0	0	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	123,000	126,000	216,840	90,840	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Non-Instructional					
Salaries	40,328	40,000	44,312	(4,312)	
Benefits	18,832	23,700	23,804	(104)	
Purchased Services	1,500	600	689	(89)	
Supplies	57,870	71,800	82,924	(11,124)	
Capital Outlay	4,470	6,000	5,834	166	
Total Non-Instructional	123,000	142,100	157,563	(15,463)	
Total Charges to Appropriations	123,000	142,100	157,563	(15,463)	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 0	\$ (16,100)	\$ 59,277	\$ 75,377	

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI - BASE PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's portion of net pension liability	pro sha	mployer's oportionate re of the net sion liability	Employer's covered- employee payroll	Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its coveredemployee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2015	0.0421504%	\$	310,293	\$ 1,281,828	24.21%	94.95%
2014	*		*	*	*	*
2013	*		*	*	*	*
2012	*		*	*	*	*
2011	*		*	*	*	*
2010	*		*	*	*	*
2009	*		*	*	*	*
2008	*		*	*	*	*
2007	*		*	*	*	*
2006	*		*	*	*	*

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2014

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	Ended Statutorily		rela s	atributions in ation to the statutorily required ontribution		Contribution (deficiency) excess		Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2015	\$	145,103	\$	145,103	\$	-	\$	1,281,828	11.32%	
2014	Ψ	*	Ψ	*	Ψ	*	Ψ	*	*	
2013		*		*		*		*	*	
2012		*		*		*		*	*	
2011		*		*		*		*	*	
2010		*		*		*		*	*	
2009		*		*		*		*	*	
2008		*		*		*		*	*	
2007		*		*		*		*	*	
2006		*		*		*		*	*	

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2015

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET TO GAAP

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and revenues and expenditures determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America follows:

	General Fund	Food Service
Sources/Inflows of Resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 2,444,749	\$ 216,840
Differences - Budget to GAAP The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(581,106)	(79,465)
Earnings from investments are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(1,670)	0
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,861,973	<u>\$ 137,375</u>
<u>Uses/Outflows of Resources</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 1,890,694	\$ 157,563
Differences - Budget to GAAP Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting	(64,179)	0
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,826,515	<u>\$ 157,563</u>

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 2 - REQUIRED FUND DISCLOSURE

The following funds had excess actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures:

<u>Fund</u>	 Budget	 Actual	 Overage		
Food Service	\$ 124,161	\$ 146,094	\$ 21,933		

NOTE 3 - BUDGET PROCESS

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

- 1) At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.
- 2) At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.
- 3) The board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.
- 4) The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.
- 5) The legal budget is adopted at the function level.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	cational chnology		te Basic hnology	ate Drug Free	Title I-A Local Program
ASSETS Interfund Balances Due From Other Governments	\$ 1,344 7,193	\$	8,596	\$ 1,244	\$ 10,554
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,537	\$	8,596	\$ 1,244	\$ 10,554
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Balances TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 3,029 1,908 4,937	<u> </u>	0	\$ 0	\$ 42,316 42,316
FUND BALANCES Unreserved	 3,600		8,596	 1,244	 (31,762)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 3,600		8,596	 1,244	(31,762)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 8,537	\$	8,596	\$ 1,244	\$ 10,554

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Title I-C Migrant		Title VI-B School Age		Title VI-B Preschool		Perkins III - Vocational Technology	
ASSETS Interfund Balances Due From Other Governments TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	5,275 5,275	\$ \$	20,301	<u> </u>	0	<u> </u>	0
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable		4.404						
Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Balances TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 	4,494 3,631 8,125	\$	31,778	\$	933 933	\$	1,631 1,631
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(2,850)		(11,477)		(933)		(1,631)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	(2,850) 5,275	\$	20,301	\$	(933)	\$	(1,631)

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality		Dru	Title IV-A Drug Free Schools		Rural Education Achievement Program		Total	
ASSETS Interfund Balances Due From Other Governments	\$	516 242					\$	11,700 43,565	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	758	\$	0	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	55,265	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Balances TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	0	\$	720 720	\$	17,713 17,713	\$	3,029 6,402 98,722 108,153	
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		758_		(720)		(17,713)		(52,888)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u> </u>	758 758	\$	(720) 0	<u> </u>	(17,713)	<u> </u>	(52,888) 55,265	
. O. I.B. D. I.L. II TOLO	Ψ	7 30	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	33,203	

<u>DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314</u> <u>DIETRICH, IDAHO</u>

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Vocational Technology		State Basic Technology		State Drug Free		Title I-A Local Program	
REVENUES Local State Federal	\$	23,805	\$	205 6,489	\$	3,533	\$	49,448
TOTAL REVENUES		23,805		6,694		3,533		49,448
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative		25,258		1,850		2,766		53,291
Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures		2,450						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		27,708		1,850		2,766		53,291
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		(3,903)		4,844		767		(3,843)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers								
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		0		0		0_		0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,903)		4,844		767		(3,843)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		7,503		3,752		477		(27,919)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	3,600	\$	8,596	\$	1,244	\$	(31,762)

<u>DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314</u> <u>DIETRICH, IDAHO</u>

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Title I-C Migrant	Title VI-B School Age	Title VI-B Preschool	Perkins III - Vocational Technology
REVENUES Local State				\$ 2,212
Federal	\$ 29,985	\$ 43,347		
TOTAL REVENUES	29,985	43,347	\$ 0	2,212
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service	26,053	43,092	272	2,379
Capital Expenditures				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	26,053	43,092	272	2,379
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	3,932	255_	(272)	(167)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	3,932	255	(272)	(167)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(6,782)	(11,732)	(661)	(1,464)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (2,850)	\$ (11,477)	\$ (933)	\$ (1,631)

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314

DIETRICH, IDAHO

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality		Title IV-A Drug Free Schools		Rural Education Achievement Program		 Total
REVENUES Local State Federal	\$	E 240			c	22.025	\$ 2,417 33,827
TOTAL REVENUES	Φ	5,318 5,318	\$	0	\$	23,925	152,023 188,267
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures		5,399				28,954	186,548 2,766 0 0 2,450
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,399		0		28,954	191,764
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		(81)		0		(5,029)	 (3,497)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers							 0
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		0		0		0	 0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(81)		0		(5,029)	(3,497)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		839		(720)		(12,684)	 (49,391)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	758	\$	(720)	\$	(17,713)	\$ (52,888)

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Capital Construction		Plant Facilities		.F Bus preciation
ASSETS Cash Interfund Balances Investments	\$	4_	\$	2,761 14,897	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4	\$	17,658	\$ 0
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Interfund Balances TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	0	\$	0	\$ 20,549 20,549
FUND BALANCES Unreserved: Designated - Capital Projects		4_		17,658	 (20,549)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		4_		17,658	 (20,549)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4_	\$	17,658	\$ 0

	Student Occupied	 Total
\$	26,299	\$ 2,761 41,196 4
\$	26,299	\$ 43,961
_		\$ 0 0 20,549
\$	0	 20,549
	26,299	 23,412
	26,299	 23,412
\$	26,299	\$ 43,961

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	•	Capital Construction		•				.F Bus preciation
REVENUES Other Local Revenue			\$	2,747				
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	0		2,747	\$	0		
EXPENDITURES Purchased Services Supplies				148				
Capital Outlay Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest						19,055 1,494		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		0		148		20,549		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		0_		2,599		(20,549)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer In (Out)						64,179		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		0		0		64,179		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		0		2,599		43,630		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		4_		15,059		(64,179)		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	4	\$	17,658	\$	(20,549)		

Stud Occu			Total
	_		
		9	2,747
\$	0	_	2,747
			0
			0 148
			0
			19,055
		_	1,494
	0	_	20,697
	0	_	(17,950)
		_	64,179
	0	_	64,179
	0		46,229
2	6,299	_	(22,817)
\$ 2	6,299	9	23,412

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Student Group	Beginning Balance	Receipts	Disbursements	Ending Balance
High School Association of Students	\$ (385.60)	\$ 1,492.64	\$ 1,869.90	\$ (762.86)
Student Council	178.14	524.70	350.71	352.13
General Student Body	557.51	388.78	821.94	124.35
Annual Club	2,711.71	4,275.77	1,971.91	5,015.57
Kindergarten	64.07	.,=	1,07 1.01	64.07
First Grade	429.56			429.56
Second Grade	560.07			560.07
Third Grade	611.31			611.31
Fourth Grade	678.43			678.43
Fifth Grade	92.81	293.24	163.25	222.80
Sixth Grade	555.90	324.78	307.14	573.54
Class of 2019	223.25	148.10	66.48	304.87
Class of 2018	178.10			178.10
Class of 2017	7.00	619.49	19.10	607.39
Class of 2016	99.93	2,121.92	728.81	1,493.04
Class of 2015	1,562.29	1,855.00	3,268.56	148.73
Class of 2020	0.00	100.00	0,200.00	100.00
Dig Pink	0.00			0.00
Blue Devil Boosters	4,398.35	8,313.45	7,511.10	5,200.70
Dig Pink	0.00	83.00	83.00	0.00
Future Farmers of America	328.43	2,078.05	1,617.75	788.73
IDFY	0.00	,	,	0.00
Music Club	470.96	175.96	300.00	346.92
YEA	0.00	792.00	782.00	10.00
Library	1,851.61	2,119.46	1,793.98	2,177.09
Drama	2,251.70	5.00	,	2,256.70
Science Club	8.15			8.15
BPA	3,142.95	270.00	2,759.97	652.98
Athletics	6,571.14	18,911.14	21,061.63	4,420.65
Box Tops/Field Trips	0.00	311.10	,	311.10
Team Accounts	9,070.40	30,461.30	24,549.38	14,982.32
Wellness Programs	457.35	311.10	334.19	434.26
Tournament	0.00	4,444.83	4,444.83	0.00
Rodeo	2,353.64	6,565.19	8,517.69	401.14
In & Out - Other	3.99	,	3.99	0.00
Concessions	751.58	13,114.50	13,061.61	804.47
Sales Tax	349.08	1,553.26	1,902.34	0.00
Ski Club	0.00	462.00	462.00	0.00
SPED	195.45			195.45
Scholarships	10,370.32	6,772.70	5,050.00	12,093.02
Total	\$ 50,699.58	\$ 108,888.46	\$ 103,803.26	\$ 55,784.78

Certified Public Accountant

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Chairman and Board of Trustees Dietrich School District No. 314 Dietrich, ID 83324 September 10, 2015

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dietrich School District No. 314, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Dietrich School District No. 314's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated September 10, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Dietrich School District No. 314's internal control.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that I consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material a weaknesses, 2015-001 and 2015-002.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Page Two

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. I consider number 2015-003 of the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

In connection with myr engagement to audit the financial statements of the Dietrich School District No. 314, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2015-004. Additionally, if the scope of my work had been sufficient to enable me to express opinions on the basic financial statements, other instances of noncompliance or other matters may have been identified and reported herein.

Dietrich School District No. 314's Response to Findings

Dietrich School District No. 314's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Dietrich School District No. 314's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FINDING 2015-001: Lack of Segregation of Duties

Condition: Only one person is employed by the District in the accounting department which does not allow for a strict segregation of duties.

Criteria: Segregation of duties is an internal control that should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that one person does not have complete control over the entire

Cause: There are not enough personnel hired to allow for a strict segregation of duties.

Effect: May allow for misstatement of general purpose financial statements and misuse of assets.

Recommendation: Hire additional staff to provide a proper segregation of duties.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation. However, due to a lack of financial resources to pay for the additional staff and other controls currently in place, no action will be taken at this

FINDING 2015-002: Failure to Timely Prepare Bank Reconciliations

Condition: It was discovered that bank reconciliations were not being done on a monthly basis as required by the District's internal control and accounts were out of balance..

Criteria: Reconciliations are done to ensure accuracy of check, deposits and other bank entries and should be done monthly to determine problems in a timely manner.

Cause: New program was used and not fully trained on the bank rec portion.

Effect: May allow for misstatements and/or errors to go undetected for a long period of time.

Recommendation: Prepare bank reconciliations on a monthly basis as required by District's internal control and correct all errors discovered.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation and will prepare and review the required documents on a monthly basis.

FINDING 2015-003: Several Beginning Fund Balance Were Incorrect

Condition: It was discovered that one fund did not have the correct beginning fund balance.

Criteria: Accounting standards dictate that fund balances carryover from the prior year with any changes being shown through adjusting journal entris.

Cause: A new accounting program was used and beginning amounts were not correctly input.

Effect: May allow for poor information and decisions being made on incorrect balances.

Recommendation: Correct balances and review to ensure it does not happen in the future.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation and will take steps to ensure this does not happen in the future.

DIETRICH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 314 DIETRICH, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FINDING 2015-004: Internal Revenue Service Payroll Reports not Properly Filed

Condition: It was discovered that several payroll reports were not properly filed.

Criteria: Laws dictate how Internal Revenue Service payroll tax forms should be filed and what amounts should be reported.

Cause: Amounts reported were not tied back to final program generated reports.

Effect: Will cause improperly filed reports with possible penalties and interest being charged.

Recommendation: Review work and tie back to final program generated reports.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation and have taken steps to ensure this does not happen in the future. Past reports have been corrected.