## House Bill \#1530 (63\% Present) and SAM

House Bill \#1530, enacted by the legislature during the 2013 Session, states that a student absent for more than $37 \%$ of his/her unique instructional day is to be considered absent for the entire school day.
"MDE has interpreted that the intent of the House Bill No. 1530 is to calculate 63\% of the individual student's instructional day, not 63\% of the school's instructional day. Each individual student's instructional day will vary based upon the local school board's policy for early release of high school students, IEPs, dual credit/dual enrollment, participation in extra-curricular activities, etc."
"Implementation of House Bill No. 1530 will require each local school district to do the following:

- Define the instructional day for each school so that the $63 \%$ of the instructional day can be computed for each student within the school, and
- Determine the process for computing $63 \%$ of the instructional day for each student within the school. For example, the process will be simple in grades $K$-5, but much more complex for middle and high school students."
"In Summary, each student must be present for 63\% of his or her individual instructional day as fixed by the local school board in order to be considered in full-day attendance."

Student Name: $\qquad$
$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

